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SECTION 8. PLANNING PARTNERSHIP

This section describes the Rockland County's Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) Planning Partnership, its responsibilities throughout the planning process, and the jurisdictional annexes developed as a result of the plan update efforts.

8.1 BACKGROUND

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) encourages multi-jurisdictional planning for hazard mitigation. All participating jurisdictions must meet the requirements of Chapter 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (44 CFR):

"Multi-jurisdictional plans (e.g., watershed plans) may be accepted, as appropriate, as long as each jurisdiction has participated in the process and has officially adopted the plan" [Section 201.6a(4)]

For the Rockland County HMP, a Planning Partnership was formed to leverage resources and to meet requirements for the federal Disaster Mitigation Action of 2000 (DMA) for as many eligible governments as possible. Members of the Planning Partnership consisted of representatives from each jurisdiction. The DMA defines a local government as follows:

Any county, municipality, city, town, township, public authority, school district, special district, intrastate district, council of governments (regardless of whether the council of governments is incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under State law), regional or interstate government entity, or agency or

Members of the Planning Partnership have the expertise to develop the plan and have their jurisdiction's authority to implement the mitigation strategy developed during the planning process. The Planning Partnership is responsible for developing and reviewing draft sections of the plan, creating the mitigation strategy for their jurisdiction, and adopting the final plan.

instrumentality of a local government; any Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or Alaska Native village or organization; and any rural community, unincorporated town or village, or other public entity.

Each participating planning partner has prepared a jurisdictional annex to this plan. These annexes, as well as information on the process by which they were created, are contained in this volume.

8.2 INITIAL SOLICITATION AND LETTERS OF INTENT

Rockland County solicited the participation of all municipalities in the County at the commencement of this project. All municipalities interested signed a Letter of Intent and/or a resolution committing their participation and resources to the development of the Rockland County HMP (Appendix B). Error! Reference source not found. lists the jurisdictions that elected to participate in the update process and have met the minimum requirements of participation as established by the County and the Steering Committee. Rockland County and the municipalities indicated in Error! Reference source not found. participated in the HMP update.

Table 8-1. Participating Jurisdictions in Rockland County

Jurisdictions							
Rockland County	Village of Kaser	Town of Ramapo					
Village of Airmont	Village of Montebello	Village of Sloatsburg					



Jurisdictions								
Village of Chestnut Ridge	Village of New Hempstead	Village of Spring Valley						
Town of Clarkstown	Village of New Square	Town of Stony Point						
Village of Grand View-on-Hudson	Village of Nyack	Village of Suffern						
Town of Haverstraw	Town of Orangetown	Village of Upper Nyack						
Village of Haverstraw	Village of Piermont	Village of Wesley Hills						
Village of Hillburn	Village of Pomona	Village of West Haverstraw						

8.2.1 Planning Partner Expectations

The following list of planning partner expectations were agreed to in each Letter of Intent to Participate (see Appendix C [Meeting Documentation] for details):

- Identify municipal representatives to serve as the planning point of contacts (POC). These people were
 responsible for representing the community and assuring that these participation expectations are met
 by their community.
- Support the Steering Committee selected to oversee the development of this plan.
- Provide representation at municipal Planning Committee meetings
- Provide data and information about the community as requested by the Steering Committee or the contract consultant, including:
 - Structure and facility inventory data
 - o Identification of new development and anticipated development
 - o Identification of natural hazard risk areas
 - Identification of natural hazard events and losses that have impacted the community in the last five years
 - o Identification of plans, studies, reports, and ordinances addressing natural hazard risk
 - Identify mitigation activity in the community in the last five years, including progress on previously identified mitigation actions.
- Support public outreach efforts in the community which may include:
 - Providing notices of the planning project on the municipal website with links to a County project website
 - Providing notice of the planning project, the availability of Plan documents, and notice of public meetings via available local media (e.g. newsletters, flyers, email blasts, social media, etc.)
 - Advertising and supporting public meetings in the area
 - Supporting outreach to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss property owners in the community.
- Assist with the identification of stakeholders within the community that should be informed and potentially involved with the planning process.
- Completing data and information collection survey forms in a timely manner.
- Identify specific mitigation actions to address each of the natural hazards posing significant [or high or medium] risk to the community.
- Involve the local NFIP Floodplain Administrator in the planning process.
- Review draft Plan sections when requested and provide comment and input as appropriate.
- Adopt the Plan by resolution of the local governing body after FEMA conditional approval.





 Periodically provide the Steering Committee with reports of municipal staff and volunteer labor spent on the planning process.

By adopting this plan, each planning partner also agrees to the plan implementation and maintenance protocol established in Volume I. As described in Volume I, Section 7 (Plan Maintenance), it is intended that the Planning Partnership remain active beyond the regulatory update to support plan maintenance. Regarding the composition of the Steering Committee and Planning Partnership, it is recognized that individual commitments change over time, and it shall be the responsibility of each jurisdiction and its representatives to inform the HMP Coordinator of any changes in representation.

8.2.2 Jurisdictional Annex Preparation Process

As stated in the 2022 New York State Hazard Mitigation Planning Standards, jurisdictional annexes provide a unique, stand-alone guide to mitigation planning for each jurisdiction. The Rockland County HMP Update is organized so that there is an annex for Rockland County and for every jurisdiction within the County's borders. Section 9 (Jurisdictional Annexes) includes an annex for each jurisdiction in Rockland County, including those that did not fully participate.

Annex Development

In order to facilitate update of the County and Jurisdictional Annexes, data from the 2018 Rockland County HMP annexes was transferred to the new annex format, which was developed to meet federal and state criteria. Clear instructions were provided to the County and municipalities. These instructions provided a basis to address the following:

- Document changes in capabilities and vulnerabilities.
- Provide a current status of the 2018 HMP mitigation strategy.
- Develop a new mitigation strategy to address identified issues and to increase community resiliency.

The County invited all municipalities to participate in a municipal kick-off meeting held on October 4, 2023, to provide an overview of the planning process. Key elements of the worksheets were discussed and subsequently completed by the appropriate jurisdictional personnel for each worksheet. The worksheets were collected, and the information was incorporated into each jurisdictional annex. In the event additional information was needed, the jurisdictional point of contact was contacted to provide more input into their annex.

Hazard Ranking Exercise

The presentation of the risk assessment and risk ranking for each jurisdiction was done on December 13, 2023. At this meeting, the consultant presented the overall risk assessment for the hazards of concern. In addition, each planning partner was asked to review the ranked risk specific for its jurisdiction. Refer to Section 5.3 (Hazard Ranking) for the methodology of the hazard ranking process. The calculated ranking was presented to each jurisdiction, and they were asked to review the ranking and revise based on history of events, probability of occurrence, and the potential impact on people, property, and the economy. The objectives of this exercise were to familiarize the partnership with how to use the risk assessment as a tool to support other planning and hazard mitigation processes and to help prioritize types of mitigation actions that should be considered. Hazards that were ranked as "high" for each jurisdiction as a result of this exercise were considered to be priorities for



identifying appropriate mitigation actions, although jurisdictions also identified actions to mitigate "medium" or "low" ranked hazards as appropriate.

Mitigation Strategy Workshop

A mitigation strategy workshop was held was conducted on December 13, 2023, for all participating jurisdictions to support the development of focused problem statements based on the impacts of natural hazards in the County and its communities. These problem statements are intended to provide a detailed description of the problem area, including its impacts to the municipality/jurisdiction, past damages, loss of service, etc. An effort was made to include the street address of the property/project location, adjacent streets, water bodies, and well-known structures as well as a brief description of existing conditions (topography, terrain, hydrology) of the site. These problem statements form a bridge between the hazard risk assessment, which quantifies impacts to each community with the development of actionable mitigation strategies. The nearly 100 percent participation of the planning partners reflects the excellent outreach and dedication of the planning team. The County and the mitigation consultant team worked with each jurisdiction to identify clear, implementable mitigation actions as well as to further support the completion of the jurisdictional annexes.

Jurisdictional Annexes

While the jurisdictional annex format is designed to document and ensure local compliance with the DMA 2000 regulations, its greater purpose and function includes:

- Providing a locally relevant synthesis of the overall mitigation plan that can be readily presented, distributed, and maintained;
- Facilitating local understanding of the community's risk to natural hazards;
- Facilitating local understanding of the community's capabilities to manage natural hazard risk, including opportunities to improve those capabilities;
- Facilitating local understanding of the efforts the community has taken, and plans to take, to reduce their natural hazard risk;
- Facilitating the implementation of mitigation strategies, including the development of grant applications;
- Providing a framework by which the community can continue to capture relevant data and information for future plan updates.

Each jurisdiction's annex is intended to be a *living document* and will continue to be improved as resources permit. As such, its design is intended to promote and accommodate continued efforts to maintain the annex to be current and to improve the effectiveness of the annex as the key tool, reference, and guiding document by which the jurisdiction will implement hazard mitigation locally. The following provides a description of the various elements of the jurisdictional annex.

Section 9.X.1: Hazard Mitigation Planning Team: Identifies the hazard mitigation planning primary and alternate(s) contacts and Floodplain Administrators as identified by the jurisdiction. Provides details on which departments were involved throughout the development of the jurisdictional annex. Plans developed with the participation of the widest range of departments, stakeholders, and persons familiar with the jurisdiction should



be involved in the development of the jurisdictional annexes. Further detail is provided in Section 3 (Planning Process) and Appendix B (Participation Matrix).

Section 9.X.2: Municipal Profile: Provides an overview and profile of the jurisdiction, including population and socially vulnerably populations.

Section 9.X.3: Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration: Provides an inventory and evaluation of the jurisdiction's tools, mechanisms, and resources available to support hazard mitigation and natural hazard risk reduction. Within the municipal annexes, tables provide an inventory of the municipality's planning, regulatory, administrative, technical, and fiscal capabilities. Further, another table identifies the municipality's level of participation in state and federal programs designed to promote and incentivize local risk reduction efforts.

Section 9.X.4: National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Compliance: Summarizes jurisdiction-specific information related to managing and regulating the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the NFIP.

Section 9.X.5: Evacuation, Sheltering, Temporary Housing, and Permanent Housing: To meet the NYS DHSES requirement, jurisdictions provided evacuation routes, sheltering measures, and potential locations for temporary and permanent housing.

Section 9.X.6: Growth/Development Trends: Summarizes recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development.

Section 9.X.7: Jurisdictional Risk Assessment: Provides information regarding each plan participant's vulnerability to the identified hazards. Full data and information on the hazards of concern, the methodology used to develop the vulnerability assessments, and the results of those assessments that serve as the basis of these local risk rankings may be found in Section 5.

- Hazard Area Extent and Location Map: Each annex includes a map (or series of maps) illustrating
 identified hazard zones and critical facilities. Further, these maps show areas of known or anticipated
 future development, as available and provided by the jurisdiction.
- Hazard Event History: Identifies hazard events that have caused significant impacts within the jurisdiction, including a summary characterization of those impacts identified by the jurisdiction.
- Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities: The Rockland County HMP identifies and characterizes the broad range of hazards that pose risk to the entire planning area; however, each jurisdiction has differing degrees of risk exposure and vulnerability aside from the whole. The local risk ranking serves to identify each jurisdiction's degree of risk to each hazard as it pertains to them, supporting the appropriate selection and prioritization of initiatives that will reduce the highest levels of risk for each community.
- *Critical Facilities:* Identifies potential flood losses to critical facilities in the jurisdiction based on the flood vulnerability assessment process presented in Section 5.
- Identified Issues: Presents other specific hazard vulnerabilities as identified by the jurisdiction.

Section 9.X.8: Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization: Discusses and provides the status of past mitigation actions and status and describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives and prioritization.



- Past Mitigation Initiative Status: Where applicable, a review of progress on the jurisdiction's prior
 mitigation strategy is presented, identifying the disposition of each prior action, project, or initiative in
 the jurisdiction's updated mitigation strategy. Other completed or ongoing mitigation activities that were
 not specifically part of a prior local mitigation strategy may be included in this subsection as well.
- Completed Mitigation Initiatives Not Identified in the Previous Mitigation Strategy: Other completed or ongoing mitigation activities that were not specifically part of a prior local mitigation strategy may be included in this subsection as well.
- Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the Plan Update: Table 9.X-20 presents the jurisdiction's updated mitigation strategy. As indicated, applicable mitigation actions, projects, and initiatives are further documented on an Action Worksheet, which provides details on the project identification, evaluation, prioritization, and implementation process. Table 9.X-21 provides a summary of the local mitigation strategy prioritization process discussed in Section 6.

Workshops and additional meetings (in person, by email, or by teleconference) to complete the jurisdictional annexes were held with the Steering and Planning Committees throughout the planning process. In summary, all participating communities and the county completed the planning partner expectations and annex preparation process. Details regarding these meetings are described further in Sections 3 (Planning Process) and 6 (Mitigation Strategy). Completed jurisdictional annexes are provided in Section 9 (Jurisdictional Annexes).

8.2.3 Coverage Under the Plan

Of the 24 planning partners, all fully met the participation requirements specified by the Steering Committee. All planning partners are included in this volume. Those that did not meet the requirements will not be able to seek FEMA or NYS DHSES approval at the time of plan submittal nor will they be eligible to obtain FEMA grant funding.

Error! Reference source not found. lists the status of each jurisdiction as well as their status in this plan update. It is noted that participation in scheduled Planning Partnership meetings provides only a partial indication of the level of participation of each jurisdiction. The consultant provided support in the manner of numerous calls as well as virtual and in person meetings to ensure each planning partner seeking approval for the HMP met the threshold for participation. Appendix B (Participation Matrix) and Appendix C (Meeting Documentation) provide details on participation and meeting attendance.

Municipality	Letter of Intent to Participate	Attended Workshops and/or Meetings and Project Calls	Provided Update on Past Projects	Submitted Mitigation Actions for Current Plan	Seeking Approval for Adoption (meets all previous requirements)
Rockland County	-	X	X	X	X
Village of Airmont	X	х	Х	х	Х
Village of Chestnut Ridge	-	х	Х	х	X
Town of Clarkstown	х	Х	Х	х	Х
Village of Grand View-on- Hudson	X	Х	X	Х	Х
Town of Haverstraw	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Haverstraw	-	Х	Х	Х	X



Municipality	Letter of Intent to Participate	Attended Workshops and/or Meetings and Project Calls	Provided Update on Past Projects	Submitted Mitigation Actions for Current Plan	Seeking Approval for Adoption (meets all previous requirements)
Village of Hillburn	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Kaser	X	Х	х	х	X
Village of Montebello	х	Х	Х	х	Х
Village of New Hempstead	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Village of New Square	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Nyack	Х	Х	Х	×	Х
Town of Orangetown	х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Piermont	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Pomona	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
Town of Ramapo	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
Village of Sloatsburg	х	Х	X	х	Х
Village of Spring Valley	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
Town of Stony Point	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Suffern	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Village of Upper Nyack	х	X	Х	х	Х
Village of Wesley Hills	х	х	X	Х	Х
Village of West Haverstraw	-	х	Х	Х	Х





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEX

9.1 ROCKLAND COUNTY

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the County with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; it focuses on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the County, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the County's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.1.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Rockland County identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many County departments. The County Office of Fire and Emergency Services (OFES) represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.1-1 summarizes County officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the County's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume 1.

Table 9.1-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact					
Name/Title: Chris Jensen, Program Coordinator, Rockland County	Name/Title: Allie Manigo, Data Entry Operator, Rockland County					
OFES	OFES					
Address: 35 Firemen's Memorial Drive	Address: 35 Firemen's Memorial Drive					
Phone Number: (845) 364-8902	Phone Number: (845) 364-8824					
Email: jensenc@co.rockland.ny.us	Email: manigoa@co.rockland.ny.us					
Additional Contributors						
Name/Title: Vince Alteri, Executive Director, Rockland County Drainage	ge Agency					
Method of Participation: Served on the Steering Committee and Plant	ning Partnership, provided feedback on capability assessment and					
mitigation strategy, attended meetings, and reviewed documents						
Name/Title: Mike DiMola, Parks Operations Manager, Rockland Coun	ty Division of Environmental Resources					
Method of Participation: Served on the Steering Committee and Plan	ning Partnership, provided feedback on capability assessment and					
mitigation strategy, attended meetings, and reviewed documents						
Name/Title: Al Carnevale, Deputy Superintendent, Rockland County H	Highway Department					
Method of Participation: Served on the Steering Committee and Plant	ning Partnership, provided feedback on capability assessment and					
mitigation strategy, attended meetings, and reviewed documents						
Name/Title: Jake Palant, Associate Planner, Rockland County Departn	nent of Planning					
Method of Participation: Served on the Steering Committee and Plan	ning Partnership, provided feedback on capability assessment and					
mitigation strategy, attended meetings, and reviewed documents						



Primary Point of Contact Name/Title: Scott Lounsbury, GIS Planning Coordinator Method of Participating: Served on the Steering Committee and Planning Partnership, provided feedback on capability assessment and mitigation strategy, attended meetings, and reviewed documents

9.1.2 County Profile

Please refer to Section 3 of this HMP for details on Rockland County's population, location, climate, history, growth, and development.

9.1.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

Rockland County performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following capabilities and programs:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to successfully reduce long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for Rockland County to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.1-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Rockland County.

Table 9.1-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency			
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations	Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations						
Building Code		Chapter 220 Building Construction, Rockland County Code	State, County	Rockland County Buildings & Codes Department			

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

This chapter ensures that homes, buildings, and businesses are structurally sound and compliant with New York State Uniform and Energy Code. The chapter focuses on new construction techniques that presents different and significant challenges and potential danger to firefighters and firemanic personnel in fighting fires in such structures should they catch fire. That danger includes faster burning and faster and unexpected ceiling and roof collapses.





		Citation and Date	Authority (local,	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	New York General Municipal Law (GML), Article 12-B, §239	County	Rockland County Planning Department, Land Use Division
How has or will this be integrated with the information to the following taken. The requirement seeks to prorecounty-wide impacts. This requirement is of as the "GML 239 referral", the "GML 239 refeoral", the "GML 239 refeoral", the "GML 239 refeoral" is within 500 feet from County or State-own The County Planning Department regularly In May 2017, Rockland County signed an Excomplied with GML. GML requires towns as	nicipal planning, zo mote coordination utlined in Article 1. view", or simply th g, pursuant to Artic ned rights-of-way, incorporates comm ecutive Order that	ning and subdivision projects be referred to of land use decision-making and to enhance 2-B of the GML, §239 I, m, and n. This proce 1239 review process. The responsibility for le X, Section 5-82 of the Rockland County Clarks, or facilities and institutions; County renents into its GML reviews pertaining to flowill prohibit County departments from issue	e consideration of pass is commonly referenced in a section 239 reparter. This provision in a section and of the section are section as the section are section are section as the section are section are section as the section are section as the section are section as the section are section are se	cotential inter-municipal and erred to across New York State eviews has been given to the on applies to development that and intermunicipal boundaries. other potential hazards.
not been made to comply. Failure to do so			ater and sewer cor	nections, well permits,
rooming house permits, drainage permits, I Subdivision Code	Yes	New York General Municipal Law (GML), Article 12-B, §239	County	Rockland County Planning Department, Land Use Division
How has or will this be integrated with the in	pplications within	a certain distance from County interests are	e referred to Count	
Site Plan Code	Yes	New York General Municipal Law (GML), Article 12-B, §239	County	Rockland County Planning Department, Land Use Division
How has or will this be integrated with the later The GML §239 m and I requires that site play promote coordination of land use decisions	an applications with	nin a certain distance from County interests	are referred to Co	unty Planning for review to
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 345, Sewers	County, Local	Rockland County Division of Environment
How has or will this be integrated with the range of the This chapter establishes rules and regulation District No. 1 and public sewers tributary. The public nuisance.	ns governing the d	ischarge of sewage, industrial wastes and o		
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the	HMP and how does	s this reduce risk?	'	
Real Estate Disclosure Requirements	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, <i>NY Code</i> – Article 14 §460-467	State, County	-
How has or will this be integrated with the in			d floodplain.	
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	s this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	s this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	s this reduce risk?		
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	s this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?	-	
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A		this reduce risk?	•	
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Rockland Tomorrow: Rockland County Comprehensive Plan (2011)	County	Rockland County Planning Department
How has or will this be integrated with the and the County created a comprehensive plant years and provide guidance for future plant decisions by the County government. The County area of the County that is located with of Fire and Emergency Services). In 2024, the incorporate elements of the updated HMP.	that will serve as th ning and zoning act Comprehensive Plar nin flood risk zones, ne Rockland County	e basis for all County government planning ions by towns and villages. The plan also er includes several references to the 2010 Cototal dollar amount of flood losses, and displanning Department has started the process.	eates a framework bunty Hazard Mitiga scussion of the haza ess of updating its	for future capital expenditure ation Plan. This includes the ard mitigation initiative (Office Comprehensive Plan and will
Capital Improvement Plan	Yes	Capital Improvement Program 2022- 2027, Adopted 2022	County	Rockland County Planning Department, Rockland Count Capital Projects Committee
How has or will this be integrated with the and the Capital Improvement Program consider projects. The current budget identifies seven improvements to County center buildings a	rs the necessity, pri eral capital projects	ority, feasibility, location, cost, and method that can reduce the County's risk to hazard	•	
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No		_	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	Yes	Resilient NY Flood Mitigation Studies: Hackensack River, Mahwah River, Minisceongo Creek, Ramapo River, Saddle River, Sparkill Creek (2018)	State	NYS Department of Environmental Conservation
How has or will this be integrated with the This plan was developed with support from result in flooding and ice jam formations. Exconducts a zoning and land use assessment	the Resilient NY pr ach study conducts	this reduce risk? ogram. The studies evaluate watershed-lev an analysis on high-risk areas, identifies m		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	Yes	Resolution No. 406 of 2019	County	Open Space Acquisition Program
How has or will this be integrated with the After a 10-year moratorium on Open Space properties starting in January 2020. The Co	acquisitions, Coun	ty Executive Ed Day, announced that the Co	ounty will once aga	in be acquiring Open Space
Urban Water Management Plan	Yes	Rockland County Comprehensive Water Conservation and Implementation Plan	County	Rockland County Department of Planning
•		(2020)		
How has or will this be integrated with the a The Plan provides a comprehensive water p demand-side principles, and conservation.	policy to ensure a sa The Plan evaluates	this reduce risk? afe, cost-effective, long-term water supply existing and future conditions and recomm	•	-
How has or will this be integrated with the a The Plan provides a comprehensive water p demand-side principles, and conservation. inform the HMP's County and Municipal Pro Habitat Conservation Plan	policy to ensure a sa The Plan evaluates	this reduce risk? afe, cost-effective, long-term water supply existing and future conditions and recomm	•	-
How has or will this be integrated with the rather provides a comprehensive water produced by the principles, and conservation. Inform the HMP's County and Municipal Pro	policy to ensure a sa The Plan evaluates ofiles and Risk Asse No	this reduce risk? afe, cost-effective, long-term water supply existing and future conditions and recomm ssments.	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





		Citation and Date	Authority (local,					
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency				
Section 961 of Article 18-B of the GML auth the proposed boundaries thereto, to the Ne	orizes the County t	o prepare and submit the County's applicat	·					
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Transportation Plan	Yes	Regional Transportation Plan – Moving Forward	Regional	New York Metropolitan Transportation Council				
Rockland County is an active member of the (MPO) responsible for coordinating and adr program is developed annually. It defines the program year. The work program also indicates	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Rockland County is an active member of the New York Metropolitan Transportation Council (NYMTC), the area's Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) responsible for coordinating and administering federal funding for eligible transportation planning and construction projects. NYMTC's work program is developed annually. It defines the priorities in the planning area and describes all transportation-related activities anticipated within a given program year. The work program also indicates which of these planning activities will receive federal funding. Its successful completion each year enables federal funding assistance to undertake planning activities by NYMTC's staff and its members.							
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A $$	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No		-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the P The County intends to create a County Ope			porate elements o	f the HMP.				
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No		-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Response/Recovery Planning								
Emergency Operations Plan	Yes	Rockland County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	County	Rockland County OFES				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The OFES maintains the Rockland County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) that is reviewed bi-annually. The County CEMP contains Hurricane/Coastal Storm and Winter Storm annexes. Four of the five Towns have CEMPs (updated within the year); 6 of the 19 Villages have CEMPs and some Villages defer to the Town's plan. Specific evacuation plans are identified in the Rockland County CEMP Hurricane/Coastal Storm Annex and Dam Safety Plans (Emergency Action Plans), as well within plans to evacuate portions of the County in the event of a radiological release at the Indian Point Nuclear Power Plant in Buchanan (Westchester County).								
Continuity of Operations Plan	Yes	Rockland County Continuity if Operations Plan	County	Rockland County OFES				
How has or will this be integrated with the I This plan puts forth a strategy to ensure the of conditions, particularly hazard conditions	County Governme		tions of essential f	unctions under a broad range				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A $$	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Threat and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?						
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-				





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
How has or will this be integrated with the N/A	HMP and how does	this reduce risk?	-		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.1-3 summarizes the capabilities of Rockland County to oversee and track development.

Table 9.1-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits?	Yes	A majority of permitting in Rockland County is performed at the local level; however, the County does require permits for various activities. The Highway Department requires permits for the following activities: Installing any utilities or other excavations on a county right-of-way. Construction of or additions to residential structures with frontage on county highway even if there is no direct access to a county highway. Constructing an approach or access connection, such as a driveway, street, or temporary entrance, to the county road system. Construction on property adjacent to a county road right-of-way, such as excavating for new structures, drainage, roof drain connection, landscaping projects, fences, driveway repairs, curbing, sidewalks, and connections to catch basins. Moving overweight and oversized loads over county roads, subdivisions, or other street connections. Special activities impacting county roadways, such as road closings, parades, banners, etc. Any other proposed work, not outlined above, to take place within or adjacent to the county right-of-way. The Rockland County Department of Health is mandated under Part 5 of the New York State Sanitary Code, 10 NYCRR § 5 - Drinking Water Supplies, to provide technical assistance to residents regarding their drinking water wells, and to require that new water supply wells are constructed pursuant to the requirements contained within Appendix 5-B of that regulation. The Department's permitting program ensures that water supply wells, as well as resource evaluation and geothermal wells, are properly constructed, and that unused or poorly maintained wells are properly decommissioned, in accordance with state and local requirements.
If you issue development permits, what department is responsible?	Yes	Rockland County Highway Department; Rockland County Department of Health
If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	N/A	-
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Permits require the identification of floodplains and bodies of water



Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you have a buildable land inventory?	Yes	Rockland County is preparing a build-out analysis (as of February 2024) to understand buildable land throughout the County. The Rockland County GIS Division maintains a GIS portal that has data and maps with tax parcels, municipal boundaries, roads, public transportation, historic resources, economic data, land use data, planimetric data, environmental data, and topography.
If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	N/A	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.1-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Rockland County and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.1-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		The David Court Discription Development of the court would be a second of the court with the court would be a second of the court with the court with the court will be a second of the court with the court will be a second of the court with the court will be a second of the co
Planning Board	Yes	The Rockland County Planning Board is comprised of nine county residents, made up of engineers, attorneys, contractors, and retirees, etc. The Planning Board members serve in an advisory capacity to the Commissioner of Planning about the reviews undertaken by the Department of Planning as required under GML. The Rockland County Planning Board advises the Commissioner of Planning, the County Executive and the County Legislature in matters relating to planning and shall have and exercise such other and related duties required by them. In addition, the Board advises the Planning Commissioner in matters related to comprehensive metropolitan, regional, county, and municipal planning.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	No	-
Planning Department	Yes	Rockland County Planning Department performs a variety of tasks, focusing on topics related to housing, environmental and natural issues, historic and cultural resources, recreation and open space, and infrastructure. The staff also study the environmental impacts of proposed projects under the State Environmental Quality Review Act. The County Planning Department issues GML 239 Reviews to its municipalities for site plans, variances, special permits, and other proposals as required by State law.
Mitigation Planning Committee	Yes	Rockland County Local Emergency Planning Committee's primary duty is to develop and maintain an Emergency Response Plan that establishes procedures for receiving and processing public requests for information concerning chemicals and chemical spills within the county. The Committee reviews the plan annually.
Environmental Board/Commission	Yes	The Rockland County Environmental Management Council (EMC) was established by the Legislature in 1973. The EMC is comprised of a volunteer board representing the five towns (13-member board with at-large members, but at the time of this plan's development, the County proposed to change the board to nine members).



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Open Space Board/Committee	Yes	The Rockland County Park Commission is advisory and serves as a liaison between the community and the Rockland County Executive and Legislature. The Commission's primary goal is two-fold: to protect the natural resources and landscape of Rockland County through preservation of open space dedicated as County parkland and to help develop policies for the operation and utilization of the Rockland County Parks System.
Economic Development Commission/ Committee	Yes	The Rockland County Department of Economic Development & Tourism promotes economic stability and growth by supporting a healthy business environment and empowering companies to grow and succeed. The Department provide services directly to businesses through advocacy, retention and expansion assistance, and workforce development, and practice economic development through the implementation of various programs including grant assistance; business attraction, retention & expansion assistance; resource & incentive coordinators; and workforce development.
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Rockland County Highway Department has the responsibility for the administration, construction, maintenance, supervision, repair, and care of approximately 340 lane miles (167 centerline miles) of roadways, 83 bridges and 115 culverts within the county jurisdiction. The Department's mission is to provide a safe, well maintained and efficient operation of the county highway and bridge system.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Rockland County Office of Buildings and Codes ensures that homes, buildings, and businesses within the Village of Spring Valley are structurally sound and compliant with New York State Uniform and Energy Code. Responsibilities include: • Issue and review all types of permits for the Village of Spring Valley including building permits, mobile home park permits, and junkyard permits. • Perform inspections for annual permits. • Issue certificates of occupancy. • Schedule building construction inspections. • Investigate reports regarding any issues of noncompliance with the Uniform or Energy Code. • Maintain records and collect fees for any operation that requires fee collection for permits. • Meet with individuals concerning any building code matters. • Administer procedural rules for court hearings.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The Rockland County OFES responds to natural disasters such as snowstorms, floods, and hurricanes; technical disasters such as chemical spills; and hazardous materials incidents. The Office provides 911 service for the residents of Rockland County where they dispatch fire companies and ambulance squads. The Office also conducts Indian Point drills on a regular basis. The overall mission of the Office is to provide support and training necessary to the Rockland County Fire Service and all Emergency Responders so that they may provide our citizens with the finest available emergency services.



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	 The Highway Department Maintenance & Construction Division performs the following activities: Removing snow and ice from the county road system to achieve snow and ice-free roads (i.e., "black pavement" policy). Maintaining and repairing pavement and shoulders on county roads including pothole repair, crack sealing, micro-paving, and hot and cold blacktop. Maintaining and repairing county bridges and culverts. Maintaining and/or constructing drainage systems and drainage structures on the county road system. Maintaining guide railing, and replacing substandard and/or deteriorated guide railing, on the county road system. Maintaining and installing traffic control and delineation devices (signs, line and zone striping, etc.) on the county road system. Maintaining and repairing the Highway Department's fleet of vehicles and construction equipment. Storing 4,700± tons of salt in the Town of Stony Point and Village of Pomona for snow and ice removal. Removing trees from the county's right-of-way that are dead, dying, weakened, or impeding sight distances on a county road. Maintaining and/or landscaping vegetated areas within the county's right-of-way.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	The County has memorandums of understanding (MOU) with schools, bus companies, hospitals, and the American Red Cross.
Human Resources Manual	Yes	County-wide for all employees
Other	N/A	
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Rockland County Planning Department Land Use Division
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Rockland County Highway Department Engineering Division
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Rockland County Planning Department Land Use Division; OFES
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Rockland County Finance and Budgeting Department
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Rockland County Highway Department Engineering Division
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazus applications	Yes	Rockland County Planning Department – GIS Division
Staff that work with socially vulnerable populations or underserved communities	Yes	The following county departments provide services to socially vulnerable and underserved communities: Health, Office of Aging, and Mental Health. The non-profit organization United Way of Rockland County also provides these services.
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	County consults with contractors, academia, and engineers/
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Rockland County Highway Department's Engineering Division
Emergency Manager	Yes	Rockland County OFES
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Contracted out – Millenium
Resilience Officer	No	The County Planning Department will be hiring a Sustainability Coordinator in 2024.





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Other	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.1-5 summarizes financial resources available to Rockland County.

Table 9.1-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes – Rockland County Capital Project Budget
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	Economic Development Loan Program; NY Rising community Reconstruction Program; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) HOME Investments Partnerships and Emergency Solutions Grant; Department of Homeland Security grants

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.1-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Rockland County.

Table 9.1-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	Yes	County Executive's Office
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	County Information Technology
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	Information can be found under the Rockland County Fire and Emergency Services website
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	County and local websites; social media accounts
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC)
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	Mass notification systems (NYAlert, CodeRED, RAVE), cell phone notifications, interoperable radio systems, access, and functional needs registry
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	Yes	Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) training in school districts



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	Yes	United Way of Rockland County, Rockland County Department of Health, Department of Mental Health, Office for People with Disabilities, and Office for the Aging
Public outreach mechanisms/programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	Through the County's website, social media accounts, and mass notification systems

Community Classifications

Table 9.1-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Rockland County.

Table 9.1-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	Registered	August 2, 2010
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC, 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.1-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the County's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.1-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	



Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Landslide	Moderate		
Severe Weather	Moderate		
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate		
Wildfire	Moderate		

9.1.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). Floodplain administration is performed at the local level; however, Rockland County provides floodplain services where applicable.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.1-9 summarizes the NFIP policy and claim statistics for Rockland County.

Table 9.1-9. Rockland County NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	962
# Claims (Losses)	3,113
Total Loss Payments	\$43,849,675
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	11
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	292
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	40
# Policies Within the 1% Annual Chance Flood Boundary	38

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.1-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program and floodplain administration, where appropriate, in Rockland County.

Table 9.1-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
, , , , ,	Refer to each municipal annex (Sections 9.2 through 9.24) for flood-prone areas in the County.





NFIP Topic	Comments
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	This is performed at the local level, where applicable.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	This is performed at the local level, where applicable.
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	N/A
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? If so, state what projects are underway.	N/A
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	This is performed at the local level.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Between 1999 and 2010, 31 individual properties were acquired preserving 1,204 acres of land. A total of \$23,300,000 in County funds were expended while \$11,576,000 in state grants and partnerships with Land Trusts and local municipalities were leveraged. The Open Space Acquisition Program has successfully provided access to the Hudson River (27 acres), preserved steep slopes (500 acres), protected wetlands (350 acres), and preserved a valuable historic resource (0.5 acres). The remaining acreage includes floodplains, scenic vistas, and properties to provide access to other parklands. These parcels are scattered throughout the five Towns in the County and offer a variety of recreational opportunities.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why. NFIP Compliance	Yes, the maps adequately show flood risk in the County; however, stormwater flooding is a concern and the flood hazard maps do not reflect areas of stormwater flooding.
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Rockland County Drainage Agency (RCDA) was established under authority of Chapter 846 of the Laws of 1975 to regulate construction and maintenance along designated County regulated streams. In conjunction with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), the Army Corps of Engineers (COE), and local municipalities, the RCDA regulates development and activity along 14 streams - approximately 78 miles - within the County. The Drainage Agency also performs inspections of County Regulated Streams to identify obstructions or damage.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	County staff receives support and training as needed.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	The Rockland County Drainage Agency requires permits for construction activity on properties within 100 feet of the channel lines of any Official Regulated Stream. Additionally, prior to filing at the Rockland County Clerk's Office, all subdivision plats must be signed by the Chairman of the Drainage Agency.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	The County does not issue building permits; therefore, they do not determine substantial improvements.



NFIP Topic	Comments
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	N/A
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	N/A
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	N/A
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	N/A
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes. The County Planning Board does consider efforts to reduce flood risks when reviewing applications; however, they are advisory to the County Planning Department and Local Boards.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	N/A

9.1.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.1-11 and Table 9.1-12. Building permits for new construction are issued at the local level.

Table 9.1-11. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
New Highway Facility	Building	5	26 Scotland Hill Rd	-	Complete
Reconstruction of River Road in Grandview-on-Hudson	Road and drainage	1.7 miles of road	River Rd., Grandview-on- Hudson	-	Complete
Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge	Bridge replacement	1	West Washington Avenue in Town of Orangetown	-	In Progress

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.1-12. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Shoreline stabilization in Town of Haverstraw	Shoreline stabilization	-	Bowline Park	-	In process of getting environmental approvals

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.





9.1.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the County's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Event History

Rockland County has a history of natural and non-natural hazard events, as detailed in Volume I, Section 4 (Risk Assessment). A summary of historical events is provided in each of the hazard profiles and includes a chronology of events that have affected the County and its municipalities.

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following presents key risk assessment results for Rockland County.

Hazard Ranking

This section provides the community specific identification of the primary hazard concerns based on identified problems, impacts and the results of the risk assessment as presented in Volume 1, Section 4 (Risk Assessment). The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; and community capabilities to address the hazard and changing future climate conditions. Mitigation action development uses the inputs from the evaluation to target those hazards with the highest level of concern.

As discussed in Volume 1, Section 4.4 (Hazard Ranking), each participating jurisdiction has differing degrees of risk exposure and vulnerability compared with the County as a whole. Refer to Section 4.4 (Hazard Ranking) for countywide rankings of each hazard.

Critical Facilities

Table 9.1-13 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Vulnerability **Already Protected to** 0.2% Addressed by Proposed 0.2% Flood Level Name Type 1% Event **Event** Action (describe protections) Rockland Print Co Dam 2024-Rockland County-Χ Dam Χ No 014 Rockland Print Co Dam #2 (significant hazard) 2024-Rockland County-Χ Dam Х No 014

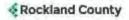
Table 9.1-13. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are in or could impact Rockland County:

Central Nyack Dam





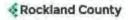
- Lake Suzanne Dam
- Lake Lucille Dam
- Lake Kanawauke Dam
- Potake Lake Dam
- Pine Grove Lake Dam
- Congers Lake Dam
- First Reservoir Dam
- Garnerville Dam
- Lake Welch Dam
- Lake Sebago Dam
- Lake Deforest Dam
- Tivoli Lake Dam

Identified Issues

After review of the County's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the County identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Rockland County has identified shelters to use as needed. However, the medical capabilities and needs of
 each shelter needs to be documented. The County needs to develop an inventory of shelters, their
 capabilities, and what is needed at each to address health concerns and assure the well-being of residents
 utilizing the shelters.
- During heavy rain events, Routes 303 and 59 near the Palisades Mall are susceptible to flooding which leads to road closures, flood damage, and impacts emergency response to this area of the County. Route 59 is a state road, and the County and municipalities do not have jurisdiction over the road and cannot implement mitigation measures.
- Beach Road, a County-owned road, floods with no evacuation route for residents in Stony Point.
- Disease outbreak incidents can occur anywhere in the County and may result in loss of life if left untreated. Recent outbreak includes the COVID-19 outbreak in 2020. This outbreak resulted in over 900 deaths (from 2020 to 2023) in the County. This type of outbreak has an immediate impact on all healthcare facilities in the County (e.g. hospitals, nursing homes, adult care facilities, etc.) that includes scarce resources (personal protective equipment [PPE], medical personnel) and services (preventative services such as immunizations and elective surgeries).
- Several streambanks in Rockland County (Minisceongo Creek near Samsondale Road and DMV parking lot), Pasacack Brook near Memorial Park in Spring Valley, and the Mahwah River in Suffern need stabilization along embankments. If these streambanks fail, sewer lines and water quality will be significantly impacted.
- Spook Rock Road Dam is regulated by NYSDEC and does not meet modern standards. It needs upgrades
 and replacements. Garnerville Dam and Suffern Lane Dam are both deficient and need to be upgraded.
 The dams were combined by the NYSDEC because they are close to each other and have overlapping
 inundation zones.





- The County has initiated a Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project. An engineering firm is analyzing and
 proposing possible solutions to flooding in Memorial Park in the Village of Spring Valley (an Environmental
 Justice area) which affects widely used public parks, playgrounds, soccer fields and a parking lot in the
 Village.
- Large capacity dump trailer will reduce the number of trips needed for debris removal. This will also reduce the number of dump trucks needed at each location for debris removal.
- The County needs equipment to help with clearing flooded roadways.
- During natural disasters, road closures and/or power outages affect traffic flow. Detours and barricades
 are used for temporary closures; however, road closures may extend beyond the event until repairs can
 be made.
- While the County focuses on completing projects that will ensure a more sustainable and resilient Rockland County, the County does not have a person responsible for coordinating sustainability efforts throughout Rockland County.
- The West Washington Avenue Bridge, which carries County Route 30 over the Pascack Brook, has outlived its useful service life and needs replacement. The roadway approaches are sharp turns on steep grades and are difficult to navigate during adverse weather conditions. The channel alignment of Pascack Brook in relation to West Washington Avenue in the vicinity of the bridge results in embankment scour and roadway flooding during extreme storm events.
- The County needs to ensure those with accessibility issues are aware of an emergency and the County can respond to those residents and provide assistance as needed.

9.1.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.1-14 indicates progress on the County's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

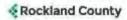
Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.1-14, Rockland County identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- Completion of new Grassy Point Bridge over Minisceongo Creek in the Town of Haverstraw in November
 2023
- Culvert assessments w/ Soil and Water assessments finished but inventory documents need to be complete (Ramapo and Clarkstown)



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Rockland County has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- The Open Space Acquisition Program first launched in 1999 when County Executive C. Scott Vanderhoef announced the County's would acquire areas of scenic beauty, environmentally sensitive lands, farms, and Hudson River waterfront areas. He realized the importance of protecting the rapidly disappearing natural, cultural, and historic resources in Rockland County and decided to take action to protect these important features for the future by creating the program.
 - Between 1999 and 2010, 31 individual properties were acquired preserving 1,204 acres of land. A total of \$23,300,000 in County funds were expended while \$11,576,000 in state grants and partnerships with Land Trusts and local municipalities were leveraged. The Open Space Acquisition Program has successfully provided access to the Hudson River (27 acres), preserved steep slopes (500 acres), protected wetlands (350 acres), and preserved a valuable historic resource (0.5 acres). The remaining acreage includes floodplains, scenic vistas, and properties to provide access to other parklands. These parcels are scattered throughout the five Towns in the County and offer a variety of recreational opportunities.
 - In 2020, the Program was resurrected, and the County funded the program with \$30 million. Between 2023 and 2024, 39 acres of land have been acquired to preserve from development.

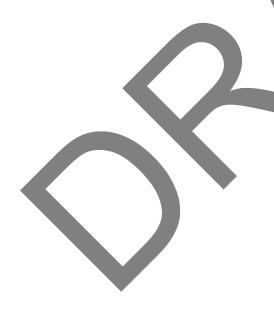
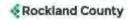
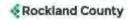


Table 9.1-14. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed		Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-001	Enhance Education and Outreach	All Hazards	RCOFES	Expand GIS via acquisition of HAZUS-MH to collect and develop more sophisticated mapping and loss estimation to include future changing conditions. Ensure information will be available to the public and to relevant communities and agencies.	2. County continues to make updates to their GIS data; share information with all departments when that comes in	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability that the County continues to make updates and share information accordingly.
RC-002	Review existing emergency response plans	All Hazards	RCOFES and Planning Department supporting all municipalities	Review existing plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities	Ongoing Capability The County Office of Fire and Emergency Services continues to work with the County VOAD to expand and maintain the Web bases Access and Functional Needs Registry. Health Care Facilities are contacted every six months to update their facility's information. Biannually, an electronic copy of registrants is shared with each municipality.	Discontinue N/A The County Office of Fire and Emergency Services continues to work with the County VOAD to expand and maintain the Web bases Access and Functional Needs Registry. Health Care Facilities are contacted every six months to update their facility's information. Bi-annually, an electronic copy of registrants is shared with each municipality.
RC-003	HMP Integration	All Hazards	RCOFES and Planning Department supporting all municipalities	Pully integrate the results and recommendations of this HMP into the pending update of the County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan.	Ongoing Capability The County has begun the process of incorporating recommendations from the HMP into the CEMP.	Discontinue N/A The County has begun the process of incorporating recommendations from the HMP into the CEMP.
RC-004	Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters	All Hazards	Facilities Management and Capital Projects Division, Planning Department, and	Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards, and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available; if located in the floodplain protect to the 500-year event.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP.



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-005	Ensure continuity of operations at County buildings and shelters	All Hazards	RCOFES	Ensure continuity of operations at County buildings and shelters: Rockland Community College – final stage to secure contractor (GOSR funding \$1.3M) County Office Building (Capital Program) Highway Building (Capital Program)	College Fieldhouse in nearing completion.	 Discontinue N/A Generators have either been purchased and installed or in the process of being installed at the three facilities; therefore, this project will not be included in the 2024 HMP.
RC-006	Medical Needs at Shelters	All Hazards	RCOFES	Rockland County OFES will explore and document the consideration for medical needs at identified shelters in the County and include as part of the update of the County Emergency Management Plan or the Countywide Sheltering Plan.	In Progress Staffing of Special Needs shelters continue to be a hurdle. We may need to focus on identifying one facility within the county.	Include in the 2024 HMP Rockland County OFES will explore and document the consideration for medical needs at identified shelters in the County and include as part of the update of the County Emergency Management Plan or the Countywide Sheltering Plan. N/A
RC-007	Redundant Backup Public Safety Radio	All Hazards	RCOFES	Redundant Backup Public Safety Radio to be developed to provide backup for 911 dispatch and cellular 911 phone calls	Completed The backup 911 Dispatch Center has been completed.	Discontinue N/A Project has been completed; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP.
RC-008	Construct a new animal shelter facility	All Hazards	General Services	Construct a new animal shelter facility	In Progress Site work is set to commence on the new building this summer. Rockland Green has made an offer to take on the responsibility of managing the shelter. Legislature and County Executive reviewing pros and cons.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Project is in progress and work will begin in summer 2024; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP.
RC-009	Upgrade radio communications room, equipment; and deploy new records management system	All Hazards	General Services	Upgrade radio communications room, equipment; and deploy new records management system being implemented in Sheriff Department that the local police can use (countywide system)	In Progress The County has partially rolled out the Spellman Software. The towns of Haverstraw, Orangetown and Stony Point as well as Villages of Suffern, Piermont, and South Nyack Grandview are currently utilizing the system.	Discontinue N/A Project is in progress and upgrades are being made; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP.



Project Number RC-011	Project Name Ensure that the local comprehensive plans incorporate hazard areas, changing conditions, and natural disaster mitigation techniques	Hazard(s) Addressed All Hazards	County Planning; RCOFES; supporting all municipalities	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project) Ensure that the local comprehensive plans incorporate hazard areas, changing conditions, and natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review of draft plans by the County Planning Department.	prevented implementation 1. Ongoing Capability 2. Local comprehensive plans are completed by their respective municipalities. The County Planning Department provides recommendations for local comprehensive plans through the	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why. 1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. This is an ongoing capability, and the Planning Department provides recommendations for local comprehensive plans through the GML Review process; however, the County Planning Department cannot ensure that its recommendations are incorporated. Hazard areas will be incorporated into the County Comprehensive Plan.
RC-012	Enhance GIS services and ata in the County	All Hazards	Planning Department; RCFOES	Upgrade the County –based GIS emergency management application, targeted to local and County users, to support emergency management planning and response activities, which includes the input of such things as road closures and obstructions. Develop a mobile application for emergency service/responders regarding road closures/impediments; this will serve as a means to store historic information and to prioritize and strategy improvements and needs.	Ongoing Capability Consolidated with RC-001 into a new action	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability that the County continues to make updates and share information accordingly.
RC-013	GIS-based review software for Land Use Review and Permitting Committee	All Hazards		The Land Use Review and Permitting Committee, consisting of departments involved in the land planning review and/or permitting process, are looking to deploy a GIS-centric software solution, providing a central database solution. Those departments involved in land use reviews, permits, inspections and/or complaints would be provided access to the central repository for more efficient access to information and monitoring of land use activity.	1. In Progress – to be completed in 2024 2. This will be completed in 2024 and will be integrated with the local government departments as well.	Discontinue N/A This will be completed in 2024 and will be integrated with the local government departments as well.

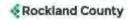


Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-014	Upgrade emergency power system at the New City yard	All Hazards	County Highway Department	New City yard still needs to be updated; currently built a substation on Hunt Road yard (built 2016) that does not have emergency power. This project will service the Highway Department and County Complex as well.	Completed Highway has moved to a new facility with emergency power.	Discontinue N/A Department moved to new facility
RC-015	Relocate/construct a new highway department facility with emergency backup power out of the floodplain.	Flood, Severe Storm	County Highway Department	Relocate/construct a new highway department facility with emergency backup power out of the floodplain.	Complete The department moved into the new facility in November 2023.	Discontinue N/A The new facility was completed in November 2023
RC-016	Enhance scour protection on County bridges	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	County Highway Department	Enhance scour protection on County bridges; not every bridge is built to current scour protection standards (standard changed 2006/2007 timeframe); require to drive the piles and expensive upgrade	Ongoing Capability All new bridge replacement projects require scour protection analysis and design to meet NYS DOT Specifications.	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability and completed as needed; therefore, it will not be included as an action in the 2024 HMP
RC-017	Identify site(s) to utilize in an emergency to stockpile equipment, snow, and/or debris	All	County Highway Department; municipalities	Identify site(s) to utilize in an emergency to stockpile equipment, snow, and/or debris. Further, develop a stockpile of material/equipment (or access to) for work to respond in a timely fashion.	Ongoing Capability County Highway has increased capacity from construction of new facility	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability, and the County will continue to stockpile equipment as needed.
RC-018	Develop a robust communication system or plan to allow interoperability in the County	All Hazards	County Highway Department	Develop a robust communication system or plan to allow interoperability in the County to communicate on the same channel; redundancy is needed; and communicate with municipalities	Ongoing Capability County performs this and makes updates as necessary	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability, and the County performs updates and enhancements as necessary.
RC-019	Pascack Brooke Easement	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	County Drainage Agency	Stabilize banks and implement erosion control to reduce flooding including concrete structures and plantings.	In Progress – near completion; funded through HMGP N/A	Discontinue N/A This project is near completion; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-020	Enhance the current mapping capabilities	All Hazards	Rockland County Highway Department	Enhance the current mapping capabilities and purchase hand-held portable devices for use to capture data in the field during emergencies.	In Progress – Highway Dept. starting GIS within the department and will be purchasing tablets to use with GIS. N/A	 Discontinue N/A The County is purchasing the tablets in 2024 and will use the tablets to enhance mapping capabilities while in the field.
RC-021	Conduct a countywide culvert study to determine if upgrades are needed for crossings in the County right-ofway.	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm		Conduct a countywide culvert study to determine if upgrades are needed for crossings in the County right-of-way.	Complete Soil & Water completed this project; data is publicly available; completed in Summer 2023 (countywide)	Discontinue N/A Project has been complete; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP
RC-022	Rebuild the Spook Rock Road Spillway	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Rockland County Highway Department	Rebuild the Spook Rock Road Spillway	1.In Progress 2.Engineering design underway.	Discontinue N/A The County is completing an engineering design and will move forward with rebuilding the spillway once the design is complete.
RC-023	Elevate Beach Road	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Highway Department,	Elevate Beach Road (County Road) (approximately 2-3 feet) to provide access to residents to evacuate flooding (Stony Point)	No Progress Project requires adjustment of sanitary sewer main and raising first floor elevation of residences along the road.	Include in the 2024 HMP Complete a feasibility study to determine projects that will reduce flooding and provide access to residents living along Beach Road in Stony Point. N/A
RC-024	Armor shoreline to prevent erosion due to wave action in Grassy Point, Stony Point (Town of Haverstraw to intersection with Tompkins Cove hamlet)	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Towns of Haverstraw and Stony Point	Armor shoreline to prevent erosion due to wave action in Grassy Point, Stony Point (Town of Haverstraw to intersection with Tompkins Cove hamlet)	Complete Project finished in November 2023	Discontinue N/A Project completed.
RC-025	Conduct a study to determine feasible mitigation measures to address flooding in Suffern Squires Gate neighborhood	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Rockland County Drainage Agency	Conduct a study to determine feasible mitigation measures to address flooding in Suffern Squires Gate neighborhood	Complete Study was funded by New York Rising program. In 2022, Suffern acquired 58 properties and demolished buildings, preserving the land for open space.	Discontinue N/A Project completed.

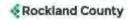


Project Number RC-026	Project Name Conduct a Muddy Creek Flood Mitigation Study	Hazard(s) Addressed Flood, Severe Storm,	Responsible Party Drainage Agency	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project) Conduct a Muddy Creek Flood Mitigation Study to explore mitigation actions to reduce/eliminate impacts to	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation 1. Complete. 2. Difficult project; Town did	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why. 1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Studies completed for nearby waterbodies
		Severe Winter Storm		existing development		include some findings for Muddy Creek.
RC-027	Coordinate with NYS to identify mitigation measures to reduce impacts from flooding at the Palisades Mall (Route 303 and 59)	Flood, Severe Storm	Drainage Agency, NYS DOT, Clarkstown	Coordinate with NYS to identify mitigation measures to reduce impacts from flooding at the Palisades Mall (Route 303 and 59)	USACE,	Include in the 2024 HMP Coordinate with NYS to identify mitigation measures to reduce impacts from flooding at the Palisades Mall (Route 303 and 59) N/A
RC-028	Repair and consider upsizing six Rockland County storm drainage culverts	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Highway Department, NYSDOT, Federal Highway Administration	Repair and consider upsizing six Rockland County storm drainage culverts that were damaged by Hurricane Irene. The proposed work locations are as follows: • CR 106, Route 210, just west of Central Highway in the Town of Stony Point • CR 23, Sickletown Road, just south of the Palisades Interstate Parkway bridge in the Town of Orangetown • CR 23, Strawtown Road, just south of Germonds Road in the Town of Clarkstown • CR 108, Old Route 210, just west of Wayne Avenue in the Town of Stony Point • CR 23, Sickletown Road, just north of Fifth Avenue in the Town of Orangetown • CR 15, Western Highway, just north of Convent Road in the Town of Orangetown	2. Repairs to culverts have been	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Project has been complete; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP





Project Number		Hazard(s) Addressed		Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-029	Purchase inflatable tiger dam barrier system to deploy to locations in the County as needed	Flood, Severe Storm	Drainage Agency	Purchase inflatable tiger dam barrier system to deploy to locations in the County as needed to replace time-consuming and labor-intensive sandbags. This will help the county deploy a temporary mitigation measure to areas that flood in the future with a current unknown flood risk (changing future conditions/climate change).	1. Complete – County funded 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A Project has been complete; therefore, it will not be included in the 2024 HMP
RC-030	Purchase and install five Kohler Generac Generators	All Hazards	Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority	Purchase and install five Kohler	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A No funding has been secured for this project to date.
RC-031	Develop a plan to cover the five towns and 19 villages in the County to integrate roles and responsibilities between all jurisdictions and the Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority	All Hazards	Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority; municipalities	Develop a plan to cover the five towns and 19 villages in the County to integrate roles and responsibilities between all jurisdictions and the Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Authority continues to use its existing Solid Waste Management Plan.



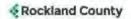
Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-032	Develop Road/Stream Crossing Management Plans	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Rockland County Soil & Water Conservation District	Develop Road/Stream Crossing Management Plans for climate-resilient and fish-friendly road/stream crossings in Hudson River Valley through 2018	1. In Progress 2. Rockland SWCD shifted from Management Plans to providing assessments of road-stream crossings along with a Town Level Inventory Document. We no longer offer the Management Plan. We have completed three Town Inventory Documents for Stony Point, Haverstraw and Orangetown. We just completed all assessments for Ramapo and will work on their Town Inventory Document to be completed in 2023. Clarkstown will take 2 summers to complete assessments and then another year following that to complete their inventory document. Hydrologic modeling is completed by NYS DEC in partnership with Cornell WRI which takes time to receive back. This data is necessary to complete the Town Level Inventory Documents. In all, we anticipate completing the whole County (all 5 towns) by 2026.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Rockland SWCD shifted from Management Plans to providing assessments of road-stream crossings along with a Town Level Inventory Document. We no longer offer the Management Plan. We have completed three Town Inventory Documents for Stony Point, Haverstraw and Orangetown. We just completed all assessments for Ramapo and will work on their Town Inventory Document to be completed in 2023. Clarkstown will take 2 summers to complete assessments and then another year following that to complete their inventory document. Hydrologic modeling is completed by NYS DEC in partnership with Cornell WRI which takes time to receive back. This data is necessary to complete the Town Level Inventory Documents. In all, we anticipate completing the whole County (all 5 towns) by 2026.
RC-033	Obtain data and mapping from MS4 Program	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Cornell Cooperative Extension Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County – grant administrator and subcontracting to Cornell Cooperative Extension	The Stormwater Consortium will work with the County to obtain data and mapping from MS4 program from Villages and Town integrate into the County GIS map portal. Data standardization is needed of outfall locations and attributes based on differing users and use of the data.	Ongoing Capability – County will need to upgrade as part of the new requirements The County continues to discuss this issue with the Stormwater Consortium.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. The Stormwater Consortium will work with the County to obtain data and mapping from MS4 program from Villages and Town integrate into the County GIS map portal. Data standardization is needed of outfall locations and attributes based on differing users and use of the data.





Project Number	Project Name		Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-034	Watershed Assessment and Management Plan for this tri-county resource (Orange, Rockland, Bergen)	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	Rockland County Soil & Water Conservation District	The Ramapo River, considered a sole source aquifer, provides drinking water to over 81,000 residents of Rockland County and northern New Jersey. The Rockland County Task Force on Water Resources Management has contracted with Rutgers University to complete a Watershed Assessment and Management Plan for this tri-county resource (Orange, Rockland, Bergen). The plan will include both the Ramapo and Mahwah Rivers watershed area. The final plan will include recommendations on source water protection and improve water qualities of these waterways.		Discontinue N/A Plan has been completed; therefore, this action will not be included in the 2024 HMP.
RC-035	Continue to identify funding sources and acquire open space in the County to increase flood storage.	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Soil & Water Conservation District	Continue to identify funding sources and acquire open space in the County to increase flood storage.	acquire additional properties; completed 1st round to acquire 12 properties and now starting the 2 nd round to assess properties	Include in the 2024 HMP Continue to identify funding sources and acquire open space in the County to increase flood storage. N/A
RC-036	Replace aging on-site emergency generators, fuel tanks and transfer switches at sewage pumping stations.	All Hazards	Sewer District	Replace aging on-site emergency generators, fuel tanks and transfer switches at sewage pumping stations. At this time 21 of the 27 locations have been identified.	· · ·	Discontinue N/A Project has been completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
RC-037	Identify feasible and cost-effective mitigation measures to protect County-owned pump stations	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Sewer District	Identify feasible and cost-effective mitigation measures to protect the following County-owned pump stations to the 500-year event including purchasing and utilizing portable flood barriers to protect in the short-term: Pascack Pump Station Fourth Street Pump Station Mahwah Pump Station Montebello Pump Station Pomona Heights Pump Station Lincoln Street Pump Station	1. Complete 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A Inflatable barriers were purchased to use to protect these structures from flooding.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Rockland County participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that the county would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the county's priorities.

Table 9.1-15 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria.

Table 9.1-15 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

		Action	s That A	ddress	the Ha	zard, k	y Acti	on Cat	egory			
		FEMA CRS										
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES		
Dam Failure	3	7	-	1	2	2	1	-	2	4		
Disease Outbreak	4	2	-	1	3	-	1	-	-	3		
Drought	3	1	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	3		
Earthquake	3	3	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	3		
Extreme Temperature	3	1	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	2		
Flood	5	10	-	1	3	4	2	1	4	5		
Landslide	3	4	-	1	2	1	1	1	-	4		
Severe Weather	5	10	-	1	3	4	1	1	4	5		
Severe Winter Weather	5	7	-	1	2	2	2	-	2	5		
Wildfire	3	3	-	1	2		1	-	-	4		

Table 9.1-15. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities





Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.





Table 9.1-16. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-Rockland County-01	Medical Needs at Shelters	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	11	High
2024-Rockland County-02	Reduce Flood Impacts at Palisades Mall	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-Rockland County-03	Elevate Beach Road	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-Rockland County-04	Identify and Accommodate County Facilities for Disease Outbreak Response	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1		1	0	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Rockland County-05	Streambank Stabilization	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Rockland County-06	Dam Rehabilitation	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Rockland County-07	Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Rockland County-08	Large Capacity Dump Trailer	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	6	Medium
2024-Rockland County-09	Portable Pumps	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-Rockland County-10	Temporary Traffic Signals	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	7	Medium
2024-Rockland County-011	Sustainability Coordinator for Rockland County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-Rockland County-012	Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge over Pascack Brook	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-Rockland County-013	Emergency Notifications for Residents with Accessibility Issues	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	9	Medium



Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-Rockland County-014	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	7	Medium

Note: Volume 1, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Rockland County-01. Medical Needs at Shelters

Action Name:	Medical Needs at Shelters							
Description of the Problem:	needs of each shelter needs to be	ters to use as needed. However, the medical capabilities and documented. The County needs to develop an inventory of the is needed at each to address health concerns and assurable the shelters.						
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠ Dam/Levee Failure ⊠ Flood ⊠ Disease Outbreak ⊠ Landslide ⊠ Drought ⊠ Severe Storm ⊠ Earthquake ⊠ Severe Winter Storm ⊠ Extreme Temperature ⊠ Wildfire							
Description of the Solution:	Rockland County OFES will explore and document the consideration for medical needs a identified shelters in the County and include as part of the update of the County Emergence Management Plan or the Countywide Sheltering Plan. This can include preparedness planning stockpiling medical supplies and equipment, implementing health screening and assessment processes, training, outreach, and coordination.							
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Office of Fire and I	Emergency Services						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Department of He	raith						
Estimated Cost:	\$50,000							
Potential Funding Sources:	County Budget							
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3							
Benefits:	Provides resources for residents aft in the County; serves vulnerable po	ter disasters; assists with emergency management respons pulations.						
Mitigation Action Type:	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (Structure Project)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)						
CRS Category:	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)						
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Provides services to socially vulnera	able populations that may use shelters during emergencies						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project is related to critical face enhance the services shelters provide	cilities and community lifelines in Rockland County and w de during emergencies.						
Impact on Capabilities:	This project will be incorporated int	to the County's CEMP and sheltering plan.						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority:	⊠High □Medium □Low							
Alternatives	Action Evaluation							
	No action	Current problem continues						
	Contract outside medical providers to assist in shelters when needed	Not feasible during emergencies; costly						
	Send sheltered residents to local hospitals for medical care	Not preferred post-disaster as it may have life-safety impacts due to delay of care						





Action 2024-Rockland County-02. Reduce Flood Impacts at Palisades Mall

Action Name:	Reduce Flood Impacts at Palisades N	Mall							
Description of the Problem:	During heavy rain events, Routes 30 which leads to road closures, flood of County. Route 59 is a state road and the road and cannot implement mit	damage, and impacts emerger I the County and municipalitie	ncy response to this area of the						
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Flood □ Disease Outbreak □ Landslide □ Drought □ Severe Storm □ Earthquake □ Severe Winter Storm □ Extreme Temperature □ Wildfire								
Description of the Solution:	The County will complete a feasibility study to determine options to reduce or eliminate floodin in this section of the County. The County will coordinate with New York State to address Rout 59.								
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent and Drainage Agency							
Supporting Agencies:	NYSDOT, Town of Clarkstown								
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$1,000,000)								
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC and FMA, NYSDOT								
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years								
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6								
Benefits:	Continuity of operations, reduce/o	eliminate flood damage, kee	p major roadways open and						
Mitigation Action Type:	☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☑ Structure and Infrastructure Project (Structure Proje		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)						
CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)		urce Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)						
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Allows the road to remain accessible	e during emergencies							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Allows the road to remain accessible	e during emergencies							
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A								
Impact on Future Development:	N/A								
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change projections will bidentifying mitigation measures to r		ing the feasibility study and						
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium	□Low						
Alternatives	Action Evaluation								
	No action Current problem continues								
	Acquire all homes in this section of Clarkstown/Rockland County		nsent to acquire homes; road cess points in the Town; costly						
	Elevate all homes in this section of Clarkstown/Rockland County		nsent to elevate homes; road cess points in the Town; costly						



Action 2024-Rockland County-03. Elevate Beach Road

Action Name:	Elevate Beach Road							
Description of the Problem:	Beach Road, a County road, floods v	vith no evacuation route for residents in Stony Point						
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☐ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☐ Wildfire						
Description of the Solution:) (approximately two to three feet) to provide access to ny Point). This will protect the roadway from future flood nain open during emergencies.						
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departme	ent and Engineer						
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Stony Point							
Estimated Cost:	\$1 million+							
Potential Funding Sources:	CDBG-DR, FEMA BRIC and FMA, Cou	unty Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years							
Goals Met:	All							
Benefits:	Protect roadway from future flood o	damages and allows it to remain open to access the Town						
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)						
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	☐Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Emergency Services (ES)						
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Allows the road to remain accessible	e during emergencies						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Allows the road to remain accessible	e during emergencies						
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	,	ht at which the road needs to be elevated and will consider e it is at a height that will be protected from future events						
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium □Low						
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation						
	No action	Current problem continues						
	Acquire all homes along Beach Road	Requires property owner consent to acquire homes; road will still flood and impact access points in the Town; costly						
	Elevate all homes along Beach Requires property owner consent to elevate homes; will still flood and impact access points in the Town; of							





Action 2024-Rockland County-04. Identify and Accommodate County Facilities for Disease Outbreak Response

Action Name:	Identify and Accommodate County	Facilities for Dis	ease Outbreak	Response				
Description of the Problem:	Disease outbreak incidents can occur anywhere in the County and may result in loss of life if left untreated. Recent outbreak includes the County COVID-19 outbreak in 2020. This outbreak resulted in over 900 deaths (from 2020 to 2023) in the County. This type of outbreak has an immediate impact on all healthcare facilities in the County (e.g. hospitals, nursing homes, adult care facilities, etc.) that includes scarce resources (PPE, medical personnel) and services (preventative services such as immunizations and elective surgeries).							
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature	□Se	ood indslide evere Storm evere Winter St ildfire	orm				
Description of the Solution:	Physical area to be affected will inc space to accommodate the results quickly shift their existing space to a space for day-to-day operations. Co of mass vaccination and testing. Co facilities such as Rockland Commun large number of County/regional res	s of a disease of accommodate subunty space will urrently there a nity College and	utbreak. Facili udden surges o need to be ide re plans to uti	ties will need to be ready to f patients while also providing ntified to assist with any type lize the County's large indoor				
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Department of He	alth (in conjunc	tion with the C	ounty's Sherrif's Office).				
Supporting Agencies:	NYS DOH, Rockland County Sheriff's	Department ar	nd Rockland Co	unty's Five Towns.				
Estimated Cost:	Modifications to hospitals and to Coor may cost \$2 million for the Coun							
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5							
Benefits:	Benefits will be lifesaving. Loss of I the County healthcare systems to d	_						
Mitigation Action Type:	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (:	SIP)	•	ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Most of the deaths that will occur there is a disease outbreak will affect underserved communities in the County. It did during COVID-19 and it will happen again if such a scenario would happen again in the County.							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Providing increased services/spaces in healthcare facilities and in the County, will lessen the burden on the County's existing healthcare infrastructure and ultimately save lives.							
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium		□Low				
Alternatives	Action		Evalu	ation				
	No action		Current probl	em continues				



Utilize healthcare facilities for response	Not feasible; healthcare facilities and hospitals will already be at capacity and unable to assist the County with day-to- day response and services related to disease outbreak events
Stockpile supplies	While supplies are needed for response, it does not address the need for specific locations to provide vaccinations, etc.





Action 2024-Rockland County-05. Streambank Stabilization

Action Name:	Streambank Stabilization			
Description of the Problem:	Several streambanks in Rockland County (Minisceongo Creek near Samsondale Road and DMV parking lot), Pascack Brook near Memorial Park in Spring Valley, and the Mahwah River in Suffern are in need of stabilization along embankments. If these streambanks fail, sewer lines and water quality will be significantly impacted.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	⊠L ⊠S □S	lood andslide evere Storm evere Winter Storm Vildfire	
Description of the Solution:	 The following will be completed to stabilize the streambanks in Rockland County: Minisceongo Creek Embankment Stabilization near Samsondale Rd (embankment eroded exposing sewer waste line) Minisceongo Creek Embankment Stabilization near DMV parking lot (just upstream of State Rt 9W): gabion backet retaining wall collapsed, we will do an emergency repair and look to stabilize the entire length of the South side of the Creek Mahwah River Embankment Stabilization Projectstabilize a failed section of embankment along the Mahwah River in Suffern, NY to protect a large sewer line. 			
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agency	Rockland County Drainage Agency		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Highway Department			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$1,000,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	NYSDEC Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program, USDA Emergency Watershed Protection Program (EWPP), County Budget, FEMA BRIC and HMGP			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7			
Benefits:	Protect against infrastructure failure by embankment stabilizations, protect against loss of life or property in the case of a dam failures, enable Environmental Justice community to better utilize park and parking lot			
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Proje		□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		☑Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The County will stabilize embankme	ents to protect	sewer lines and bodies of water.	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	Some erosion and flooding condition therefore, this project will help reduced the second	•	more frequently because of climate change; s of failing streambanks.	
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium	□Low	
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem continues	
	Retreat from areas near stream		Costly, unpopular	
	Levees along stream	Not fea	sible/environmentally damaging, costly	





Action 2024-Rockland County-06. Dam Rehabilitation

Action Name:	Spook Rock Road Dam Rehabilitatio	n Project		
Description of the Problem:	Spook Rock Road Dam is regulated by NYSDEC and does not meet modern standards. It needs upgrades and replacements. Garnerville Dam and Suffern Lane Dam are both deficient and need to be upgraded. The dams were combined by the NYSDEC because they are close to each other and have overlapping inundation zones.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□L ⊠S □S	Flood andslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Spook Rock Road Dam is regulated by the DEC and does not meet modern standards, the County will replace spillway, replace parapet, and redo roadway. In 2025, the County will contract an engineering firm to examine the Garnerville Dam and the Suffern Lane Dam (both along the Minisceongo Creek), both dams are deficient and need to be rebuilt/upgraded, the dams were combined by the DEC because they are close to each other and have overlapping inundation zones.			
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agency			•
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent		
Estimated Cost:	High (>\$1,000,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA High-Hazard Potential Dam (HHPD) program, NYSDEC County Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7			
Benefits:	Protect against infrastructure failure by embankment stabilizations, protect against loss of life or property in the case of a dam failures, enable Environmental Justice community to better utilize park and parking lot			
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)	1	ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The County will upgrade dams to h sewer lines	elp prevent fa	ailures and stab	ilize embankments to protect
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	Some erosion and flooding condition therefore, this project will help redu			
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evalu	ation
	No action		Current probl	em continues
	Repair Only	Will	not meet Dam	Safety requirements
	Remove Dam	Dam (cannot be remo	ved for safety reason.



Action 2024-Rockland County-07. Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project

Action Name:	Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project		
Description of the Problem:	Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project: we are having an engineering firm analyze and proposed possible solutions to flooding in Memorial Park in the Village of Spring Valley (an Environmental Justice area) which effects and widely used park/playground/soccer fields, parking lot in the Village.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire
Description of the Solution:	The County will contract an engineering firm to conduct an analysis and identify potential solutions to address flooding issues in Memorial Park located in Spring Valley. This area is designated as an environmental justice area, and flooding in this region adversely affects the popular park, playground, soccer fields, and parking lot in the Village. The proposed project aims to mitigate infrastructure risks through embankment stabilizations, decrease the potential for loss of life or property in the event of dam failures, and enhance the community's ability to utilize the park and parking lot in an environmentally just manner.		
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agency		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent, Spring Va	lley
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$1,000,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC and FMA, County Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7		•
Benefits:	Protect against infrastructure failure by embankment stabilizations, protect against loss of life or property in the case of a dam failures, enable Environmental Justice community to better utilize park and parking lot		
Mitigation Action Type:	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 		
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Rublic Information (PI) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Pascack Brook Flood Mitigation Project is in downtown Spring Valley, NY. Preventing or lowering the flood risk will benefit an Environmental Justice community.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A		
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	Some erosion and flooding conditio therefore, this project will help redu	•	more frequently as a result of climate change; as of failing streambanks.
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium	□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation
	No action		Current problem continues
	Elevate roadways	(Costly and may not solve problem
	Buyout homes		Costly, negative social impacts



Action 2024-Rockland County-08. Large Capacity Dump Trailer

Action Name:	Large Capacity Dump Trailer			
Description of the Problem:	Large capacity dump trailer will redualso reduce the number of dump tru			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought ⊠Earthquake □Extreme Temperature			torm
Description of the Solution:	Purchase of a large dump trailer will allow more material to be removed in less trips. This will also reduce the number of trucks needed for debris removal at each location.			
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$80,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	County Budget, FEMA Emergency N	lanagemer	nt Performance Gra	nts
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)			
Goals Met:	2, 5			
Benefits:	Improve response time and assist with debris removal after hazard events			
Mitigation Action Type:	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI)		od Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Allows emergency routes to remain accessible and free from debris; providing continuity of operations during response and recovery			
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority:	□High	⊠Medium	า	□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evalı	uation
	No action		Current prob	lem continues
	Initiate shared services agreements with neighboring counties			ies may need the equipment nay not always be available
	Contract outside contractors	Can be co		limited availability during and events



Action 2024-Rockland County-09. Portable Pumps

Action Name:	Portable Pumps		
Description of the Problem:	The County is in need of equipment	to help with clearing flooded roadways.	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☐ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☐ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Purchase of 4 portable 6-inch pumps along with hoses and accessories to clear flooded roads. The pumps will be used in various locations throughout the County to allow draining of roads inundated by floodwaters.		
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	High (\$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	County Budget, FEMA HMGP		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two to three years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2		
Benefits:	Risk reduction; continuity of operations; access to critical facilities and community lifelines		
Mitigation Action Type:	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EA		
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Keeps roadways accessible to emergency personnel and residents		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Keeps roadways accessible to emergency personnel and residents		
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A		
Priority:	□High	⊠Medium □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Current problem continues	
	Install permanent floodwalls	Not feasible as it is not a portable solution	
	Elevate all floodprone roadways in the County	Not feasible and costly; the County does not have jurisdiction over some roads	





Action 2024-Rockland County-010. Temporary Traffic Signals

Action Name:	Temporary Traffic Signals		
Description of the Problem:		res and/or power outages affect traffic flow. Detours and closures; however, road closures may extend beyond the	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought ⊠Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Temporary traffic signals can be utilized to redirect traffic in case of road closures or if traditional traffic signals are non-operational. The County will procure temporary traffic signals for use during road closures and power outages in order to effectively manage intersections and detours during emergencies, ensuring operational continuity in such situations.		
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	High (\$300,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, County Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Four to five years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2		
Benefits:	Risk reduction; continuity of operations		
Mitigation Action Type:	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs		
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ⊠Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Maintains control of intersections and detours during storm events.		
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A		
Priority:	□High	⊠Medium □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Current problem continues	
	Install generators at each traffic light	Not a portable option; the County will still need someone to guide traffic	
	Utilize staff to direct traffic	Not feasible; restricts availability of staff to assist with response and recovery	





Action 2024-Rockland County-011. Sustainability Coordinator for Rockland County

Action Name:	Sustainability Coordinator for Rockland Count	у
Description of the Problem:	While the County focuses on completing projects that will ensure a more sustainable and resilient Rockland County, the County does not have a person responsible for coordinating sustainability efforts throughout Rockland County.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Description of the Solution:		⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire will select and hire a person to serve as the
	Sustainability Coordinator for Rockland County. Responsibilities include: Implementing and overseeing the County's Sustainability Program by developing goals, actions, strategies and providing leadership for the County's participation and involvement in federal and New York State sustainability programs such as the Climate Smart Communities (CSC) and Clean Energy Communities (CEC) programs; Coordinate with County departments to implement, collect and submit documentation required to achieve CSC certification and CEC designation; Coordinate the preparation of a Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Inventory and a Climate Action Plan (CAP), regularly reviewing and updating the CAP; Assist in the creation of a (CSC) Task Force by organizing and helping to facilitate Task Force meetings to discuss progress, provide recommendations and strategies, prepare agendas and meeting minutes; Develop, draft, and recommend regulatory action, policies and procedures related to sustainability initiatives; Identify grant funding opportunities, complete and submit grant applications, administer and manage grants needed to implement the sustainability programs; Prepare timely responses to requests for information from the public, advisory board members, and committees, appointed and elected government officials; Develop and participates in studies involving research, investigation, and analysis of sustainability initiatives, including but not limited to, energy and water conservation, renewable energy, greenhouse gas emissions reduction, land use and smart growth, transportation, materials management, climate justice and disadvantaged communities, and climate adaptation and resiliency planning, etc.; Participate in other County planning efforts (i.e., Comprehensive Plan, Multijurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, Corridor Studies, Water Conservation Plan,	
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Department of Planning	
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Division of Environmental Resources, Rockland County Legislature	
Estimated Cost:	Low (Staff time)	
Potential Funding Sources:	County Budget	
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Within 2 years)	
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	
Benefits:	Someone to oversee the County's sustain implementing the program and providing serv	nability program and assist the County with rices to the different county departments
Mitigation Action Type:	図Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	⊠Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A	





Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A		
Impact on Capabilities:	This action will provide additional capabilities to Rockland County and supports sustainability efforts across the County.		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	The sustainability coordinator will review and factor in climate change information into plans, programs, etc.		
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium	□Low
Alternatives	Action	Evalı	ıation
Alternatives	Action No action		lation lem continues
Alternatives		Current prob Not a full-time county emp	





Action 2024-Rockland County-012. Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge over Pascack Brook

Action Name:	Replacement of West Washington	Avenue Bri	dge over Pascack Brook
Description of the Problem:	The West Washington Avenue Bridge, which carries County Route 30 over the Pascack Brook has outlived its useful service life and needs replacement. The roadway approaches are sharp turns on steep grades and are difficult to navigate during adverse weather conditions. The channel alignment of Pascack Brook in relation to West Washington Avenue in the vicinity of the bridge results in embankment scour and roadway flooding during extreme storm events.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		□ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire
Description of the Solution:	alignment, and scour resistance. We existing bridge with the stream chareliminate or minimize the potential designed to accommodate all leg	e anticipa nnel adjust I for emba al loads hland Ave	ew structure having improved hydraulic capacity, the that the new structure will be upstream of the ed to improve its alignment with the structure and inkment and foundation scour. The bridge will be the project will realign the approach roadways nue to improve horizontal and vertical curves and
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departm	ent	
Supporting Agencies:	Town Highway Department		
Estimated Cost:	High (\$3,000,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State		
Implementation Timeline:	Requests for proposals issued late 2023. Construction expected to begin early 2024.		
Goals Met:	1, 2		
Benefits:	This action will replace the existing bridge, including upgrading drainage systems and realigning channels, so that the roadway will be accessible for evacuations, travel, and emergency response during heavy precipitation and severe storm events.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)		⊠Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.		
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the surrouflooding and to be isolated due to a	_	a will be less likely to experience damage from ble bridge.
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means more risk for overtopping.	intense p	recipitation events and storms, which elevates the
Priority:	□High	⊠Mediur	m □Low
Alternatives:	Action		Evaluation
	No action		Severity of access problem continues, failure potential increases
	Remove the structure		Eliminates critical travel route, likely low political and public support
	Replace structure with current ali	gnment	Current access problems continue





Action 2024-Rockland County-13. Emergency Notifications for Residents with Accessibility Issues

Action Name:	Emergency Notifications for Residents with Accessibility Issues		
Description of the Problem:	The County needs to ensure those with acce County is able to respond to those residents	essibility issues are aware of an emergency and the and provide assistance as needed.	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑Flood☑Landslide☑Severe Storm☑Severe Winter Storm☑Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	communication. This will lower the burden o	current situation and improve access to emergency on first responders in the County by minimizing the ulfilling the needs of socially vulnerable populations	
Lead Agency:	Office for People with Disabilities		
Supporting Agencies:	Office of Emergency Management		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$15,000 to \$20,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Rockland County, NY State, Community Deve	elopment Block Group (CDBG) BRIC (through FEMA)	
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (Two years)		
Goals Met:	1, 3, and 5		
Benefits:	Reduce the risk & costs to first responders in the County by reducing the potential for dangerous rescue operations.		
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	☐Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	It is specifically targeting socially vulnerable populations because we are concentrating on this population.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Accessibility to evacuation routes and shelters, as well as other necessary services as needed.		
Impact on Capabilities	Improvement of local capabilities because it improves accessibility awareness & preparedness.		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A	l .	
Priority:	□High	m □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Current problem continues	
	Door-to-door notification program	Not feasible due to the number of staff needed to support this effort	
	Mass notification system for vulnerable populations	Not all residents have ways to receive mass notifications	



Action 2024-Rockland County-014. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024- Rockland County-014. Critica	l Facilities in	the Floodplain	
Description of the Problem:	The following critical facilities are located floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard: Rockland Print County Dam and Rockland Print County Dam #2. The latter of these dam is noted as a significant hazard. Both dams are owned by the Rockland County Drainage Agency.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Drainage Agency will evaluate the need for potential mitigation projects to protect the dams to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. Potential feasible projects may include the following: elevations, dry floodproofing, backup power supply, retrofits, or relocation. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities.			
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agency			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County OFES			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	2			
Benefits:	Low (> \$10,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)			rrce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ability of the dams to continue functioning during severe storms so as not to lead to additional flooding.			
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate poter	ntial damage	in the inundation	areas.
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Pr	oblem persists
	Town completes mitigation act inundation areas	tions in	Does not r	educe or eliminate risk



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.2 VILLAGE OF AIRMONT

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Airmont with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of Airmont, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses Airmont's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.2.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Airmont identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Engineer represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.2-1 summarizes Village officials that participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation on the Village's planning process through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I, Section 3 (Planning Process) and Appendix C (Meeting Documentation).

Table 9.2-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact		
Name/Title: John Queenan, P.E., Village Engineer	Name/Title: Beth Ricker, Administrative Assistant		
Address: Lanc & Tully P.C., 3132 NY-207, Campbell Hall, NY 10916	Address: Lanc & Tully P.C., 3132 NY-207, Campbell Hall, NY 10916		
Phone Number: (845) 294-3700	Phone Number: (845) 294-3700		
Email: jq@lanctully.com	Email: bmr@lanctully.com		
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator			
Name/Title: Louis Zummo, Building Inspector			
Address: 251 Cherry Lane, Airmont, NY 10952			
Phone Number: (845) 414-5522			
Email: buildinspector@airmont.org			

9.2.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Airmont, located in Rockland County, is about 14 miles from the Tappan Zee Bridge and 30 miles northwest of New York City. It is approximately five square miles in size. The Village is bordered to the north by the Town of Ramapo, to the south by New Jersey, to the east by the Village of Chestnut Ridge, and to the west by the Village of Suffern.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors





including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 6.6 percent of the population is five years of age or younger 14.9 percent is 65 years of age or older, 3.6 percent is non-English speaking, 10.7 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 7.3 percent is considered disabled.

9.2.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Airmont performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Airmont to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into Villageprocedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.2-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Airmont.

Table 9.2-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Juri <mark>sdic</mark> tion has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation Building Code	Yes	Chapter 80 – Building Construction and Fire Prevention Chapter 89 – Uniform Construction Codes	State, Local	Code Enforcement	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Building Code has provisions to strengthen and elevate construction to withstand hazard forces, meet those outlined in the NFIP, and include development standards for withstanding storm surge, wind damage, earthquakes, and other hazards.					
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 210 – Zoning, 1997	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Zoning Code has provisions for stormwater control and requirements related to development in the floodplain.					



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 180 – Subdivision of Land, 1993	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals
fire, flood or other menace, and l proper provision has been made	such character that it and shall not be subd for drainage, water, s	ow does this reduce risk? It can be used safely for building purpose Iivided until available municipal services Bewerage and capital improvements sucluder For erosion and sediment control and de	, facilities and im	provements exist and sportation, parks and
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 164 – Site Development Plan Regulations, 1997	Local	Planning Board
approval. The code requires that purposes, which is important dur	ne-family detached re adequate lighting in p ing emergency respo	esidence on a single lot or additions ther provided to ensure safe movement of pe ness, evacuations, and hazard events.	ersons and vehicl	es and for security
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 164 – Site Development Plan Regulations, Section 7.1 – Stormwater Management, 1997	Local	Village Engineer
	ses in stormwater ru	ow does this reduce risk? noff from land development activities in sion and maintain the integrity of strean		flooding, siltation,
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure Requirements	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	-
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		ow does this reduce risk? tial buyers whether their property is loca	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.
Growth Management	No.	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 114 – Flood Damage Prevention, 2004	Federal, State, Local	Village Engineer
specific areas by provisions desig	health, safety, and goned to regulate uses	ow does this reduce risk? eneral welfare, and to minimize public a which are dangerous to health, safety ar ion or in flood heights or velocities.		
Hazarus, or willer result ill dalila				
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-



N/A



	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State Code	State, Local	Village Engineer
How has or will this be integrated State mandated BFE+2 for single		ow does this reduce risk? ntial construction, BFE+1 for all other c	onstruction type	S.
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Master Plan, adopted 2011	Local	Board of Trustees, Planning and Zoning Board, Engineer (Committee has been formed to conduct the
				updates)
How has or will this be integrated				
The Village has several surface w floodplains and wetlands, as well		ncorporated into its build-out analysis.	The Plan conside	ers development in the
nooupiains and wetlands, as well	l as other environment	tal conditions.		
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
	No	-	Local	Planning and Zoning Clerk
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
 Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A		ow does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A		ow does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.2-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Airmont to oversee and track development.

Table 9.2-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.2-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Airmont and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.2-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources Administrative Capability	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board is responsible for reviewing all site plans and subdivision applications in the Village to ensure consistency with the Village's approved land use plan. The Board's review includes matters such as lighting, parking, drainage, traffic flow, and plantings. Its goal is to apply sound and consistent community planning principles to ensure responsible development.



	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals hears all requests for variances from the Airmont Zoning Code as well as requests for special permits under those regulations. Members of the Board make on-site inspections to assist in evaluation of all applications, including issues of hardship, character of the neighborhood, change of use, etc., and follow specific guidelines in making their determinations.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	Planning Board or Village Engineer addresses mitigation as needed
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	Yes	Preservation and Open Space Committee
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	-
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	Building Department
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Maintenance as part of contracts for DPW services; stream and culvert inspections take place before storm events and debris removal as needed
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	The State developed an Inter-municipal Mutual Aid Plan – parameters are listed in which a municipality can receive assistance; The Village has an Intermunicipal Agreement for Vehicle Repair and Maintenance with the Village of Suffern
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?		
Other	-	
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Terner Miller Group (contractor)
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Brooker Engineering (contractor)
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazus applications	No	The Village relies on Rockland County GIS and receives training on utilization of their system; Village staff received training for GIS earlier 2016
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Emergency Manager	Yes	Mayor
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Consultant (Sylvia Welch)





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Resilience Officer	-	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	-	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.2-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Airmont.

Table 9.2-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes in past; no longer qualify
Capital improvements project funding	Yes (through Assemblywoman each year)
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes – for property maintenance; inspections that have not been paid
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes – hookup fees for water and gas; Sewer is from the Town
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes – open space contribution for new development (money or open space)
Stormwater utility fee	Yès – for new development
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes - Capital improvement bonds (road projects)
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Capital improvement requests
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	-

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.2-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Airmont.

Table 9.2-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	Facebook
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	Rockland County has two alert notification systems (CodeRED and NYAlert) that the County manages and are accessible to the municipalities to send out messages. National Weather Service also sends out tornado, high wind, and flooding alerts regarding forecasted weather. The Village utilizes these systems and also sends out email blasts to residents as needed as well.
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	Can use village social media outlets to share information

Community Classifications

Table 9.2-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Airmont.

Table 9.2-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. **Error! Reference source not found.** summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.





Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.2-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Dam Failure	Moderate		
Disease Outbreak	Moderate		
Drought	Moderate		
Earthquake	Moderate		
Extreme Temperature	Moderate		
Flood	Moderate		
Landslide	Moderate		
Severe Weather	Moderate		
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate		
Wildfire	Moderate		

9.2.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.2-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.2-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Airmont.

Table 9.2-9. Village of Airmont NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	2	
# Claims (Losses)	2	
Total Loss Payments	\$17,742	
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0	
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	0	
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0	
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0	

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.2-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Airmont.





Table 9.2-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic Comments				
Flood Vulnerability Summary	Comments			
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Brookside Avenue has experienced extensive and repeated flooding during heavy rain events because the culvert is undersized and deteriorated. The open drainage channel along Laura Drive, which is a Village-owned road and drainage easement, has deteriorated badly as a result of flooding during Hurricane Irene, Tropical Storm Lee and Super Storm Sandy. The intersection at South Monsey Road also is known to flood.			
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No			
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No			
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown			
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No			
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Village does not have a Cumulative Substantial Damages ordinance.			
How many were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None			
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction?If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown			
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Unknown			
NFIP Compliance				
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Department			
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, contracted			
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No			
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No			
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, GIS training, engineering contracted support			
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	The Village Engineer reviews floodplain development permits to determine if it qualifies.			
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Unknown			
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	Unknown			





NFIP Topic	Comments
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	None
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 114 – Flood Damage Prevention
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2004
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	The Village has code in place that requires 100-feet regulated area adjacent to all wetlands.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No. Due to low number of NFIP policies, it is not cost-effective to join.

9.2.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.2-11 through Table 9.2-13.

Table 9.2-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP*

		New Construction Permits Issued					
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
	2019						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2020							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2021							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2022							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2023							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)



Table 9.2-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development					
No major development or infrastructure reported.										

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.2-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development					
No anticipated major development or infrastructure reported.										

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.2.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Airmont's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.2-1 through Figure 9.2-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which the Village of Airmont has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



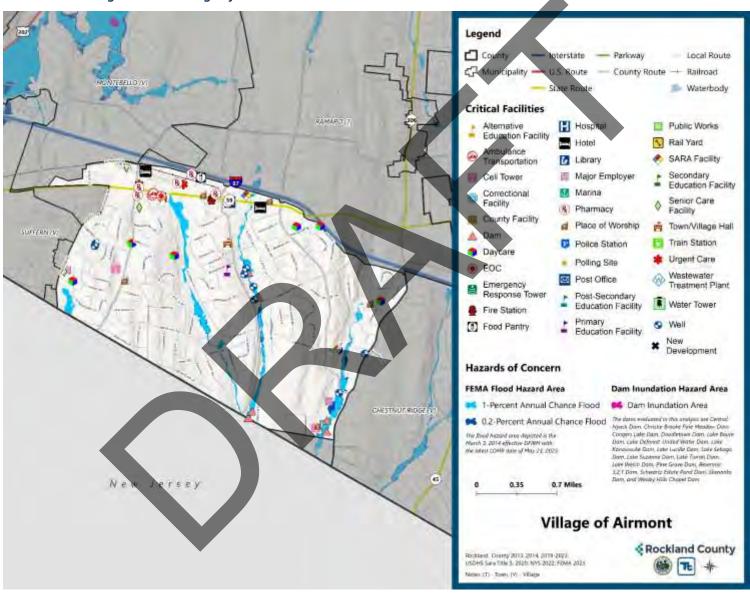


Figure 9.2-1. Village of Airmont Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

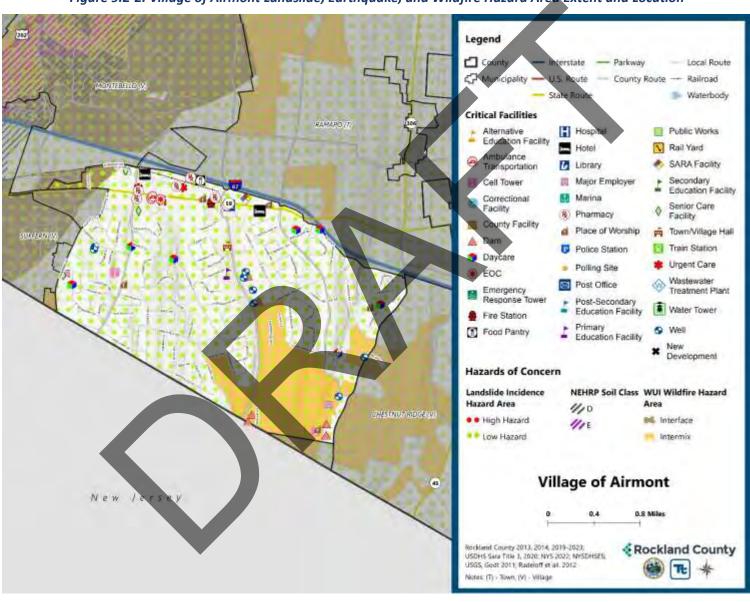


Figure 9.2-2. Village of Airmont Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Airmont is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 2-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village of Airmont during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.2-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Airmont

	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if	County		Summary of Damage and
Dates of Event	applicable)	Designated?	Summary of Event	Losses in the Village
March 2019	High Winds	No	Brush removal from windstorm	-
November 2019	Severe Storm	No	Removal of debris due to storm damage	-
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	-
April 13, 2020	High Winds	No	High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Catch basin repair due to damages from Hurricane Ida
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Airmont.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. The Village of Airmont reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

• Flooding should be elevated from a Low rating to a Medium because stormwater flooding is much more frequent.

Error! Reference source not found. shows Airmont's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.2-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium
Drought	Medium
Earthquake	Low





Hazard	Rank				
Extreme Temperatures	Medium				
Flood	Medium				
Landslides	Low				
Severe Weather	High				
Severe Winter Weather	High				
Wildfire	Low				

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.2-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.2-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Exposure			
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Allabough Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
Island Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
Lulinsky Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
Mountain Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
200 Cherry Lane Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
St. Patrick Cathedral Cemetery Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
Ramapo Country Day Camp Well	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No
Scuffy Day Camp North Well	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-Airmont-12	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, there are no following high hazard dams located in the Village of Airmont.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Airmont's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village identified the following vulnerabilities within the community:

- Intersection of S. Monsey floods
- Branch of the Saddle River
- Brookside Avenue in the Village of Airmont a Village street- has experienced extensive and repeated flooding during heavy rain events because the culvert is undersized and deteriorated. During Irene and Sandy the flooding both damaged area property and the road, and caused the road to be closed for several days, which prevented residents from accessing their homes and forced the area businesses to close. The Village has a drainage easement along Brookside and is responsible for maintaining the road and the culvert. Unless the culvert is improved with new and adequately sized pipe, the flooding will seriously





undermine the road and continue to damage properties in the area. This project is included as a new mitigation action in Table 9.2-13.

• The open drainage channel along Laura Drive in the Village of Airmont, which is a Village-owned road and drainage easement, has deteriorated badly as a result of flooding during Hurricane Irene, Tropical Storm Lee and Super Storm Sandy. Because of the deteriorated condition of the drainage channel local properties and the road have experienced extensive flooding and resulting damages. Unless the problem from flooding is mitigated by bank stabilization and providing erosion control, the Village road may become seriously undermined and area properties experience more damage. This project is included as the Village's mitigation strategy.

9.2.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions from the previous HMP, describes proposed hazard mitigation actions, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.2-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, the Village of Airmont has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

 Stabilization studies and projects have been completed or undertaken for various tributaries and water bodies in the Village.





Table 9.2-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Airmont-1	Beaver Hollow Bank Erosion and Stabilization	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	Bank stabilization due to erosion is needed at Beaver Hollow. Conduct a study to see which methods are the most feasible to stabilize the bank. Implement the actions.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Continue 2. No revisions 3. N/A
Airmont- 2	Village Emergency Plan	All Hazards	Village Planner	The Village currently utilizes the Rockland County's Emergency Response Plan. Develop an individual Village Emergency Plan.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Continue 2. No revisions 3. N/A
Airmont-3	Village Hall Display Rack	All Hazards	Office of Fire	The Village Hall does not bave a display rack for informational brochures and guides. Obtain a new display rack for this information through the County.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont-	Saddle River Bank Stabilization and Headwall Replacement	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	Bank stabilization and headwall replacement is needed at various locations along the west branch of Saddle River and its tributary where erosion is taking place. Conduct a study to see which methods are the most feasible to stabilize the river bank. Implement the actions.	Complete The Beaver Hollow Road Culvert has been repaired. Village went to bid for a private contractor to complete this work in 2018-2019	1. Completed 2. N/A 3. Project complete.



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Airmont-5	Enhancement of Village Discharge Code	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer and Planner	The Village's codes could be updated to become more stringent on illicit discharge and pumping of materials into waterbodies. As part of the Village's comprehensive review of their codes, enhance the illicit discharge section reprohibiting dumping of vegetative and other debris into stream channels.	2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont- 6	Erie Railroad Row Drainage Improvements	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	The culvert under Erie Railroad Row is undersized and contributes to area flooding. Increase the capacity of the culvert located under Erie Railroad Row.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont-	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	and Master Plan	The Village currently does not refer to the HMP while updating planning documents. Include review of the mitigation plan and incorporate natural hazard zones in the zoning and development sections of the plan.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Airmont- 8	MS4 Data Integration	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	MS4 data is not available online for use. Work with the Stormwater Consortium to integrate Village MS4 data into its GIS Map Portal.	In Progress The Village is participating with the County for mapping of its stormwater system	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont-9	Brookside Avenue Culvert Replacement	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	The culvert on Brookside Avenue is detiorating and under-sized, contributing to flooding in the area. Replace the culvert with a new, adequately culvert to assist with flood mitigation measures.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont- 10	Flood-prone Roadways Mitigation Solutions	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	County DPW; Village Mayor	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for floodprone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont- 11	South Amundsen Lane Drainage Resolution	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	South Amundsen Lane has insufficient drainage. Increase drainage on South Amundsen Lane to mitigate flooding.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Airmont- 12	Laura Drive Drainage Improvements	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'Easter	Village Engineer	Laura Drive and the properties on the road experience flooding during heavy rain events. Improve the drainage channel along Laura Drive.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Airmont- 13	Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flood	Village Engineer; Private Owners	There are 3 potable wells and one pump station located in the floodplain in the Village and potentially vulnerable to flood events as identified during the Rockland County HMP update. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. Notify the private potablewell and pump station owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

The Village of Airmont participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that the Village would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in Village priorities.

Table 9.2-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.2-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA		CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2
Disease Outbreak	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2
Drought	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2
Earthquake	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2
Extreme Temperature	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2
Flood	3	5	1	3	2	5	2	1	3	2
Landslide	2	-	- /	2	1		1	-	-	2
Severe Weather	3	5		3	3	5	2	-	3	2
Severe Winter Weather	3	4	7	3	2	4	2	-	3	2
Wildfire	2	_	-	2	1		1	-	-	2

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.



The prioritization criteria provided in Volume I Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) identify 14 evaluation/prioritization criteria to complete the prioritization of mitigation initiatives. For each new mitigation action, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the 14 evaluation criteria to assist with prioritizing actions as high, medium, or low. Table 9.2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation initiatives for the HMP update.

Table 9.2-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

	•												,				
Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lfelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-Airmont-01	Beaver Hollow Stabilization Study	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	7	Medium
2024-Airmont-02	Emergency Response Plan	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-Airmont-03	Village Hall Display Rack	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Airmont-04	Enhance Village Discharge Code	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Airmont-05	Erie Railroad Row Drainage Improvements	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Airmont-06	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-Airmont-07	MS4 Data Integration	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Airmont-08	Brookside Avenue Culvert Replacement	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Airmont-09	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-Airmont-10	South Amundsen Lane Drainage Resolution	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-Airmont-11	Laura Drive Drainage Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-Airmont-12	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	7	Medium
2024-Airmont-13	Severe Storm Mitigation Maintenance	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024-Airmont-14	Village Outreach	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Airmont-01. Beaver Hollow Stabilization Study

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-01. Beaver Hollow Stabilization Study				
Description of the Problem:	Bank stabilization due to erosion is needed at Beaver Hollow.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Conduct a study to see which Implement the actions.	methods a	re the most feas	sible to stabilize the bank.	
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department		•		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Federal, State, Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	2,4				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A				
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development near Beave efforts.	er Hollow n	nay be affected b	y future bank stabilization	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	1	□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Reroute water body			Not feasible	



Action 2024-Airmont-02. Emergency Response Plan

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-02. Emergency Response Plan				
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently utilizes the Rockland County's Emergency Response Plan.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop an individual Village En	nergency Pl	an.		
Lead Agency:	Village Planner				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department		,		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 - \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This plan could identify and a populations in the Village.	aim to clos	e gaps in servi	cing the most vulnerable	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This plan will identify efficience operability of critical facilities ar		ortunities to lev	erage resources to ensure	
Impact on Capabilities:	This plan aims to improve the V	illage's abili	ty to prepare an	d respond to emergencies.	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Partner with neighboring comr Emergency Plan	munity on		to complete, less specific to Airmont	





Action 2024-Airmont-03. Village Hall Display Rack

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-03. Village Hall Display				
Description of the Problem:	The Village Hall does not have a display rack for informational brochures and guides. There is a need to increase public outreach and education throughout the Village.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Obtain a new display rack for this at Village Hall.	s informatio	on through the C	ounty to increase outreach	
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Office of Fire a	nd Emerge	ncy Services		
Supporting Agencies:	Village Hall				
Estimated Cost:	Low (<\$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	3,7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)		□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The display rack could include accessible to individuals with lim			ges and make information	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Ν⁄Α				
Impact on Capabilities:	This information may improve resources to mitigate future haz	_		-	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	1	□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Make brochures available	online	Not all resid	dents have computer access	



Action 2024-Airmont-04. Enhance Village Discharge Code

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-04. Enhance Village Discharge Code				
Description of the Problem:	The Village's codes could be updated to become more stringent on illicit discharge and pumping of materials into waterbodies.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	As part of the Village's comp discharge section re: prohibiting channels.				
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer and Planner				
Supporting Agencies:	Building/Planning Department				
Estimated Cost:	Low (<\$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 6, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Proje		1	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This code could minimize poten or other critical lifelines.	tial discharg	ge that may nega	tively affect water sources	
Impact on Capabilities:	This enhancement will strengthe runoff and related pollution.	en the Villag	e's ability to miti	gate excessive stormwater	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Develop standalone ordin	ance		ctivity to comprehensive plan actions	





Action 2024-Airmont-05. Erie Railroad Row Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-05. Erie Railroad Row Drainage Improvements			
Description of the Problem:	The culvert under Erie Railroad Row is undersized and contributes to area flooding.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter IWildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Increase the capacity of the culvert	located	under Erie Railre	oad Row.
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer	•		
Supporting Agencies:	Public Works/Highway Department			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State, FEMA HMA/FMA			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project ((SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	These improvements aim to ensuflooded.	ure the	nearby transpo	rtation corridors are not
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in this area n completed.	nay be le	ess vulnerable t	o flooding, if the action is
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	problem continues
	Raise Erie Railroad Row		1	Not feasible





Action 2024-Airmont-06. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-06. Comprehensive Plan Update			
Description of the Problem:	The master plan does not currently incorporate natural hazard areas in the zoning and development section.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:		their Master Plan. The Village will consider and incorporating natural hazard zones in the plan.		
Lead Agency:	Village Planner			
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Department			
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		ner the needs of socially vulnerable populations tify potential strategies to address them.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		the Village's services and assets, such as water ential efficiencies or strategies to address them.		
Impact on Capabilities:	The planning process will provide a initiatives and efforts to mitigate the a	unified initiative for the Village to streamline rea's risks to hazard impacts.		
Impact on Future Development:	The plan could identify code enhance development.	ements or potential projects that affect future		
Climate Change Considerations:	The plan could include climate co vulnerabilities.	onsiderations to assess the Village's future		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	dium		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem continues		
	Develop standalone plans	Lack of connectivity to Comprehensive Plan		



Action 2024-Airmont-07. MS4 Data Integration

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-07. MS4 Data Integration				
Description of the Problem:	MS4 data is not available online for use. There is a need for data and mapping of the MS4 program from village and towns in the County.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter IWildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Work with the Stormwater Cons Portal. The Village is participat system. The Stormwater Consort on how to get data and mapping into the County GIS map portal. differing users and use of data.	ing with th ium has sec from MS4 p	e County for moured a grant to program from Vi	napping of its stormwater work more with the County llages and Town integrated	
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department			·	
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The accessibility of this data will that may affect the capacity and				
Impact on Capabilities:	This project will improve the ca access and use.	pabilities o	f the Village by	making the data easier to	
Impact on Future Development:	The accessibility of this data will that may affect the capacity and		•	, ,	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Work independently from the C	County on		nty support, no regional ardization of data	





Action 2024-Airmont-08. Brookside Avenue Culvert Replacement

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-08. Brookside Avenue Culvert Replacement			
Description of the Problem:	The culvert on Brookside Avenue flooding in the area	e is deteri	iorating and ur	nder-sized, contributing to
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	The Village of Airmont intends to culvert running for 100 feet alor diameter. The installation will mit properties and ensure access to intersects with Brookside Avenue.	ng Brooks tigate the area pro	ide Avenue wi problem of floo operties and to	th new pipe 24 inches in oding to the road and area NYS Route 59 where it
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer			
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2		>	
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project	(SIP)	-	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the events and ensures access to area major route to the local hospital.			
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate pot potential future development near		~	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	problem continues
	Raise roadway		Not	t cost effective

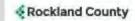




Action 2024-Airmont-09. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-09. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions				
Description of the Problem:	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood-prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW. One potential location is the intersection of S. Monsey Road. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood-prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.				
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor, Village Engineer		•		
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department, County De	epartment	of Public Works		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency rou			during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	tential dan	nage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Raise or relocate roadwa	ys	Not cos	t effective/feasible	





Action 2024-Airmont-10. South Amundsen Lane Drainage Resolution

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-10. South Amundsen Lane Drainage Resolution				
Description of the Problem:	7 South Amundsen Lane has insufficient drainage.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑ Flood ☑ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter ☑ Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Increase drainage on South Ami	undsen Land	e to mitigate floo	oding.	
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$19,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State, Capital Improveme	nt funding			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)		□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro		•	during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate p	otential dar	mage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	1	□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Raise roadway		Not	t cost effective	





Action 2024-Airmont-11. Laura Drive Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-11. Laura Drive Drainage Improvements					
Description of the Problem:	Laura Drive and adjacent properties experience flooding during heavy rain events.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	Improve the drainage channel along Laura Drive by providing greater protection than that provided by the original installation. The project will consist of the removal of approximately 740 square feet of damaged gabion baskets and install approximately 740 square feet of Redi-Roc wall stone and trim the area with surge stone. The improvements will be better able to withstand the force and volume of water during heavy rain events, such as the area experienced during Irene and Sandy, and will protect the road and area properties from further damage.					
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer					
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)	V				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State, FEMA HMA/FMA, BRIC					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP)		
	☐ Public Information (PI)		□ Emergency S			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro		•	during flooding events and		
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dan	nage along any a	affected roadways.		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	ı	□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current	problem continues		
	Raise roadway and prope	rties	Not	t cost effective		





Action 2024-Airmont-12. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-12. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain				
Description of the Problem:	There are three potable wells and one pump station located in the floodplain in the Village and potentially vulnerable to flood events as identified during the Rockland County HMP update. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The Village will notify the private potable-well and pump station owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation. Potential feasible projects may include the following. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities.				
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor, Property Owners				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Engineer, Building Depar	tment			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2		•		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate p	otential dan	nage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
· ·	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Elevate well and pump station Not cost effective infrastructure			t cost effective	
	Dry floodproof and install back support or generator		Not	t cost effective	
	Retrofit the structure(s) with a s would seal the well itself of floodwaters, like a backflow p	f from	Not	t cost effective	
	Drill a new well outside the floodplain		I	Not feasible	





Action 2024-Airmont-13. Severe Storm Mitigation Maintenance

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-13. Severe Storm Mitigation Maintenance					
Description of the Problem:		The Village is susceptible to severe storms and weather from downed trees, powerlines, and structure damage.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Complete tree trimming along culverts and catch basins are fre	•		of ways. E	nsure dra	ainage
Lead Agency:	Building/Public Works Departme	ent				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Engineer					
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	CDBG-DR					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 1 year)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje		☐ Natural Syste☐ Education ar			s (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)		□ Natural Reso □ Structural Flo □ Emergency S	ood Control I	` '	Ρ)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	NYA					
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	N/A					
Climate Change Considerations:	This action will reduce the risk or and power lines, among other in		orms creating da	mage thro	ugh faller	trees
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current	problem co	ontinues	





Action 2024-Airmont-14. Village Outreach

Action Name:	2024-Airmont-14. Village Outreach					
Description of the Problem:	Village residents are not aware hazards and risks they face.	Village residents are not aware of the resources available to inform them on potential hazards and risks they face.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	The Village will utilize and dissomaterials and information to re impacts to natural hazards.					
Lead Agency:	Village Planner					
Supporting Agencies:	County					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Local					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 1 year)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	These materials could be transcenters, and made accessible to					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A					
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	These materials may inform po may be more vulnerable to haza			developers on areas that		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current problem continues			
	Distribute materials online		internet acc	sibility for those with no ess or limited technical capabilities		





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.3 VILLAGE OF CHESTNUT RIDGE

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Chestnut Ridge with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Chestnut Ridge, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.3.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Chestnut Ridge identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Engineer represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.3-1 summarizes village officials that participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation on the village's planning process through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.3-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: Martin Spence	Name/Title: Haris Aljovic
Address: 86 E. Allendale Road, Saddle River, NJ 07458	Address: 86 E. Allendale Road, Saddle River, NJ 07458
Phone Number: 201-934-0300	Phone Number: 201-934-0300
Email: mkspence@spenceengineering.com	Email: haljovic@spenceengineering.com
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: Martin Spence	
Address: 86 E. Allendale Road, Saddle River, NJ 07458	
Phone Number: 201-934-0300	
Email: mkspence@spenceengineering.com	

9.3.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Chestnut Ridge is located in the Town of Ramapo. It is bordered to the north by the Village of Spring Valley, to the south by New Jersey, to the east by the Towns of Orangetown and Clarkstown, and to the west of the Village of Airmont. The Village of Chestnut Ridge was incorporated in 1986. The Village has a total area of 4.9 square miles.





Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 13.4 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 15.5 percent is 65 years of age or older, 6.0 percent is non-English speaking, 19.1 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 11.3 percent is considered disabled.

9.3.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

Village of Chestnut Ridge performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Chestnut Ridge to identify opportunities for integrating mitigation concepts into ongoing Village procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.3-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Table 9.3-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations					
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 118	State, Local	Building Inspector and Fire Inspector	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Building Code has provisions to strengthen and elevate construction to withstand hazard forces, meet those outlined in the NFIP, and include development standards for withstanding storm surge, wind damage, earthquakes, and other hazards.					





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 290	Local	Building Inspector	
subject to or within the 100-year with slopes (unexcavated) of ove minimum lot area requirement sl	requirement of this ch -frequency floodplain, r 25 percent or within nall consist of land witl	w does this reduce risk? apter for residential uses, not more tha designated wetlands, within easement a designated street line of any road sha hout the above-listed impediments. The anning Board or the Building Inspector	s or rights-of-wa Ill be counted. At application of t	y for overhead utilities, least 50 percent of the his section to any	
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 254	Local	Planning Board	
fire, flood or other menace, and I	such character that it and shall not be subdi	w does this reduce risk? can be used safely for building purpose vided until available municipal services, ewerage and capital improvements such	facilities and im	provements exist and	
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 290, Article IX	Local	Planning Board	
fire, flood or other menace, and I	such character that it and shall not be subdi	can be used safely for building purpose vided until available municipal services, ewerage and capital improvements such	facilities and im	provements exist and	
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 243	Local	Stormwater Management Officer	
the regulation of non-stormwate required by federal and New Yorl Post-Disaster Recovery/Reconstruction Code How has or will this be integrated	State law.	nicipal separate storm sewer system (N	1S4) to the maxir	num extent practicable as	
N/A	With the film data no	w does this reduce risk:			
Real Estate Disclosure Requirements	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	-	
How has or will this be integrated. The NYS mandate requires sellers		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	ited in a designat	ted floodplain.	
	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 158 (2013)	Federal, State, Local	Village Engineer	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? This chapter promotes the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas by provisions designed to regulate uses which are dangerous to health, safety and property due to water or erosion hazards, or which result in damaging increases in erosion or in flood heights or velocities.					





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State Code	State	Village Engineer
		w does this reduce risk? ntial construction, BFE+1 for all other co	onstruction types	5.
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Village of Chestnut Ridge Comprehensive Plan (2022)	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated. The Comprehensive Plan discusse		w does this reduce risk? ps and development near wetlands		
Capital Improvement Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan		-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Emergency Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A		w does this reduce risk?	I	
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(11111111111111111111111111111111111111		Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.3-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Chestnut Ridge to oversee and track development.

Table 9.3-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:	
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	No	-	
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-	

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.3-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Chestnut Ridge and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.3-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources Administrative Capability	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planning Board	Yes	The Village of Chestnut Ridge Planning Board is made up of five Members and meet once a month. The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Village Board on zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Village of Chestnut Ridge Zoning Board of Appeals consists of seven members and meets once a month. The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of decisions made by the Building Inspector, and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	Yes	Planning and Zoning Department
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	-
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department reviews and issues building permits. The Building Department works with new homeowners and long-time residents interested in building a new home, or making alterations to an existing one, as well as people wishing to do commercial construction and alterations, including change in occupancy.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	-
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	-
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other: Community Development and Review Committee (CDRC)	Yes	The Community Development and Review Committee (CDRC) is a sub-committee of the Village Planning Board and consists of the Assistant Village Attorney for the Planning Board, the Village Planner, and the Village Consulting Engineer to provide preliminary review prior to formal application to the Planning Board. All applicants applying for a Planning Board action must first attend CDRC.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	No	-
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazus applications	No	-
Staff that work with socially vulnerable populations or underserved communities		
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-





Fiscal Capability

Table 9.3-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Table 9.3-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes, Village Board
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, Village Board
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes, Village Board
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, Village Board
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes, Village Board
Incur debt through special tax bonds	N/A
Incur debt through private activity bonds	N/A
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes, Village Board
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes – Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs)
	through NYSDOT
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes, Village Board
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.3-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Table 9.3-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village distributes flyers and posts information on the municipal website regarding natural hazards in the community
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Does the jurisdiction have any public outreach mechanisms / programs in place to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events?	Yes	Village Newsletter; Email list serve to community members providing village updates.

Community Classifications

Table 9.3-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Chestnut Ridge.





Table 9.3-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-/	-
Firewise Communities classification	No		-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No		<u>-</u>

N/A = Not applicable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 2-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement

Table 9.3-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.3.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 2-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.



^{— =} Unavailable



NFIP Summary

Table 9.3-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Table 9.3-9. Village of Chestnut Ridge NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	17
# Claims (Losses)	13
Total Loss Payments	\$184,281
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	1
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.3-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Table 9.3-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Roads near Pascack Brook such as: Williams Road, Nicole Way, Christine Drive, Grotke Road, Ronwood Road, Hubert Humphrey Drive, etc. Areas near Pascack Brook such as Grotke Road are prone to flooding.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Unknown at this time.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	Unknown at this time.
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	N/A
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction?	No
If so, state what projects are underway.	
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	If needed, Building Department and Village Engineer would perform an onsite inspection.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None





NFIP Topic	Comments
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Village Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, Village Engineer
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Unknown at this time.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, seminars with current trends and data.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Engineering
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	During Review, calculations of increase in volume and SF determined.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Unknown at this time.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	Unknown at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 158 Flood Damage Prevention. Adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Chestnut Ridge 3-21-2013 by L.L. No. 5-2013. Amendments noted where applicable.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2013
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Unknown at this time.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Unknown at this time.

9.3.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent





and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.3-11 through Table 9.3-13.

Table 9.3-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued				
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total	
		2019			
Total Permits	22	0	2	24	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2020			
Total Permits	27	0	1	28	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
	2021				
Total Permits	33	0	2	35	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2022			
Total Permits	35	0	3	38	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
	2023				
Total Permits	41	0	2	43	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.3-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
GoldLand Industrial Park	Office and Warehouse	2 buildings	Chestnut Ridge Rd	N/A	Under Construction
Piazza Subdivision	Residential Subdivision	5 Individual Lots	Coleman Court	N/A	Under Construction
Complete Auto Repair	Office and Garage	1 Building	Old Nyack Turnpike	N/A	Under Construction
Artis Senior Living	Assisted Living	1 Building	Chestnut Ridge Rd	N/A	Under Construction
Fox Development	Factory and Warehouse	1 Building	Chestnut Ridge Rd	N/A	Completed, CO Issued
Coptic Orthodox Church	House of Worship	1 Building	Chestnut Ridge Rd	N/A	Project abandoned
Wellington Educational	Private School	4 Buildings	Red Schoolhouse Rd	N/A	Under Construction
Congregation Dexter Park	House of Worship	1 Building	Samuel Rd	N/A	Under Construction
Congregation Torah Utfillah	House of Worship	1 Building	Roxbury Ct	N/A	Under Construction

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.



Table 9.3-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
OHR Yosef	School and Subdivisions	1+4 Individual Lots	Ackertown Rd	N/A	Anticipated state in summer 2024

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.3.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Chestnut Ridge's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Ranking

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.3-1 through Figure 9.3-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Chestnut Ridge has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



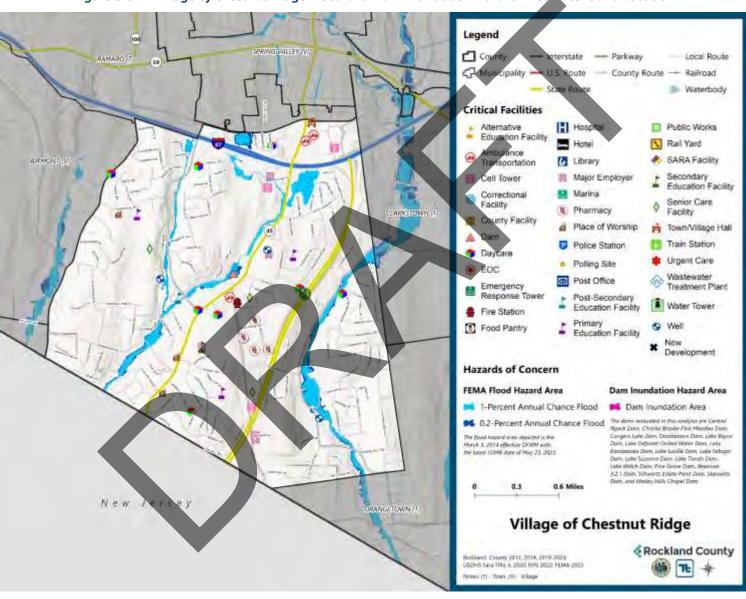


Figure 9.3-1. Village of Chestnut Ridge Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

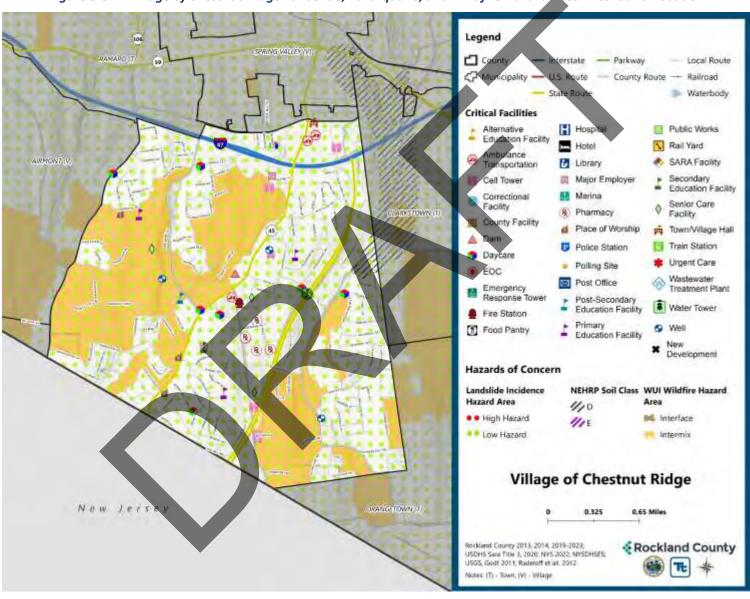
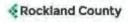


Figure 9.3-2. Village of Chestnut Ridge Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Chestnut Ridge is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.3-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.3-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Chestnut Ridge

	Event Type	l		
Dates of Event	(Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds		High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Pavement/shoulder erosion damages along Williams Road due to storm water runoff under Thruway/Parkway extension. Multiple emails sent to the state (NYS Thruway) officials.
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	Pavement/shoulder erosion damages along Williams Road due to storm water runoff under Thruway/Parkway extension. Multiple emails sent to the state (NYS Thruway) officials.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Chestnut Ridge reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

Hazard adaptative capacity and risk has not changed since the last plan update.

Table 9.3-15 shows the Village of Chestnut Ridge's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.3-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium





Drought	Medium
Earthquake	Low
Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	Medium
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.3-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.3-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)
Sgobbo Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-ChestnutRidge-11	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, there are no high hazard dams located in or that could impact Village of Chestnut Ridge.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Chestnut Ridge's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Chestnut Ridge identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Streets along the Pasacack Brook are prone to flooding. This includes the following: Williams Road, Christine Drive, South Pascack Road, and Grotke Road.
- Streets along Pine Brook are prone to flooding and include the following: Eldorado Drive, Pine Brook Road, and Haller Crescent.
- According to the 2014 Rockland County Flood Insurance Study (FIS), flooding in the Village of Chestnut
 Ridge generally occurs during the spring and fall seasons. In the spring, snowmelt adds to heavy rains to
 produce increased runoff; in the fall, flooding can occur due to hurricane activity. Flood problems are
 typically caused by inadequate channel capacities and culvert sizes.

9.3.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.3-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Village of Chestnut Ridge has not identified additional mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Village of Chestnut Ridge has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

Coordinating with the New York State Thruway Authority regarding flooding Williams Road.





Table 9.3-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-1	Hazard Mitigation Partnerships	All Hazards	Village	The Village is small with limited capabilities to support hazard mitigation efforts on its own. Develop partnership with neighboring villages to coordinate efforts related to hazard mitigation.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village can partner with neighboring municipalities and seek support from the County on an as-needed basis.
V. Chestnut Ridge-2	Hazard Drills	All Hazards	School District	Severe weather is frequent in the Village, with some events occurring during the school day. Establish severe weather drills each semester in all village schools.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Chestnut Ridge-3	Preparedness Campaign	All Hazards	Village, Rockland County	Severe weather events are frequent in the Village. Residents should be informed of how to prepare themselves for these events. Undertake a preparedness campaign for severe weather events, including website.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Replace this action with a more comprehensive strategy to address outreach and awareness in the Village (2024-ChestnutRidge-02).



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-4	Stormwater Management Program Enhancements	All Hazards	Village, Town of Ramapo, Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County	The Village is always looking for ways to improve its stormwater management practices. Enhance existing stormwater management program by using best practices from surrounding municipalities and the County.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	Note that the second in t
V. Chestnut Ridge-5	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	Village, Rockland County	The Village currently does not refer to the HMP while updating planning documents. Work with Rockland County to integrate hazard mitigation and hazard areas into the Village's comprehensive plans.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village adopted a new Comprehensive Plan in 2022, and it discusses flood hazards.
V. Chestnut Ridge-6	MS4 Data Integration	All Hazards	Village, Rockland County	MS4 data is not available online for use. Work with the Stormwater Consortium to integrate Village MS4 data into its GIS Map Portal.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	I. Include Revised descriptions of problem and solution. N/A
V. Chestnut Ridge-7	Public Workshops	All Hazards	Village	Residents may not be informed of zoning and planning regulations which limit develop. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	N/A The Village can host these workshops on an as needed basis.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-8	Floodplain Management Practices	Flood	Village	The Village is always looking for ways to improve its floodplain management practices. Continue to implement best management practices for floodplain areas.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	N/A The Village can continue to implement best practices and update its activities on an as-needed basis as regulations change or vulnerabilities intensify.
V. Chestnut Ridge-9	NFIP Capabilities	Flood	Village		1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Chestnut Ridge-10	Flood-prone Roadways Mitigation Solutions	Flood	Rockland County	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	In Progress In communication with NYS Thruway Authority regarding Williams Road flooding	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-11	Critical Facility Protections	All Hazards	Village	Critical facilities in the Village are old and may need additional or stronger protections from natural hazards. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. The Village can determine this information on an as-needed basis and when seeking grant funding. 1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. The Village can determine this information on an as-needed basis and when seeking grant funding.
V. Chestnut Ridge-12	Functional-Needs Registry	All Hazards	Village, Rockland County	The Village does not maintain a list of individuals who may need additional assistance during a hazard event. Work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functional-needs registry that was developed in 2010.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-13	Strengthening Local Codes and Ordinances	All	Village	The Village's codes and ordinances may not include language to mitigate or protect itself from all hazards. Review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include This action was revised to focus on floodplain ordinances and codes. The problem and solution descriptions were updated. N/A
V. Chestnut Ridge-14	Code Enforcement	All Hazards	Village	The Village is in charge of enforcing the NYS and local building codes. Continue the enforcement of NYS and local building codes.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability, and the Village can update or upgrade its enforcement to reflect revised regulations.
V. Chestnut Ridge-15	Floodplain Management Ordinance FEMA Regulation Updates	Flood	Village	The flood damage prevention ordinance may not comply with recent FEMA regulation changes. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Consolidate with old action (V. Chestnut Ridge-16) into new action (2024-Chestnut Ridge-07).





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Chestnut Ridge-16	Floodplain Management Ordinance FIRM Updates	Flood	Village	The flood damage prevention ordinance may not be consistent with the most updated FEMA FIRMs. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	N/A Consolidate with old action (V. Chestnut Ridge-15) into new action (2024-Chestnut Ridge-07).
V. Chestnut Ridge-17	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood	Village	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Chestnut Ridge-18	CRS Program Participation	Flood	NFIP FPA, Local Government Officials	The Village is not currently in the CRS program. The Village needs to identify whether or not joining the program will be beneficial to the community and its residents. Support participation in the NFIP Community Rating System (CRS) program by attending CRS workshop(s) if offered within the county. Join the CRS program if adequate resources to support long term participation can be dedicated.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. Determine the costs and benefits of the Village joining the CRS program to support the decision whether to participate. 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Chestnut Ridge participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Chestnut Ridge would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.3-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

FEMA CRS SIP **EAP** PP PΙ NR SP ES Hazard **LPR** NSP PR Dam Failure 3 1 2 Disease Outbreak 3 1 2 Drought 3 1 2 2 Earthquake 3 1 **Extreme Temperature** 3 1 2 Flood 3 3 6 5 2 3 1 1 2 Landslide 3 2 1 Severe Weather 3 3 6 5 2 3 1 1 2 1 Severe Winter Weather 4 2 2 Wildfire 3 1

Table 9.3-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities





Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.3-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

	l control of the cont	1	1	1	1	l.	ı		1					ı,	ı	ı	l .
Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-Chestnut Ridge-01	Severe Weather Drills in Schools	1	1	1	0	0	1 1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	8	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-02	Public Awareness and Outreach	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	11	High
2024-Chestnut Ridge-03	MS4 Data Integration	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-04	Document Flood-prone Properties	1	1	1	0	O	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	11	High
2024-Chestnut Ridge-05	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-06	Functional Needs Registry	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-07	Update Floodplain Management Ordinance	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	10	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-08	Certified Floodplain Manager Training	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-09	Community Rating System (CRS)	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024-Chestnut Ridge-10	Bank Stabilization	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024- ChestnutRidge- 11	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	7	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Chestnut Ridge-01. Severe Weather Drills in Schools

Action Name:	2024-Chestnut Ridge-01. Severe Weather Drills in Schools							
Description of the Problem:	Severe weather is frequent in the day.	ne Village, w	ith some events	occurring during the school				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		⊠Flood					
Check all that apply	⊠ Disease Outbreak	_	⊠Landslide					
	⊠Drought		⊠Severe Storm					
	⊠Earthquake		⊠Severe Winter	Storm				
	⊠ Extreme Temperature		⊠Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	Establish severe weather drills each semester in all village schools.							
Lead Agency:	Village School District	Village School District						
Supporting Agencies:	Village Engineer, Rockland Cou	Village Engineer, Rockland County OES						
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7							
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type:	☐ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	□Natural Syst	ems Protection (NSP)				
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Proj	ect (SIP)	⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category:	☐Preventative Measures (PR)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR)					
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)		□Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)					
	☐Public Information (PI)		⊠Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	This initiative can provide infor	mation and	resources to all	students at Village schools,				
Populations:	which may include families that		ome, do not spe	eak English, or exhibit other				
	characteristics of social vulnera	bility.						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A							
Impact on Capabilities	This initiative will better prepar safety of students and workers			nazard events to ensure the				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	I	□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
	Do nothing		Problem persists					
	Conduct annual dril	Conduct annual drills						
				insufficient preparedness				





Action 2024-Chestnut Ridge-02. Public Awareness and Outreach

Action Name:	2024-Chestnut Ridge-02. Public Awareness and Outreach						
Description of the Problem:	Not all residents are aware of the protect themselves and their pr			•			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Flood □ Disease Outbreak □ Landslide □ Drought □ Severe Storm □ Earthquake □ Severe Winter Storm □ Extreme Temperature □ Wildfire						
Description of the Solution:	Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention, and mitigation through increased outreach, including but not limited to periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc.; and incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources on the Village website.						
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emer	gency Servi	ces				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	·					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This initiative aims to reach populate limited internet access or t			e, do not speak English, and			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	Do nothing		Pro	oblem persists			
	Update website			reach those with limited net or technology			
	Request local non-profits un preparedness campaig		Not sus	tainable over time			





Action 2024-Chestnut Ridge-03. MS4 Data Integration

Action Name:	2024-Chestnut Ridge-03. MS4 Data Integration						
Description of the Problem:	MS4 data is not available online MS4 program from village and t			or data and mapping of the			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑ Flood☐ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☐ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Work with the Stormwater Consortium to integrate Village MS4 data into its GIS Map Portal. The Village is participating with the County for mapping of its stormwater system. The Stormwater Consortium has secured a grant to work more with the County on how to get data and mapping from MS4 program from Villages and Town integrated into the County GIS map portal. Data standardization is needed for outfalls based on differing users and use of data.						
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer						
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department			<u> </u>			
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 7						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje		-	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The accessibility of this data wil that may affect the capacity and						
Impact on Capabilities	This project will improve the ca access and use.	apabilities o	of the Village by	making the data easier to			
Impact on Future Development:	The accessibility of this data wil that may affect the capacity and						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	1	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action	Current	Current problem continues				
	Work independently from the 0 data and mapping	County on		nty support, no regional ardization of data			



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-04. Document Flood-prone Properties

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-04. Document Flood-prone Properties						
Description of the Problem:	There are properties in the Vil vulnerable properties place an efforts should be made to mitig	undue stre					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Flood □ Disease Outbreak □ Landslide □ Drought □ Severe Storm □ Earthquake □ Severe Winter Storm □ Extreme Temperature □ Wildfire						
Description of the Solution:	Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation, and flood proofing measures to protect these properties.						
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer, Private Proper	ty Owners					
Supporting Agencies:	Village, Building Department						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NYS DHSES, Village Operating Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5 ,7						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje		-	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project could make it easier vulnerable properties.	r for the Co	unty and Village	to reach homeowners with			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	Data will help village and cour vulnerable residents.	nty design 1	future mitigatio	n actions and outreach to			
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduded to the court of the court	ce potentia	al impact of fl	ooding on nearby future			
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help identify floodplain restoration projects.	potential a	reas or properti	es for potential buyouts or			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	1	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Problem persists				
	Identify repetitive loss ar	reas		en and does not reduce or nate vulnerability			



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-05. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions

Action Name:	2024-ChestnutRidge-05. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions				
Description of the Problem:	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation solintersections, drainage, etc.) ur mitigation solutions for flood-drainage, etc.) under the leader	nder the lea -prone roa	adership of Cou d systems (roa	nty DPW. Develop specific	
Lead Agency:	Village Department of Public Wo	orks, Village	Engineer		
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department, County D	epartment	of Public Works		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dar	mage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	1	□Low	
Alternatives	Action		,	Alternatives	
	No action		Pro	oblem persists	
	Raise or relocate roadways		Not cost-effective and does not eliminate vulnerability		





Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-06. Functional Needs Registry

Action Name:	2024-ChestnutRidge-06. Functional Needs Registry			
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Work with Rockland County to on developed in 2010.	obtain acces	ss to the function	nal-needs registry that was
Lead Agency:	Village			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County OES			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project will identify where residents with limited mobility and/or special needs are located to pre-identify areas that may require additional services, like evacuation or medical services, during hazard events.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities:	This project will better prepare the lives and safety of its reside	_	to respond durir	g hazard events to protect
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	ı	□Low
Alternatives	Action			Alternatives
	No action		Pro	oblem persists
	Develop standalone registry Not cost-effective		cost-effective	



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-07. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance

Action Name:	2024-ChestnutRidge-07. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance				
Description of the Problem:	The Village's floodplain ordinance was last updated in 2013 and may be less effective than current regulations require. There are some facilities that were built before code updates and may be more vulnerable to damage from hazard events.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Review potential future new FI update floodplain management			nd determine the need to	
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Projections			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Ordinance updates may better p	orotect criti	cal facilities and	lifelines.	
Impact on Capabilities	A stronger ordinance will allow	the Village t	o enforce more	protective standards.	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will have to	o follow the	ordinance's pro	visions.	
Climate Change Considerations:	A stronger ordinance may better flooding.	er prepare	the Village for r	nore intense and frequent	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action Problem persists			oblem persists	
	Update floodplain manage ordinances with each new FIRI		Time-consum	ing and not cost-effective	



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-08. Certified Floodplain Manager Training

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-08. Certified Floodplain Manager Training				
Description of the Problem:	The Village's floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in flood become Certified Floodplain M adequately enforce NFIP regulat	lanagers. A	Add/train suffici	ent members of staff to	
Lead Agency:	Village				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will provide the Villag floodplain management regulati		nger capabilitie	s to enforce and update its	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Curren	t problem persists	
	Require staff to take related courses, but not obtain CFM		Not nationally recognized program; potential to gain CRS points		



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-09. Community Rating System (CRS)

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-09. Community Rating Systems				
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not participate in CRS and could benefit from the associated incentives. The Village needs to identify whether or not joining the program will be beneficial to the community and its residents.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood			
Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak	☐ Landslide			
	□Drought □Earthquake	Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm			
	☐ Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Support participation in the NFIP Com attending CRS workshop(s) if offered w	munity Rating System (CRS) program by ithin the county. Join the CRS program if participation can be dedicated. See following initiative.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator				
Supporting Agencies:	Village				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2 3, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)	_			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A	Elitergency services (ES)			
Impact on Critical	CRS activities may better protect critical fa	acilities and lifelines during flood events.			
Facilities/Lifelines:	process critical in				
Impact on Capabilities		echnical knowledge and capability to enforce			
	floodplain management best practices.				
Impact on Future Development:	enacts to gain CRS points.	w any ordinance revisions that the Village			
Climate Change Considerations:	The Village may adopt a stronger ordinand that may better prepare the Village for m	ce or enact mitigation projects for CRS points ore intense and frequent flooding.			
Priority: Check one	□High ☑Mediu	m □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem persists			
	Attend CRS courses in Emmitsburg, MD Not cost-effective				



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-10. Bank Stabilization

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-10. Bank Stabilization				
Description of the Problem:	Recent rainstorms are damaging public infrastructure (roads and drainage) as well as causing bank erosion at multiple locations in the Village including: Williams Rd, Grotke Rd, Ronwood Rd, etc.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Provide supplemental drainage a methods (riprap, gabion basket trees, or other living plants to re	walls, etc.) and/or Bioeng	ineering methods such as	
Lead Agency:	Village		,		
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Ramapo				
Estimated Cost:	High (\$250,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Small Flood Control				
Implementation Timeline:	Mid-term (2 to 3 years)				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project would better prot heavy precipitation events.	ect roads a	and drainage in	frastructure during future	
Impact on Capabilities	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the surrefuture floods.	ounding are	ea may be less v	rulnerable to damage from	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Curren	t problem persists	
	Replace/upgrade public infrastructure without bank stabilization		Future damage may occur		



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-11. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-11. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain				
Description of the Problem:	There is one dam located in the floodplain in the Village and potentially vulnerable to flood events as identified during the Rockland County HMP update. The Village does not have jurisdiction over the structure to mitigate.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will notify the private owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities.				
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer, Property Owne	ers			
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (RP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dar	nage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Problem persists		
	Village completes mitigation actions in Does not reduce or el inundation area		educe or eliminate risk		



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.4 TOWN OF CLARKSTOWN

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Town of Clarkstown with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Town of Clarkstown, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Town's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.4.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Town of Clarkstown identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Town departments. The Police Seargent represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.4-1 summarizes Town officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Town's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.4-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Name/Title: Dan Maloney, Police Seargent	Name/Title: James Fay				
Address: 10 Maple Ave, New City, NY 10956	Address: 10 Maple Ave. New City NY 10956				
Phone Number: (845) 499-8828	Phone Number: (845) 639-5830				
Email:d.maloney@clarkstownpd.org	Email: j.fay@clarkstownpd.org				
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator					
Name/Title: Michael Gianatasio, PE, Director, DEFM					
Address: 10 Maple Ave, New City, NY 10956					
Phone Number: (845) 639-2111					
Email: m.gianatasio@clarkstown.org					
Additional Contributors					
Name/Title: Christopher Wagner, Director of Engineering					
Method of Participation: Provided information for municipal annex of	n new development, capabilities, NFIP participation, mitigation				
strategies, and risk assessment.					

9.4.2 Municipal Profile

The Town of Clarkstown is located along the eastern border of Rockland County. The Town is bordered to the north by the Town of Haverstraw and its inclusive villages, to the south by the Towns of Orangetown and its inclusive villages, to the west by the Town of Ramapo and its inclusive villages, and to the east by the Hudson





River. The following hamlets are found in the Town: Bardonia, Central Nyack, Congers, Nanuet, New City, Valley Cottage, and West Nyack. Lake DeForest, Lake Lucille, and the Hudson River are major bodies of water found throughout the Town. The Town has a total area of 46.9 square miles, of which, 38.5 square miles is land, and 8.4 square miles is water.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 4.6 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 20.6 percent is 65 years of age or older, 5.2 percent is non-English speaking, 4.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 9.9 percent is considered disabled.

9.4.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Town of Clarkstown performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events.

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Town of Clarkstown to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.4-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Town of Clarkstown.

Table 9.4-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Building Code	Yes	Town Code Chapter 109; 2022	State, Local	Code Enforcement Officer	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Building Code has provisions to strengthen and elevate construction to withstand hazard forces, meet those outlined in the NFIP, and include development standards for withstanding storm surge, wind damage, earthquakes, and other hazards.					





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person,
- : //				Department or Agency
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Town Code Chapter 290, 1939	Local	Building Inspector
streams, floodplains and wetlan possible, acquired as open spac reduce the post-development 1	within and around the nd, and areas targeted e/parkland or placed w 00-year, twenty-four-h	ow does this reduce risk? Town's Hamlet centers. Natural areas, for conservation are zoned for lower or vithin conservation easements. Addition to 10 percepts and areas underwaters and areas underwaters.	the lowest develonally, new develo ent less than pre-	opment densities, or, whe opment is required to
Subdivision Code	Yes	Town Code Chapter 254, 1987	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrate Deductions to gross lot area are conservation or cluster subdivis	applied to areas of ste	eep slopes, wetlands, and areas underw	ater. The regulat	ions provide for
Site Plan Code	Yes	Town Code Chapter 246, 1986	Local	Planning Board
	ne health, safety, welfa of access, water suppl	re, comfort and convenience of the puby, storm drainage, and sanitary sewers. Town Code Chapter 128, 1974, and	lic through sever	ral provisions, including Director of Engineering
How has or will this be integrate				and Facilities Management
		construction by requiring minimum stal	ndards approved	by NYSDEC.
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No			-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	-
How has or will this be integrate			-41:	to define a during
·	No	tial buyers whether their property is loc	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.
Growth Management How has or will this be integrate N/A	-	ow does this reduce risk?	-	-
Environmental Protection Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Town Code Chapter 146, 2014	Federal, State, Local	Director of Engineering and Facilities Management
How has or will this be integrate Chapter 146 reduces risk of floo minimum standards that meet	ding by requiring com	ow does this reduce risk? mercial and residential construction with	nin the 100-yr flo	podplain to meet or excee
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?	,	





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State Code	State, Local	Town Engineer
How has or will this be integrated State mandated BFE+2 for single		v does this reduce risk? tial construction, BFE+1 for all other c	onstruction type	s.
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	2021 Comprehensive Plan	Local	Planning
areas underwater. The densest zo are proximate to streams, floodp	es natural hazard areas. Oning districts are withi Jains and wetland, and	v does this reduce risk? Deductions to gross lot area are applying and around the Town's Hamlet cent areas targeted for conservation are zo rkland or placed within conservation education are 2016 Capital Improvements Plan	ers. Natural area	as, which often contain or
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and hove ding existing facilities a	w does this reduce risk? and services that would encourage dev		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Management Program Plan (2013)	Local	DEC
How has or will this be integrated. The plan includes best practices i				
Open Space Plan	Yes	2021 Comprehensive Plan	Local	Planning
How has or will this be integrated. The plan prioritizes open green sp		v does this reduce risk? in areas with high impervious surface	coverage.	
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	Yes	2021 Comprehensive Plan	Local	Planning
How has or will this be integrated. The plan promotes compact, mix		w does this reduce risk? ear transit hubs and away from high ha	azard areas.	
Agriculture Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	I with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Other	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.4-3 summarizes the capabilities of Town of Clarkstown to oversee and track development.

Table 9.4-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	No	Site plan and subdivision review and approval; building permits and Certificates of occupancy
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development permits are required
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.4-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Town of Clarkstown and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.4-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	Meets most Wednesdays at 7:30 PM in Town Hall. Approves site plans and subdivisions. Offers recommendations to the Town Board and Zoning Board on various zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	Meets Mondays, twice a month, except holidays at 7:00 PM in Town Hall. Considers zoning interpretations, special permits, and variances.



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planning Department	Yes	The Planning Department has a full time staff which performs all of the administrative functions associated with the Planning Board, Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA) and the Antenna Advisory Review Board (AAB), and provides information and guidance to town officials and the public relating to town planning and land use. The Planning Department ensures applications are acceptable for Planning Board review prior to placement on the Planning Board agenda and issues reviews and recommendations to the Planning Board, ZBA, TAC and AAB. The Planning Department works to update and develop zoning and land use plans throughout the Town. These plans are reflected in the Town's Comprehensive Plan, which, when adopted by the Town Board, serves as a guide for land use planning and decisions throughout the Town. The Department obtains public input on these initiatives by coordinating and hosting public meetings and workshops. The Planning Department also employs a Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Coordinator who provides the town with digital mapping and geographic analysis services. The GIS Coordinator works to ensure the Town's geographic information database is updated and continually expand the information it provides and regularly updates the Project Mapper on the Towns website to provide the public with information on projects before the Planning
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	Board.
Environmental Board/Commission	No	_
Open Space Board/Committee	No	
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Clarkstown Highway Department provides professional maintenance for all Town roads and related drainage systems, snow plowing, annual yard waste and fall leaf collection, while regularly reviewing each practice for a more efficient and cost-effective approach.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Clarkstown Building Department issues permits for the Town.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Police Department
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Clarkstown Highway Department provides professional maintenance for all Town roads and related drainage systems, snow plowing, annual yard waste and fall leaf collection, while regularly reviewing each practice for a more efficient and cost-effective approach.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Rockland County OEM
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Planning/TDEC
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	TDEC
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Planning/TDEC
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	TDEC
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Building/TDEC
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Planning/TDEC
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	Yes	TDEC
Emergency Manager	Yes	CPD
Grant writer(s)	Yes	CPD/Supervisors office
Resilience Officer	No	
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.4-5 summarizes financial resources available to Town of Clarkstown.

Table 9.4-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes – Sewer
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes - Stormwater
Stormwater utility fee	Yes
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	N/A

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.4-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Town of Clarkstown.





Table 9.4-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	Yes	Town Supervisor
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Town of Clarkstown hosts a variety of information on its website for its residents. The Environmental Department has information regarding stormwater, recycling, and hazard mitigation; it also hosts a flood fact sheet from the NYS Emergency Management Office. The page on hazard mitigation details the reasons for hazard mitigation planning, and provides links to additional County, State, and Federal resources. Additional outreach mechanisms include emails, newsletters, Facebook and Twitter posts, community centers, and senior citizen meetings.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	Facebook, Twitter
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	Rockland County has two alert notification systems (CodeRED and NYAlert) that the County manages and are accessible to the municipalities to send out messages. National Weather Service also sends out tornado, high wind, and flooding alerts regarding forecasted weather. The Town utilizes these systems and also sends out email blasts to residents as needed as well.
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	No	-

Community Classifications

Table 9.4-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Town of Clarkstown.

Table 9.4-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	None	5/16/2011
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-





Program	Participating?	Classification	Date Classified
	(Yes/No)	(if applicable)	(if applicable)
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.4-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Town's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Hazard Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak Dam Failure Moderate Disease Outbreak Moderate Drought Moderate Earthquake Moderate Extreme Temperature Moderate Flood Moderate Landslide Moderate Severe Weather Moderate Severe Winter Weather Moderate Wildfire Moderate

Table 9.4-8. Adaptive Capacity

9.4.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.4-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.4-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Town of Clarkstown.

Table 9.4-9. Town of Clarkstown NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics





# Policies	322
# Claims (Losses)	941
Total Loss Payments	\$9,346,749
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	1
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	99
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	18
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	16

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.4-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Town of Clarkstown.

Table 9.4-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Flooding occurs during almost every rain event. Rivers and streams can no longer accommodate flood waters.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	No
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	N/A





NFIP Topic	Comments
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	DEFM
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, inspections
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Chapter 146 of the Town code defines a substantial improvement as any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the start of construction of the improvement
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	2014
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Town Code Chapter 146, 2014
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets minimum requirements
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Any development proposed within the SFHA requires a floodplain development permit to obtain site plan approval
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Not currently

9.4.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.4-11 through Table 9.4-13.





Table 9.4-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP*

	New Construction Permits Issued							
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total				
2019								
Total Permits	NAC THE TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF TH							
Permits within SFHA		N/A – The Town	does not issue building permits.					
	2020							
Total Permits	NI/A The Terror description by ildican acceptable							
Permits within SFHA	N/A – The Town does not issue building permits.							
		2021						
Total Permits		N/A The Tower	door not issue building possite					
Permits within SFHA		N/A – The Town	does not issue building permits.					
		2022						
Total Permits		N/A The Tower	does not jest a byilding namete					
Permits within SFHA	N/A – The Town does not issue building permits.							
		2023						
Total Permits		N/A The Town	does not issue building permits.	,				
Permits within SFHA		N/A - The Town	abes not issue building permits.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified. SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.4-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Highland Vista Estates	Residential	23 lot subdivision	33.20-2-8	None identified	Built
Little Tor Homes	Residential	43 lot subdivision	34.17-1-1	None identified	Built
Halmar International	Commercial	12,000 sq. ft. building addition	64.10-2-4	None identified	Built
Yellowstone Fields	Residential	7 lot subdivision	58.7-1-46	None identified	Built
Phillips Hill Farm	Residential	7 lot subdivision	42.08-2-16	None identified	Built
Greany Estates	Residential	9 lot subdivision	58.16-1-77	None identified	Built
Little Tor Plaza	Commercial	6,000 sq. ft. shopping mall	51.13-2-35	None identified	Built
Vincent's Village	Senior/Low- income housing	4 buildings	63.11-2-13	None identified	Built
Hamptonburgh Distribution	Commercial	2,500 sq. ft. building	65.10-1-11	Flood: 1 percent chance	Built
Valley Cottage Fire House	Commercial	20,000 sq. ft. firehouse	59.7-2-3	None identified	Built
Regency Developers	Residential	4 lot subdivision	52.20-1-25	None identified	Built
Capital senior housing	Senior housing	80 units	43.7-1-2	None identified	Built
Mulberry Hill	Residential	6 lot subdivision	52.20-1-98	None identified	Built
Premier Storage	Commercial	60,000 sq. ft. building	35.19-2-7	None identified	Built



Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Chartwell Pharmaceuticals	Commercial	95,000 sq. ft. building	44.7-2-12	None identified	Built
L'Dor	Assisted living	41,000 sq. ft. building	50.12-1-4 & 5	None identified	Built
SMK Endicott	Residential	4 lot subdivision	44.11-2-81	None identified	Built
The Reserve	Senior Housing	127 units	51.19-2-19	None identified	Under construction
Thruway plaza	Commercial	3 buildings	57.19-1-10	None identified	Built
Jawonio	Commercial	50.000 sq. ft building	43.5-1-9	None identified	Built
Vitane Pharmaceutical	Commercial	18,000 sq. ft. building addition	44.11-3-3	None identified	Under construction
Kennelly Square	senior housing	27 units	44.20-4-55	None identified	Under construction
101 S. Main St	Commercial	8,750 sq. ft. building	43.19-1-9	None identified	Under construction
Lincoln Logistics	Commercial	220,000 sq. ft. warehouse	52.15-1-82	None identified	Under construction
West Nyack Medical Building	Commercial	60,000 sq. ft. building	64.08-3-7.4	None identified	Built
Aptar	Commercial	30,456 sq. ft. building addition	35.20-1-9	None identified	Under construction
135 North Main St	Senior housing	47 units	43.15-1-15	None identified	Under construction

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.4-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
No known or anticipated major development and infrastructure reported.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.4.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Town of Clarkstown's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Town are shown in Figure 9.4-1 through Figure 9.4-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Clarkstown has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



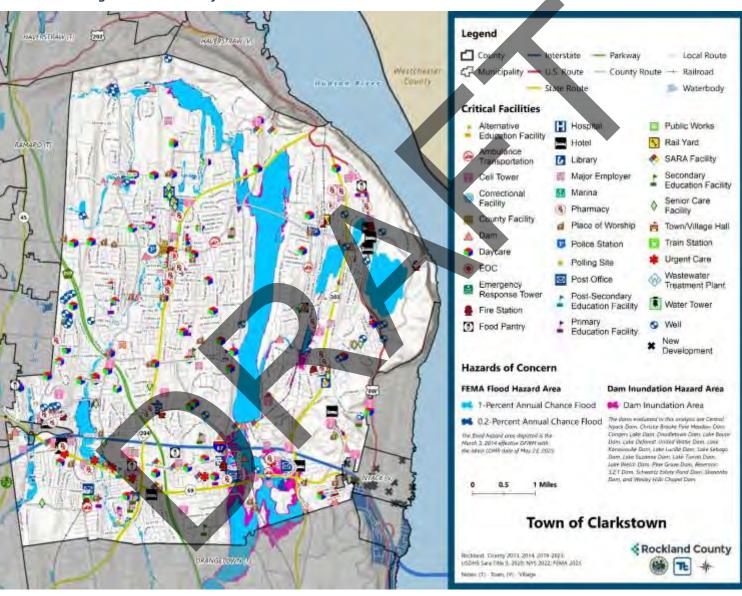


Figure 9.4-1. Town of Clarkstown Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



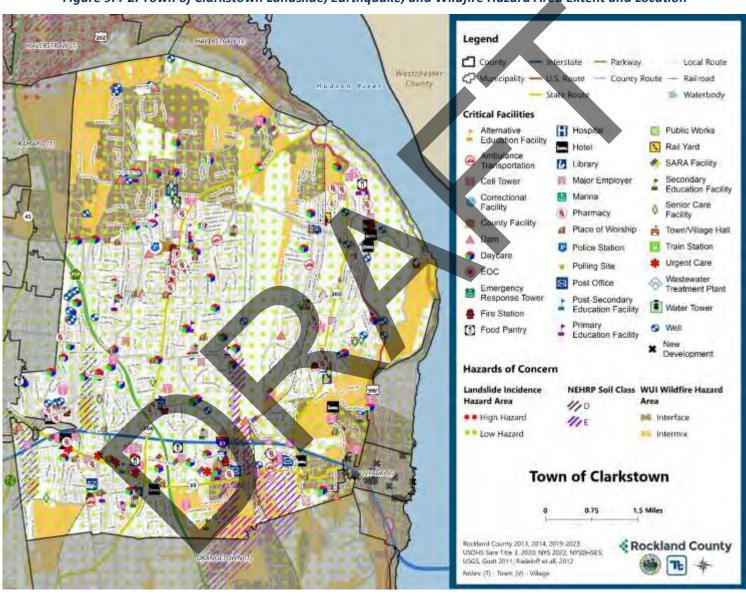
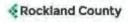


Figure 9.4-2. Town of Clarkstown Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Town of Clarkstown is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.4-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Town during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.4-14. Hazard Event History in the Town of Clarkstown

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds		High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	-
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Town of Clarkstown.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Clarkstown reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Town indicated the following:

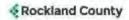
The Town revised the Flood ranking from Medium to High because the area has been experiencing increasing in flooding, which is occurring in almost every rain event. Rivers and streams can no longer accommodate flood waters.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Clarkstown's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.4-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium
Drought	Medium





Earthquake	Low
Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	High
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.4-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.4-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Camp Jawonio Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Congers Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Heatons Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Lake Deforest Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Lake Hyenga Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Lake Lucille Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
New City Dam #1	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Nob Hill Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Swartwout Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Demarest Mill Creek Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Klein Avenue Detention Basin Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Jawonio, Inc.	Daycare	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Howard Hanna Rand Realty	Major Employer	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Shoprite	Major Employer	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
AFC Urgent Care Nanuet	Urgent Care	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Candy Mountain Day Camp Well	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No
Nyack Village Water Co Intake	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-Clarkstown-06	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact Town of Clarkstown:

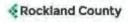
Central Nyack Dam

Identified Issues

After review of the Town of Clarkstown's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Town of Clarkstown identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

Cranford Dr





- Klein Ave
- Rt 59/Rt 303
- Jeffrey Ct / Strawtown Rd
- West Nyack Hamlet
- Mountain Shadows Embankment
- South Mountain Rd steep roads

9.4.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Town of Clarkstown identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

• The Klein Avenue levee received FEMA HMGP funding and removed approximately 40 homes from the 100-year floodplain. Damage estimates submitted by homeowners for three storms (Hurricane Irene (2011) Hurricane Lee (2011) Hurricane Sandy (2012) which occurred prior to the levee project totaled \$1,773,412.00. There have been several storms which have occurred since the levee was completed which have generated as much or more rainfall than the three storms listed above. There has been no significant flood damage in the project area since the completion of the levee project.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.

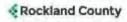


Table 9.4-17 indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Town of Clarkstown identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

The Klein Avenue levee received FEMA HMGP funding and removed approximately 40 homes from the 100-year floodplain. Damage estimates submitted by homeowners for three storms (Hurricane Irene (2011) Hurricane Lee (2011) Hurricane Sandy (2012) which occurred prior to the levee project totaled \$1,773,412.00. There have been several storms which have occurred since the levee was completed which have generated as much or more rainfall than the three storms listed above. There has been no significant flood damage in the project area since the completion of the levee project.





Table 9.4-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
CT-1	Klein Avenue Levee	Flooding	TDEC	The height of the existing levee is not high enough to protect the area from increasing flood levels. Raise the height of the existing levee, Klein Ave.	1. Completed 2. Received FEMA HMGP funding. Removed approximately 40 homes from the 100-year floodplain. Damage estimates submitted by homeowners for three storms (Hurricane Irene (2011) Hurricane Lee (2011) Hurricane Sandy (2012) which occurred prior to the levee project totaled \$1,773,412.00. There have been several storms which have occurred since the levee was completed which have generated as much or more rainfall than the three storms listed above. There has been no significant flood damage in the project area since the completion of the levee project.	Discontinue N/A Action completed.
CT-2	Flood-prone Roadways Mitigation Solutions	Flooding	TDEC	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	Include Revised problem and solution descriptions. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	_	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
СТ-3	Critical Facility Protections	All	CPD, OEM	Critical facilities in the Town are old and may need additional or stronger protections from natural hazards. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. This is an ongoing capability of the Town's, and this information can be revised or examined on an as-needed basis or when seeking grant funding.
CT-4	Floodplain Management Ordinance FIRM Updates	Flooding	TDEC	The flood damage prevention ordinance may not be consistent with the most updated FEMA FIRMs. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	In Progress Draft updates completed and submitted to NYSDEC for review. Town Attorney to schedule public hearing to adopt new local law once review by NYSDEC is complete.	Include Strategy updated to reflect current progress. N/A
СТ-5	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flooding	TDEC	There are no Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs) on the Town. Recommend staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
CT-6	Community Rating System (CRS)	Flooding	TDEC	The Town is subject to flooding and would like to consider joining the Community Rating System (CRS). Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include Revised problem and solution descriptions. N/A
CT-7	NFIP Capabilities	Flooding, Severe Storm	FPA	The Town currently does not maintain a list of repetitive loss properties or of property owners who may be interested in flood mitigation measures. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.		1. Include 2. Revised descriptions. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
СТ-8	Natural Hazard Risk Maps	All Hazards	Town Board	The Town does not have maps developed of all natural hazard risk areas in Town. Develop and maintain mapping of all natural hazard risk areas in the Town, FEMA delineated or otherwise, to support land use decision making (e.g., Planning Board, site plan review process)	In Progress Town GIS coordinator adds map data to the Town's GIS database as it becomes available from various sources.	Discontinue This is an ongoing capability of the Town's and can be addressed on an as-needed basis as data is updated or becomes available. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
СТ-9	Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flooding	Private Property Owners with Town support	The following critical facilities are located in the floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard: • St. Anthony School (privately owned) • RPS Medic 5 (privately owned) • O&R West Nyack Operating Center (privately owned) • West Nyack Post Office (privately owned) • Pascack Wastewater Pump (owned by Rockland County Sewer District #1) The Town does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. The Town will notify the facility manager/operator of these critical facilities regarding their flood vulnerability as identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Town will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation.	1. Include 2. N/A	1. Include 2. Updated information. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
CT-10	Norishan Stream Flood Mitigation	Severe	Drainage Agency, NYS DOT, Clarkstown	The Norishan Stream runs near the Palisades Mall, causing the nearby roadways to flood. Coordinate with NYS regarding flooding at the Palisades Mall (Route 303 and 59).	2. Town is in discussions with the US	Notice Violated strategy description to reflect current progress. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Clarkstown participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Clarktown would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Town's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.4-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

FEMA CRS Hazard **LPR** SIP NSP **EAP** PR PP PΙ NR ES Dam Failure Disease Outbreak Drought Earthquake **Extreme Temperature** Flood 3 6 1 3 5 6 1 1 1 Landslide Severe Weather 3 6 1 3 5 6 1 1 1 Severe Winter Weather Wildfire

Table 9.4-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.





Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilitie





Table 9.4-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- Clarkstown-01	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	7	Medium
2024- Clarkstown-02	Update Floodplain Management Ordinance	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	9	Medium
2024- Clarkstown-03	Certified Floodplain Manager Training	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	6	Low
2024- Clarkstown-04	Community Rating System (CRS)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	Low
2024- Clarkstown-05	Document Flood-prone Properties	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	11	High
2024-Clarkstown- 06	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	11	High
2024-Clarkstown- 07	Routes 59 and 303 Flood Mitigation	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-Clarkstown- 08	West Nyack Road Culvert Replacements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Clarkstown- 09	Jeffrey Court Levee	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-Clarkstown- 10	Hereford Land Culvert Replacement	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Clarkstown-01. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions

Action Name:	2024- Clarkstown -01. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions				
Description of the Problem:	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood. Flood-prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation sol intersections, drainage, etc.) ur mitigation solutions for flood- drainage, etc.) under the lead- Cranford Dr, Klein Ave, Rt 59/R: Mountain Shadows Embankmer	nder the lead prone road ership of C t 303, Jeffre	adership of Cou d systems (roa ounty DPW, ind ey Ct / Strawtow	nty DPW. Develop specific ds, bridges, intersections, luding but not limited to n Rd, West Nyack Hamlet,	
Lead Agency:	TDEC and DPW				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Highway Depa	rtment			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State, FEMA HMA, FMA, E	BRIC			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dan	nage along any a	affected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Alternatives	
	No action		Problem persists		
	Raise or relocate roadwa	ays	Not feasible and does not reduce or eliminate vulnerability		





Action 2024-Clarkstown-02. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance

Action Name:	2024- Clarkstown -02. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance					
Description of the Problem:	The Town's floodplain ordinance was last updated in 2014 and may be less effective than current regulations require. The code needs to be updated to reflect current FEMA regulations and changes to the 2014 FEMA mapping.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	Update flood damage prevent provided by NYSDEC.	tion chapte	er of Town cod	e using model Town law		
Lead Agency:	DEFM					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Attorney, Town Board					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Local	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A					
Impact on Capabilities	A stronger ordinance will allow	the Town to	enforce more p	protective standards.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will have to	o follow the	ordinance's pro	visions.		
Climate Change Considerations:	A stronger ordinance may bett flooding.	er prepare	the Town for n	nore intense and frequent		
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Problem persists			
	Update floodplain manage ordinances with each new FIRI		Time-consuming and not cost-effective			



Action 2024-Clarkstown-03. Certified Floodplain Manager Training

Action Name:	2024- Clarkstown -03. Certified Floodplain Manager Training					
Description of the Problem:	The Town's floodplain managem Floodplain Managers.	The Town's floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in flood become Certified Floodplain M adequately enforce NFIP regulat	/lanagers. /	Add/train suffici	ient members of staff to		
Lead Agency:	TDEC					
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Long-term (> 5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7					
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☐ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐ Structure and Infrastructure Projections			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will provide the Tow floodplain management regulat		nger capabilities	s to enforce and update its		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A					
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A					
Priority: Check one	□High	□Medium	1	⊠Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current problem persists			
	Require staff to take related co not obtain CFM	urses, but	Not nationally recognized program; potential to gain CRS points			



Action 2024-ChestnutRidge-04. Community Rating System (CRS)

Action Name:	2024- ChestnutRidge-04. Community Rating Systems			
Description of the Problem:		could benefit from the associated incentives. ot joining the program will be beneficial to		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	☐ Disease Outbreak	□ Landslide		
	□Drought □Earthquake	☐ Severe Storm ☐ Severe Winter Storm		
	☐ Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	attending CRS workshop(s) if offered wi	munity Rating System (CRS) program by thin the county. Join the CRS program if participation can be dedicated. See following initiative.		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	TDEC			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Long-term (> 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	CRS activities may better protect critical fa	acilities and lifelines during flood events.		
Impact on Capabilities	Joining CRS may strengthen the Town's te floodplain management best practices.	chnical knowledge and capability to enforce		
Impact on Future Development:		ow any ordinance revisions that the Town		
Climate Change Considerations:	The Town may adopt a stronger ordinance that may better prepare the Town for mo	e or enact mitigation projects for CRS points re intense and frequent flooding.		
Priority: Check one	□High	m 🛮 Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem persists		
	Develop local initiative to encourage higher standards than the NFIP	No flood insurance discounts or benefits for property owners		



Action 2024-Clarkstown-05. Document Flood-prone Properties

Action Name:	2024- Clarkstown-05. Document Flood-prone Properties			
Description of the Problem:	There are properties in the Town that exvulnerable properties place an undue streefforts should be made to mitigate them.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake	☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:		n opportunities for repetitively flooded carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation, se properties.		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Town Building Department			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NYS DHSES	, Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project could make it easier for the Covulnerable properties.	unty and Town to reach homeowners with		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	Data will help village and county design to vulnerable residents.	future mitigation actions and outreach to		
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduce potential development.	al impact of flooding on nearby future		
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help identify potential a floodplain restoration projects.	reas or properties for potential buyouts or		
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium	□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem persists		
	Re-route source of flooding	Not feasible		





Action 2024-CLarkstown-06. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024- Clarkstown -06. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain				
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams, major employers, daycares, urgent cares, wells, and other critical facilities in the Town that are in the floodplain and potentially vulnerable to flood events as identified during the Rockland County HMP update. The Town does not have jurisdiction over all these structures to mitigate.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	The Town will notify the private owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Town will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities.				
Lead Agency:	Town Engineer, Property Owners				
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		· ·		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	IP)	-	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the acceensures access to emergency routes		•	during flooding events and	
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate potent	tial dan	nage along any a	iffected roadways.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	1edium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Pro	oblem persists	
	Town mitigates only municipal-ow facilities	ned	Does not reduce or eliminate risk for other facilities		
	Town completes mitigation actions inundation areas	is in	Does not reduce or eliminate risk		





Action 2024-Clarkstown-07. Routes 59 and 303 Flood Mitigation

Action Name:	2024-Clarkstown-07. Norishan Stream Flood Mitigation					
Description of the Problem:	Frequency and severity of flooding on Route 59 near Route 303 and the Palisades Mall has increased significantly within recent years as a result of more frequent and intense storm events. The road has been closed due to flooding nine times within the last 12 months. It is a main artery for commercial businesses in the Town and region and for police, fire and EMS and is traveled by 45,000 vehicles daily. The flooding is a result of backwatering of the Hackensack River and tributary NJ1-9-2-4 to the Hackensack.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter IWildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	The Town has started discussions with the USACE to examine the possibility of dredging the Hackensack River upstream and downstream of Route 59 to remove accumulated sediment from the river and increase flow capacity. Mitigation will reduce frequency of flooding and road closures and will prevent/reduce delays by police, fire and EMS responding to emergency calls in the area. Mitigation will also benefit the 45,000 motorists who travel Route 59 daily.					
Lead Agency:	USACE					
Supporting Agencies:	NYS DEC, NYS DOT, Town					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC; NYS DÓT					
Implementation Timeline:	Long-term (4-5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projections	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Routes 303 and 59 would be less	vulnerable	to being inunda	ted or damaged by a flood.		
Impact on Capabilities	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	Nearby development would be less vulnerable to flood damage.					
Climate Change Considerations:	The stream may be better able to withstand future and more intense flood events.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		





No action	Problem persists
Move stream	Not feasible
Move roadway	Not feasible

Action 2024-Clarkstown-08. West Nyack Road Culvert Replacements

Action Name:	2024-Clarkstown-08. West Nyack Road Culvert Replacements			
Description of the Problem:	Several properties near West N flooding due to undersized culve		and Klein Avenu	ue experience re-occurring
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		Ilandslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Ulwildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Replace two existing undersize flooding.	ed under V	Vest Nyack Roa	d to reduce likelihood of
Lead Agency:	DEFM			
Supporting Agencies:				
Estimated Cost:	High (\$750,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	EPA			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<1 year)			
Goals Met:	2, 4, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		ood Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project would reduce the vulnerability of West Nyack Road and Klein Avenue being inundated during a flood event.			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in this area may be less likely to experience flood damage.			
Climate Change Considerations:	The project mitigates flooding intensity of storm events.	conditions	resulting from	increased frequency and
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation





No action	Problem persists
Relocate roadways	Not feasible

Action 2024-Clarkstown-09. Jeffrey Court Levee

Action Name:	2024-Clarkstown-09. Jeffrey Cou	ırt Levee		
Description of the Problem:	Flooding of several properties a River, south of Old Mill Road.	at Jeffrey Co	ourt, West Nyac	k west of the Hackensack
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		Ilandslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Construction of a levee between the east.	the impact	ted properties a	nd the Hackensack River to
Lead Agency:	DEFM			
Supporting Agencies:				
Estimated Cost:	High (\$4,000,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (3 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2,			
Benefits:	High (>\$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SI		ood Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	The levee could protect future development in the inundation area.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Mitigates flooding conditions resulting from increased frequency and intensity of storm events.			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation





No action	Problem persists
Relocate properties	Not feasible

Action 2024-Clarkstown-10. Hereford Land Culvert Replacement

Action Name:	2024-Clarkstown-10. Hereford Land Culvert Replacement			
Description of the Problem:	Several residential properties occurring flooding due to an uno			est Nyack experience re-
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature]Flood]Landslide]Severe Storm]Severe Winter:]Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Replace the existing undersized	on Herefor	d Lane to reduce	e likelihood of flooding.
Lead Agency:	DEFM			
Supporting Agencies:				
Estimated Cost:	High (\$1,000,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	State			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<1 year)			
Goals Met:	2, 4, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		ood Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project would reduce the vulnerability of West Nyack Road and Klein Avenue being inundated during a flood event.			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in this area may be less likely to experience flood damage.			
Climate Change Considerations:	The project mitigates flooding intensity of storm events.	conditions	resulting from	increased frequency and
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation





No action	Problem persists
Relocate roadway	Not feasible





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.5 VILLAGE OF GRAND VIEW-ON-HUDSON

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.5.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Grand View-on-Hudson identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.5-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.5-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact		
Name/Title: Julie Pagliaroli, Village Clerk	Name/Title: Jonathan Bell, Trustee		
Address: 151 River Road; Grand View-On-Hudson, NY 10960	Address: 151 River Road; Grand View-On-Hudson, NY 10960		
Phone Number: 845 358 2919	Phone Number: 845 358 2919		
Email: clerk@gvoh-ny.gov	Email: clerk@gvoh-ny.gov		
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator			
Name/Title: Joseph Knizeski, Building Inspector			
Address: 151 River Road; Grand View-On-Hudson, NY 10960			
Phone Number: 845 358 2919			
Email: Building@gvoh-ny.gov			

9.5.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Grand View-on-Hudson is located within the Town of Orangetown along the western border of Rockland County. The Village is bordered to the north by the Village of South Nyack, to the south by the Village of Piermont, to the east by the Town of Orangetown, and to the west by the Hudson River. The Village has a total area of 0.2 miles, of which, 0.2 square miles is land, and 0.0 square miles is water.





Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 5.4 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 26.6 percent is 65 years of age or older, 0 percent is non-English speaking, 5.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 6.6 percent is considered disabled.

9.5.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Grand View-on-Hudson performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.5-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Table 9.5-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	ns .			
Building Code	Yes	-	State, Local	Building Department
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Before building takes place in the flood plain, our flood plain manager must issue a permit to do any construction in the floodplain.				
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	-	Local	Zoning Board of Adjustment
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Zoning Code includes provisions to reduce erosion, landslides, and excessive stormwater runoff. It also has specific provisions for				



development in the floodplain.



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Subdivision Code	Yes	-	Local	Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The code includes provisions for determining lot sizes based on slope and contours, which mitigates the potential risk to erosion, landslides, and related hazards.					
Site Plan Code	Yes	Local Law 7/1988	State	Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated Any development other than a si					
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Local Law 4/1989	State	Village Board	
How has or will this be integrated The code has provisions for minir					
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	-	
How has or will this be integrated. The NYS mandate requires sellers		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	nted in a designa	ted floodplain.	
Growth Management	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Local Law 1/75	Federal, State, Local	-	
How has or will this be integrated. The Zoning Code has provisions for		w does this reduce risk? cts of flooding by limiting land disturba	nce and siting re	quirements.	
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State Code	State, Local	Village Engineer	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types					





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	Yes	Local Law 4/1989	Local	Building Department
How has or will this be integrated		ow does this reduce risk? mize potential damage from hazards, in	cluding flooding,	erosion, landslides, and
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	Yes	Steep Slopes – Local Law 7/1988	State, Local	-
How has or will this be integrated. The law aims to reduce risk by pr from landslides and other hazard	oviding oversight to de	w does this reduce risk? evelopment in areas with steep slopes,	which may be m	ore vulnerable to impacts
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	_	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		





Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.5-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Grand View-on-Hudson to oversee and track development.

Table 9.5-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	Before building takes place in the floodplain, the Floodplain Manager must issue a permit to do any construction in the floodplain.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.5-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Grand View-on-Hudson and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.5-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	Planning Board
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	Zoning Board of Adjustment
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	-
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	Building Department
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	-
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	-
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Piermont FD/Cornell Cooperative Extension
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Contract
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Contract
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Contract
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.5-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Table 9.5-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes, but not eligible
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	No
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.5-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.





Table 9.5-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Does the jurisdiction have any public outreach mechanisms / programs in place to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events?	Yes	The Village provides residents with information regarding natural hazards and how to prepare for storms, including flooding, with the help of the Cornell Cooperative Extension.
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	No	

Community Classifications

Table 9.5-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Table 9.5-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future





conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.5-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.5-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.5.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.5-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.5-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Table 9.5-9. Village of Grand View-on-Hudson NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	20	
# Claims (Losses)	46	
Total Loss Payments	\$1,296,282	
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0	
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	4	
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0	
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	1	

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.





Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.5-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Table 9.5-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments		
Flood Vulnerability Summary			
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Our eastern border is the Hudson River. The westerly side of the Village is the downside of the mountain.		
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No		
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	We do not maintain a list.		
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown		
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No		
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Through our Building Inspector who is also our Floodplain Management person and who also enforces New York State Codes regarding flood hazards		
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown		
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None		
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	We have never received a flood hazard map from New York State.		
NFIP Compliance			
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Yes, he is our Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Officer, Fire Inspector, and floodplain management officer.		
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No		
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No		
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes. Basic training and assistance with understanding the plan.		
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review and inspections during construction.		
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	By the percentage of improvement.		





NFIP Topic	Comments
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	April 10, 2023
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Local Law 2 of 2014.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	Last amended in 2014.
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	It meets minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Through our code enforcement officer. Yes.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No.

9.5.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.5-11 through Table 9.5-13.

Table 9.5-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

New Construction Permits Issued								
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total				
2019								
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2020						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2021						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2022						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
2023								
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)





Table 9.5-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property Developm Name		# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development			
	No major development and infrastructure reported.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.5-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
No anticipated major development and infrastructure reported.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.5.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.5-1 through Figure 9.5-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Grand View-on-Hudson has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



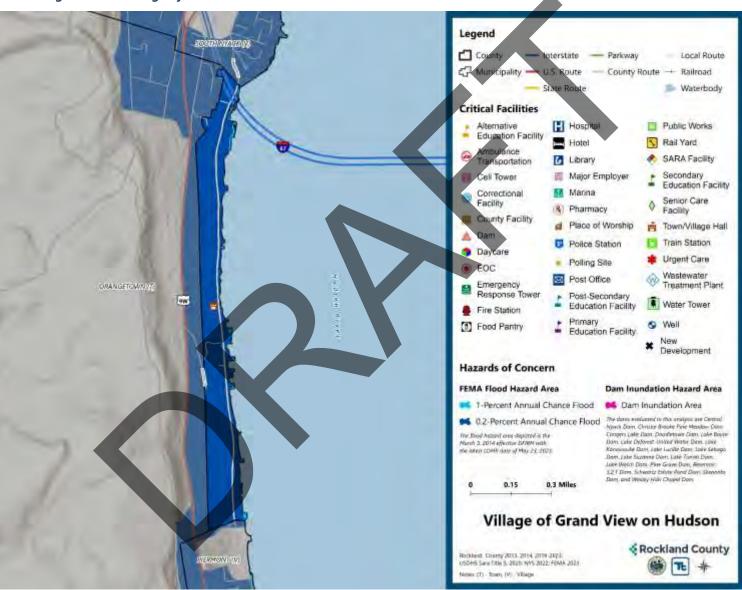


Figure 9.5-1. Village of Grand View-on-Hudson Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

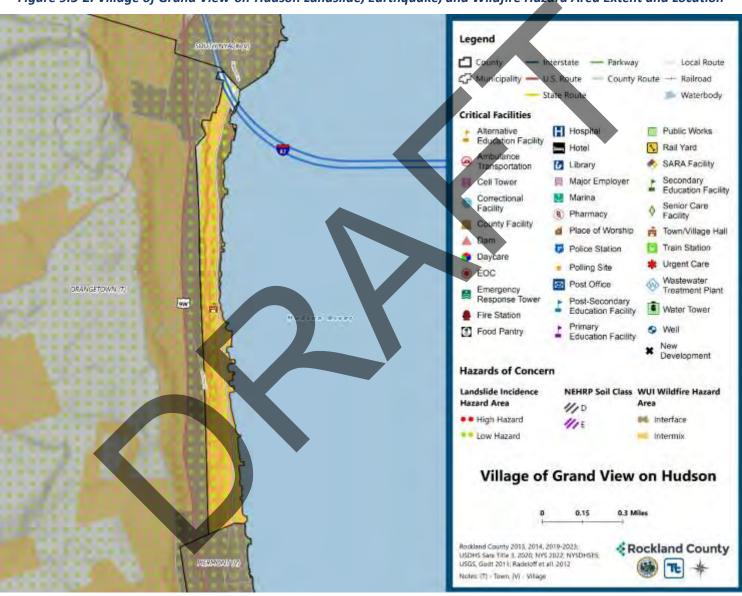
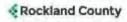


Figure 9.5-2. Village of Grand View-on-Hudson Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.5-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.5-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds		High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Grand Viewon-Hudson.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard, the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Grand View-on-Hudson reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village did not indicate any changes to the 2019 rankings for the plan update.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Grand View-on-Hudson's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.5-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	Low		
Disease Outbreak	Medium		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Low		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		





Flood	Low
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.5-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.5-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)
The Village of Grand View-on-Hudson has no	critical facilitie	es located w	ithin the 1-	or 0.2-percent Annual Char	nce Flood Hazard Area.
Source: Rockland County 2023 FEMA					

Source: Rockiana County 2023, FEIVIA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, there are no high hazard dams are located in or that could impact Village of Grand View-on-Hudson.

Identified Issues

After review of Village of Grand View-on-Hudson's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

Flooding – High tide/nuisance flooding along roadway (River Road), from border with Piermont and Tappen
 Zee Bridge

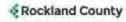
9.5.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.5-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Additional Mitigation Efforts

The Village did not identify any additional mitigation initiatives completed besides what is captured in Table 9.5-17.





Table 9.5-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-001	Hader Park Drainage Improvements	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee	Development around the park has caused increased stormwater runoff and has created drainage issues in the park. Perform a study to determine actions to be taken to improve stormwater drainage at Hader Park.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include The Village provided additional information on their work with the Town of Orangetown on these improvements. N/A
GV-002	Online Hazard Information	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards. Provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Village's hazard vulnerabilities.	1 Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	N/A The Village can update this information on an as-needed basis and with support from the County.
GV-003	Public Workshops	All	CPG member; Village Trustee		Ongoing Capability N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village can host these workshops on an as-needed basis.



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-004		Flooding, Severe Storm	Each jurisdictional CPG member	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. tnclude 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-005	Critical Facility Protections	All Hazards	Building Dept. or outside engineer	Critical facilities in the Village are old and may need additional or stronger protections from natural hazards. The Village will work with the property owners to determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites to the 500-year or worst-case scenario as funding becomes available.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. This capability is leveraged on an as-needed basis when considering grant funding. Output Description:





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-006	Emergency Warning System	All Hazards	Village Code, Planning Board and Building Dept.	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations, and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
GV-007	Floodplain Management Ordinance FIRM Updates	Flooding	Village Code, Planning Board and Building Dept.	Ensure all staff members are properly trained will allow for the Village to effectively enforce NFIP regulations/floodplain management ordinances. Add/train sufficient members of staff to adequately enforce NFIP regulations/floodplain management ordinances	1. No Progress 2. N/A	I. Include Consolidate with old actions (GV-009) into single new action (2024-GrandView-04). N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-008	Floodplain Management Ordinance	Flooding	Building Dept.	Current floodplain management ordinance could be out of date and less effective than current regulations require. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
GV-009	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flooding	J	Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include Consolidate with old actions (GV-007) into single new action (2024-GrandView-04). N/A
GV-010	Community Rating System (CRS)	Flooding	Building Dept.	The Village is not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	1. No Progress 2. N/A	 Include Determine the costs and benefits of joining the CRS program. N/A
GV-011	Village Hall Flood Mitigation	Flooding, Severe Storm	Village Board	Village Hall located in floodplain and was destroyed during Hurricane Sandy. Replacement/elevation of Village Hall outside the floodplain or mitigate to the 500-year flood event.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	Niscontinue Niscontin



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
GV-012	Natural Hazard Risk Map Database	All Hazards	Village Engineer; Planning Board	Spatial database of all natural hazard risk areas in the Village will allow land use decision makers to plan safe and resilient communities and developments. Develop and maintain mapping of all natural hazard risk areas in the Village, FEMA delineated or otherwise, to support land use decision making (e.g., Planning Board, site plan review process).	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. The Village can provide this information and upload it to its website on an as needed basis and with support from the County.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Grand View-on-Hudson participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Grand View-on-Hudson would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.5-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.5-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.5-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA		CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Disease Outbreak	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Drought	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Earthquake	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Extreme Temperature	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Flood	5	1	1	2	5	2	2	1	1	1
Landslide	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1
Severe Weather		1	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	1
Severe Winter Weather	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Wildfire	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 9.5-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.





Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.5-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- GrandViewV-01	Hader Park Drainage Improvements	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024- GrandViewV-02	Document Flood-prone Properties	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	9	Medium
2024- GrandViewV-03	Automated Notification System	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	8	Medium
2024- GrandViewV-04	Certified Floodplain Manager Training	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024- GrandViewV-05	Update Floodplain Management Ordinances	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-GrandViewV- 06	Community Rating System (CRS)	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	9	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-GrandViewV-01. Hader Park Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-01. Hader Pa	rk Drainage	Improvements	
Description of the Problem:	Development around the park h uphill properties has become property along Route 9W ar environmentally endangered ar	more of a d enforcer	problem with o	ontinued development of and plant removal in an
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Cooperation with the Town of tree and removal of vegetation to Park property.			
Lead Agency:	Village Board of Trustees			
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Orangetown, State of N	lew York Hi	ghway (Route 9)	W drainage)
Estimated Cost:	High (\$120,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	State, Local			
Implementation Timeline:	Mid-term (2 to 3 years)			
Goals Met:	2,7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ⊠Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	✓ Preventative Measures (PR)✓ Property Protection (PP)✓ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	ı	□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	t problem persists
	Relocate Park			Not feasible



Action 2024-GrandViewV-02. Document Flood-prone Properties

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-02. Documer	nt Flood-pro	one Properties					
Description of the Problem:	There are properties in the Vil vulnerable properties place an efforts should be made to mitig	undue stre		_				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm				
Description of the Solution:	Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation, and flood proofing measures to protect these properties.							
Lead Agency:	Village Board of Trustees							
Supporting Agencies:	CPG members	CPG members						
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)							
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG,	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NYS DHSES, Municipal Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7							
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project could make it easier vulnerable properties.	for the Co	unty and Village	to reach homeowners with				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A							
Impact on Capabilities	Data will help village and cour vulnerable residents.	nty design 1	future mitigation	n actions and outreach to				
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduded evelopment.	ce potentia	al impact of fl	ooding on nearby future				
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help identify floodplain restoration projects.	potential a	reas or properti	es for potential buyouts or				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	1	□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
	No action		Current problem persists					
	Identify repetitive loss ar	eas	Not action-driven and does not reduce or eliminate vulnerability					



Action 2024-GrandViewV-03. Automated Notification System

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-03. Automate	ed Notificat	ion System					
Description of the Problem:	The Village works with various monitoring and warning syster Village residents to increase awa	ns, and lac	ks an automate	ed notification system for				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm				
Description of the Solution:	Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities. Consider procuring an automated telephone notification system for Village residents.							
Lead Agency:	Village							
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emer	gency Servi	ces	·				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	State, Local							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7							
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This system could make it east technical capabilities to become							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project could notify residen stay off roads during hazard eve							
Impact on Capabilities	This project would improve the emergencies.	ne Village's	capabilities to	prepare and respond to				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	⊠High	⊠Medium		□Low				
Alternatives Action Name:	Action			Alternatives				
	No action			Current problem persists				
	Automated email system	m		Not feasible				





Action 2024-GrandViewV-04. Certified Floodplain Manager Training

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-06. Certified	Floodplain	Manager Trainin	ng			
Description of the Problem:	The Village's floodplain mana Certified Floodplain Managers.	gement an	nd ordinance er	nforcement staff are not			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	become Certified Floodplain N	Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement become Certified Floodplain Managers. Add/train sufficient members of staff adequately enforce NFIP regulations/floodplain management ordinances					
Lead Agency:	Village						
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Projections		□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)		□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	1	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Current problem persists				
	Explore having volunteer staff NFIP regulations/floodplain ma ordinances		Not preferred				



Action 2024-GrandViewV-05. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-05. Update Floodplain Management Ordinance						
Description of the Problem:	The Village's floodplain ordinand than current regulations require		updated in 2014	and may be less effective			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Review potential future new FII update floodplain management			nd determine the need to			
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer						
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department	Building Department					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Ordinance updates may better p	orotect criti	cal facilities and	lifelines.			
Impact on Capabilities	A stronger ordinance will allow t	the Village t	to enforce more	protective standards.			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will have to	o follow the	ordinance's pro	visions.			
Climate Change Considerations:	A stronger ordinance may bette flooding.	er prepare	the Village for r	nore intense and frequent			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Current problem persists				
	Update floodplain manage ordinances with each new FIRN		Time-consumi	ng and not cost-effective			



Action 2024-GrandViewV-06. Community Rating System (CRS)

Action Name:	2024-GrandViewV-06. Community Rating Systems					
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not participate in CRS and could benefit from the associated incentives.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑ Flood☐ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☐ Severe Winter Storm☐ Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Evaluate the interest and potential benefits of joining CRS for the Village's property owners. Determine if the costs associated with administering the program exceed the expected benefits.					
Lead Agency:	Building Department					
Supporting Agencies:	Floodplain Administrator					
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2 3, 7					
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Projections	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	CRS activities may better protect critical facilities and lifelines during flood events.					
Impact on Capabilities	Joining CRS may strengthen the Village's technical knowledge and capability to enforce floodplain management best practices.					
Impact on Future Development:	Future development would have to follow any ordinance revisions that the Village enacts to gain CRS points.					
Climate Change Considerations:	The Village may adopt a stronger ordinance or enact mitigation projects for CRS points that may better prepare the Village for more intense and frequent flooding.					
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action No action		Evaluation			
			Current problem persists			
	Create local initiative to exceed NFIP requirements		No flood insurance premium discounts for property owners			



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.6 TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Town of Haverstraw with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Town of Haverstraw, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Town's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.6.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Town of Haverstraw identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Town departments. The Building Inspector represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.6-1 summarizes Town officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Town's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.6-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact						
Name/Title: George Behn, Building Inspector	Name/Title: Michael Gamboli, Director of Finance						
Address: 1 Rosman Road, Garnerville, New York 10923	Address: 1 Rosman Road, Garnerville, New York 10923						
Phone Number: (845) 429-2200	Phone Number: (845) 429-2200						
Email: gbehn@townofhaverstraw.org	Email: mgamboli@townofhaverstraw.org						
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator							
Name/Title: George Behn, Building Inspector							
Address: 1 Rosman Road, Garnerville, New York 10923							
Phone Number: (845) 429-2200							
Email: gbehn@townofhaverstraw.org							
Additional Contributors							
Name/Title: Linda Donnelley, Principal Clerk							
Method of Participation: Participation and completion of worksheets from the Planning Partnership Risk Assessment and Mitigation							
Action workshops							

9.6.2 Municipal Profile

The Town of Haverstraw is located north of the Rockland County towns of Clarkstown and Ramapo; east of Orange County; south of the Town of Stony Point (Rockland County); and west of the Hudson River. The town has a total area of 27.4 square miles, 5.3 square miles of which are covered by water. There are three incorporated villages





within the town, one of which is also known as Haverstraw. The Village of Haverstraw is the original seat of government for the town, hosting the area's historic central downtown business district and the densest population in northern Rockland County. The villages of Pomona and West Haverstraw are also located within the town. Significant waterways impacting the town include Minisceongo Creek and its tributaries, the Hudson River along the eastern town boundary, and the Mahwah River near the Village of Pomona.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 7.8 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 18 percent is 65 years of age or older, 7.1 percent is non-English speaking, 10.1 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 8.8 percent is considered disabled.

9.6.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Town of Haverstraw performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Town of Haverstraw to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.6-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Town of Haverstraw.





Table 9.6-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	ıs		l.			
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 84: Fire Prevention and Building Construction, 2007 (New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (the Uniform Code) and the State Energy Conservation Construction Code (the Energy Code))	State, Local	Building Department		
How has or will this be integrated.				and forcing flood viole		
		ecial oversight for development in the				
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 167: Zoning, 1990	Local	Zoning, Building Inspector, Planning Board		
	is to secure safety fron	ow does this reduce risk? In fire flood, panic, and other damages, Ing development in floodplains and web				
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter A176: Subdivision of Land, 1990	Local	Zoning, Planning Board, Building Department		
	such character that it	can be used safely for building purpose vision shall be made for access, draina				
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter A173: Site Development Plans, 2004	Local	Planning Board, Building Department		
How has or will this be integrated The Town Code requires permits			lences or structu			
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Article XVI: Chapter 137: Sewers, Part 3: Stormwater Management, 2006	Local	Engineering Department		
	rovide for the health, s scharges to the munici	w does this reduce risk? safety, and general welfare of the citize pal separate storm sewer system (MS4				
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	-		
How has or will this be integrated. The NYS mandate requires sellers		ow does this reduce risk? ial buyers whether their property is loc	ated in a designa	ated floodplain		
Growth Management	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	·	ow does this reduce risk?	1	1		



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Environmental Protection Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 87: Flood Damage Prevention, 2014	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
to the residents of the Town of H to public facilities, both publicly a	Haverstraw finds that t laverstraw and that su and privately owned, a	w does this reduce risk? he potential and/or actual damages fro ch damages may include destruction o nd injury to and loss of human life. To ctures and uses that are vulnerable to f	r loss of private a minimize the thr	and public housing, damage
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State Code	State, Local	Village Engineer
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	6-24-2002 by L.L. No. 7-2002	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Town's master plan includes areas of natural hazard risk including flood-prone areas and steep slopes, and refers to the county-wide Hazard Mitigation Plan.				
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	Yes	Chapter 87, 2014 Chapter A176, Article VI, 1990	Federal, State, Local	Building Department, Engineering
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Town Stormwater Coordinator is the appointed local floodplain administrator to administer and implement the ordinance by granting or denying floodplain development permits in accordance with its provisions.				
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Management Plan, 2012	Local	Engineering, Highway





Citation and Date Authority Jurisdiction has (code chapter or name of plan, date (local, county, Responsible Person, this? (Yes/No) of enactment or plan adoption) state, federal) **Department or Agency** How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Town of Haverstraw has enacted Stormwater Management Regulations (SMRs) to protect and safeguard the general health, safety and welfare of the public residing with in the Town of Haverstraw and the natural resources of Town. As part of the SMRs, Patrick Brady, P.E., has been designated the Stormwater Management Officer (SMO) for the Town of Haverstraw. The SMO oversees the SMRs and manages the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). **Open Space Plan** Chapter A176, Article VII Local Planning, Building How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Town has an Open Space Plan which helps to manage natural hazard risk through erosion control, prescribing maintenance for grass and trees, and providing for natural slope stabilization. Urban Water Management Plan No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Habitat Conservation Plan** No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Economic Development Plan** No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Community Wildfire Protection No Plan How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Community Forest** No **Management Plan** How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Transportation Plan** No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? **Agriculture Plan** No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A Climate Action/ No Resiliency/Sustainability Plan How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Tourism Plan** No How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A **Business/ Downtown** No **Development Plan** How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A Other (for example NYRCR, etc.) How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Town of Haverstraw EOP, 2014	Local	OEM
How has or will this be integrated. The Emergency Operation Plan for Emergency Coordinator.		ow does this reduce risk? Traw was updated in 2014. Its impleme	ntation is overse	en by the Town's
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No			-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Other	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.6-3 summarizes the capabilities of Town of Haverstraw to oversee and track development.

Table 9.6-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	Unknown	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-





Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.6-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Town of Haverstraw and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.6-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability	(1.55).15)	
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board meets every second Wednesday of the month at 7:30PM in the large meeting room of Town Hall. It is the legislative intent of the Planning Board to consider land subdivisions and site development plans as part of a plan for the orderly, efficient, and economical development of the Town of Haverstraw. The Planning Board is also charged with reviewing the Master Plan.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals meets every second Wednesday of the month at 7:00PM in the large meeting room of the Town Hall. The Zoning Board of Appeals has all the authority and duties prescribed by the State of New York Town Law and Town of Haverstraw code standards.
Planning Department	No	
Mitigation Planning Committee	Yes	Emergency Management Coordinator
Environmental Board/Commission	No	
Open Space Board/Committee	Yes	Planning, Zoning, Building Department
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Town of Haverstraw Highway Dept. employees perform various work-related duties in and around the town's roads. The Department perform snow removal operations, pick-up yard waste, maintain all Town roadways, and perform grounds work of all Town facilities.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department issues permits and conducts inspections.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The mission of the Haverstraw Town Police Department is to protect the right of all persons within its jurisdiction to be free from criminal attack, secure in their possessions and to live in peace. The Department consist of the Patrol, Detective, and Youth divisions.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Town of Haverstraw Highway Dept. employees perform various work-related duties in and around the town's roads. The Department perform snow removal operations, pick-up yard waste, maintain all Town roadways, and perform grounds work of all Town facilities.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Building, Engineering, Police, Fire, and Highway Departments
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Planning, Zoning, Engineering, Building
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Engineering
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Planning and Engineering
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Consultant Engineers
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Brooker Engineers and GHD Engineering Firm
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Building and Highway Departments
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazus applications	Yes	Building and Highway Departments
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Engineering
Emergency Manager	Yes	Emergency Coordinator
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Staff and consultant engineers
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.6-5 summarizes financial resources available to Town of Haverstraw.

Table 9.6-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes, in certain areas of town
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	Yes
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No



Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.6-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Town of Haverstraw.

Table 9.6-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Police Department has a Facebook page which can be utilized for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	Newsletter
If yes, please describe.		The town newsletter, the Town of Haverstraw Talk of the Town, is sent out quarterly.

Community Classifications

Table 9.6-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Town of Haverstraw.

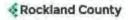
Table 9.6-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable





Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.6-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Town's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.6-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.6.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.6-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.6-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Town of Haverstraw.

Table 9.6-9. Town of Haverstraw NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	17
# Claims (Losses)	55
Total Loss Payments	\$390,221
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	4
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.





FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.6-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Town of Haverstraw.

Table 9.6-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	According to the 2014 FEMA Flood Insurance Study, the Town of Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek and its tributaries in the vicinity of Letchworth Village and Thiells Mount Ivy Road. The Hudson River often causes flooding in Bowling Park. The Mahwah River causes occasional flooding in the vicinity of Deer Mountain Day Camp.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Unknown
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	Unknown
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	Unknown
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Town does not have a Substantial Damage Plan
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Unknown
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Department
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Unknown
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Unknown
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Unknown





NFIP Topic	Comments
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, building inspections
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Unknown
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Unknown
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	Unknown
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 87: Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.6.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.6-11 through Table 9.6-13.

Table 9.6-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Cons	struction Permits Issued					
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total				
		2019						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2020						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2021						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
		2022						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				
	2023							





	New Construction Permits Issued							
	Single Family Multi-Family Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0				
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0				

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.6-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
No major development or infrastructure reported.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.6-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development	
No anticipated major development or infrastructure reported.						

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified

9.6.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Town of Haverstraw's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Town are shown in Figure 9.6-1 through Figure 9.6-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Haverstraw has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.

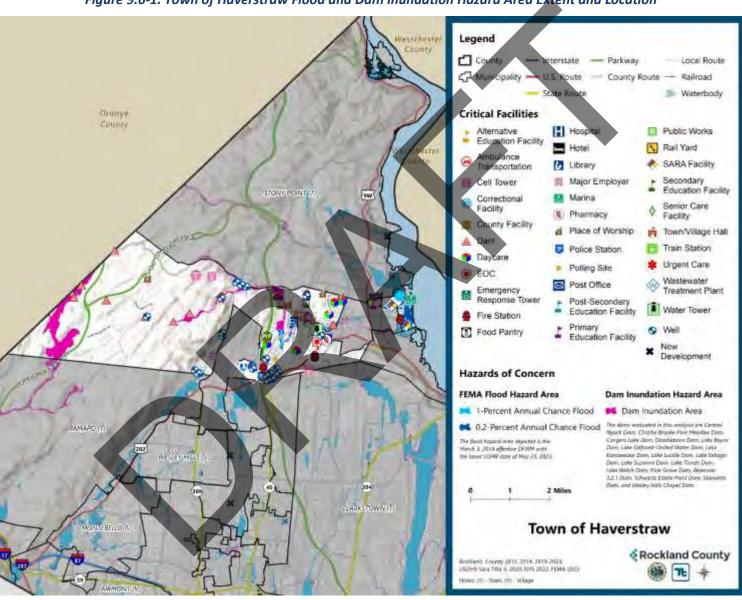


Figure 9.6-1. Town of Haverstraw Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

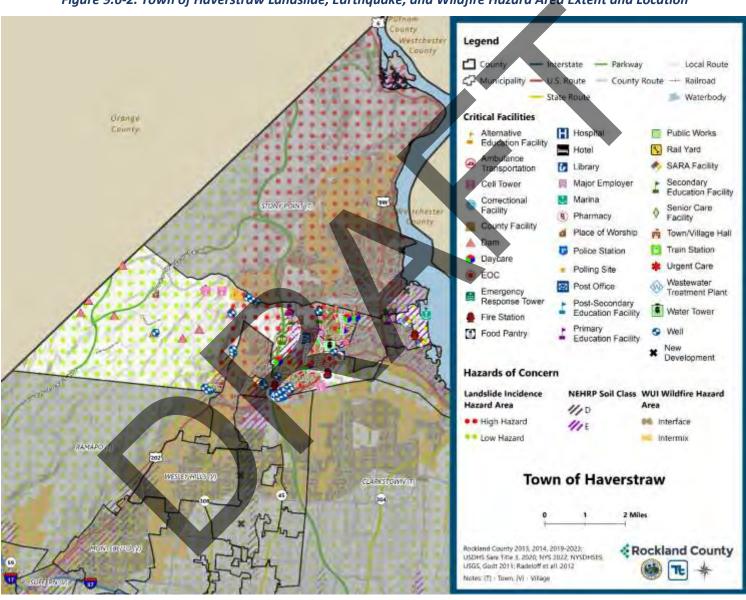


Figure 9.6-2. Town of Haverstraw Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Town of Haverstraw is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.6-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Town during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.6-14. Hazard Event History in the Town of Haverstraw

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds		High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	-
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Town of Haverstraw.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Haverstraw reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Town indicated the following:

- There are no dams or levees in the Town.
- There is improved education related to potential disease outbreaks.
- The Town Hall is now a cooling center. The Town indicated it did not agree with the 2019 Medium ranking but did not provide an alternate preferred ranking. Due to the addition of a cooling center and the Town's response, the hazard ranking has been revised to Low.
- There are better stabilization practices to mitigate potential landslides. The Town indicated it did not agree with the 2019 High ranking but did not provide an alternate preferred ranking. Due to the addition of a improved practices and the Town's response, the hazard ranking has been revised to Medium.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Haverstraw's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.





Table 9.6-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	Low		
Disease Outbreak	Medium		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Medium		
Extreme Temperature	Low		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Medium		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Medium		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.6-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.6-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Exposure			
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Bowline Point Generating Station	SARA Facility	Yes	Yes	2024-HaverstrawT-05	No
Garnerville Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-HaverstrawT-05	No
Langshur Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-HaverstrawT-05	No
Camp Ramaquois Well #2	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-HaverstrawT-05	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact Town of Haverstraw:

Garnerville Dam

Identified Issues

After review of the Town of Haverstraw's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Town of Haverstraw identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- According to the 2014 FEMA Flood Insurance Study (FIS), the Town of Haverstraw is presently subject to
 flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek and its tributaries in the vicinity of Letchworth Village
 and Thiells-Mount Ivy Road. The Hudson River often causes flooding in Bowling Park. The Mahwah River
 causes occasional flooding in the vicinity of Deer Mountain Day Camp.
- There are significant portions (including highly developed areas) of the Towns of Haverstraw, Stony Point, and Ramapo, and the Villages of Pomona and West Haverstraw located within high landslide risk areas.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



9.6.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.6-17 indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference., Town of Haverstraw identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

Completion of new Grassy Point Bridge over Minisceongo Creek in November 2023





Table 9.6-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	•	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
TH-1	Outreach Campaign	All Hazards	Town of Haverstraw, Rockland County	Residents may be unaware of how to prepare themselves for natural hazards. Enhance outreach to promote further public education and awareness in the community with respect to natural hazard risk management.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	Include Revised problem description and solution. N/A
TH-2	Shoreline Mitigation at Bowline Point Park	Flood, Severe Storm	Town of Haverstraw, NYS DEC & Army Corp	The shoreline at Bowline Point Park has become eroded. Construct two jetties on the riverside of Bowline Point Park to mitigate the eroding of the shoreline.	1) In progress 2. Received \$100,000 in Community Block Group Development funding in 2015.	 Include N/A In process of getting environmental approvals.
TH-3	Minisceongo Creek Maintenance	Flood, Severe Storm	Drainage Agency, Town of Haverstraw and	The Minisceongo Creek frequently floods. Perform flood remediation efforts including routine stream maintenance and dredging.	1. No Progress 2. A Resilient NY report was completed for the Minisceongo Creek in 2019. It identified two High Risk Areas within the Town.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Consolidate with old actions (TH-4 and TH-7) to a single new strategy (2024-HaverstrawT-02).
TH-4	Minisceongo Creek Bank Stabilization	Flood, Severe Storm	Highway Dept., Rockland County	The Minisceongo Creek Bank has eroded due to continued floods. Stabilize banks to reduce future erosion, narrowing of the streambed, and resulting flooding along Minesceongo.	No Progress A Resilient NY report was completed for the Minisceongo Creek in 2019. It identified two High Risk Areas within the Town.	Discontinue N/A Consolidate with old actions (TH-3 and TH-7) to a single new strategy (2024-HaverstrawT-02).



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
TH-5	Highway Garage Emergency Access Road	Flood, Severe Storm	Highway Dept., Private Landowner		In Progress About 25 percent complete.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
TH-6	Golf Course Drainage Improvements	Flood	Town Golf Dept.	The Town Golf Course frequently becomes flooded in rains due to poor drainage. Drill well(s) and install storage/pump system to correct drainage on golf course fairway number 13 and 16.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
TH-7	Maintenance of Tributary	Flood, Severe Storm	Town of Haverstraw MS4 administrator		1. No Progress 2. A Resilient NY report was completed for the Minisceongo Creek in 2019. It identified two High Risk Areas within the Town.	Discontinue N/A Consolidate with old actions (TH-3 and TH-4) to a single new strategy (2024-HaverstrawT-02).





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
TH-8	Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flood	Private Property Owners with Town of Haverstraw support	The following critical facilities are located floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard: Camp Ramaquois, Well #2, O&R Bowline Substation, and Bowline Point Gas Power Plant. The Town does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. The Town will work with the Village and County to notify the facility manager/operator of these critical facilities regarding their flood vulnerability as identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Town will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation action.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Mext Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
TH-9	Fire Company Building in Floodplain	Flood	Fire District, supported by Town	The David B Roche Fire Company building is located in the floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard. This building is owned by the Fire District; the Town does not have jurisdiction to mitigate the structure. The Town will work with the Fire District to notify them of the building's vulnerability and NYS' requirement to protect the structure to the 500-year or worst-case scenario. The Town will provide the Fire District options for grant funding to implement their selected mitigation action.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Haverstraw participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Haverstraw would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Town's priorities.

Table 9.6-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.6-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA				CF	RS		
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Disease Outbreak	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Drought	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Earthquake	-	-	-	1		-	1	-	-	-
Extreme Temperature	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Flood	-	4	1	2	1	2	3	-	1	1
Landslide	-	-	- /	1		-	1	-	-	-
Severe Weather	-	4	1	2	1	2	3	-	1	1
Severe Winter Weather	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	-
Wildfire	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.





Table 9.6-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

			ction	ess					ility		cern			elines	iity		
Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- HaverstrawT-01	Public Awareness and Outreach	1	0	1	0	1	1 1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024- HaverstrawT-02	Minisceongo Creek Flood Mitigation	1	1	1	0	-1	-1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024- HaverstrawT-03	Highway Garage Emergency Access Route	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	11	High
2024- HaverstrawT-04	Town Golf Course Drainage Improvements	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	Low
2024- HaverstrawT-05	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024- HaverstrawT-06	Roche Fire Company Building Flood Mitigation	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	7	Medium
2024- HaverstrawT-07	Bowline Park Shoreline Stabilization	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-HaverstrawT-01. Public Awareness and Outreach

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-01. Public Awareness and Outreach						
Description of the Problem:	Not all residents are aware of the hazards they are exposed to or what they can do to protect themselves and their property from potential damage.						
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention, and mitigation through increased outreach, including but not limited to periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc.; and incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources on the Town website.						
Lead Agency:	Town						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emer	gency Servi	ces				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 3						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This initiative aims to reach populate limited internet access or t			e, do not speak English, and			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	ı	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Pro	oblem persists			
	Update website without linking to other resources Would not reach those wit internet or technology; not						



Action 2024-HaverstrawT-02. Minisceongo Creek Flood Mitigation

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-02. Minisceongo Creek Flood Mitigation					
Description of the Problem:	The Town experiences flooding along the Minisceongo Creek and its tributaries due to a combination poor drainage infrastructure and streamflow. In 2019, the Town completed a Flood Mitigation and Resilience Report that identified two High Risk Areas due to the Minisceongo Creek. Rockland County has jurisdiction over the Minisceongo, requiring coordination with the Town.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	Implement stream maintenance Stabilize banks to reduce future flooding along Minesceongo. stormwater and drainage infras	e erosion, r Improve	narrowing of the and maintain t	streambed, and resulting he County's and Town's		
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agen	су				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Highway Department, MS4 Administrator					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, BRIC and HMGP, CD	BG, NYS DE	SES, NYS DOT, 1	own Operating Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Ongoing					
Goals Met:	1					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projections	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Rublic Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A					
Impact on Capabilities	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	Future development near the w flooding, particularly flash flood	•	ill face lower exp	oosure and vulnerability to		
Climate Change Considerations:	Regular maintenance and over Town to better anticipate growi precipitation.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Pro	oblem persists		



Redirect waterway	Not feasible

Action 2024-HaverstrawT-03. Highway Garage Emergency Access Route

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-03. Highway Garage Emergency Access Route					
Description of the Problem:	Access to the Highway Garage becomes difficult during flooding events. The Town has completed approximately 25 percent of this project.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter : □Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	Construct emergency access roa	d behind H	ighway Garage ι	up to Creekview Drive.		
Lead Agency:	Town					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Board					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget, NYS DOT, FEMA					
Implementation Timeline:	Short (<5 years)		>			
Goals Met:	1					
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projections	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Aims to keep roadways passable	during floo	oding events.			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	Nearby development may face r	educed floo	od impacts.			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action Problem persists					



Relocate Highway Garage	Not feasible

Action 2024-HaverstrawT-04. Town Golf Course Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-04. Town Golf Course Drainage Improvements				
Description of the Problem:	The Town Golf Course frequently becomes flooded when it rains due to poor drainage.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter ¶ □Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Drill well(s) and install storage/p number 13 and 16.	ump systen	n to correct drair	nage on golf course fairway	
Lead Agency:	Town Board			·	
Supporting Agencies:	Golf Course				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Depends on funding				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) bood Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A				
Impact on Capabilities	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	□Medium	1	⊠Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing		Pro	oblem persists	



Elevate golf course	Not feasible

Action 2024-HaverstrawT-05. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024- HaverstrawT-05. Critical F	acilities in t	he Floodplain			
Description of the Problem:	The following critical facilities are located floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard: Camp Ramaquois, Well #2, O&R Bowline Substation, and Bowline Point Gas Power Plant. The Town does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm		
Description of the Solution:	The Town will work with the County to notify the facility manager/operator of these critical facilities regarding their flood vulnerability as identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Town will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation action. Potential feasible projects may include the following: elevations, dry floodproofing, backup power supply, retrofits, or relocation. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities.					
Lead Agency:	Property Owners					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Building Department					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)					
Goals Met:	2					
Benefits:	Low (> \$10,000)		<u> </u>			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	Preventative Measures (PR)			ource Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)		□Structural FI	ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and		
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dan	nage along any a	iffected roadways.		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A					
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Pro	oblem persists		
	Town completes mitigation actions in Does not reduce or eliminate ri					



Action 2024-HaverstrawT-06. Roche Fire Company Building Flood Mitigation

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-06. Roche Fire Company Building Flood Mitigation				
Description of the Problem:	The David B Roche Fire Company building is located in the floodplain and identified as vulnerable to the flood hazard. This building is owned by the Fire District; the Towr does not have jurisdiction to mitigate the structure.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak		☑Flood ☑Landslide		
	□Drought □Earthquake		Severe Storm ☐Severe Winter:	Storm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	The Town will work with the Fir and NYS' requirement to protec The Town will provide the Fire selected mitigation action. Pote Fire District will need to determ action for this building.	t the structo District opt ntial feasib	ure to the 500-ye ions for grant for le projects may	ear or worst-case scenario. unding to implement their include the following. The	
Lead Agency:	Fire District				
Supporting Agencies:	Town				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable			□Emergency S	Services (ES)	
Populations:	· •				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the events.	functionali	ty and access th	ne building during flooding	
Impact on Capabilities	It ensures that the Fire District o	an fulfill its	duties during a	flooding event.	
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dan	nage near the bu	uilding.	
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	1	□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing		Pro	oblem persists	



Elevate utilities	Does not eliminate risk
Identify alternate space to store trucks/equipment out of floodplain	Increases response time

Action 2024-HaverstrawT-07. Bowline Park Shoreline Stabilization

Action Name:	2024-HaverstrawT-07. Bowline Park Shoreline Stabilization				
Description of the Problem:	The shoreline along Bowline Park is eroding.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure		Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide Severe Storm		
	□Drought □Earthquake		Severe Winter	Storm	
	☐Extreme Temperature		Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Armor the shoreline and construct two additional jetties on the riverside of Bowline Point Park to secure and stabilize the shoreline. This project is already in progress. The Town is in the process of getting environmental approvals.				
Lead Agency:	NYS DEC & US Army Corps of En				
Supporting Agencies:	Town				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDB	G, NYS DHS	S, Town Operat	ing Budget	
Implementation Timeline:	Long-term (>5 years)				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type:	Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	. (615)		ems Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP)	
	☐ Public Information (PI)		□Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A				
Impact on Capabilities	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate areas.	potential d	amage near the	shoreline or surrounding	
Climate Change Considerations:	This project may help the park be more able to withstand potential damage from more frequent and intense precipitation events.				
Priority: Check one	□High		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	





Do nothing	Problem persists		
Enhance existing jetties	Uneven shoreline protection		





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.7 VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Haverstraw with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Haverstraw, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.7.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Haverstraw identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Disaster Coordinator represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.7-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.7-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Name/Title: Michael Kohut, Mayor	Name/Title: Isabel Gonzalez-Soto, Clerk				
Address: 40 Main Street, Haverstraw, NY 10927	Address: 40 Main Street, Haverstraw, NY 10927				
Phone Number: (845) 429-0300 ext. 17	Phone Number: (845) 429-0300 ext. 17				
Email: Michael.kohut@vohny.com	Email: Isabel.gonzalez@vohny.com				
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator					
Name/Title: Eve Mancuso, Village Engineer					
Address: 74 Lafayette Avenue, Suite 501, Suffern, NY 10901					
Phone: (845) 357-4411					
Email: Mancuso.eve@wseinc.com					
Additional Contributors					
Name/Title: Patrick McNamee, Fire Administrator					
Method of Participation: Attendance to Planning Partnership Kickoff					

9.7.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Haverstraw is located in the southeastern section of the Town of Haverstraw and is bordered on the northwest by the Village of West Haverstraw, on the south by the Town of Clarkstown, and on the east by the Hudson River. The Village covers a total of 5.1 square miles, of which 3.1 square miles is water. Waterways of





significance in the village include Bowline Pond and the Hudson River along the village's eastern boundary, and Minisceongo Creek along the northern corporate limits and in the lowland areas east of Samsondale Avenue.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 7.2 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 13.2 percent is 65 years of age or older, 16.6 percent is non-English speaking, 14.6 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 12.2 percent is considered disabled.

9.7.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Haverstraw performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Haverstraw to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.7-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Haverstraw.

standards for withstanding storm surge, wind damage, earthquakes, or other relevant natural hazards.

Table 9.7-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	15			
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 137: Fire Prevention and Building Construction	State and Local	Building Department
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The building code is strictly enforced and meet those that are outlined in the Flood Insurance Program. The building codes address				



	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	-	Responsible Person,	
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency	
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Zoning (Chapter 245), 1993	Local	Zoning, Building Inspector and Planning Board	
	o the comprehensive Mountain Protection	plan in terms of discouraging developr n Zone which encompasses the wester			
Subdivision Code	Yes	Subdivision of Land (Chapter 210), 1970	Federal, State	Zoning, Planning Board and Building Department	
How has or will this be integrated The code has a restrictive Mount		ow does this reduce risk? Cluster subdivisions are considered to	conserve environ	mental resources.	
Site Plan Code	Yes	Architectural Review Board (Chapter 13), 1987	Local	Planning Board and Building Department	
How has or will this be integrated Hazards are considered in this pr				3 47	
Stormwater Management Code		Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control (Chapter 197), 2007	Local	Stormwater Management Officer	
How has or will this be integrated The stormwater ordinance is enf					
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No			-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local		
How has or will this be integrated Floodplains existing on the subje		ow does this reduce risk? pooling of property is disclosed to the p	otential buyer as	required.	
Growth Management	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Flood Damage Prevention (Chapter 141), 2014	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The building department reviews all construction plans and ensures proper elevations are met.					
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			





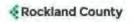
	Lorded Section Lead	Citation and Date	Authority	Barray IIIa Barray	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Engineers and Building Inspector	
How has or will this be integrated Yes, this is enforced through the					
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control (Chapter 197), 2007	State and Local	Stormwater Management Officer	
How has or will this be integrated					
Yes, this is enforced through the	building department,				
Other: Restrictions	Yes	Ordinance restricting development on steep slopes/ Mountain protection zone; Waterfront Consistency Review (Chapter 242), 2003	Local	Code Enforcement	
How has or will this be integrated Yes, this is enforced through the		ow does this reduce risk? engineering review and the planning o	onsultant review		
Planning Documents			Ť		
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Master Plan, 1980	Local	Village Board	
How has or will this be integrated The Comprehensive Plan has bee		ow does this reduce risk? It is consistent with the goals and guid	elines of the HM	Р.	
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	MS-4 2022 Annual Report	Local	Village Clerk	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The MS-4 Stormwater Management Plan addresses possible illicit discharges and hazards that may emanate from Village facilities.					
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-	





		Citation and Date	Authority			
	Jurisdiction has	(code chapter or name of plan, date	(local, county,	Responsible Person,		
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	i with the HIVIP and no	ow does this reduce risk?				
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-		-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Transportation Plan	No	-		-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No			-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Other: Local Waterfront Revitalization Program	Yes	Village of Haverstraw Local Waterfront Revitalization Program, 2003	Local	Village Board		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Review is performed on developments that fall within this region by the building department, engineering, and planning consultant.						
Response/Recovery Planning						
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Emergency Operations Plan for the Town of Haverstraw	Local	Emergency Coordinator		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Emergency Management Plan includes short-term response and long-term recovery to address communications, evacuation, and housing necessary for identified hazards? Evacuation routes located outside of floodplains. Emergency contact lists and communication systems are in place.						
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Public Health Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Other	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.7-3 summarizes the capabilities of Haverstraw to oversee and track development.

Table 9.7-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Planning Board, Building Department, Engineering and Planning
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	+

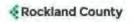
Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.7-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Haverstraw and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.7-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

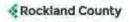
Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Village Board on zoning and planning matters.





	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of decisions made by the Building Inspector, and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for road maintenance and plowing of all village owned streets, maintaining all village properties and parks, street signage, brush, and leaf collection, appliance, tire, and e-waste recycling and for general village upkeep on public property and streets. The DPW will also pick up small quantities of residential construction debris, not exceeding two 35 gallon-pails per week.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department assists residents with any construction and/or development needs in the Village. The Department ensures proper compliance of both NYS and local building code and zoning. All paperwork for the Village Planning, Zoning, and Architectural Review Board is also handled through this department.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Emergency Coordinator
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for road maintenance and plowing of all village owned streets, maintaining all village properties and parks, street signage, brush, and leaf collection, appliance, tire, and e-waste recycling and for general village upkeep on public property and streets. The DPW will also pick up small quantities of residential construction debris, not exceeding two 35-gallon pails per week.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Fire Department, NYSDOT, DPW
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Consultants to Building Department / Mayor
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Consultants to Building Department / Mayor
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Consultants to Building Department / Mayor
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Brooker Engineering, a Weston and Sampson Company, as needed
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Engineers, Brooker Engineering, a Weston and Sampson Company,
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	Yes	Emergency Coordinator
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Mayor and Brooker Engineering, a Weston and Sampson Company, Sylvia Welch (grant writer)
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.7-5 summarizes financial resources available to the Village of Haverstraw.

Table 9.7-5. Fiscal Capabilities

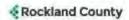
Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.7-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Haverstraw.

Table 9.7-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	Stormwater management, link to Stormwater Consortium of RC website
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	Facebook, and Village website



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	Website, social media

Community Classifications

Table 9.7-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Haverstraw.

Table 9.7-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	Yes	N/A	2010
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	4	2015
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	Member, Community Pledge	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable
— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.7-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

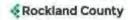


Table 9.7-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.7.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.7-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.7-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Haverstraw.

Table 9.7-9. Haverstraw NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	13
# Claims (Losses)	7
Total Loss Payments	\$7,768
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	0
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.7-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Haverstraw.





Table 9.7-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Along the Hudson River, and Miniseongo Creek
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown at this time.
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The building department reviews and inspects the structures. Engineering assistance is provided on an as needed basis.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown at this time.
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction?If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building department and engineer.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, through the engineering consultant
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, outreach, inspections as needed.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Building department review of proposed plans and assistance from the engineering consultant.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 141 Flood Damage Prevention
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	July 19, 2021





NFIP Topic	Comments
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed	Meet
minimum requirements?	
If exceeds, in what ways?	
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes, elevations are considered in flood prone areas. The Building Department and engineering review process supports floodplain management through the Village's zoning, and site plan ordinances and subdivision review process.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.7.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.7-11 through Table 9.7-13.

Table 9.7-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Construction Permits Issued							
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total					
		2018		-					
Total Permits	1	70	0	71					
Permits within SFHA	0	70	0	70					
		2019							
Total Permits	2	0	0	2					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2020							
Total Permits	0	24	0	24					
Permits within SFHA	0	24	0	24					
		2021							
Total Permits	2	250	0	252					
Permits within SFHA	0	250	0	250					
		2022							
Total Permits	Ò	0	0	0					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.7-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
GDC Waterfront units	Townhouses	-	-	-	Complete
GDC Admirals Cove	Multifamily apartment building	344	River Front Lane	Flood Zone	Under construction

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.





Table 9.7-13. Known or Anticipated	l Major Devel	lopment and I	Infrastructure in t	the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
M Pact	Mixed-use	-	-	-	Planning phase
Maple Ave Development	Multifamily apartment building	55	Maple Ave	-	Planning Phase
Dowd St Apartments	Multifamily apartment building	24	Dowd St		Planning phase

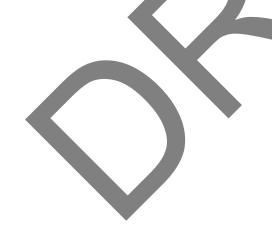
^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.7.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Haverstraw's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.7-1 through Figure 9.7-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Haverstraw has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



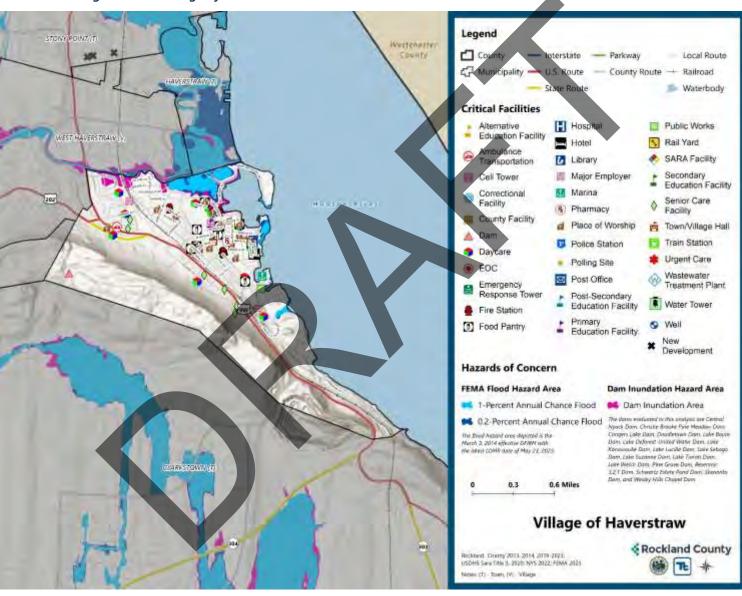


Figure 9.7-1. Village of Haverstraw Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

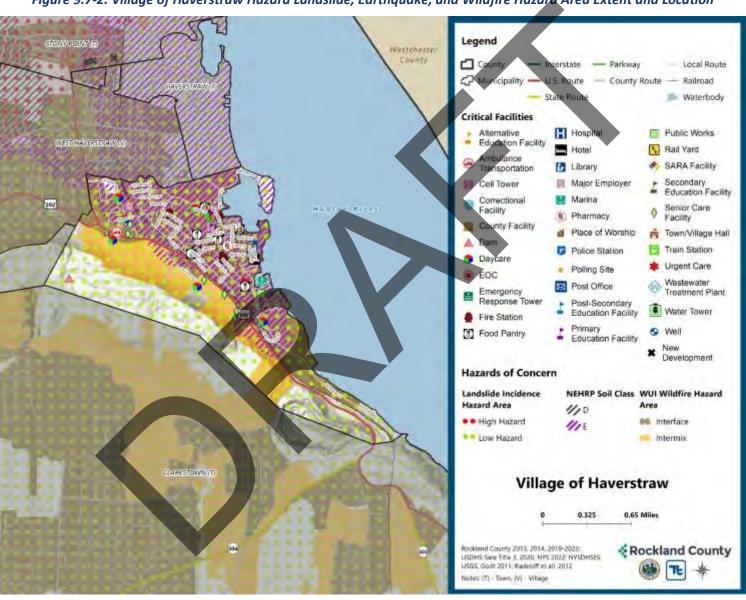


Figure 9.7-2. Village of Haverstraw Hazard Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Haverstraw is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.7-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.7-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Haverstraw

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds		High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads.	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	-
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Haverstraw.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Haverstraw reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

• The Village did not agree with the 2019 hazard rankings for Dam Failure, Disease Outbreak, Drought, Earthquake, Landslide, Severe Winter Storm, and Wildfire, but did not provide preferred ranking or reasons for potential changes. These hazard rankings have not been changed for the 2024 plan update.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Haverstraw's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.7-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium
Drought	Medium





Earthquake	Medium
Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	Medium
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.7-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.7-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure				
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2		
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level		
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)		
The Village of Haverstraw has no critical facilities located within the 1- or 0.2-percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area.							

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, there are no high hazard dams located in or that could impact the Town of Haverstraw.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Haverstraw's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Warren Avenue peninsula in the Village of Haverstraw is considered vulnerable to storm surge and associated impacts such as erosion. Some land has been lost in recent years and the shoreline armoring has had to be reinforced by the Village in some locations.
- The Village of Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to the Hudson River.
 Minisceongo Creek floods along the northern corporate limits and in the lowland areas east of Samsondale Avenue near the confluence with the Hudson River.
- Riverside Avenue through Tilcon quarry becomes inundated in heavy rain or high tide events as it is below sea level.

9.7.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.



Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

The Village did not identify additional mitigation initiatives completed since the last HMP other than those captured in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.





Table 9.7-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

The Village did not identify additional mitigation initiatives completed since the last HMP other than those captured in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.





Table 9.7-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VOH-1	Bank stabilization and desilting of Mineceongo Creek	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Drainage Agency, Town of Haverstraw, Village of Haverstraw	Flooding and reduced stream flow Work needed from Section/Block/Lot 26.34-2-1 east through 26.36-1-25 following the southern bank of the Minisceongo Creek from Route 9W to Samsondale Avenue. Coordinated with Rockland County and Neighboring municipalities. (The stream is under the control of the County of Rockland.)	In Progress RCDA will be soliciting bids for the design of bank stabilization within the next few months.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
VOH-2	Shoreline protection armoring of bank of Bowline Pond – end of Warren Avenue	Flood, Severe Storm	Village of Haverstraw, NYS DEC	Bank degradation Shoreline protection armoring of bank of Bowline Pond – end of Warren Avenue. Complete permitting, then building and construction. McLaren Engineering is designing plans to fortify this area as part of a promenade project.	Completed Work completed in fall 2018	Discontinue N/A Action completed



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VOH-3	Hire consultant to update Village comprehensive plan and Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan (LWRP)	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Current comprehensive plan does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations. Hire consultant to update Village comprehensive plan and LWRP. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	2. Comprehensive Plan and LWRP Committee constituted and meeting for 7 months. Public information gathered. Draft reports being written. Estimated Fall 2019 Draft Plan and adoption by early 2020.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Action completed
VOH-4	Update Village website to expand and disseminate information on natural hazards	All Hazards	RCOFES lead with direct participation and involvement form each jurisdiction's CPG member	Current village website is outdated and not linked to available resources. Update Village website to expand and disseminate information on natural hazards, including links to Rockland County's GIS web portal and adding more data through the Stormwater Consortium.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A This is an ongoing capability that the Village continues to make updates and share information accordingly.
VOH-5	Identify and document repetitively flooded properties.	Flood, Severe Storm	Floodplain manager, Building Department	Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and flood proofing measures to protect these properties.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VOH-6	Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood-prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.)	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Highway Superintendent, County DPW	Flood damage to infrastructure Develop specific mitigation solutions for floodprone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW, including but not limited to: • Riverside Avenue through Tilcon quarry • Lowland areas east of Samsondale Avenue	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VOH-7	Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention and mitigation through increased outreach	All	Village of Haverstraw, Rockland County	Increase public awareness on all hazards Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention and mitigation through increased outreach, including but not limited to: Periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings Use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc. Incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources on the Village website	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Haverstraw participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Haverstraw would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.7-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.7-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.7-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA CRS** Hazard **LPR** SIP **NSP EAP** PR PP ы NR SP ES Dam Failure 1 1 Disease Outbreak 1 Drought 1 1 Earthquake 1 **Extreme Temperature** 1 1 Flood 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 Landslide 1 1 Severe Weather 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 Severe Winter Weather Wildfire

Table 9.7-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.



Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.7-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-HaverstrawT- 01	Mineceongo Creek Stabilization	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	0	-1	1	1	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-HaverstrawV- 02	Document Flood-prone Properties	0	1	1	0		-1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-HaverstrawV- 03	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-HaverstrawV- 04	Public Awareness and Outreach	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	9	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-HaverstrawV-01. Mineceongo Creek Stabilization

Action Name:	Mineceongo Creek Stabilization					
Description of the Problem:	The Creek experiences flash flooding	g during inte	ense precipitation.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm		
Description of the Solution:	Work needed from Section/Bloc southern bank of the Miniscec Coordinated with Rockland Counder the control of the County	ngo Creek unty and r	from Route 9V neighboring mur	V to Samsondale Avenue.		
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Drainage Agency					
Supporting Agencies:	Village Department of Engineering,	Town of Hav	verstraw, Village o	f Haverstraw		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NYS	DHSES, Villa	age Operating Budg	et		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (\$	SIP)	,	ms Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) and Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project could help reduce the lifelines, such as Route 9W.	ootential im	pact of flooding o	n transportation facilities and		
Impact on Capabilities	N/A					
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduce pote	ntial impact	of flooding on nea	rby future development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help the creek to climate change.	better with	stand more intens	se precipitation events due to		
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Pr	oblem persists		
	Re-direct stream			Not feasible		



Action 2024-HaverstrawV-02. Document Flood-prone Properties

Action Name:	Flood-prone Properties					
Description of the Problem:	There are properties in the Village properties place an undue stress or to mitigate them.	•	•	_		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	torm		
Description of the Solution:	Work with owners to explore mitigate appropriate and feasible, carry of measures to protect these properti	out acquisition				
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer, Private Property C)wners				
Supporting Agencies:	Village of Haverstraw, Building Dep	artment				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NY	S DHSES, Villa	nge Operating Budg	et		
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project could make it easier vulnerable properties.	for the Co	ounty and Village	to reach homeowners with		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A					
Impact on Capabilities	Data will help village and county dresidents.	lesign future	mitigation action	s and outreach to vulnerable		
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduce pote	ntial impact	of flooding on nea	arby future development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help identify poto restoration projects.	ential areas o	or properties for p	otential buyouts or floodplain		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Pr	roblem persists		
	Identify repetitive loss areas Not action-driven and does not reduce eliminate vulnerability					



Action 2024-HaverstrawV-03. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions

Action Name:	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions							
Description of the Problem:	Many roadways, in particular County r	Many roadways, in particular County roads, repeatedly flood.						
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter St Wildfire	orm				
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation solutions for drainage, etc.) under the leadership of flood-prone road systems (roads, brid County DPW, including but not limited areas east of Samsondale Avenue.	of County Iges, inters	DPW. Develop sp ections, drainage,	ecific mitigation solutions for , etc.) under the leadership of				
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor, Village Engineer							
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department, County Departr	ment of Pu	blic Works					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)							
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2							
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP			ms Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			rrce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the access access to emergency routes and critical			flooding events and ensures				
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate potentia	al damage	along any affecte	d roadways.				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Alternatives				
	No action		Pr	oblem persists				
	Raise or relocate roadways Not action-driven and does not reduce eliminate vulnerability							



Action 2024-HaverstrawV-04. Public Awareness and Outreach

Action Name:	Public Awareness and Outreach						
Description of the Problem:		Not all residents are aware of the hazards they are exposed to or what they can do to protect themselves and their property from potential damage.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	corm			
Description of the Solution:	Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention, and mitigation through increased outreach, including but not limited to periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc.; and incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources on the Village website.						
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emergen	cy Services					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget			<u> </u>			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	3						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ⊠Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This initiative aims to reach popula limited internet access or technical		re low-income, do	o not speak English, and have			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Alternatives			
	No action		Pr	oblem persists			
	Update website without linking resources	to other		those with limited internet or plogy; not preferred			





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.8 VILLAGE OF HILLBURN

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Hillburn with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Hillburn, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.8.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Hillburn identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Mayor represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.8-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.8-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: Joseph P. Tursi, Mayor	Name/Title: Bernadette Tarantino, Deputy Mayor
Address: 31 Mountain Avenue, Hillburn, NY 10931	Address: 31 Mountain Avenue, Hillburn, NY 10931
Phone Number: 845-357-2036	Phone Number: 845-357-2036
Email: hillburnmain@optonline.net	Email: hillburnmain@optonline.net
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: Eve Mancuso, Village Engineer	
Address: 74 Lafayette Avenue, Suite 501, Suffern, NY 10901	
Phone: (845) 357-4411	
Email: Mancuso.eve@wseinc.com	
Additional Contributors	
Name/Title: Robin Miele, Clerk/Treasurer	
Participation: Provided information to update municipal anne	X

9.8.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Hillburn is located in the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It is approximately 40 miles from New York City. The Village is bordered to the north and west by the Town of Ramapo, to the south by New Jersey, and to the east by the Village of Suffern. The Ramapo River flows through the Village, following Interstate 87. The Village has a total area of 2.2 square miles.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events

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based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 10.3 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 14.5 percent is 65 years of age or older, 4.3 percent is non-English speaking, 13.9 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 13.1 percent is considered disabled.

9.8.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Hillburn performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Hillburn to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.8-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Hillburn.

Table 9.8-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency				
Codes, Ordinances, & Regula	tions							
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 80 – Building Construction and Fire Prevention	State and Local	Building and Fire Inspector				
How has or will this be integro The Village of Hillburn has add		nd how does this reduce risk? ng Construction Code and the NYS	Fire Prevention	ı Code.				
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 250 – Zoning	Local	Zoning Board				
The Village of Hillburn adopte	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Village of Hillburn adopted an updated Zoning Code and Comprehensive Plan in January 2020, that includes regulations regarding Ridgeline Protection and Floodplain Development.							
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 210 – Subdivision and Site Plan Regulations	Local	Village				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Hazard Mitigation Plan is a factor considered in all Planning Board reviews.								



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 210 – Subdivision and Site Plan Regulations	Local	Planning Board
		nd how does this reduce risk? in all Planning Board reviews.		
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 198 – Stormwater Management	Local	Stormwater Management Officer
		nd how does this reduce risk? ineer) considers the Hazard Mitigat	tion Plan durin	g MS-4 reporting.
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-		-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460- 467	State and local	
How has or will this be integr Yes, by others – it is not a Vill		nd how does this reduce risk?		
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No		-	-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 130 – Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Village Engineer
		nd how does this reduce risk? gineer) considers the Hazard Mitiga	tion Plan wher	n reviewing all
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integr N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Village Engineer
		nd how does this reduce risk? Insiders the Hazard Mitigation Plan w	when reviewing	g all applications.
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Chapter 198 – Stormwater Management	Local	Stormwater Management Officer
		nd how does this reduce risk? ion Plan when preparing the annua	l MS-4 Report.	





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP ai	nd how does this reduce risk?		•
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	Yes	Village Code Chapter 130 – Flood Damage Prevention, 2014	Local	Village Engineer and Local Administration
How has or will this be integro MS-4 Watershed Plan will be		nd how does this reduce risk?		•
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Village Code Chapter 198 – Stormwater Management, 2008	Local	Stormwater Management Officer
Management Plan, including I	but not limited to co	ance to the requirements detailed mpliance to the NYS Stormwater Minent Control, and SWPPP requirement.	lanagement De	
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP ar	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integra N/A	ated with the HMP ar	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integre N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integre N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning	1			
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integral N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integro N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		
Other	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integra N/A	ated with the HMP a	nd how does this reduce risk?		

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.8-3 summarizes the capabilities of Hillburn to oversee and track development.





Table 9.8-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
If you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	No	-
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain Development Permits are issued by the Floodplain Administer, the Village Engineer
Do you have a buildable land inventory? If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.8-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Hillburn and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.8-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The planning board uses the Village's zoning local law, Rockland County Department of Planning, and floodplain administration to guide their decisions with respect to natural hazard risk management.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The zoning board uses the Village's zoning local law, Rockland County Department of Planning, and floodplain administration to guide their decisions with respect to natural hazard risk management.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Public Works Department is responsible for household trash and recycling pick-up, the maintenance of Village facilities and grounds.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	No	-
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Police services are provided to the Village of Hillburn by the Town of Ramapo Police Department. Hillburn Fire Department is a volunteer department which services the Village.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Public Works Department is responsible for household trash and recycling pick-up, the maintenance of Village facilities and grounds.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Police





		Comments
Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	Yes	There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk.
Other: Community Forestry Council	Yes	It is the responsibility of the Council to study, investigate, counsel, develop and/or update annually a written plan for the care, preservation, pruning, planting, replanting, removal or disposition of trees, shrubs and bushes in parks, along streets and in other public areas, including easements.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Engineer
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Village Engineer
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Village Engineer
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi- Hazards (MH) applications	No	
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	
Resilience Officer	No	
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.8-5 summarizes financial resources available to Hillburn.

Table 9.8-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	No
Capital improvements project funding	Yes – Hillburn Village Board
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes – Hillburn Village Board
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes – Hillburn Village Board
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes – Hillburn Village Board
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No





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Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
G G	Yes – Hillburn Village Board; Consolidated
	Local Street and Highway Improvement
	Program (CHIPs) through NYSDOT
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.8-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Hillburn.

Table 9.8-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	No	-
If yes, please describe.	-	-

Community Classifications

Table 9.8-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Hillburn.

Table 9.8-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	Class 4	March 3, 2011
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC



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2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.8-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.8-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Weak
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.8.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.8-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.8-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Hillburn.

Table 9.8-9. Hillburn NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	3
# Claims (L <mark>oss</mark> es)	33
Total Loss Payments	\$1,222,574
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	2
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	1

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.



Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.8-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Hillburn.

Table 9.8-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	The Village refers to the Flood Map to determine if a property is in the Floodplain.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	A list is not maintained.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Building Department review.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None declared recently
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Unknown at this time
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Village Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	N/A
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Review of application by the respective authority (i.e. Building Inspector, Village Engineer, Planning Board, etc.)
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A



NFIP Topic	Comments
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	6/27/2019
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Hillburn Village Code Chapter 130
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	N/A
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.8.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.8-11 through Table 9.8-13.

Table 9.8-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Cons	truction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	etc.)	Total					
	2018								
Total Permits		N/A – The Village	does not issue building permits.						
Permits within SFHA									
		2019							
Total Permits	N/A – The Village does not issue building permits.								
Permits within SFHA		TV/A THE VIIIage	does not issue building permits.						
		2020							
Total Permits		N/A – The Village	does not issue building permits.						
Permits within SFHA		N/A - The village	does not issue ballaling permits.						
		2021							
Total Permits		NI/A The Village	does not issue building permits						
Permits within SFHA	N/A – The Village does not issue building permits.								
2022									
Total Permits		N/A – The Village does not issue building permits.							
Permits within SFHA		N/A - Me village	does not issue building permits.						

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)





Table 9.8-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
No major development and infrastructure reported.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.8-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
6th St. Culvert	Culvert	N/A	6th St.	N/A	Out to Bid

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.8.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Hillburn risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.8-1 through Figure 9.8-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Hillburn has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



Figure 9.8-1. Village of Hillburn Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

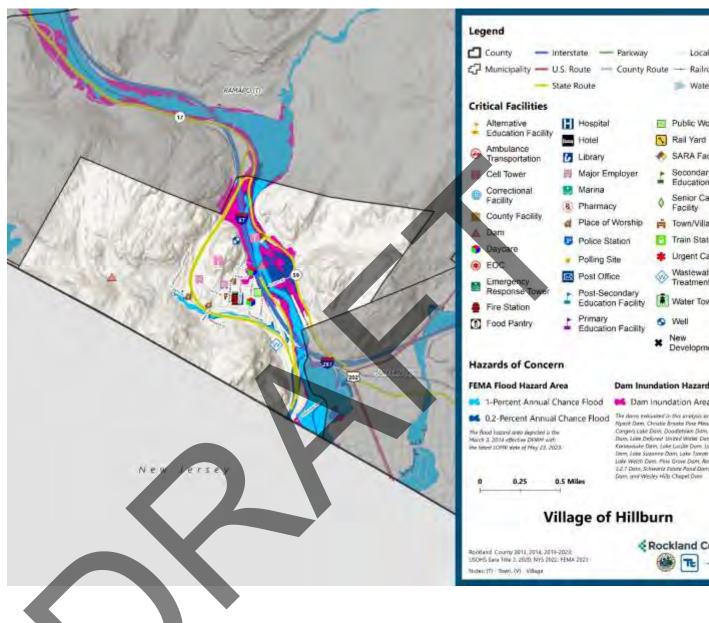
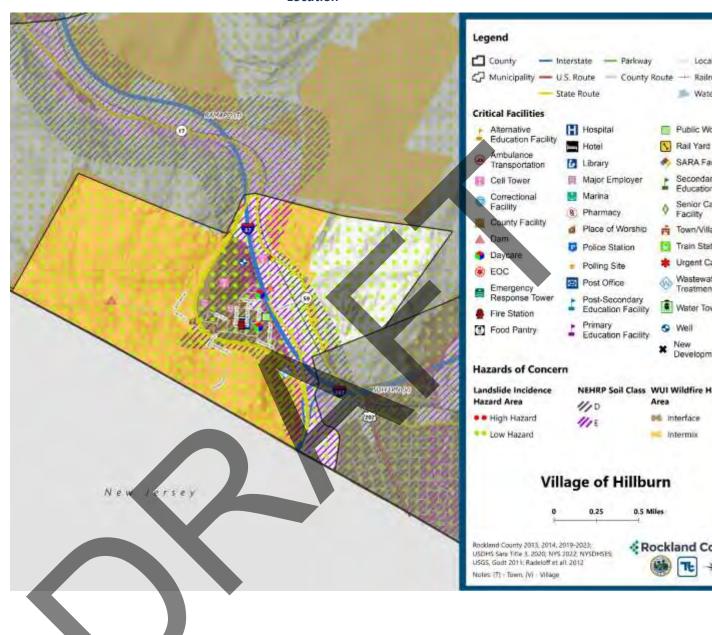


Figure 9.8-2. Village of Hillburn Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Hillburn is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.8-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.8-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Hillburn

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
January 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	
April 13, 2020	High Winds	No	High winds across the county led to downed trees, power outages, closed roads,	\$200,000 in property damage
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	-
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	-



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	6 th Street Culvert affected
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Hillburn.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Hillburn reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

- The Village has no history of earthquake events and revised the hazard ranking to Low.
- The Village has steep slopes and revised the hazard ranking for Landslides to Medium.
- The Village agreed with the Wildfire hazard ranking and noted that the Village is adjacent to larger forested areas.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Hillburn's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.8-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium





Hazard	Rank		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Low		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Medium		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Medium		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.8-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.8-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Hillburn Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-HillburnV-07	No No
Verizon Wir 128	Cell Tower	Yes	Yes	2024-HillburnV-07	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, there are no high hazard dams located in or that could impact Hillburn.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Hillburn's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Hillburn identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

Flooding, Brush Fires, High Wind, Rockslides, Railroad/Thruway Corridor running through the Village.

9.8.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.8-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.



Additional Mitigation Efforts

The Village did not identify additional mitigation efforts completed other than the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**





Table 9.8-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Hillburn-1	Community Rating System (CRS)	Flood	Village	The Village is not in the CRS program. Consider joining the Community Rating System (CRS).	Complete Determined to have no significant community interest or benefit.	Discontinue N/A The Village has opted to not join CRS due to limited community interest and benefit.
Hillburn-2	Automated Notification System	All Hazards	Village		1. No progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Hillburn-3	Culvert Upgrades	Flood, Severe Storm	Village	The culvert on Brook Street is undersized and contributes to flooding issues. Upgrade and replace the culvert on Brook Street to increase its capacity.	1. No progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Hillburn-4	Public Workshops	All Hazards	Village	3 .	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	Niscontinue Niscontin



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Hillburn-5	Floodplain Management Best Practices	Flood		Best management practices need to stay up to date to ensure properties are protected in the floodplain areas Continue to implement best management practices for floodplain areas.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	N/A The Village can update or revise their practices on an asneeded basis if changes to their vulnerabilities arise.
Hillburn-6	Identify and document flooded properties	Flood		Flood-vulnerable properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Hillburn-7	Flood-prone Roadways	Severe Storm, Flood		Flood prone roads can	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include Identify specific roadways that may be suited for a project. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Hillburn-8	Critical Facilities Protection	All	Village Trustee	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	N/A This capability is leveraged on an as-needed basis when considering grant funding.
Hillburn-9	Village Warning System	All Hazards	Rockland County, Village		1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. Consolidate with old action (Hillburn-2) into single action (2024-HillburnV-01). 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Hillburn- 10	Public Awareness Program	All Hazards	Village	Need to keep public awareness programs up to date. Continue to develop and enhance the Village's public awareness program on hazards, prevention, and mitigation.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. N/A	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Hillburn- 11	Certified Floodplain Manager	Flood	Village	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
Hillburn- 12	Critical Facilities Located in the Floodplain	Flood	Private Property Owners and Village support	The St. Lawrence Center and O&R Hillburn Substation are located in the floodplain. The St. Lawrence Center and O&R Hillburn Substation are located in the floodplain. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities. The Village will work with the Town and County to notify the owners of their flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario.		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Hillburn- 13	Fourth Street Pump Flood Mitigation	Severe Storm, Flood	Village of Hillburn	Fourth Street pump station is located in the floodplain and vulnerable to flooding. Protect the Fourth Street pump station by installing appropriate physical protective measures to mitigate flood future losses. The owner will determine the most cost-effective and feasible mitigation option on mitigating and assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario". Mitigation options may include dry floodproofing, elevate infrastructure or relocate outside the floodplain.		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Hillburn participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Hillburn would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.8-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.8-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

		FEIVIA				CRS				
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Disease Outbreak	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Drought	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Earthquake	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Extreme Temperature	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Flood	3	3	-	2	3	3	4	-	1	1
Landslide	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Severe Weather	2	3	-	2	2	3	4	-	1	1
Severe Winter Weather	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1
Wildfire	_	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	1

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) — These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Rockland County

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilitie





Table 9.8-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-HillburnV- 01	Automated Notification System	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	8	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 02	Brook Street Culvert Upgrade	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	9	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 03	Document Flood-prone Properties	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	9	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 04	Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	9	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 05	Public Awareness and Outreach	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	12	High
2024-HillburnV- 06	Certified Floodplain Manager Training	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 07	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	7	Medium
2024-HillburnV- 07	Fourth Street Pump Station Improvements	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	7	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-HillburnV-01. Automated Notification System

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-01. Automated	Notification	System				
Description of the Problem:	The Village works with various monitoring and warning syste Village residents to increase aw	ms, and lac	ks an automat	ed notification system for			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Review existing emergency responding social support agencies, home cimplement monitoring and wa provision of adequate shelter for tillage responding to the control of the	wners assorning system acilities. Co	ciations and ger ns focused on v	eral public to develop and ulnerable populations and			
Lead Agency:	Village						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emergency Services						
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	State, Local						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This system could make it ea technical capabilities to become						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project could notify reside stay off roads during hazard eve			•			
Impact on Capabilities	This project would improve t emergencies.	he Village's	capabilities to	prepare and respond to			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action Currer			nt problem persists			
	Automated email syste	m	Not all reside	nts have email or check it regularly			





Action 2024-HillburnV-02. Brook Street Culvert Upgrade

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-02. Brook Street	Culvert Up	grade				
Description of the Problem:	The culvert on Brook Street is ur	ndersized a	nd can lead to fl	ooding.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	slide re Storm re Winter Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Upgrade and replace the culvert	to increase	e its capacity and	d reduce overflo	vs.		
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer						
Supporting Agencies:	Highway/Public Works Departm	ent					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	State, Local, FEMA HMA, FMA, E	BRIC					
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projections	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NS nd Awareness Prog			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			source Protection (NR) Flood Control Projects (SP) y Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project may reduce pote properties.	ential flood	l impacts in th	e surrounding	oads and		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project could help ensure re events.	oadways re	main clear or at	least passable du	ıring flood		
Impact on Capabilities	This project will mitigate the Vil hazard event.	lage's need	I to respond if B	rook Street close	s during a		
Impact on Future Development:	This project will reduce flood im	pacts to fut	ture developme	nt in the surroun	ding area.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This project may increase the precipitation events.	ne culvert'	s capacity to	withstand mor	e intense		
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	ı	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action	No action Cu		t problem persis	ts		
	Remove culvert			Not feasible			
	Relocate Brook Street	:	No	t cost-effective			



Action 2024-HillburnV-03. Document Flood-prone Properties

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-03. Document Flood-prone Properties						
Description of the Problem:	There are properties in the Vill vulnerable properties place an efforts should be made to mitige	undue stre		_			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Work with owners to explore properties, and if appropriate are and flood proofing measures to	nd feasible,	carry out acquis				
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer, Private Proper	Village Engineer, Private Property Owners					
Supporting Agencies:	Village of Hillburn, Building Dep	artment					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA (HMGP, FMA, PDM), CDBG, NYS DHSES, Municipal Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This project could make it easier vulnerable properties.	for the Cou	unty and Village	to reach homeowners with			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	Data will help village and cour vulnerable residents.	nty design f	future mitigation	n actions and outreach to			
Impact on Future Development:	This project could help reduce development.	ce potentia	al impact of fl	ooding on nearby future			
Climate Change Considerations:	This project could help identify floodplain restoration projects.	potential a	reas or properti	es for potential buyouts or			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Curren	t problem persists			
	Identify repetitive loss ar	eas	Not action-driven and does not reduce or eliminate vulnerability				



Action 2024-HillburnV-04. Flood-prone Roadway Mitigation Solutions

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-04. Flood-prone	Roadway N	Mitigation Solution	ons				
Description of the Problem:	Many roadways, in particular Co	ounty roads	, repeatedly floo	od.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm				
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood-prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood-prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.							
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor, Village Engineer							
Supporting Agencies:	Highway/Public Works Departm	Highway/Public Works Department, County Department of Public Works						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)	.ow (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Local, State	Local, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7							
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Proje			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the ensures access to emergency ro			during flooding events and				
Impact on Capabilities	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate po	otential dar	mage along any a	affected roadways.				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	ı	□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
	No action		Current problem persists					
	Raise or relocate roadwa	ays	Not action-driven and does not reduce or eliminate vulnerability					



Action 2024-HillburnV-05. Public Awareness and Outreach

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-05. Public Awareness and Outreach						
Description of the Problem:	Not all residents are aware of the protect themselves and their pro			· ·			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Improve public awareness on hazards, prevention and mitigation through increased outreach, including but not limited to periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc.; and incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources on the Village website.						
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Office of Emer	gency Servi	ces	·			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	3						
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☐ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐ Structure and Infrastructure Projection	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This initiative aims to reach populave limited internet access or t			e, do not speak English, and			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	ı	□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Curren	Current problem persists			
	Update website without linking resources	g to other		each those with limited chnology; not preferred			



Action 2024-HillburnV-06. Certified Floodplain Manager Training

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-06. Certified Floodplain Manager Training							
Description of the Problem:	The Village's floodplain mana Certified Floodplain Managers.	gement ar	nd ordinance e	nforcement staff are not				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	[[[⊠Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers.							
Lead Agency:	Village							
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department							
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Operating Budget							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7							
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Proj			l Systems Protection (NSP) tion and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A							
Impact on Capabilities	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	N/A							
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium	ı	□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
	No action	No action		Current problem persists				
	Have staff attend courses, become CFMs	out not	education red Village's flood	cognition or continuing quirements to ensure the plain management follows pest practices				



Action 2024-HillburnV-07. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-07. Critical Facili	ties in the I	loodplain				
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple critical facilities in the floodplain in the Village, including the St. Lawrence Center, O&R Hillburn Substation, Hillburn Dam and a cellular tower owned by Verizon. The Village has jurisdiction over the Hillburn Dam, but the rest of these facilities are privately owned.						
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	The Village will notify the private owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation. Potential feasible projects may include the following. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities. The Village evaluate the potential impacts to municipal-owner assets to determine if additional mitigation initiatives are required to protect property and life.						
Lead Agency:	Village Mayor, Property Owners						
Supporting Agencies:	Village Engineer, Building Department						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC. Municipal operating budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	✓ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projections	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the events.	functional	lity of critical in	frastructure during hazard			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	This project may reduce impac activities are undertaken that er						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action	t problem persists					



Action 2024-HillburnV-08. Fourth Street Pump Station Improvements

Action Name:	2024-HillburnV-08. Fourth Street Pump Station Improvements						
Description of the Problem:	The Fourth Street pump station	is in the flo	odplain and is v	ulnerable to flooding.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter □Wildfire	Storm			
Description of the Solution:	Protect the Fourth Street pump station by installing appropriate physical protective measures to mitigate flood future losses. The owner will determine the most cost-effective and feasible mitigation option on mitigating and assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario". Mitigation options may include dry floodproofing, elevate infrastructure or relocate outside the floodplain.						
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer, Public Works/I	Highway De	partment				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Board						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC. Municip	oal operatin	g budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje		· ·	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the events.	functional	ity of critical in	frastructure during hazard			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	This project may reduce impac activities are undertaken that e						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Curren	t problem persists			
	Relocate pump station	า	No feasible				
	Dry floodproofing		Not preferred				
	Elevate structure		Structure	remains in floodplain			



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.9 VILLAGE OF KASER

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Kaser with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Kaser, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.9.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Kaser identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Deputy Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.9-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.9-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact			
Name/Title: Binyomin Mermelstein, Deputy Clerk	Name/Title: Allie Pinkasovits, Clerk/Treasurer			
Address: 15 Elyon Road, Monsey NY 10952	Address: 15 Elyon Road, Monsey NY 10952			
Phone Number: 845-352-2932	Phone Number: 845-352-2932			
Email: kaser@ksrnet.com	Email: kaser@ksrnet.com			
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator				
Name/Title: Bernard Rosenfeld				
Address: 15 Elyon Road, Monsey, NY 10952				
Phone Number: 845-352-2932				
Email: kaser@ksnet.com				
Additional Contributors				
Name/Title: Eve Mancuso, Village Engineer, Brooker Engineering, a	Weston & Sampson Company			
Method of Participation: Attended Risk Assessment and Mitigation Actions workshops, completed worksheets and surveys, updated				
actions through the BATool.				
Name/Title: Andy Stewart, Village Administrator				
Method of Participation: Attended Risk Assessment and Mitigation	Actions workshops, completed worksheets and surveys, updated			
actions through the BATool.				





9.9.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Kaser is located in the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It is completely surrounded by the hamlet of Monsey. The Village is considered the most densely populated municipality in the State of New York, with the fifth most densely populated area in the United States. The Village has a total area of 0.2 square miles and provides both police and garbage pickup services for residents. According to the U.S. Census, the 2020 population for the Village of Kaser was 5,491, an 1.1 percent decrease from the 2010 Census.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates indicates that 24.3 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 3.2 percent is 65 years of age or older, 24.8 percent is non-English speaking, 60.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 1.9 percent is considered disabled.

9.9.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Kaser performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Kaser to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.9-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Kaser.



Table 9.9-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Codes Oudingues & Beautytio	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation Building Code	Yes	NYS Building Code & Chapter 140, 176, 196	State, County and Local	Building Inspector
requirements for building system	ed to establish provisions using prescriptive a naterials and new build	ow does this reduce risk? ons that adequately protect public healt nd performance-related provisions. It is ing designs. The 2020 edition is an upda	h, safety and we	ad-based principles that
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	LL # 2 of 2008 and LL# 1 of 2014	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
How has or will this be integrated The Zoning Ordinance implemen		ow does this reduce risk? tives of the Comprehensive Plan.		
Subdivision Code	No	-	_	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Site Plan Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 345, Sewers	Local	Rockland County
issuance of wastewater discharg review procedures; requires user programs established herein.	e permits; provides fo	ks (POTW). This chapter shall apply to a rmonitoring, compliance, and enforcer less for the setting of fees for the equita	nent activities; e	stablishes administrative
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and he	ow does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State
	bility for failing to disc a credit of \$500 to the	lose under the exceptions to "caveat ene buyer at closing. While the PCDA requ	ires a seller to co	omplete a standardized
disclosure statement and deliver York opt not to complete the sta				
disclosure statement and deliver York opt not to complete the sta			-	-
disclosure statement and deliver	tement and instead pa	ay the credit. -	-	-
disclosure statement and deliver York opt not to complete the sta Growth Management How has or will this be integrated	tement and instead pa	ay the credit. -	-	-



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency			
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Local Law No. 2 of 2008, amended to Local Law No. 1 of 2014	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector			
How has or will this be integrated. The FDPO promotes the public he specific areas.		ow does this reduce risk? ral welfare and to minimize public and	private losses du	e to flood conditions in			
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-		-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Building Inspector			
	added where the desigossible to obtain a des	gn flood elevation or other elevation re ign flood elevation from the FIRM or fr					
Other	No		-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Planning Documents			,				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Rockland County Comprehensive Plan, March 2011	Local/County	Rockland County			
How has or will this be integrated. The Village utilizes the county co		ow does this reduce risk? guide future actions and development i	n the community	.			
Capital Improvement Plan	Yes	Capital Improvement Plan	Local	Citizen Advisory Committee			
How has or will this be integrated. The Village's CIP helps guide final prioritize in terms of hazard mitig	ncial decision on whic	ow does this reduce risk? h large-scale projects to implement wit	thin the commun	ity, and what actions to			
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Floodplain Management or	No	-	-	-			
Watershed Plan	<u> </u>	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?					
	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					





	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrate The Stormwater Management Pl drainage basins, ditches, and mo	an regulates and mair	ow does this reduce risk? ntains critical stormwater infrastructure	located in the V	illage, such as culverts,
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	Yes	Economic Development Plan	Local	Citizen Advisory Committee
How has or will this be integrate The purpose of this plan is to pro		ow does this reduce risk? nomic development within the Village.	,	
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-		-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		· •		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Public Health Plan	No	-	_	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.9-3 summarizes the capabilities of Kaser to oversee and track development.

Table 9.9-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for issuing development permits.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.9-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Kaser and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.





Table 9.9-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Village Board also serves as the Planning Board that reviews all site plans, evaluates open space, and addresses environmental issues including if locations are in the floodplain. Zoning and building issues are discussed at public Planning Board meetings.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	No	-
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Village has a contract with the Town of Ramapo for Department of Public Works (DPW); however, the Village also has one staff to assist as well. During and after every rain event, the Village DPW staff inspects all catch basins and after the event cleans the catch basins as needed. The Village DPW staff also clean the streams after each storm event. The Village Deputy Clerk also inspects for areas of flooding during and after rain/storm events and documents. The Village has a small truck with tools to enable Village DPW to address fallen trees/limbs to clear roads and access ways.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	No	
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Storm-drain cleaning before/during rain events; stream cleaning; Snow and tree removal as capable.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Jown of Ramapo (Police and DPW)
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	-	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Planner, Building Inspector
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Brooker Engineering
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Planner
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Contractor engineer
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	Use County web portal



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Village staff
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Contract engineer as needed.
Emergency Manager	Yes	Police – utilizes Town Monsey Fire District Village has its own Public Safety – manage events and through the weekends and holidays. Village has many volunteers that assist as well.
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Village Deputy Clerk or hire contractors as needed.
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	-	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.9-5 summarizes financial resources available to Kaser.

Table 9.9-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accesible on Elicible to Head (Vec/Ne)
Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Municipal budget, but it is limited
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	No
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes (U.S. HUD CDBG, FEMA HMGP, NYS DOT Transportation Alternative Program)
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.9-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Kaser.

Table 9.9-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-





Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	The Citizens Advisory Committee that develops a project list providing residents an opportunity for input, and the committee votes. This is done for CDBG grant programs.
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	See below
If yes, please describe.		The Village prepares and distributes pamphlets, develops an annual newsletter, and can make mass telephone calls and send emails to those who signed up on the list and provide residents information regarding upcoming storm events, preparedness, or parking during the winter months. The Village ensures messages distributed from the Town and County is also passed on to residents through the telephone call or email system.

Community Classifications

Table 9.9-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Kaser.

Table 9.9-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	Yes	-	-

N/A = N/A

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction





has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.9-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.9-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.9.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.9-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.9-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Kaser.

Table 9.9-9. Village of Kaser NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	2
# Claims (Losses)	0
Total Loss Payments	\$0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	0
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.





Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.9-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Kaser.

Table 9.9-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments		
Flood Vulnerability Summary			
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	The Village of Kaser experiences flooding during severe storm events, especially in low-lying areas of the Village.		
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No, not at this time.		
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation? •	No, not at this time.		
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown, at this time.		
Are any riskmap projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No, not at this time.		
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	If needed, Building Department would perform an onsite inspection.		
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.		
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown, at this time.		
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes.		
NFIP Compliance			
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The floodplain administrator is responsible for floodplain management within the Village.		
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No.		
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes.		
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No, not at this time.		
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	N/A		
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	During Review, calculations of increase in volume and SF determined.		





NFIP Topic	Comments
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	N/A
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown, at this time.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	LL #2
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The program meets minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	No, not at this time.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	The Village would like to explore the opportunity to join the CRS program.

9.9.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.9-11 through Table 9.9-13.

Table 9.9-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total		
2019						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
2020						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
2021						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
2022						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
2023						
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)





Table 9.9-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development				
No major development and infrastructure reported									

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.9-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
		No major develop	ment or infrastructure	e anticipated.	

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.9.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Kaser risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.9-1 through Figure 9.9-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Kaser has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



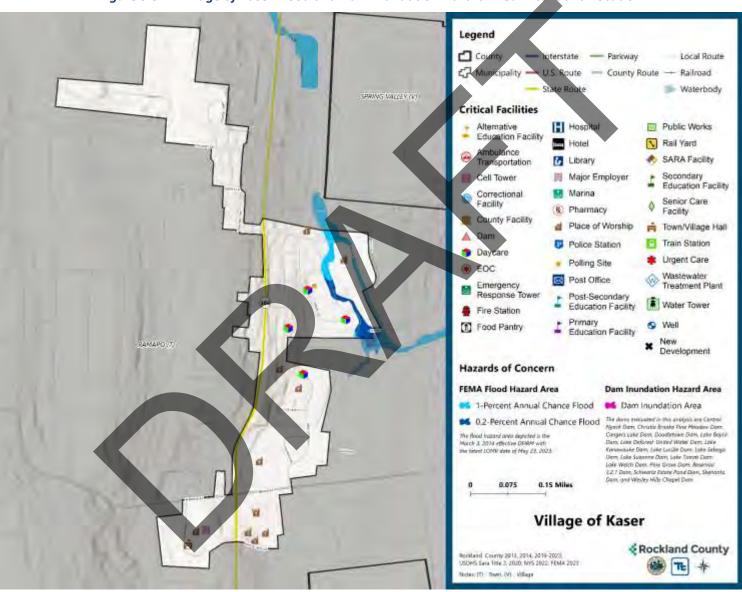


Figure 9.9-1. Village of Kaser Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

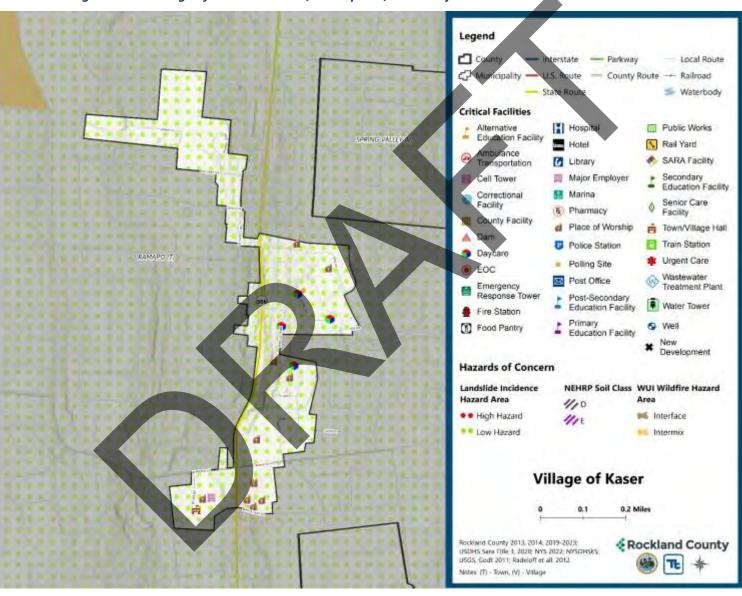


Figure 9.9-2. Village of Kaser Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Kaser is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.9-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.9-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Kaser

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village followed mandated social distancing and business/public closures which impacted the economy and health of the community.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Isaias.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Henri.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Ida.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = N/A

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Kaser.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Kaser reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following hazard rankings as true in Table 9.9-15.

Table 9.9 15 shows Kaser's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.9-15. Hazard Ranking Input

Hazard	Rank			
Dam Failure	Low			
Disease Outbreak	Medium			
Drought	Medium			
Earthquake	Low			
Extreme Temperature	Medium			
Flood	Low			
Landslide	Low			
Severe Weather	High			
Severe Winter Weather	High			
Wildfire	Low			



Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.9-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.9-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

	li	Ехро	sure							
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2					
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level					
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)					
The Village of Kaser has no critica	The Village of Kaser has no critical facilities located within the 1- or 0.2-percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area.									

The following high hazard dams are located in or could impact the Village of Kaser:

- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Kaser's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Kaser identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Lack of backup power and emergency lighting in the Village for use during power outages and emergencies.
- Inadequate culverts on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace leads to flooding.
- The Village currently does not have proper snow and ice removal equipment to use during winter storm events.
- The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.
- Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- The Village is currently not in the CRS program.





9.9.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Kaser identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- The Village has identified undersized culverts in need of flood mitigation on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace (near Pascack Brook).
- The Village is exploring CRS opportunities.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Kaser has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Emergency Response Planning.
- Funding Opportunities
- Identification of Mitigation needs for Critical Infrastructure.





Table 9.9-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Kaser identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- The Village has identified undersized culverts in need of flood mitigation on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace (near Pascack Brook).
- The Village is exploring CRS opportunities.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Kaser has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Emergency Response Planning.
- Funding Opportunities
- Identification of Mitigation needs for Critical Infrastructure.





Table 9.9-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Kaser-1	Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities	All Hazards		emergency lighting in the	No Progress A challenge has been funding availability.	1. Include 2. Ensure continuity of operations in the Village after a natural hazard event. The Village will: 1. Purchase a generator to supply backup power to the synagogue on Phyllis terrace. 2. Purchase additional diesel-fueled light towers which can also serve as mobile generators. 3. Purchase a mobile generator for Village Hall 3. N/A
Kaser-2	Increase Capacity of Culverts in Village	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Clerk	Inadequate culverts on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace leads to flooding. Increase the capacity of culverts on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace (culverts through Village – Pascack Brook) to address flooding.	1. No Progress 2. A challenge has been staff availability.	Include Increase the capacity of culverts on Rita Avenue and Phyllis Terrace (near Pascack Brook) to address flooding. N/A



Kaser-3	Purchase Pick-Up Truck for Snow and Ice Removal	Severe Winter Storm	Village DPW	The Village currently does not have proper snow and ice removal equipment to use during winter storm events. Purchase a small pick-up truck to enable the Village to conduct snow/ice removal and distribute salt on roads during winter storm events.	No Progress A challenge has been funding availability.	1. Include 2. Purchase a pick-up truck for the Village to conduct snow/ice removal and distribute salt on roads during winter storm events 3. N/A
Kaser-4	Review Emergency Response Plans	All Hazards	Village	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations, and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability and coordination.	1. Include 2. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities. 3. N/A
Kaser-5	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood	Village Clerk, NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).	3	Include Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs). N/A



Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Kaser participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Kaser would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.9-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.9-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.9-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA** CRS LPR SIP NSP EAP PR PP PΙ NR SP ES Hazard Dam Failure 1 1 Disease Outbreak 1 1 1 1 Drought 1 1 1 1 Earthquake 1 1 1 1 Extreme Temperature

1

2

1

2

1

2

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

Table 9.9-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.



Flood

Landslide

Severe Weather

Severe Winter Weather

1

1

1

1

2

1

1

Rockland County

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.9-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Technical	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Multi-Hazard	Climate Change	Timeline	Agency Champion	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-KaserV-01	Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	High
2024-KaserV-02	Increase Capacity of Culverts in Village	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-KaserV-03	Purchase Pick-Up Truck for Snow and Ice Removal	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	High
2024-KaserV-04	Review Emergency Response Plans	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-KaserV-05	Certified Floodplain Managers	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-KaserV-06	Community Rating System	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-4), Medium (5-8), High (9-14).





Action 2024-KaserV-01. Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-01				
Description of the Problem:	Lack of backup power and emerge during power outages and emerger				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter Storm ⊠Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Ensure continuity of operations in event. The Village will: 1. Purchase a generator to supply be Phyllis terrace. 2. Purchase additional diesel-fueled as mobile generators. 3. Purchase a mobile generator for	rackup power to the synagogue on dight towers which can also serve			
Lead Agency:	Village Clerk				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects public health and safe critical facility and its essential functions du				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	workers, and emergency managers to stage and deploy resources to vulnerable and				
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a critical facility that could support future development.				





Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase severe weather events such as flooding, wind, and extreme temperatures that result in power failures. This action accounts for a likely increase in power failure events.						
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium □Low						
	Action	Evaluation					
	No action.	Problem continues.					
Alternatives	Install solar panels.	Weather dependent.					
	Install wind turbines.	Weather dependent, costly.					

Action 2024-KaserV-02. Increase Capacity of Culverts in Village

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-02					
Description of the Problem:	Inadequate culverts on Rita Avenu flooding.	ue and Phyllis Terrace leads to				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake	Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire				
Description of the So <mark>lution</mark> :	Increase the capacity of culverts on Rita Av Brook) to address flooding.	renue and Phyllis Terrace (near Pascack				
Lead Agency:	Village Clerk					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Access to health and medical facilities wi workers and the population who requires tre					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, State CRRA bond					
Implementation Timeline:	Long Term (5+ yrs.)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7					
Benefits:	Protection of life and property, infrastructur	e.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				

Rockland County

Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that were previously vulnerable to frequency or severe flooding events will be less likely to be impacted by flooding events.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted area will be less likely to be flooded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Increasing intensity, duration, and frequency of heavy rainfall events due to climate change. This action upsizes culvert sizes to meet changing stormwater needs as the result of climate change.		
Priority: <i>Check one</i>	⊠High □Medium □Low		
	Action		
	No action.	Problem continues.	
Alternatives	Elevate roadway.	May not solve this particular flooding concern, Costly.	
	Relocated roadway	Not possible.	

Action 2024-KaserV-03. Purchase Pick-Up Truck for Snow and Ice Removal

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-03 (prev. Kaser-3)		
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have proper snow and ice removal equipment to use during winter storm events.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Flood □Disease Outbreak □Landslide □Drought □Severe Storm □Earthquake □Severe Winter Storm □Extreme Temperature □Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Purchase a pick-up truck for the Village to conduct snow/ice removal and distribute salt on roads during winter storm events		
Lead Agency:	Village DPW		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will ensure the functions of critical facilities can remain fully operational during a severe winter storm event.		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	



CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)		
	☐Property Protection (PP)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)		
Check all that apply	□Public Information (PI)	⊠ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	I populations to use after a severe winter storm event. It would also allow for safe			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change will exacerbate severe storm events and will cause increased severity and frequency of snowfall. This action would help to mitigate risks to the community from climate change impacts.			
Priority:				
Check one	⊠High □Mediun	n □Low		
	Action	Evaluation		
	Do nothing. Problem continues.			
Alternatives	Educate residents on winter mitigation strategies to implement.	Vulnerable populations at risk, problem continues.		
	Use another Village owned vehicle already in-service.	Not safe, vehicle not equipped to service ice-roads.		

Action 2024-KaserV-04. Review Emergency Response Plans

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-04		
	The current emergency resp	oonse plans do not implement monitoring	
Description of the Problem:	or warning systems.		
	☑ Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	☑ Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide	
Check all that apply	☑Drought	⊠Severe Storm	
Check an that apply	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter Storm	
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire	
	Review existing emergency resp	onse plans for enhancement opportunities: work	
Description of the Solution:	,, -	omeowners' associations and general public to	
	develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Suppositing Agencies			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will provide guidance for establishing adequate shelter facilities, further growing the Village's critical facilities available to the community.		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5yrs.)		





Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □ CAP		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Updates to the Emergency Response Plan facilities and warning systems to assist vudisaster event occurs.		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A		
Priority: Check one	⊠High ☑Medium	□Low	
	Action	Evaluation	
	No action.	Emergency Response Plan out of date, problem continues.	
Alternatives	Rely on non-profits to address emergency response for vulnerable populations	Possibility for lack of resources and capacity.	
	Rely on state emergency response plan procedures.	Not locally specific, problem still continues.	

Action 2024-KaserV-05. Certified Floodplain Managers

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-05 (prev. Kaser-5)		
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.		
	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood	
Hazard's) of Concorns	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Drought	□Severe Storm	
check an that apply	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm	
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		
Lead Agency:	Village Clerk, NFIP Floodplain Administrator		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A		

Rockland County

	Law (c \$10,000)		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7		
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)	
спеск ин тнит ирргу	□Public Information (PI)	□Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	This action would allow local staff to have I resilience when planning for future develop		
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would take into account current informed when making planning considerations.		
Priority:			
Check one	⊠High □Mediù	n □Low	
	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	The problem would persist.	
Alternatives	Rely on state floodplain management.	The state may not have the capability to provide this service.	
	Rely on federal floodplain management.	The federal government may not have the capability to provide this service.	

Action 2024-KaserV-06. Community Rating System

Action Name:	2024-KaserV-06		
Description of the Problem:	The Village is currently not in the CRS program.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☐ Flood ☐ Landslide ☐ Severe Storm ☐ Severe Winter Storm ☐ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Join the Community Rating System (CRS).		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		



Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The CRS program requires flood mapping and other elements which take include locations of critical facilities and lifelines.			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The CRS program contains actions and elements that include outreach to socially vulnerable populations. Participating as a CRS community will allow flood insurance discounts and premiums for residents.			
Impact on Future Development:	The CRS program has actions and elements which can assist with planning for sustainable future development.			
Climate Change Considerations:	The CRS program incorporates climate cha participating the Village will be more resili			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low		
	Action	Evaluation		
	Do nothing. Will not qualify for discour insurance and FEMA resource.			
Alternatives	Rely on state resources.	Will not be a participating community in CRS.		
	Participate as a class 10 community.	Will not be considered a participating community in CRS.		





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.10 VILLAGE OF MONTEBELLO

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Montebello with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Montebello, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.10.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Montebello identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Engineer represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.10-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.10-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: Martin Spence, Village Engineer	Name/Title: Lance M. Millman, Village Mayor
Address: One Montebello Road	Address: One Montebello Road
Montebello, NY 10901	Montebello, NY 10901
Phone Number: 201-934-0300	Phone Number:845-368-2211
Email: mkspence@spenceengineer.com	Email: mayor@villageofmontebello.com
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: Martin Spence, Village Engineer Address: One Montebello Road Montebello, NY 10901 Phone Number: 201-934-0300 Email: mkspence@spenceengineer.com	
Additional Contributors	
Name/Title: Haris Aljovic, Village Engineer (Spence Engineering) Method of Participation: Planning Partnership, Risk Assessment and Non draft documents	Mitigation Action Workshops, provided information and feedback

9.10.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Montebello is in the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It is bordered to the north, east and west by the Town of Ramapo, and to the south by the Villages of Suffern and Airmont. The Village is approximately





4.75 square miles in size. The Village was established in 1986 in part to direct and control the intensity and types of land use allowed in the municipality. The interior portion of the Village is marked by a sense of openness, with residential land uses decreasing in density as one travels south to north through the community.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on several factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 4.1 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 12.1 percent is 65 years of age or older, 3.5 percent is non-English speaking, 11.1 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 6.5 percent is considered disabled.

9.10.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Montebello performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Montebello to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.10-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Montebello.



Table 9.10-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	I	1	ı	l.		
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	ns		ı			
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 60 – Buildings, Unsafe, 1998	State and Local	Building Inspector		
How has or will this be integrated. The Building Code specifies the s		or does this reduce risk? On of buildings and structures for the Vi	illage.			
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 195 – Zoning, 2003	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals		
How has or will this be integrated. The Zoning Ordinance implemen						
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 163 – Subdivision of Lane, 1994	Local	Planning Board		
How has or will this be integrated Subdivisions Ordinance requires		o does this reduce risk? o prevent building that would impair fl	ood hazard area	S.		
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 146; Chapter 163; Chapter 195, Article IX – Zoning, Site Development Plan Review, 2003	Local	Planning Board		
How has or will this be integrated Site Plan Ordinance requires mea		v does this reduce risk? revent building that would impair flood	hazard areas.			
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 158 – Stormwater Management	Local	Planning Board		
general health, safety, and welfa Post-Disaster Recovery/	establish minimum stor	mwater management requirements ar	nd controls to pro	otect and safeguard the		
Reconstruction Code How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?				
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and local	NYS Department of State		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? In addition to facing potential liability for failing to disclose under the exceptions to "caveat emptor," a home seller must make certain disclosures under the law or pay a credit of \$500 to the buyer at closing. While the PCDA requires a seller to complete a standardized disclosure statement and deliver it to the buyer before the buyer signs the final purchase contract, in practice, most home sellers in New York opt not to complete the statement and instead pay the credit.						
Growth Management	No	-	-	-		
	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?					
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Flood Damage Prevention	Yes	Chapter 92 – Flood Damage	Federal, State,	Village Engineer		

The FDPO promotes the public health, safety and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas, by regulating the use of dangerous properties due to water/erosion hazards, requiring facilities to be protected against flood damage during initial construction, controlling dredging activities, and more.





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Wellhead Protection	Yes	Chapter 195, Article 37 – Aquifer and Wellhead Protection, 2018	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals
	d wellhead protection st ne Village depends upon	v does this reduce risk? andards are to protect, preserve, and r entirely for its present and future pub		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	_	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	!	v does this reduce risk?		
Other: Special Purpose Ordinances	Yes	Chapter 153 – Soil Erosion and Sediment Control CDRC – a subcommittee of the Planning Board that provides preliminary reviews (Historic Preservation Commission)	Local	Historic Preservation Commission; CDRC
	control soil erosion and ention and drainage for t	v does this reduce risk? sediment damages and related enviro he protection of exposed soil surfaces		
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes Yes	Chapter 158, Section 9 – Stormwater Management, Suspension of access to MS4; illicit discharges in emergency situations (adopted 6/21/2006 by L.L. No. 3-2006)	Local	Stormwater Management Officer
the regulation of non-stormwate required by federal and New Yor	provide for the health, er discharges to the mun k State law. This article	w does this reduce risk? safety and general welfare of the citize icipal separate storm sewer system (M establishes methods for controlling the t for municipal separate storm sewer s	S4) to the maxing introduction of	num extent practicable as
Other: Tree Law	Yes	Chapter 176 Tree Preservation and Landscape	Local	Village Engineer
	control and regulate ind	'		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Village of Montebello, NY Comprehensive Plan (10/18/2017)	Local	Village Board
	rehensive plan identifies			
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	Yes	Village of Montebello, NY Comprehensive Plan	Local	Village Board
ionally provided recreation or o	pen space opportunities	Space Zoning District for significant pa within the Village. This plan also allow "farms and agricultural uses as reques	s severely consti	rained
Plan				
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	Yes	Village of Montebello, NY Comprehensive Plan	Local	Village Board
	g was included in the Vill	v does this reduce risk? lage Comprehensive Plan. During the u status report on the remaining econor		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	Yes	Village of Montebello, NY Comprehensive Plan	Local	Village Board
	ts were included by the	v does this reduce risk? Commission during the 2017 update. T nditions for major transportation corric		ment was built upon
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	ed with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	-	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Other	-	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.10-3 summarizes the capabilities of Montebello to oversee and track development.





Table 9.10-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for issuing development permits
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.10-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Montebello and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.10-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board has the responsibility to review site plans submitted for real estate development prior to construction. In reviewing the site plans, the Planning Board considers such elements as environmental impact, access, parking, screening, signs, landscaping, location and dimensions of buildings, adjacent land use and physical features meant to protect those uses. The Planning Board then makes recommendations to the applicant with respect to those elements before decision whether to accept the site plan.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals is an appointed Board that is charged with the duty of hearing appeals from any decisions of the Building Inspector. While it is the Board of Trustees that enacts the zoning laws, it is the Zoning Board of Appeals which decides on individual applications for variances from these laws. The application for a variance may be based upon a non-conforming "use" or purpose of the property or it may be based upon a non-conforming "area" relating to the dimensions or physical requirements of the zoning.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	-



	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department reviews building permit applications and reviews applications from the Planning and Zoning Boards and conducts inspections to ensure construction projects are safe and meet applicable codes. The Building Department also has responsibility for code enforcement to ensure quality of life is maintained within the Village. Any Stormwater complaints including suspected Illicit Discharge should be reported to the Building Department.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Rockland County Emergency Management
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	-
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	Yes	There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk.
Other: Historic Preservation and Parks Commission		The Montebello Historic Preservation and Parks Commission (HPPC), formed by the merger of the Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) and the Parks Commission (PC) in 2019, is charged with preserving the historic and aesthetic character of our buildings, neighborhoods, and parklands. Ongoing commitment to preserving our history and green space and dedication to its stewardship is the mission of the Montebello HPPC. The HPPC consists of seven full-time members and two ad-hoc members, charged with protecting and advocating for the Village's historic and aesthetic resources, in addition to reviewing requests for historic designation of individual properties or districts.
Technical/Staffing Capability		7
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Engineer
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	Yes	Rockland County
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Village Engineer (selectively)
Resilience Officer	No	-





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.10-5 summarizes financial resources available to Montebello.

Table 9.10-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes, Village Board
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, Village Board
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes, Village Board
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, Village Board
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes, Village Board
Incur debt through special tax bonds	N/A
Incur debt through private activity bonds	N/A
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes, Village Board
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes - Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs) through NYSDOT
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes, Village Board
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.10-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Montebello.

Table 9.10-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village provides public outreach to inform citizens on natural hazards. This includes the municipal website, flyers, and the annual Montebello Day.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	-
If yes, please describe.	N/A	The Village maintains a website that provides links to the various municipal departments, local laws and planning documents, Village newsletter, news updates, and links to local, county, state, and federal governments. The Village provides public outreach to inform citizens on natural hazards. This includes the municipal website, flyers, and the annual Montebello Day.

Community Classifications

Table 9.10-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Montebello.

Table 9.10-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	N/A	N/A
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	_	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.10-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

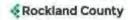


Table 9.10-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.10.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.10-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.10-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Montebello.

Table 9.10-9. Village of Montebello NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	35
# Claims (Losses)	55
Total Loss Payments	\$1,404,227
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	1
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	6
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.10-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Montebello.





Table 9.10-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Areas along Mahwah River, SW corner of the village including Lake Rd as well as Marian Dr.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	N/A
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	N/A
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	N/A
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	N/A
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	If needed, Building Department and Village Engineer would perform an onsite inspection.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction?If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Two properties, 8 Lake Rd and 14 Lake Rd, both FEMA acquisitions.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Village Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Village Engineer
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	N/A
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, seminars with current trends and data.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	N/A
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	During review, calculations of increase in volume and SF determined.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	N/A
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 92 Flood Damage prevention
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	The most recent FDPO for the Village was amended in 2014.





NFIP Topic	Comments
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meet
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	N/A
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	The Village is not a part of the CRS program but would be interested in joining. The Village has included this as an action.

9.10.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.10-11 through Table 9.10-13.

Table 9.10-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
	2019						
Total Permits	11	-	-	11			
Permits within SFHA	0	-	-	-			
	2020						
Total Permits	15	-	-	15			
Permits within SFHA	0	-	-	-			
	2021						
Total Permits	17		-	17			
Permits within SFHA	0	-	-	-			
2022							
Total Permits	28	-	-	28			
Permits within SFHA	0	-	-	-			
2023							
Total Permits	32	-	-	32			
Permits within SFHA	0	-	-	-			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1percent flood event)

Table 9.10-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
The Sentinel of Rockland	Assisted Living	1 Building, 200 bed Facility	200 Rella Blvd, 55.08-1-9	-	Completed, CO issued
Manhattan Beer Distributors	Distribution center	Extension + New 2 story Building	20 Dunnigan Dr	-	Under Construction, Estimated Completion Fall of 2024
Weinberger Subdivision	Residential Subdivision	46 Individual lots	Entrance at Grandview Ave	-	Phase A (10 Lots) Under Construction, Road and Utilities





Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Montebello Crossings	Assisted Living	3 story + basement, 200 bed facility	250 Lafayette Ave	-	Under Construction
Ware Subdivision	Residential Subdivision	3 Individual lots	Wilbur Rd	-	Under Construction
H & S Office Building	Existing Building – Site Improvements	1 Building	49 N Airmont Rd	-	Near Completion
Montebello Gateway	Office Building	1 Building	34 N Airmont Rd	-	Under Construction

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.10-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
ACG Warehouse and Distribution	Distribution center	2 Buildings	100-300 Rella Blvd		Anticipated Start in the Spring of 2024

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.10.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Montebello risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.10-1 through Figure 9.10-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Montebello has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.

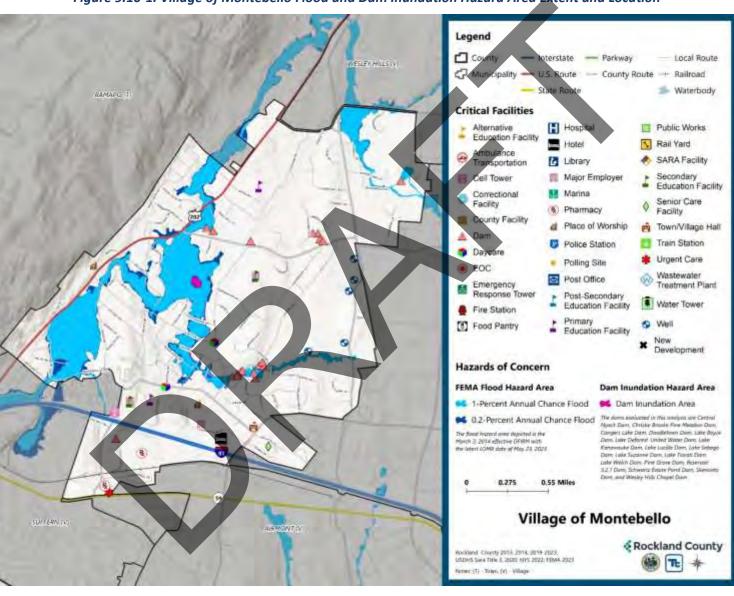


Figure 9.10-1. Village of Montebello Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



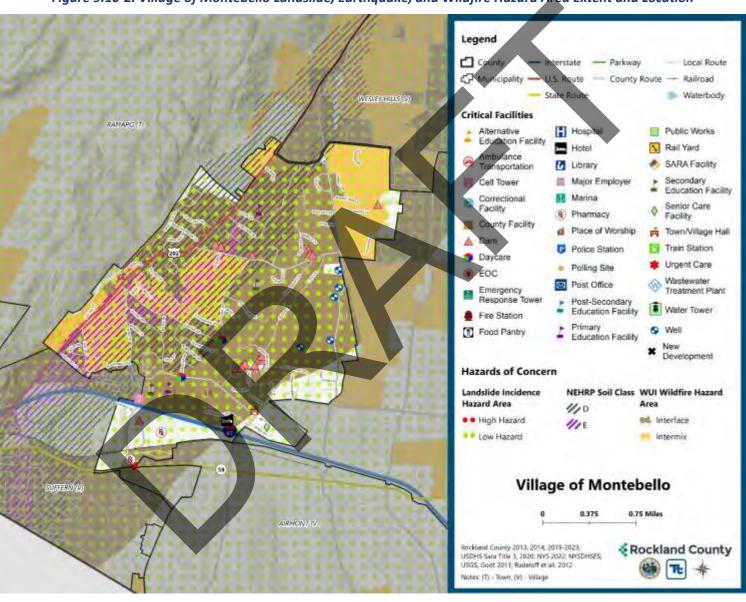


Figure 9.10-2. Village of Montebello Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Montebello is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.10-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.10-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Montebello

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village followed mandated social distancing and business/public closures which impacted the economy and health of the community.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Isaias.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Henri.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Ida.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Montebello.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Montebello reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village agreed with the following hazard ranking in Table 9.10-15.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows Montebello's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Rank Hazard Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low **Extreme Temperature** Medium Flood Medium Landslide Low Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather High Wildfire Medium

Table 9.10-15. Hazard Ranking



Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.10-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.10-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

	Exposure			Already Protected to	
Name	Туре	1percent Event	0.2percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	0.2percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Ramapo Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 1	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 7	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 2	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 3	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 4	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 5	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 6	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Estate Pond Dam A	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Schwartz Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.
Sichol Dam No 2	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-MontebelloV-16	Designed with emergency spillways.

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Montebello's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Montebello identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- In need of coordination between municipalities to strengthen additional assistance during times of need.
- The schools currently do not have a severe weather drill system in place.
- Critical facilities lack backup power.
- The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.
- GIS mapping needs to be updated for the Village.
- Current zoning and planning issues need to incorporate natural hazards and hazard mitigation.
- Best management practices need to stay up to date to ensure properties are protected in the floodplain areas.





- Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.
- The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery.
- Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.
- Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- The Village is currently not in the CRS program.
- Three pump stations are in the floodplain and potentially vulnerable to flood events. Critical facilities
 located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary
 complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.

9.10.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Error! Reference source not found. indicates progress on the County's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.10-17, Montebello identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- Stormwater management was implemented in lower areas of the Village which are subject to severe flooding.
- The Village continues to enhance municipal website to provide public information regarding severe weather events and other activities within the Village.
- The Village has worked with homeowners along Lake Road to explore mitigation opportunities and where appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.
- Worked with Rockland County to develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems in the Village.
- The Village continues to work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functional-needs registry as part of the Village's emergency response plan.
- The Village continues to enforce NYS and local building codes.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Montebello has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Stormwater management
- Public engagement and outreach
- County and State coordination





Table 9.10-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

N. Project Number	Project Name Stormwater management with special attention to lower areas of the Village.	Severe Storm, Addressed	Responsible Party Village	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project) The lower areas of the Village are subject to stormwater flooding.	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation 1. Completed 2. Stormwater management was conducted in the lower areas of the	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why. 1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V	, and the second		Villago	Stormwater management with special attention to lower areas of the Village.	Village.	·
V. Montebello- 2	Hazard Mitigation Partnership	All Hazards	Village	Coordination between municipalities can lead to additional assistance during times of need. Develop partnership with neighboring villages to coordinate efforts related to hazard mitigation.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability and capabilities between municipalities.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 3	Public Awareness Program	All Hazards	Village	Need to keep public awareness programs up to date. Continue to enhance municipal website to provide public information regarding severe weather events and other activities within the Village.	Ongoing The Village website is continuously updated to include information regarding severe weather events.	Discontinue N/A Ongoing capability
V. Montebello- 4	Hazard Drills	All Hazards	School District	The schools currently do not have a severe weather drill system in place. Establish severe weather drills each semester in all village schools.	In Progress A challenge has been school availability to conduct severe weather drills each semester.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 5	Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities	All Hazards	Town of Ramapo Public Works	Critical facilities lack backup power. Provide backup power for all critical public facilities (sewer pump station and other critical public buildings).	In Progress A challenge has been Village resources to provide this function.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 6	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	0 /	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. The comprehensive plan update committee will work to update the comprehensive plan and ensure that natural disaster mitigation techniques are incorporated.	In Progress A challenge has been the committee's availability to incorporate the additional elements to the Village Comprehensive Plan.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 7	Update GIS Mapping	All Hazards	Village Trustee	GIS mapping needs to be updated for the Village. Work with the Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County to update GIS mapping for the Village.	In Progress A challenge has been coordination with the County Consortium to update GIS mapping.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 8	Public Workshops	All Hazards	Village	Current zoning and planning issues need to incorporate natural hazards and hazard mitigation. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	In Progress A challenge is staff availability and capabilities.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 9	Floodplain Management Best Practices	Flood	Village	Best management practices need to stay up to date in order to ensure properties are protected in the floodplain areas. Continue to implement best management practices for floodplain areas.	In Progress A challenge has been staff availability to make updates to best management practice regularly.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 10	Lake Road Flood Mitigation	Flood	Village	Many homes along Lake Road have been damaged by flooding and are susceptible to future damage (they currently are not protected from flood events). Work with homeowners along Lake Road to explore mitigation opportunities and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	Completed The Village has worked with homeowners along Lake Road to discuss applicable mitigation opportunities.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Montebello- 11	Flood Prone Roadways	Severe Storm, Flood	Village Trustee	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Work with Rockland County to develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems in the Village.	Completed The Village has worked with the County through the HMP update process to develop mitigation solutions for the Village where flooding occurs.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 12	Critical Facility Protection Measures	All Hazards	Village Trustee	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Work with the Town of Ramapo and adjacent villages (Airmont and Suffern) to determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	No Progress A challenge has been coordination and availability between both municipalities.	
V. Montebello- 13	Emergency Response Plan Update	All		The current emergency response plan does not include the functionalneeds registry. Work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functionalneeds registry as part of the Village's emergency response plan.	Ongoing The Village continues to work with the county on the Emergency Response Plan.	





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 14	Develop Public Awareness Program	All Hazards		The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery. Develop and enhance the public awareness program on hazards, prevention, and mitigation. Continue to work with Rockland County on their program that provides information to the municipalities.	 In Progress A challenge has been staff availability. 	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 15	Review and Update Village Codes	All Hazards	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Code update: review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A



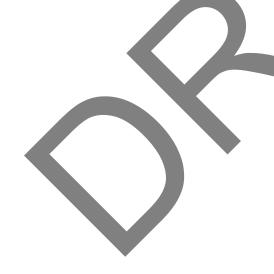


Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 16	Code Enforcement	All Hazards	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Continue enforcement of NYS and local building codes.	1. Ongoing 2. N/A	Nya Ongoing capability
V. Montebello- 17	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	Flood	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 18	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRM	Flood	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 19	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood	Village	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Montebello- 20	Community Rating System	Flood	Village	The Village is currently not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Montebello- 21	Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flood	SUEZ-Private Property Owner and Village support	Three pump stations are located in the floodplain and potentially vulnerable to flood events. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate; they are privately owned by SUEZ. The Village will notify and provide needed support their facility manager/operator of FEMA grant funding support to determine what mitigation options are needed, if any and NYS requirements to mitigate to the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".		1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Montebello participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Montebello would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.10-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

	FEMA				CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	3	1	-	5	2	1	6	-	-	-
Disease Outbreak	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Drought	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Earthquake	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Extreme Temperature	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Flood	7	2	-	7	6	2	8	-	-	-
Landslide	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Severe Weather	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Severe Winter Weather	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-
Wildfire	3	1	-	4	2	1	5	-	-	-

Table 9.10-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.





Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.10-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- MontebelloV-01	Hazard Mitigation Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024- MontebelloV-02	Hazard Drills	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	7	Medium
2024- MontebelloV-03	Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	8	Medium
2024- MontebelloV-04	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024- MontebelloV-05	Update GIS Mapping	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-MontebelloV- 06	Public Workshops	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-MontebelloV- 07	Floodplain Management Best Practices	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-MontebelloV- 08	Critical Facility Protection Measures	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-MontebelloV- 09	Develop Public Awareness Program	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-MontebelloV- 10	Review and Update Village Codes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-MontebelloV- 11	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-MontebelloV- 12	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRM	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High



2024-MontebelloV- 13	Certified Floodplain Managers	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-MontebelloV- 14	Community Rating System	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-MontebelloV- 15	Critical Facilities in Floodplain	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-MontebelloV- 16	Outreach to Dam Owners	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	11	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).

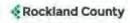




Action 2024-MontebelloV-01. Hazard Mitigation Partnership

Action Name:	2024- MontebelloV-01						
Description of the Problem:	Coordination between municipa need.	alities can le	ad to additional	assistance during times of			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠ Dam/Levee Failure ⊠ Flood ⊠ Disease Outbreak ⊠ Landslide ⊠ Drought ⊠ Severe Storm ⊠ Earthquake ⊠ Severe Winter Storm ⊠ Extreme Temperature ⊠ Wildfire						
Description of the Solution:	Develop partnership with neighboring villages to coordinate efforts related to hazard mitigation.						
Lead Agency:	Village						
Supporting Agencies:	N/A	N/A					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (I □Structure and Infrastructure F			stems Protection (NSP) and Awareness Programs			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will benefit socially surrounding areas as well throu						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will strengthen many municipalities and communities		cal lifelines whic	h cover and service several			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will add to the Vil assistance during a hazard even		ilities by includ	ing outside resources and			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A						
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	Do nothing.		Problem persists.				
	Rely only on Village resou	rces.	Costly, limited	resources and capabilities.			





Coordinate with County and State. Costly, long time scale.

Action 2024-MontebelloV-02. Hazard Drills

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-0			
Description of the Problem:	The schools currently do not ha	ve a severe	weather drill sys	stem in place.
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Establish severe weather drills e	each semest	er in all village s	chools.
Lead Agency:	School District			Ť
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (L ☑Structure and Infrastructure P			stems Protection (NSP) and Awareness Programs
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)		□Structural	source Protection (NR) Flood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance school oppositely providing protection to student:		o respond to ha	zard events safely and fast,
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation



Do nothing.	Student safety at risk.
Implement hazard response outreach to teachers.	Students may not know proper action during response to hazard events.
Conduct drills once a year.	New students who start mid- year/semester may not know proper response protocol.

Action 2024-MontebelloV-03. Back-Up Power for Critical Facilities

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-0					
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities lack backup power.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake	Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Provide backup power for all critical public facilities (sewer pump station and other critical public buildings).					
Lead Agency:	Town of Ramapo Public Works					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7					
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Protection of critical facilities provides an workers, and emergency managers to stage hazard prone areas.					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects public health and safet critical facility and its essential functions duri					





Impact on Capabilities	This action ensures continuity of operations to maintain capabilities.					
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a critical facility that could support future development.					
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase severe weather events such as flooding, wind, and extreme temperatures that result in power failures. This action accounts for a likely increase in power failure events.					
Priority: Check one	☐ High ☐ Low ☐ Low					
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action.		Prob	olem continues.		
	Install solar panels. Weather depender					
	Install wind turbines. Weather dependent, costly.					

Action 2024-MontebelloV-04. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-04 (prev. V. Montebello-6)				
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake	Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The comprehensive plan update committee will work to update the comprehensive plan and ensure that natural disaster mitigation techniques are incorporated.				
Lead Agency:	Village, Rockland County Planning				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estirnated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			





Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Natural disasters affect everyone in the community, and an outdated comprehensive plan would leave socially vulnerable populations at risk to natural disaster events,				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to include natural disasters will help critical facilities and lifelines be more resilient to impacts and can continue to function properly for the wellbeing of the community.				
Impact on Capabilities	The comprehensive plan update will help strengthen the local capabilities of the emergency response departments and staff to know what to do during a natural disaster event.				
Impact on Future Development:	An updated comprehensive plan will help plan for future development in being more resilient to natural disaster events.				
Climate Change Considerations:	The updated comprehensive plan will take into account climate change impacts when looking at ways to mitigate natural disaster events. This will limit climate change impacts on the community.				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	□Low		
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation		
	Do nothing.		Comprehensive plan will be outdated, in the community will not be prepared for natural disasters.		
	Update the Comprehensive Plan without adding natural disasters. Costly, community will not be prepared for natural disasters.				
	Start over for the entire Compr Plan.	ehensive	Costly, long timeline.		

Action 2024-Montebello V-05. Update GIS Mapping

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-05 (prev. V. Montebello-7)				
Description of the Problem:	GIS mapping needs to be updated for the Village.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Flood ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Landslide ☑ Drought ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Earthquake ☑ Severe Winter Storm ☑ Extreme Temperature ☑ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Work with the Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County to update GIS mapping for the Village.				
Lead Agency:	Village Trustee				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				



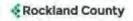


Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would inform areas most at risk may also coincide with socially vulnerable po	,				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would inform areas most at risk to hazard events, such as flooding, that may also include critical facilities and lifelines.					
Impact on Capabilities	This action would increase the capabilities and knowledge on a local level.					
Impact on Future Development:	This action would inform and influence future development practices.					
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would use climate change consider for hazards, such as flooding and sea level rise.					
Priority: Check one	□High ☑Medium	□Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.				
	Conduct GIS mapping internally.	Costly, long timeline, at risk for inaccuracy/not enough data.				
	Use State GIS maps.	May not be locally accurate.				

Action 2024-Montebello V-06. Public Workshops

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-06 (prev. V. Montebello-8)				
Description of the Problem:	Current zoning and planning issues need to incorporate natural hazards and hazard mitigation.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake				
Description of the Solution:	✓ Extreme Temperature ✓ Wildfire Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.				
Lead Agency:	Village				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				





Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ⊠Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would benefit the socially vulr make informed decisions about natural disa resources.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A		
Impact on Capabilities	This action would benefit the planning department capabilities and outreach to the public.		
Impact on Future Development:	This action would influence future development decisions made by the community and planning department.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would supply residents with curred decisions for the future.	rent climate change data to make informed	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action.	Problem continues.	
	Send out public flyers and social media posts. Possibility that not everyone has access to the materials and information.		
	Rely on state outreach efforts.	Not locally specific.	

Action 2024-Montebello V-07. Floodplain Management Best Practices

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-07 (prev. V. Montebello-9)	
Description of the Problem:	Best management practices need to stay up to date in order to ensure properties are protected in the floodplain areas.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire
Description of the Solution:	Continue to implement best management practices for floodplain areas.	
Lead Agency:	Village	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)	





Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action protects socially vulnerable population	ulations located in the floodplain.	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects critical facilities and lifelines located in the floodplain.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action enhances the floodplain management capabilities and the certified floodplain manager/emergency manager.		
Impact on Future Development:	This action influences future development planning for the Village.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This action takes climate change project floodplain management best practices.	cions into consideration when assessing	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing. Old floodplain management best practices may have negative effect, costly.		
	Not utilize floodplain management best practices.	Properties will not be mitigated in the floodplain.	
	Rely on state best practices.	Localized information may not be available.	
Action 2024-	MontebelloV-08. Critical Facility Pro	tection Measures	

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-08 (prev. V.	2024-MontebelloV-08 (prev. V. Montebello-12)		
Description of the Problem:		Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide		
	□Drought	☐Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake	☐Severe Winter Storm		
	☐Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire		





Description of the Solution:	Work with the Town of Ramapo and adjacent villages (Airmont and Suffern) to determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.			
Lead Agency:	Village Trustee			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7		,	
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (I☐Structure and Infrastructure F☐			stems Protection (NSP) and Awareness Programs
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Protection of critical facilities provides an opportunity for first responders and emergency managers to maintain critical services that socially vulnerable populations rely on.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action mitigates and protects all critical facilities and lifelines within the Village.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action improves continuity of operations during a flood event, allows for a more rapid return to pre-disaster capabilities after a flood event, and faster deployment of post disaster capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	The risk of significant damage occurring to the structure will be reduced, which will allow critical operations to be maintained or only briefly interrupted in severe events. This provides continued support to both current and future development in the service area.			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action addresses anticipated increases in flooding frequency and severity through protection to the 500-year (0.2-percent annual chance) flood level.			
Priority: Check one	□High	□Medium		⊠Low
Alternatives	Action Evaluation		Evaluation	
	Do nothing. Problem continues.		olem continues.	
	Relocate facilities.		١	Not possible.
	Conduct mitigation measures internally.		Costly, lack of resources and knowledge.	



Action 2024-MontebelloV-09. Develop Public Awareness Program

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-09 (prev. V. Montebello-14)			
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm
Description of the Solution:	Develop and enhance the pub mitigation. Continue to work vinformation to the municipalitie	vith Rocklaı		
Lead Agency:	Village, Rockland County			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7		>	
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SI □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)			Flood Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would benefit the socially vulnerable by providing them information to make informed decisions about natural disaster events, and where to seek shelter and resources.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would allow the local local residents.	al departme	ent staff the ava	ilability to be able to assist
Impact on Future Development:	This action may inform residents on problem areas and could influence decisions on where to build new development and growth.			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would supply resider decisions for the future.	its with curi	rent climate cha	nge data to make informed
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action.		Prob	olem continues.





Encourage residents to educate themselves.	Residents may not be aware of where to access information.
Ask non-profits to conduct outreach.	Non-profits may be unable or unwilling to
	provide outreach.

Action 2024-MontebelloV-10. Review and Update Village Codes

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-10 (prev. V. Montebello-15)		
Description of the Problem:	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake☑ S	lood andslide evere Storm evere Winter Storm Vildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Code update: review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Low (<\$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7		
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the Village code to include hazard mitigation practices will help critical facilities and lifelines be more resilient to impacts and can continue to function properly for the wellbeing of the community.		
Impact on Capabilities	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	An updated Village code will help plan for future development in being more resilient to natural disaster and other hazard events.		

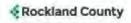


Climate Change Considerations:	The updated Village code will consider climate change impacts when looking at ways to mitigate natural disaster events. This will limit climate change impacts on the community.			
Priority: Check one	□High ⊠Medium □Low			□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	Amend Village code to not include hazard mitigation. Amend Village code without considering Buildings and critical factors.		Prol	olem continues.
			olem continues.	
				ritical facilities may not be gainst future disasters.

Action 2024-MontebelloV-11. Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-11 (prev. V. Montebello-17)		
Description of the Problem:	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake	Flood Jandslide Gevere Storm Gevere Winter Storm Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Update/revise floodplain management ord regulations.	dinance to comply with latest FEMA	
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Low (<\$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7		
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		





Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Complying with the latest FEMA regulations will ensure that the critical facilities and lifelines in the floodplain are protected and can remain functioning during emergency events.			
Impact on Capabilities			on Ordinance increases first responities in the floodplain are fully operation	
Impact on Future Development:	Complying with the latest FEMA in the floodplain area, and limit		s will help to guide safe future develop uctures in the floodplain.	ment
Climate Change Considerations:	FEMA regulations consider climate change projections and updating the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance will ensure the Village is incorporating climate change considerations when mitigating future disaster events.			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	n □Low	
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	Do nothing. Problem continues.			
			Costly, not in compliance, structures not be protected.	may
	Rely on state regulation	is.	Structures may not be fully protect from flood events.	ted

Action 2024-MontebelloV-12. Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRM

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-12 (prev. V. Montebello-18)	
Description of the Problem:	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature □Extreme Temperature □Severe Storm □Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	
Lead Agency:	Village	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)	
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget	
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)	
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7	
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	





Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	FIRMS in compliance with the latest FEMA facilities and lifelines in the floodplain are proemergency events.		
Impact on Capabilities	Updating the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance with new FIRMs increases first responder's capabilities by ensuring roadways and facilities in the floodplain are fully operational.		
Impact on Future Development:	FIRMS in compliance with the latest FEMA regulations will help to guide safe future development in the floodplain area, and limit unsafe structures in the floodplain.		
Climate Change Considerations:	FEMA regulations consider climate change projections and updating the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance will ensure the Village is incorporating climate change considerations when mitigating future disaster events.		
Priority: Check one	□High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.	
	Update Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance without looking at latest FEMA regulations	Costly, not in compliance, structures may not be protected.	
	Rely on state FIRMs.	Insufficient local data, structures may not be fully protected from flood events.	

Action 2024-MontebelloV-13. Certified Floodplain Managers

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-13 (prev. V. Montebello-19)		
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)		





Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☐Education and Awareness Project (EAP) 			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Matural Resource Protection (NR ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects ☐ Emergency Services (ES) 			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would add to the capabilities of the local staff to have knowledge on floodplain management and resilience.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action would allow local staff to have kn resilience when planning for future develop			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would take into account current climate change data for local staff to be informed when making planning considerations.			
Priority: Check one	□High □Low			
Alternatives	Action	The problem would persist. The state may not have the capability to provide this service.		
	Do nothing.			
	Rely on state floodplain management.			
	Rely on federal floodplain management. The federal government may not have the capability to provide this service.			

Action 2024-MontebelloV-14. Community Rating System

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-14 (prev. V. Montebello-20)		
Description of the Problem:	The Village is currently not in the CRS program.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Join the Community Rating System (CRS).		
Lead Agency:	Village		





Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SI) □ Emergency Services (ESI)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The CRS program contains actions and elements that include outreach to socially vulnerable populations. Participating as a CRS community will allow flood insurance discounts and premiums for residents.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The CRS program requires flood mapping and other elements which take include locations of critical facilities and lifelines.			
Impact on Capabilities	Participating as a CRS community allows for the Village to receive funding, assistance, and resources from FEMA.			
Impact on Future Development:	The CRS program has actions and elements which can assist with planning for sustainable future development.			
Climate Change Considerations:	The CRS program incorporates climate change considerations and projections and by participating the Village will be more resilient to climate change impacts.			
Priority: Check one	□High	□Low		
Alternatives	Action Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	Will not qualify for discounts on flood insurance and FEMA resources.		
	Rely on state resources. Will not be a participating communit CRS.			
	Participate as a class 10 community. Will not be considered a participating community in CRS.			

Action 2024-MontebelloV-15. Critical Facilities in Floodplain

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-15 (prev. V. Montebello-21)
Description of the Problem:	Three pump stations are located in the floodplain and potentially vulnerable to flood events. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.





Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake	[]]	☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter:	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	□Extreme Temperature □Wildfire The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate; they are privately owned by SUEZ. The Village will notify and provide needed support to their facility manager/operator and FEMA grant funding support to determine what mitigation options are needed. The Village will also assist with NYS requirements to mitigate to the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".				
Lead Agency:	SUEZ-Private Property Owner a	nd Village su	upport		
Supporting Agencies:	Village				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6	V			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (L ☑Structure and Infrastructure I			stems Protection (NSP) and Awareness Programs	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□Structural	source Protection (NR) Flood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action ensures the pump including those socially vulneral			al to protect all residents,	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action ensures that the pu from severe flooding events.	mp stations	that are not Vi	llage-owned are protected	
Impact on Capabilities	This action ensures that critical facilities in the floodplain are fully operational during an emergency event.		re fully operational during		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	This action takes into accoun projections show an increase in			ations, as climate change	
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	ı	□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Pro	Problem persists.	
	Mitigate without NYS require	tigate without NYS requirements.		Critical facilities will not be protected, not in compliance.	
	Not utilize federal funding opportunities.		Costly, limited resources.		





Action 2024-MontebelloV-16. Outreach to Dam Owners

Action Name:	2024-MontebelloV-16			
Description of the Problem:	The following dams are exposed to the 1perce Ramapo Pond Dam Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 1 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 7 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 2 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 3 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 4 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 5 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam 6 Schwartz Estate Pond Dam A Schwartz Estate Pond Dam A Schwartz Pond Dam Sichol Dam No 2	ent and 0.2percent flood event:		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ L □ Drought □ S □ Earthquake □ S	Flood andslide evere Storm evere Winter Storm Vildfire		
Description of the Solution:	The Village does not have jurisdiction over the and materials to mitigate these dams will help			
Lead Agency:	Village			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6			
Benefits:	High (>\$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ⊠Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	These dams may protect socially vulnerable populations from severe flooding events. Protecting and mitigating these dams will ensure they are fully operational in protecting vulnerable populations.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	These dams are critical facilities and educating will ensure they are fully operational.	ng dam owners on mitigation and safety		
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			





Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change considerations and projections will be incorporated into the outreach to educate dam owners on proper mitigation techniques.			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium □Low		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	Do nothing. Tell dam owners what projects to implement.		Problem persists, potential for dam failure.	
			No public buy-in, not locally specific to the needs of community.	
Implement mitigation measures around dams.		es around		ot fully protect/maintain actual dam.





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.11 VILLAGE OF NEW HEMPSTEAD

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of New Hempstead with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of New Hempstead, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.11.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of New Hempstead identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Mayor represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.11-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.11-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: Abe Sicker, Mayor	Name/Title: Carole Vasquez, Village Clerk
Address: 108 Old Schoolhouse Road, New City, NY 10956	Address: 108 Old Schoolhouse Road, New City, NY 10956
Phone Number: 845-354-8100	Phone Number: 845-354-8100
Email: mayor@newhempstead.org	Email: cvasquez@newhempstead.org
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: Glen McCreedy, P.E., Village Engineer	
Address: 108 Old Schoolhouse Road, New City, NY 10956	
Phone Number: 845-357-4411	

9.11.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of New Hempstead is located in the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It is bordered to the north by the Village of Wesley Hills, to the south by the Village of Spring Valley, to the east by the Village of New Square, and to the west by the Town of Ramapo. The Village has a total area of 2.8 square miles with 0.35 percent being water. The Village is located within the East Ramapo School District and contains many historical landmarks such as the Brick Church (founded in 1774) and the English Meeting House which hold cultural significance to the community.





Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 4.8 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 15 percent is 65 years of age or older, 1.2 percent is non-English speaking, 2.2 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 7 percent is considered disabled.

9.11.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of New Hempstead performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume 1 describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of New Hempstead to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.11-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	ons					
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 290, 1984	State and Local	Code Enforcer		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Village Building Code sets minimum requirements for design and construction of infrastructure systems.						
Zoning/Land Use Code Yes Chapter 290, 1984 Local Code Enforcer and Zoning Board						
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Village Zoning and Land Use Code regulates the use of land and buildings to promote sustainable development practices.						





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 255, 1984	Local	Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated Subdivision Code is responsible f		ow does this reduce risk? hborhoods and easements within the N	/illage.		
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 290, Article IX, 1984	Local	Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated Site Plan Code establishes comm					
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 245, 2005	Local	Stormwater Management Officer	
How has or will this be integrated Stormwater Management Code i		ow does this reduce risk? runoff and stormwater management in	frastructure and	systems within the Village.	
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State	
	it to the buyer before	e buyer at closing. While the PCDA requ the buyer signs the final purchase conf by the credit.			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 154, 2014	Federal, State, Local	Village Engineer	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The FDPO promotes the public health, safety and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas.					
Wellhead Protection	No				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Emergency Management Ordinance	No				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Climate Change Ordinance	No				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Building Inspector
How has or will this be integrated. The Village requires that all new to or above the base flood elevat	construction or substa	ntial improvements of structures in the	e SFHA must have	e the lowest floor elevated
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Chapter 9D, Illicit Discharges, Activities and Connections to Storm Sewers (3/18/2008)	Local	Village Board
required by federal and state law	water discharges to the r. Chapter 9D establish compliance with requir	w does this reduce risk? e municipal separate storm sewer syste es methods for controlling the introduc ements of the State Pollutants Dischar	ction of pollutan	ts into the municipal
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Comprehensive Plan	Local	Mayor and Village Board
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk? re development planning efforts within	the Village.	•
Capital Improvement Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Consortium	Local	Village Engineer
How has or will this be integrated. The Village participates in a storm		w does this reduce risk? ch outlines stormwater management	strategies in the	Village.
Open Space Plan How has or will this be integrated N/A	No I with the HMP and ho	- w does this reduce risk?	-	-
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A		w does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated			state, rederal	Department of Agency
N/A				
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
N/A	\			
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	_
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)			-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?	•	
		T	I	
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment (THIRA)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Other	N/A	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.11-3 summarizes the capabilities of New Hempstead to oversee and track development.

Table 9.11-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department issues development permits and tracks new development.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Village aims to practice sustainable planning and buildout.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.11-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to New Hempstead and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.11-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board is appointed by the mayor subject to the approval of the board of trustees. Typically, the Planning Board consists of five members. The Board is responsible for reviewing proposed Development projects and making decisions on them in accordance with state statutes and local bylaws and regulations. The Planning Board is also charged with long-range planning for the Community, including creating and updating the Village's Master Plan.



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals is typically a five-person board appointed by the Village Board. The Zoning Board of Appeals has original jurisdiction over interpretation of the Zoning Ordinance of the Village of New Hempstead. The ZBA also hears appeals for variances of area and use. The Board of Appeals must act in strict accordance with the procedure as specified by law and by the Village of New Hempstead Zoning Ordinance.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	-
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	No	The Village has an agreement with the Town of Ramapo for these services.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	Emergency services are provided by Hillcrest Fire Department, Springhill Ambulance, and Ramapo Police Department.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Code Enforcer inspects all stormwater drains
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Mutual aid agreements with the Town of Ramapo for the following services: Police, Highway, DPW, Building
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other Technical/Staffing Capability	N/A	
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Consultants (McLaren Engineering and Brooker Engineering)
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Glenn McCreedy, P.E., Village Engineer.
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Consultants (McLaren Engineering and Brooker Engineering)
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Brooker Engineering (Consultant)
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Only property owned by Village is Village Hall. The Village does not own any public land except right of ways. No damages assessments conducted on private property. Brooker Engineering can conduct damage assessments as needed.
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Brooker Engineering (Consultant) and Village has access to County GIS portal
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Brooker Engineering (Consultant)
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Surveyors are hired as needed (Brooker Engineering)
Emergency Manager	Yes	The Village Mayor is the designated Emergency Manager and is responsible for emergency management decisions for the Village.





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Grant writer(s)		Former Village Attorney – applied for technology and road grants
	Yes	Consider the following: Are data and maps from the HMP used to support documentation in grant applications?
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	N/A	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.11-5 summarizes financial resources available to New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, Municipal Budget Identifies improvement projects; CHIPS – NYSDOT program
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, Permit fees; Recreational Fee \$3200/lot
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	No
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	N/A

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.11-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-





Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village maintains a website has links to municipal news and events, village newsletter and email list, village calendar, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services. Newsletters are posted on the website that provide residents further insight into the Village current events. Information regarding Indian Point Nuclear Facility is also distributed.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	N/A
If yes, please describe.		The Village maintains a website has links to municipal news and events, village newsletter and email list, village calendar, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services. Newsletters are posted on the website that provide residents further insight into the Village current events. Information regarding Indian Point Nuclear Facility is also distributed.

Community Classifications

Table 9.11-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	N/A	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable





Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.11-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak Hazard Dam Failure Moderate Disease Outbreak Moderate Drought Moderate Earthquake Moderate **Extreme Temperature** Moderate Flood Moderate Landslide Moderate Severe Weather Moderate

Table 9.11-8. Adaptive Capacity

9.11.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

Severe Winter Weather

Wildfire

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.11-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.11-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-9. Village of New Hempstead NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	9
# Claims (Losses)	6
Total Loss Payments	\$44,138
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	1
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.



Moderate

Moderate



FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.11-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in the Village of New Hempstead.

Table 9.11-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	New Hempstead Rd, Greenridge Way, Sandybrook, Pennington Way, Union Rd, Asher Dr. Brockton Rd. Summit Pk Rd. are all areas that flood within the Village.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No, not at this time.
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	None
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No, not at this time.
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Village determines substantial damage through inspections.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown, at this time.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes, the flood hazard maps address the flood risk within the Village.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Village Engineer.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, the Village has certified floodplain managers on staff.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, the Village has access to these resources.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	None, at this time.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	The Village provides permit reviews.





NFIP Topic	Comments
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	The Village has consultants who determine if structures qualify.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None, at this time.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	None, at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown, at this time.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 154 of the Village Code, 2014.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	In 2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Yes, the floodplain management program meets the minimum requirements at this time.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No, not at this time.

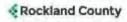
9.11.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.11-11 through Table 9.11-13.

Table 9.11-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Cons	struction Permits Issued		
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total	
		2019			
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2020			
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
	2021				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2022			
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
	2023				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	





SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.11-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
No major development and infrastructure reported.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.11-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
No major development or infrastructure anticipated.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.11.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of New Hempstead risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented in the following sections.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** through **Error! Reference source not found.** These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which the Village of New Hempstead has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.

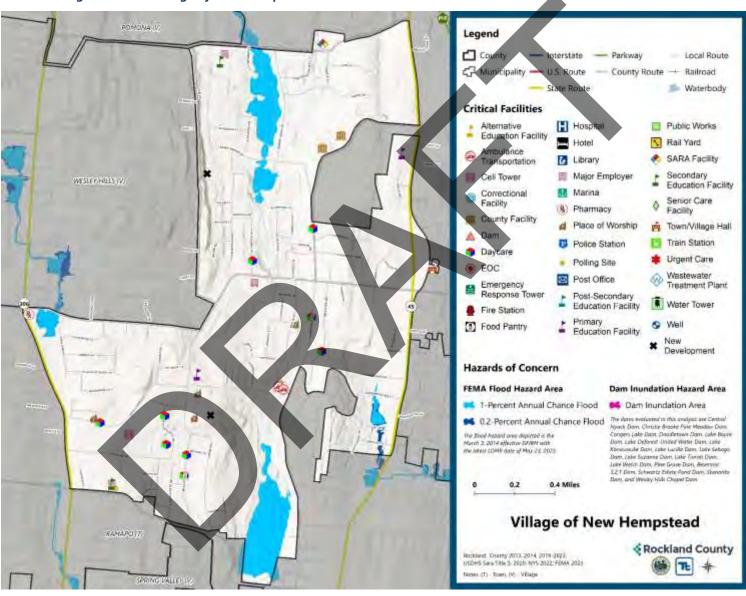


Figure 9.11-1. Village of New Hempstead Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



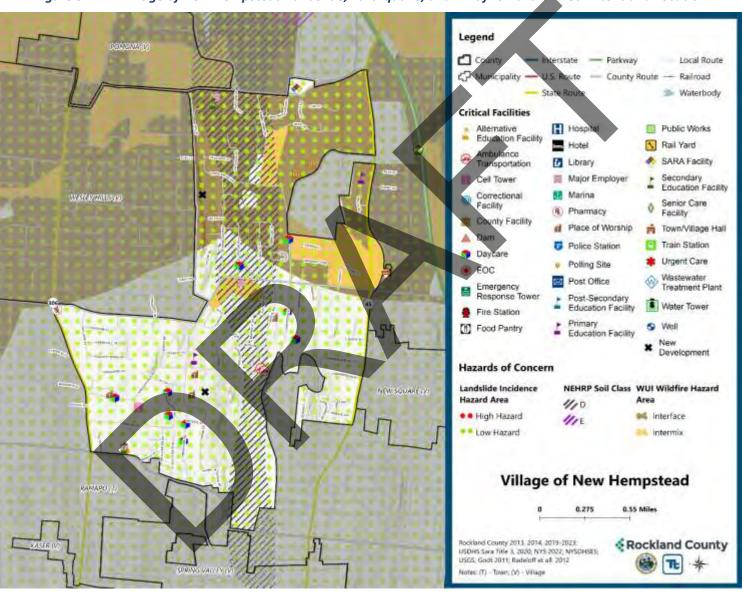


Figure 9.11-2. Village of New Hempstead Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of New Hempstead is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.11-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.11-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of New Hempstead

	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if	County		Summary of Damage and
Dates of Event	applicable)	Designated?	Summary of Event	Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The village was effected. Board members and residents have passed away and many residents were sick.
April 13, 2020	N/A	N/A	High winds across the county led to downed trees power outages, closed roads, and approximately \$200,000 in property damage.	Village contracts with Ramapo PD and Ramapo Highway to handle these impacts. all impacts were resolved.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Village contracts with Ramapo PD and Ramapo Highway to handle these impacts. all impacts were resolved.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	Village contracts with Ramapo PD and Ramapo Highway to handle these impacts. all impacts were resolved.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Village contracts with Ramapo PD and Ramapo Highway to handle these impacts. all impacts were resolved.
July 9-10, 2023	N/A	N/A	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	Village contracts with Ramapo PD and Ramapo Highway to handle these impacts. all impacts were resolved. The Village runs through Exit 11 and 12 of the PIP

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of New Hempstead.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. New Hempstead reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village agreed with the following hazard rankings in table 9.11-15.

Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. shows New Hempstead's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.11-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium
Drought	Medium





Earthquake	Low
Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	Medium
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.11-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1- and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.11-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)
The Village of New Hempstead has no	critical facilities	located wit	hin the 1- o	or 0.2-percent Annual Chang	ce Flood Hazard Area.

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are in or could impact the Village of New Hempstead:

- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of New Hempstead's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

The bank along the north branch of Pascack Brook is not stabilized.





- The bank along Willow Tree Brook is not stabilized.
- The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.
- The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.
- There is a need to enhance the public awareness program in the municipality.
- Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.

9.11.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Village of New Hempstead did not identify any additional mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.11-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Village of New Hempstead did not identify any additional mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





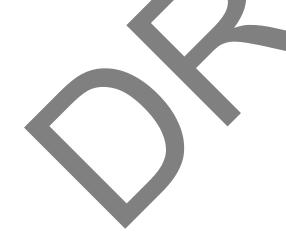
Table 9.11-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Hempstead – 1	Pascack Brook Stabilization	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Village Engineer	The bank along the north branch of Pascack Brook is not stabilized. Bank stabilization along North Branch of Pascack Brook – various locations.	No Progress An obstacle is funding and lack of resources.	Include Bank stabilization along North Branch of Pascack Brook. N/A
New Hempstead – 2	Willow Tree Brook Stabilization	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Village Engineer	The bank along Willow Tree Brook is not stabilized. Bank stabilization of Willow Tree Brook near Ashlaun Ave.	No Progress An obstacle is funding and lack of resources.	Include Bank stabilization of Willow Tree Brook near Ashlaun Ave. N/A
New Hempstead – 3	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	Village and County Planning	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	No Progress An obstacle is lack of staff capabilities.	1. Include 2. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Hempstead – 4	Emergency Response Plan Review	All Hazards	Village	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	No Progress An obstacle is limited staff availability.	Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Hempstead – 5	Public Awareness Program	All	Village	There is a need to enhance the public awareness program in the municipality. Public awareness program on hazards, prevention and mitigation: assist CPG Chairperson in maintenance of mitigation planning web presence; assist CPG Chairperson in preparation of annual hazards and mitigation planning fact sheet and its distribution; assist CPG chairperson in preparation of hazards survey; periodic discussion of hazard mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc. at the discretion of the jurisdiction (incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources.	No Progress An obstacle is lack of resources and staff availability.	1. Include 2. Assist CPG Chairperson in maintenance of mitigation planning web presence; assist CPG Chairperson in preparation of annual hazards and mitigation planning fact sheet and its distribution; assist CPG chairperson in preparation of hazards survey; periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc. at the discretion of the jurisdiction (incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA publications warehouse and other appropriate sources. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Hempstead – 6	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Administrator	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.	No Progress An obstacle is lack of staff capabilities and time.	Include Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).
				Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		·





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

New Hempstead participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that New Hempstead would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.11-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.11-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.11-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA CRS LPR** SIP **NSP EAP** PP ΡI Hazard PR NR SP ES 1 Dam Failure 2 2 Disease Outbreak 2 1 2 1 Drought 2 1 2 1 Earthquake 2 1 2 1 Extreme Temperature 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 Flood Landslide 2 2 1 1 2 Severe Weather 3 2 1 3 1 Severe Winter Weather 2 1 2 1 2 2

Table 9.11-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.





Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.11-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

		Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	_	-	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	_	High / Medium /
Project Number	Project Name	Life	Pro	Cost	Poli	Legal	Fiscal	Envi	Soci	Adn	Haz	Clir	ij	Соп	Other Object	Total	Low
2024-New Hempstead-01	Pascack Brook Stabilization	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	7	0	1	1	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-New Hempstead-02	Willow Tree Brook Stabilization	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	9	Medium
2024-New Hempstead-03	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-New Hempstead-04	Emergency Response Plan Review	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New Hempstead-05	Public Awareness Program	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New Hempstead-06	Certified Floodplain Managers	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	11	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-New HempsteadV-01. Pascack Brook Stabilization

Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-01				
Description of the Problem:	The bank along the north branch of Pascack Brook is not stabilized.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □	⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Bank stabilization along North Branch of Pa	ascack Brook.			
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, State, Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	2,4				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Properties located near the Brook may oth to severe storms.	erwise be at risk of damage or collapse due			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Conserving resources that may otherwise nup personnel to conduct emergency opera	eed to respond to these properties will free tions for other disasters.			
Impact on Capabilities	The need for Brook stream restoration follows to the protection that the stabilization pro	owing a severe storm will be decreased due vides.			
Impact on Future Development:	Preserving a healthy environment can drive	e tourism and new residents to the area.			
Climate Change Considerations:		uency and severity, including severe storms may damage the Brook and the properties			
Priority: Check one	□High □Medium	⊠Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No Action	Problem continues.			
	Retreat from areas near Brook.	Costly, unpopular.			
	Levees along stream.	Not feasible/environmentally damaging, costly.			





Action 2024-New HempsteadV-02. Willow Tree Brook Stabilization

Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-02				
Description of the Problem:	The bank along Willow Tree Bro	ok is not sta	abilized.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter ☑Wildfire	Storm	
Description of the Solution:	Bank stabilization of Willow Tre	e Brook nea	ar Ashlaun Ave.		
Lead Agency:	Village Engineer			•	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, State, Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)				
Goals Met:	2, 4				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Properties located near the Brooto severe storms.	ok may oth	erwise be at risk	of damage or collapse due	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Conserving resources that may outpersonnel to conduct emerge				
Impact on Capabilities	The need for Brook stream resto to the protection that the stabil		-	orm will be decreased due	
Impact on Future Development:	Preserving a healthy environme	nt can drive	tourism and ne	w residents to the area.	
Climate Change Considerations:	Extreme events are likely to incre that can cause flooding and ero which it is meant to protect.				
Priority: Check one	□High	□Medium		⊠Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	





No Action	Problem continues.
Retreat from areas near Brook.	Costly, unpopular.
Levees along stream.	Not feasible/environmentally damaging, costly.

Action 2024-New HempsteadV-03. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-03	
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not techniques.	incorporate natural disaster mitigation
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake	Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire
Description of the Solution:	Ensure that local comprehensive plans in techniques through a courtesy review or Department.	
Lead Agency:	Village and County Planning	
Supporting Agencies:	N/A	
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	
Potential Funding Sources:	Local	
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)	
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6, 7	
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Natural disasters affect everyone in the complan would leave socially vulnerable population	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to include a and lifelines be more resilient to impacts and well being of the community.	
Impact on Capabilities	The comprehensive plan update will help semergency response departments and staff disaster event.	-
Impact on Future Development:	An updated comprehensive plan will help pla resilient to natural disaster events.	an for future development in being more





Climate Change Considerations:	The updated comprehensive plan will take into account climate change impacts when looking at ways to mitigate natural disaster events. This will limit climate change impacts on the community.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium □Low					
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	Do nothing.		and the comm	ve plan will be outdated, unity will not be prepared atural disasters.		
	Update the Comprehensive Pla adding natural disaster			mity will not be prepared atural disasters.		
	Start over for the entire Comp Plan.	rehensive	Cost	y, long timeline.		

Action 2024-New HempsteadV-04. Emergency Response Plan Review

7.00.01.202	New Hempstead V-04. Emergeacy Nesp				
Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-04				
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plans do systems.	not implement monitoring or warning			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake	Slood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter Storm Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Review existing emergency response plans for social support agencies, homeowners' associ implement monitoring and warning systems provision of adequate shelter facilities.	ations and general public to develop and			
Lead Agency:	Village				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Local				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5yrs.)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will protect socially vulnerable po disaster events and implementing warning suburing emergency events.				





Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The action will implement warning systems to allow adequate response time to protect critical facilities and lifelines that may be subject to damage from emergency events.			
Impact on Capabilities	The action will result in warning systems and monitoring for emergency situations.			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather related disaster events. This action will increase the capabilities to respond to these events.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		Low
Alternatives				Evaluation
			The emergency response plan will be outdated.	
			Monitoring and warning systems may not be available.	
				d warning systems may not be available.

Action 2024-New HempsteadV-05. Public Awareness Program

Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-05		
Description of the Problem:	There is a need to enhance the public aw	vareness program in the municipality.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	 ☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature 	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Assist CPG Chairperson in maintenance of mitigation planning web presence; assist CPG Chairperson in preparation of annual hazards and mitigation planning fact sheet and its distribution; assist CPG chairperson in preparation of hazards survey; periodic discussion of hazard mitigation and the mitigation plan at other regular local meetings; use of annual flyers, newsletters, advertisements, or radio/TV announcements, etc. at the discretion of the jurisdiction (incorporating as much free information as possible from the FEMA.		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Local		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		





Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would benefit the socially vulnerable by providing them information to make informed decisions about natural disaster events, and where to seek shelter and resources.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would allow the local department staff to have the availability to be able to assist local residents.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action may inform residents on problem areas and could influence decisions on where to build new development and growth.			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would supply residents with current climate change data to make informed decisions for the future.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium	□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action.	Problem continues.		
	Encourage residents to educate themselves.	Residents may not be aware of where to access information.		
	Ask non-profits to conduct outreach.	Non-profits may be unable or unwilling to provide outreach.		

Action 2024-New HempsteadV-06. Certified Floodplain Managers

Action Name:	2024-New Hempstead-06 (prev. New Hempstead – 6)		
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide	
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm	
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		
Lead Agency:	Village Floodplain Administrator		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Local		





Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 yrs.)			
Goals Met:	5, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SII	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would add to the capabilities of the local staff to have knowledge on floodplain management and resilience.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action would allow local staff to have knowledge on floodplain management and resilience when planning for future development.			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would take into account current climate change data for local staff to be informed when making planning considerations.			
Priority: Check one	□High	edium □Low		
Alternatives	Action Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	The problem would persist.		
	Rely on state floodplain manageme	ent. The state may not have the capability to provide this service.		
	Rely on federal floodplain management. The federal government may the capability to provide this			





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.12 VILLAGE OF NEW SQUARE

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of New Square with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of New Square, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.12.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of New Square identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Municipal Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.12-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.12-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact		
Name/Title: David Breuer, Municipal Clerk	Name/Title: Aaron Kaff, Director of Emergency Services		
Address: 37 Reagan Road, New Square, NY 10977	Address: 37 Reagan Road, New Square, NY 10977		
Phone Number: 845-354-1000	Phone Number: 845-354-1000		
Email: clerk@newsquare.us	Email: oem@newsquare.us		
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator			
Name/Title: Manny Cormona, Code Enforcement Officer			
Address: 37 Reagan Road, New Square, NY 10977			
Phone Number: 845-558-5904			
Email: <u>building@newsquare.us</u>			

9.12.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of New Square is in the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It has a total area of 0.4 square miles. The village is located north of Hillcrest, east of Viola, south of New Hempstead, and west of New City. The Village is deemed the poorest town in the State, with the highest poverty and food stamp recipiency rates in the United States. The Hillcrest Fire Department provides fire protection services for the Village. The Village maintains their own health clinic called the Refuah Health Center that serves the community.



Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 16.1 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 2.1 percent is 65 years of age or older, 17.5 percent is non-English speaking, 60.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 3.4 percent is considered disabled.

9.12.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of New Square performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume 1 describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of New Square to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.12-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to New Square.

Table 9.12-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	
Building Code	Yes	NYS Building Code & Chapter 140, 176, 196	State and Local	Building Department

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

The NYS Building Code is intended to establish provisions that adequately protect public health, safety, and welfare through the minimum requirements for building systems using prescriptive and performance-related provisions. It is founded on broad-based principles that make possible the use of new materials and new building designs. The 2020 edition is an update to the 2018 edition published by the ICC. It is part of the Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code.





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Local Law Zoning Amendments	Local	Building Department
How has or will this be integrated. The local law zoning amendment recommendations for the Compr	s amends the Village z	coning code to bring the zoning code up	to date with the	e goals, objectives and
Subdivision Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Site Plan Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State
York opt not to complete the stat Growth Management		the buyer signs the final purchase control the credit.	tract, in practice,	most nome sellers in New
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk?	-	-
N/A Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Village Zoning Code, Article IV-2.F	Local	Building Department
	that on lots that are u	ow does this reduce risk? Inder water, subject to periodic flooding Educes risk by limited development to a		
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Building Department	
	added where the desig ossible to obtain a desi	n flood elevation or other elevation re gn flood elevation from the FIRM or fr			
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Stormwater Consortium	Local	Building Inspector	
	a collection of stormw	w does this reduce risk? ater systems such as ditches, retention intains those stormwater systems with		ers, etc. which mitigation	
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Local Comprehensive Plan, adopted 11/14/2022	Local	Village Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated. The local comprehensive plan ou was recently updated in 2022.			olan to implemer	nt these actions. The plan	
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	_	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Consortium	Local	Building Inspector	
How has or will this be integrated Stormwater management plan is		w does this reduce risk? hich regulates and maintains stormwa	iter infrastructur	e within the Village.	
Open Space Plan How has or will this be integrated	No d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?	-	-	
N/A					
Urban Water Management Plan How has or will this be integrated		- w does this reduce risk?	-	-	
N/A Habitat Conservation Plan	No	_	_	_	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	_	w does this reduce risk?	-	-	
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-	
	r will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?				
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-	





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated			state, lederal)	Department of Agency
N/A	T WITH CITE THAT GIRD THE	w does this reduce risk.		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	_	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No			-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?	•	
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment (THIRA)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)		Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Other	N/A					
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.12-3 summarizes the capabilities of New Square to oversee and track development.

Table 9.12-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for issuing development permits.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

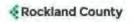
Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.12-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to New Square and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.12-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	Same as Village Board of Trustees acts as a Planning Board and conducts the plan reviews
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board is responsible for zoning regulations and review within the Village.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Public Works Department is responsible for management of public services within the Village.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for building regulations within the Village.





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Village Emergency Manager is responsible for public safety and emergency management actions in the Village.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Village pays for a company to clean the stormwater drains on an annual basis
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County Town of Ramapo Highway Department
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other	-	-
Technical/Staffing Capability	ı	
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Contracts as needed
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Building Department – Engineer (Fusco Engineering)
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Building Department
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Utilize Rockland County GIS; Municipal Clerk and Building Inspector received training to use it
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	
Surveyor(s)	No	_
Emergency Manager	Yes	Director, Aaron Kaff
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Contracts as needed.
Resilience Officer No		•
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)		-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.12-5 summarizes financial resources available to New Square.

Table 9.12-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, occasional
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, permit fees, not impact fee





Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes, State funding (sidewalks)
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	N/A

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.12-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to New Square.

Table 9.12-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	-
If yes, please describe.	-	The Village is very proactive in education and outreach to the community residents.
		The Village and the Hillcrest Fire Department developed and published a coloring book to learn about important fires safety for children ('A Trip to the Fire Station').
		The Village developed and distributed carbon monoxide safety and emergency management fliers throughout the community.
		The Village developed safety tips on extension cord safety for portable heaters because residents do not cook on the Sabbeth and maintain an open fire.
		The Village of Kaser has a mobile command center to assist with response efforts in times of emergencies.



Community Classifications

Table 9.12-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to New Square.

Table 9.12-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No		-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	, - ·	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.12-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.12-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Dam Failure	Moderate		
Disease Outbreak	Moderate		
Drought	Moderate		
Earthquake	Moderate		
Extreme Temperature	Moderate		
Flood	Moderate		
Landslide	Moderate		
Severe Weather	Moderate		
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate		
Wildfire	Moderate		



9.12.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.12-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.12-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for New Square.

Table 9.12-9. Village of New Square NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	0
# Claims (Losses)	9
Total Loss Payments	\$27,452
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	1
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1% Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.12-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in New Square.

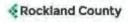
Table 9.12-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction. Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	The Village experiences flooding, especially in low-lying areas. No, the Village does not maintain a list of properties damaged by flooding.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	The Village does not maintain a list at this time.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	The Village does not maintain a list at this time.
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown, at this time.
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction?	No, there are no current RiskMAP projects underway at this time.
 If so, state what projects are underway. 	



NFIP Topic	Comments
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	If needed, Building Department would perform an onsite inspection.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown, at this time.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Village Emergency Manager
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, seminars with current trends and data.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	N/A
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	During Review, calculations of increase in volume and SF determined.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	N/A
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	N/A
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown, at this time.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Village Zoning Code, Article IV-2.F
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2007
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Floodplain management meets minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	No, not at this time.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	The Village would be interested in joining the CRS program and rejoining the NFIP program.





9.12.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.12-11 through Table 9.12-13.

Table 9.12-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued					
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total		
		2018				
Total Permits	0	0	0	-		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	-		
		2019				
Total Permits	0	0	0	-		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	-		
		2020				
Total Permits	0	0	0	-		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	-		
		2021				
Total Permits	0	0	0	-		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	-		
		2022				
Total Permits	0	0	0	-		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	-		

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1% flood event)

Table 9.12-12, Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
		No major development or infrastructure reported.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.12-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
No major development or infrastructure anticipated.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.12.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of New Square's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.



Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** through **Error! Reference source not found.** These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which New Square has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



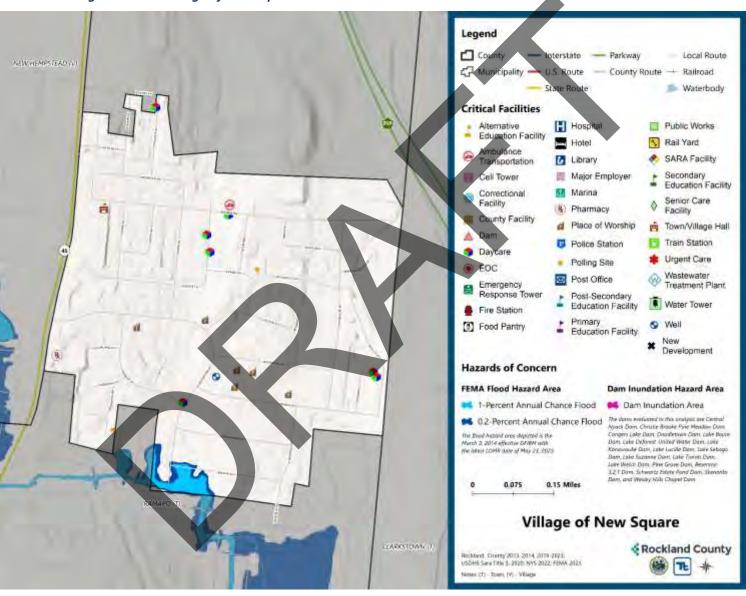


Figure 9.12-1. Village of New Square Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



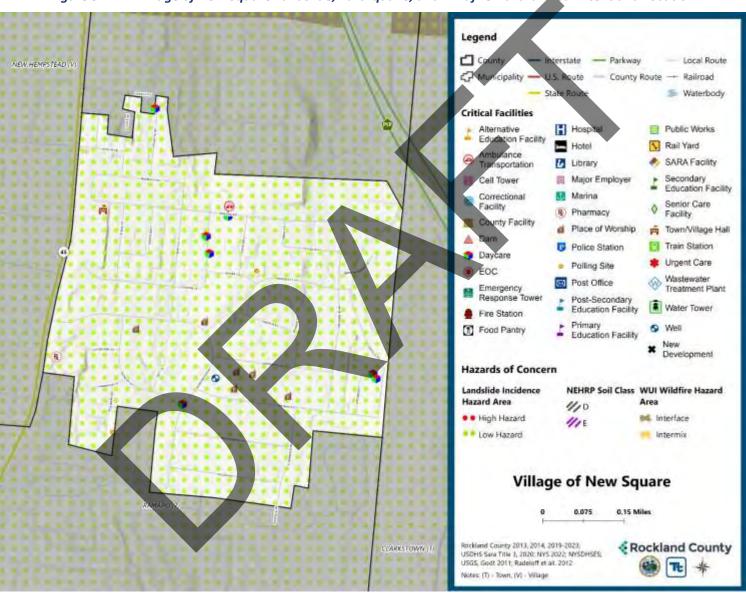
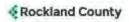


Figure 9.12-2. Village of New Square Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of New Square is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.12-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.12-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of New Square

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village followed mandated social distancing and business/public closures which impacted the economy and health of the community.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Isaias.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Henri.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	No recorded major losses for the Village for Ida.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of New Square.

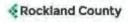
Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. New Square reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village agreed with the following hazard ranking in Table 9.12-15.

Table 9.12-15 shows New Square's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Rank Hazard Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low Extreme Temperature Medium Flood Medium Landslide Low Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather High Wildfire Low

Table 9.12-15. Hazard Ranking



Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.12-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1- and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.12-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		Already Protected to		
Name	Type	1% Event	0.2% Event	Addressed by Proposed	0.2% Flood Level (describe protections)		
The Village of New Square has no critical facilities located within the 1- or 0.2-percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area.							
Courses Bookland Courty 2022 FFNAA							

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact New Square:

- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, Jocated in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of New Square's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of New Square identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Village currently does not have a list of properties that have been flooded and/or damaged as a result of heavy rain and flooding events.
- Structures in the Village that were built before codes and standards need to be brought to code.
- Many of the stormwater catch basins in the Village are undersized and causes flooding.
- There is debris and garbage in the Pascack River that causes flooding in the Village.
- Lack of backup power and emergency fuel supply in the Village for use during power outages and emergencies.





- The Village currently does not have medical supplies to provide to residents in the event of a disaster or emergency.
- The Village is in need of a MERV to respond to emergencies in the municipality.
- The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.
- The Village does not participate in the NFIP however they have had historic flooding. The Village has been suspended from the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) (sanctioned date March 4, 2014; one day after the last flood maps became effective).

9.12.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, New Square identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- The Village Comprehensive Plan was updated in 2022. Adopted November 14, 2022.
- The Village has identified a flood prone roadway in the Village and developed mitigation actions to take.
- The Village has proposed local law amendment for zoning and a notice of hearing was issued on February 6, 2023.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, New Square has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Amendments to local laws to include hazard mitigation.
- Updates to comprehensive plan to include hazard mitigation.
- Identification of flood prone areas.



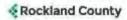


Table 9.12-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, New Square identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- The Village Comprehensive Plan was updated in 2022. Adopted November 14, 2022.
- The Village has identified a flood prone roadway in the Village and developed mitigation actions to take.
- The Village has proposed local law amendment for zoning and a notice of hearing was issued on February 6, 2023.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, New Square has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Amendments to local laws to include hazard mitigation.
- Updates to comprehensive plan to include hazard mitigation.
- Identification of flood prone areas.





Table 9.12-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Square – 1	Flood Damaged Properties	Flood, Severe Storm	Emergency Manager	The Village currently does not have a list of properties that have been flooded and/or damaged as a result of heavy rain and flooding events. The Village will maintain a log of properties by address/block/lot that are flooded and damaged as a result of heavy rain and flood events and discuss mitigation options with property owners.	No Progress Challenges have been with staff capability and resources.	Include The Village will maintain a log of properties by address/block/lot that are flooded and damaged as a result of heavy rain and flood events and discuss mitigation options with property owners. N/A
New Square – 2	Update Village Codes	All Hazards	Village Building Department	Structures in the Village that were built before codes and standards need to be brought to code. Work with property owners to bring structures built before codes and standards to code, which will provide increased protection from natural hazards.	No Progress Challenges have been property owner participation.	Include The Village will work with property owners to bring structures built before codes and standards to code, which will provide increased protection from natural hazards. N/A
New Square – 3	Basin Capacity Upgrades	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Town of Ramapo DPW, Village	Many of the stormwater catch basins in the Village are undersized and causes flooding. Work with the Town of Ramapo Department of Public Works to rebuild and increase the capacity of all stormwater catch basins in the Village (e.g., Washington Ave) to reduce flooding.	No Progress Challenges have been coordination with Town of Ramapo and Village staff availability.	Include Work with the Town of Ramapo Department of Public Works to rebuild and increase the capacity of all stormwater catch basins in the Village (e.g., Washington Ave) to reduce flooding. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Square – 4	Pascack Brook Debris Removal	All Hazards	Village Board, Town of Ramapo, County	There is debris and garbage in the Pascack River that causes flooding in the Village. Remove all garbage, debris and fallen trees in the Pascack Brook from the intersection to alleviate flooding.	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability and funding.	Include Remove all garbage, debris and fallen trees in the Pascack Brook from the intersection to alleviate flooding. N/A
New Square – 5	Critical Facility Back-Up Power	All Hazards	Village Emergency Manager	Lack of backup power and emergency fuel supply in the Village for use during power outages and emergencies. Ensure continuity of operations in the Village after a natural hazard event. 1. Purchase and install generators and lighting towers to provide backup power and illumination for public safety. These would be used at the schools, shelter, synagogue and other areas and locations throughout the Village. 2. Maintain extra fuel supply for the generators and lighting towers to ensure their operation postevent.	No Progress A challenge has been funding availability.	1. Include 2. Ensure continuity of operations in the Village after a natural hazard event. The Village will complete two tasks. First, purchase and install generators and lighting towers to provide backup power and illumination for public safety. These would be used at the schools, shelter, synagogue and other areas and locations throughout the Village. Second, maintain extra fuel supply for the generators and lighting towers to ensure their operation post-event. 3. N/A
New Square – 6	Emergency Supplies	All Hazards	Village Emergency Manager	The Village currently does not have medical supplies to provide to residents in the event of a disaster or emergency. Purchase needed medical supplies, such as blankets, to provide residents post-event.	No Progress A challenge has been funding availability.	Include Purchase needed medical supplies, such as blankets, to provide residents post-event. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Square – 7	Medical Emergency Response Vehicle	All Hazards	Village Emergency Manager	The Village is in need of a MERV to respond to emergencies in the municipality. Purchase a medical emergency response vehicle (MERV) equipped with supplies to respond to emergencies.	No Progress A challenge has been funding availability.	Include Purchase a medical emergency response vehicle (MERV) equipped with supplies to respond to emergencies. N/A
New Square – 8	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	County Planning, Village Board	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Update the comprehensive plans to include the entire Village and incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques; a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	Completed The Village Comprehensive Plan was updated in 2022. Adopted November 2022.	Discontinue N/A Completed
New Square – 9	Flood Prone Roadways	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter		The Village needs to identify mitigation solutions for flood prone roadways in the Village. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW. - Washington Avenue repair/replacement of drainage pipe and increase capacity to reduce flooding.	In Progress The Village has identified a flood prone roadway in the Village and developed mitigation actions to take	Include The Village will implement specific mitigation solutions for Washington Avenue, such as repair/replacement of drainage pipe and increase capacity to reduce flooding on this flood prone roadway N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New	Emergency Response Plan		Village Building	The current emergency response	1. No Progress	1. Include
Square - 10	Review	Hazards	Inspector, Village Board	plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	2. A challenge has been staff availability and coordination.	Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities. N/A
New Square – 11	Update Village Codes	All Hazards	Village Building Inspector, Village Board	The building and zoning codes do not currently include hazards of concern identified in the HMP. Update the building and zoning code and review with the identified hazards of concern in the updated Hazard Mitigation Plan to address and reduce potential future risk.	1. In Progress 2. Proposed local law amending zoning was issued and a notice of hearing in February 2023.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Currently in progress, proposed local law amending zoning was issued and a notice of hearing on February 6, 2023.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Problem and the Solution	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
New Square – 12	NFIP Capabilities	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Village Building Inspector/Floodplain Administrator	The Village does not participate in the NFIP however they have had historic flooding. The Village has been suspended from the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) (sanctioned date 3/4/14; one day after the last flood maps became effective). This is according to FEMA: https://www.fema.gov/cis/NY.html The Village of New Square will continue to develop their NFIP administration program to rejoin the NFIP and join the Community Rating System (CRS).	No Progress A challenge has been staff availability and funding.	Include The Village of New Square will continue to develop their NFIP administration program to rejoin the NFIP and join CRS. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

New Square participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that New Square would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Table 9.12-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA CRS LPR** NSP EAP Hazard SIP PR PP PΙ NR SP ES Dam Failure Disease Outbreak 2 1 2 1 4 2 1 2 1 4 Drought Earthquake 2 2 1 4 1 Extreme Temperature 2 2 1 4 1 Flood 3 2 1 3 1 2 1 1 4 Landslide 2 1 2 1 4 3 2 3 1 2 4 Severe Weather 1 1 Severe Winter Weather 2 2 1 4 1 Wildfire 2 2 4 1 1

Table 9.12-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.





Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.12-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-New SquareV- 01	Flood Damaged Properties	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New SquareV- 02	Update Village Codes	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-New SquareV- 03	Basin Capacity Upgrades	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-New SquareV- 04	Pascack Brook Debris Removal	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-New SquareV- 05	Critical Facility Back-Up Power	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New SquareV- 06	Emergency Supplies	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New SquareV- 07	Medical Emergency Response Vehicle	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-New SquareV- 08	Emergency Response Plan Review	1	1	1	1	1		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-New SquareV- 09	NFIP Capabilities		1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-New SquareV-01. Flood Damaged Properties

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-01				
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a		perties that have b	een flooded and/or damaged	
	as a result of heavy rain and flooding	events.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	☑ Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide		
	□Drought	Σ	Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm	
	☐Extreme Temperature]Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	The Village will maintain a log of prop				
	because of heavy rain and flood ever	nts and disc	uss mitigation opt	ions with property owners.	
Lead Agency:	Village Building Department and Eme	ergency Ma	nager		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)		·		
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, FMA, HMGP, match from prope	erty owners	3		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)			ms Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SII	2)		d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP)			rce Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PI) □ Public Information (PI)		□ Emergency Se	od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	Collecting data regarding homeow	ners that	reside within floo	od prone areas provides an	
Populations:	opportunity to introduce location-spe	ecific oppoi	rtunities for assist	ance.	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Mitigating homes located in the re- emergency services including health				
Impact on Capabilities	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners w	vithin a floo	d prone area will l	imit construction in areas that	
	are prone to hazard events.				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase tl				
	riverine flooding, and coastal flooding				
	structures in the floodplain will red events and decrease the loss of huma				
Duissitus			result of these eve		
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action.		Pro	blem continues.	
	Levee around floodplain		Costly, not enough room		
	Deployable flood barriers		Requires deployment. Residents may not have		
<u> </u>				deploy, especially those who	
	are elderly or disabled.			derly or disabled.	





Action 2024-New SquareV-02. Update Village Codes

Action Name:	2024-New Square-02				
Description of the Problem:	Structures in the Village that were built before codes and standards need to be brought to code.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood			
Check all that apply	⊠ Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide			
	⊠Drought	⊠Severe Storm			
	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter Storm			
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The Village will work with property owners to brin which will provide increased protection from natura	g structures built before codes and standards to code, il hazards.			
Lead Agency:	Village Building Department				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7				
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)	□Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)			
	□Public Information (PI)	☐Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the Village code will help critical facil can continue to function properly for the well	ities and lifelines be more resilient to impacts and being of the community.			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	An updated Village code will help plan for futudisaster and other hazard events.	re development in being more resilient to natural			
Climate Change Considerations:	The updated Village code will consider climate natural disaster events. This will limit climate of	change impacts when looking at ways to mitigate change impacts on the community.			
Priority: Check one	□High	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.			
	Amend Village code to not include hazard mitigation.	Problem continues.			
	Amend Village code without considering all hazards and climate change projections.	Older structures and critical facilities may not be protected against future disasters.			





Action 2024-New SquareV-03. Basin Capacity Upgrades

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-03				
Description of the Problem:	Many of the stormwater catch basins in the Village are undersized and causes flooding.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Work with the Town of Ramapo Departm stormwater catch basins in the Village (e.g.				
Lead Agency:	Town of Ramapo DPW				
Supporting Agencies:	Village				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	HMGP, BRIC, operating budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP			ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that were previously vulnerable to be impacted by flooding events.	to freque	ency or severe floo	oding events will be less likely	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would protect critical road responders during a disaster event.	dways and	l ensure standard	of operations for emergency	
Impact on Capabilities	This action would strengthen capabil mitigating flooding impacts throughout			and after a disaster event by	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted a	area will be	e less likely to be f	looded.	
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in mo drainage basins to meet changing stor				
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem continues.		
	Raise roadways.		Not feasible, overtopping of catch basins still occur.		
	Elevate residential homes.		Not feasible, lack of public support, overtopping of catch basins still occur.		





Action 2024-New SquareV-04. Pascack Brook Debris Removal

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-04				
Description of the Problem:	There is debris and garbage in the Pascack River that causes flooding in the Village.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Remove all garbage, debris and fallen trees in the P	ascack Brook from the intersection to alleviate flooding.			
Lead Agency:	Village Board				
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Ramapo, County				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	✓ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	☑ Natural Resource Protection (NR)☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)☐ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would provide flood mitigation fo the Pascack River and are unable to provide d	r socially vulnerable populations who reside near ebris cleanup themselves.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would re-establish natural flood functions of the brook.	mitigation within the Village by restoring the			
Impact on Capabilities	By restoring the brook, it would allow for furt	ner flood mitigation capabilities within the Village.			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change will affect flooding concerns within the Village. By restoring the natural flood processes of the brook, a sustainable flood mitigation practice is established to lessen impacts from climate change.				
Priority: Check one	□High	m □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	Problem continues and/or worsens.			
	Construct flood wall.	Costly, does not sustainably solve the problem.			
	Deploy temporary flood barriers.	Costly, short-term solution, does not solve the problem.			

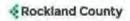




Action 2024-New SquareV-05. Critical Facility Back-Up Power

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-05					
Description of the Problem:	Lack of backup power and emergency fuel supply in the Village for use during power outages and emergencies.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		☑Flood			
Check all that apply	⊠ Disease Outbreak	٥	⊠Landslide			
	⊠Drought		Severe Storm			
	⊠Earthquake	D	Severe Winter St	orm		
	⊠Extreme Temperature		Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	 Ensure continuity of operations in the Village after a natural hazard event. The Village will: Purchase and install generators and lighting towers to provide backup power and illumination for public safety. These would be used at the schools, shelter, synagogue and other areas and locations throughout the Village. Maintain extra fuel supply for the generators and lighting towers to ensure their operation post-event. 					
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Manager					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A					
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Community Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG) Program, Municipal Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Protection of critical facilities provide emergency managers to stage and of					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects public health an and its essential functions during a	•		d operation of a critical facility		
Impact on Capabilities	This action ensures continuity of op	erations to r	naintain capabiliti	es.		
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a	critical facil	ity that could supp	port future development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase severe weather events such as flooding, wind, and extreme temperatures that result in power failures. This action accounts for a likely increase in power failure events.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action No Action		Evaluation			
			Pro	blem continues.		
	Microgrid		Costly and difficult to implement.			
	Solar panels and battery bac	kup	Solar power is unlikely to be able to provide battery power for extended power failure events.			





Action 2024-New SquareV-06. Emergency Supplies

Action Name:	2024-NewSquareV-06				
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have medical supplies to provide to residents in the event of a disaster or emergency.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Purchase needed medical supplies, such as bla	inkets, to provide residents post-event.			
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Manager				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would provide supplies to socially	vulnerable populations after a disaster events.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would strengthen and support the a disaster event.	function of emergency centers during the time of			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would support the Village's capable after a disaster event.	pilities to provide response measures during and			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	Community is left without supplies, problem persists.			
	Rely on non-profits to supply needs.	Risk of max capacity during disaster event, limited resources.			
	Rely on federal supplies.	Not an option.			





Action 2024-New SquareV-07. Medical Emergency Response Vehicle

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-07			
Description of the Problem:	The Village is in need of a MERV to respond to	emergencies in the municipality.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake☑ Extreme Temperature	⊠ Flood ⊠ Landslide ⊠ Severe Storm ⊠ Severe Winter Storm ⊠ Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Purchase a medical emergency response vehi- emergencies.	cle (MERV) equipped with supplies to respond to		
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Manager			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7			
Benefits:	High (>\$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	By having a MERV, first responders would be elderly, disabled, etc.) during a disaster event.	e able to assist the socially vulnerable (such as		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	A MERV would lessen the impact on critical event by delivering medical supplies and need	facilities such as hospitals, etc. during a disaster s out in the field.		
Impact on Capabilities	A MERV would strengthen the Village's cap community.	abilities to provide emergency response in the		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.		
	Rely on ambulance and hospitals to administe needs.	Risk of max capacity during disaster events.		
	Rely on non-profits to administer needs.	Possibility for lack of resources and capacity.		





Action 2024-New SquareV-08. Emergency Response Plan Review

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-08				
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature				
Description of the Solution:	Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.				
Lead Agency:	Village Building Inspector, Village Board				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	·			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Updates to the Emergency Response Plan will warning systems to assist vulnerable population	help guide efforts in creating shelter facilities and ons during and after a disaster event occurs.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will provide guidance for establish Village's critical facilities available to the comm	ing adequate shelter facilities, further growing the munity.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will strengthen the Village's emerg	gency response procedure and capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action.	Emergency Response Plan out of date, problem continues.			
	Rely on non-profits to address emergency response for vulnerable populations	Possibility for lack of resources and capacity.			
	Rely on state emergency response plan procedures.	Not locally specific, problem still continues.			





Action 2024-New SquareV-09. NFIP Capabilities

Action Name:	2024-New SquareV-09				
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not participate in the NFIP however they have had historic flooding. The Village has been suspended from the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) (sanctioned date 3/4/14; one day after the last flood maps became effective).				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide			
	□Drought	⊠ Severe Storm			
	□Earthquake	☐Severe Winter Storm			
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The Village of New Square will continue to deve join the Community Rating System (CRS).	lop their NFIP administration program to rejoin the NFIP and			
Lead Agency:	Village Building Inspector/Floodplain Administra	ator			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding where available.				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (< 5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (RI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		the CRS program, the Village will be eligible for flood premium reductions which would benefit low-income			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		tion practices and funding opportunities for critical lards of operations during a disaster event.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would strengthen the Village's more flood mitigation opportunities for the	s flood mitigation capabilities and open the door for the community.			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:		a CRS community, climate change considerations will on planning efforts to ensure resilience for the future.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	dium □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action.	Problem continues.			
	Only join CRS program.	Lack of NFIP opportunities and resources.			
	Only join NFIP program.	Miss opportunity to have reduced flood insurance premiums for community, lack of flood mitigation resources and assistance.			



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.13 VILLAGE OF NYACK

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Nyack with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Nyack, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.13.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Nyack identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Administrator represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.13-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Primary Point of Contact

Name/Title: James Politi, Village Administrator
Address: 9 N. Broadway, Nyack, NY 10960
Phone Number: 845-358-0548
Email: james politi@nyack-ny.gov

National Floud Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator

Name/Title: Robert Galvin, Village Planner
Address: 9 N. Broadway, Nyack, NY 10960
Phone Number: 845-358-0548

Phone Number: 845-358-0548

Table 9.13-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

9.13.2 Municipal Profile

Email: marketstat@aol.com

The Village of Nyack is located within the Town of Orangetown, with a small portion located within the Town of Clarkstown, along the western border of Rockland County. The Village is bordered to the north by the Village of Upper Nyack, to the south by the Village of South Nyack, to the east by the Town of Clarkstown, and to the west by the Hudson River. According to the U.S. Census, the 2020 population for the Village of Nyack was 7,265, a 7.4 percent increase from the 2010 Census.



Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2022 American Community Survey Five-year Population Estimates indicates that 4.8 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 20.8 percent is 65 years of age or older, 3.6 percent is non-English speaking, 3.9 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 11.8 percent is considered disabled.

9.13.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Nyack performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Nyack to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.13-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Nyack.

Table 9.13-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Building Code	Yes	NYS Building Code & Chapter 140, 176, 196	State and Local	Building

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

The NYS Building Code is intended to establish provisions that adequately protect public health, safety, and welfare through the minimum requirements for building systems using prescriptive and performance-related provisions. It is founded on broad-based principles that make possible the use of new materials and new building designs. The 2020 edition is an update to the 2018 edition published by the ICC. It is part of the Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code.





		Citation and Date	Authority					
	Jurisdiction has	(code chapter or name of plan, date	(local, county,	Responsible Person,				
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency				
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Section 360	Local	Building				
How has or will this be integrated The Zoning Ordinance implement								
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 360, Section 5.8	Local	Building				
	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Subdivisions Ordinance requires measures and reviews to prevent building that would impair flood hazard areas.							
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 360, Section 5.7	Local	Building, Planning Board				
How has or will this be integrated		· · ·	Local	building, Flamming board				
_		to prevent building that would impair fl	ood hazard area	S.				
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 295, Chapter 360, Section 4.12	Local	Building and Brooker Engineering				
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?						
The purpose of chapter 295 is to	establish minimum sto	ormwater management requirements ar	nd controls to pro	otect and safeguard the				
general health, safety, and welfar	e of the public within	the Village.						
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?						
Real Estate Disclosure		New York State (NYS) mandate,						
	Yes	Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State				
disclosures under the law or pay a	a credit of \$500 to the it to the buyer before	ose under the exceptions to "caveat em buyer at closing. While the PCDA requir the buyer signs the final purchase contr y the credit.	es a seller to cor	mplete a standardized				
Growth Management	No		-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?						
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?						
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	FEMA Regulations	Federal, State, Local	Building				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The ordinance promotes the public health, safety and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas.								
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A								
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?						
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A								





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Building
	dded where the designssible to obtain a designs.	n flood elevation or other elevation req gn flood elevation from the FIRM or fro		
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	Yes	FEMA Regulations	State and Local	Building
How has or will this be integrated The Village tracks over a period o assists with compliance of local fl	f time cumulative dam	ages to determine if a building is being	substantially imp	proved or not. This code
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Chapter 294, 295 and 360 Section 4.12	State and Local	Brooker Engineering, Building
	collection of stormwa	w does this reduce risk? ater systems such as ditches, retention intains those stormwater systems withi		rs, etc. which mitigation
Other: Natural Resource Protection	Yes	Chapter 360 — 4.4 Natural and Scenic Resource Protection (steep slopes, wetlands); chapter 360 -4.14 - Sustainability	Local	Building, Sustainability Coordinator, Planner
How has or will this be integrated This code regulates, protects, and		w does this reduce risk? I resources located within the Village.		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Village of Nyack Comprehensive Plan, 2016	Local	Village Board
How has or will this be integrated The Village Comprehensive Plan ខ្លឹ				
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	Yes	Chapter 205	Federal and Local	Building
How has or will this be integrated The Floodplain Management Plan		w does this reduce risk? safe floodplain management practices v	within the Village	
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	Yes	Village of Nyack Comprehensive Plan, 2016	Local	Village Board
How has or will this be integratea The Village Comprehensive Plan i			it of public open	spaces.
Urban Water Management Plan		3, 1 ,, 2 2 2 8	, ,	•





		Citation and Date	Authority				
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency			
How has or will this be integrated N/A							
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Economic Development Plan	Yes	Village of Nyack Comprehensive Plan, 2016	Local	Village Board			
How has or will this be integrated The Village Comprehensive Plan in Village, businesses, and NGOs.		v does this reduce risk? rategic economic development plannin	g through partne	erships between the			
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?	· ·				
Community Forest Management Plan	No		-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?					
Transportation Plan	Yes	Village of Nyack Comprehensive Plan, 2016 and TAP Plan (Broadway)	Local	Village Board			
How has or will this be integrated The Village Comprehensive Plan in			oals for the Villag	ge.			
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	does this reduce risk?					
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	Yes	Nyack Climate Action Plan – Nyack 2030	Local	Sustainability Coordinator			
to climate change by 2030. Input held in March. This \$40,000 proje	or climate action with a from a broad cross sec ct has been funded in p	v does this reduce risk? set of goals and milestones for reducin tion of the community will shape the pl part by The Climate Smart Community of ment of Environmental Conservation."	lan, starting with	a public workshop to be			
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?					
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	Yes	Local Waterfront Revitalization Program, Harbor Management Plan, 2021 - 19 NYCRR Part 603	Local	Village Board and BFJ Consultants			
How has or will this be integrated This plan regulates and maintains							
Response/Recovery Planning							
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-			





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?						
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?						
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A								
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-		-				
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A								
Other		-	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A								

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.13-3 summarizes the capabilities of Nyack to oversee and track development.

Table 9.13-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits?	Yes	-
If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not begin development permits, what is your.	N/A	The Village Building Department is responsible for issuing development permits and tracking new development.
 If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	N/A	-
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.13-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Nyack and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.





Table 9.13-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board helps to shape how the community will look and feel for residents, business owners, and visitors. It serves two important functions. First it reviews "Site Plans" for proposed construction or alteration of many parcels of real property. Second, it decides whether a particular parcel in the village can and should be sub-divided. In making these decisions, the Planning Board is guided by Village Code regulations as related to land use as well as its sense of the lot and the community. Nyack has adopted a Comprehensive Master Plan, which sets forth the general vision of the village in the future.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	Pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-712-b of the New York State Village Law, the Village of Nyack maintains a Zoning Board of Appeals consisting of five members and two alternate members appointed by the Village Board. All members serve on a volunteer basis. The Zoning Board of Appeals hears and decide appeals from any order, requirement, decision, interpretation, or determination of the Building Inspector, the Planning Board, and the Architectural Review Board. Such appeals fall into two categories: those seeking "interpretations" of the zoning code and those seeking "variances" from the code. In addition, the Board is empowered to grant special use permits in certain instances as defined in the Zoning Code.
Planning Department	Yes	The Village Planner works closely with the Building Department and Village Engineer in reviewing all new project applications submitted for approval to the Architectural Review Board, Planning Board, and Zoning Board of Appeals. The Village Planner is also responsible for ensuring that State and Federal requirements are followed during the review process and that the Boards have all the information they need to be able to make an informed decision. Additionally, the Village Planner works on supporting economic development activities, grant making, drafting of zoning text changes and other planning studies and initiatives that will help improve the quality of life in the Village.
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Village of Nyack Department of Public Works strives to keep the Village clean and well maintained, improve Village facilities and infrastructure while providing essential services to the residents of the Village in a prompt, courteous, efficient, and cost-effective manner. The Department works to enhance the quality of life for residents and visitors of the Village of Nyack.



Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department Yes The Building Department is a resource for zoning, permits and other rules and regulations that pertain to new or pre-existing construction. Some of the areas that the Department and other rules and regulations, fair pertain to new or pre-existing construction. Some of the areas that the Department and help with include building permit applications, zonighaning rules and regulations, fire safety compliance, signage, property maintenance, property records, and tree permits. The 100 percent volunteer Nyack, fire Department provides service to the village of Nyack, South Maysé, Upper Nyack, and the hamilet of Upper Grand View. The District maintains six fire stations housing eight fire apparatus, one markineum, and the high angle rescue team. The Village utilizes the Orangetown Police Department. The Nyack Community Ambulance Corps provides ambulatory services for the Village. Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.) Mutual aid agreements Yes The Village of Nyack Suppartment of Public Works strives to keep the Village in a prompt, courteous, efficient, and cost-effective manner. Wutual aid agreements Yes Willage of Nyack Fire Dent, Drangetown Police Dept There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk? Other: Water Department Yes The Village of Nyack Fire Dent, Drangetown Police Dept There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural heazard risk? Other: Water Department Yes The Village of Nyack Submanage, and adapting to climate change working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resourc			
The Building Department is a resource for zoning, permits and other rules and regulations that pertain to new or pre-existing construction. Some of the areas that the Department can help with include building permit applications, zoning/planning rules and regulations, fire safety compliance, signage, proty maintenance, property records, and tree permits. Emergency Management/Public Safety	Resources	Available?	Comments (available staff responsibilities support of bazard mitigation)
Department to the Village of Nyack, South Nyack, Upper Nyack, and the hamlet of Upper Grand View. The District maintains six fire stations housing eight fire apparatus, one marine unit, and the high angle rescue team. The Village utilizes the Orangetown Police Department. The Nyack Community Ambulance Corps provides ambulatory services for the Village. Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.) Yes The Village of Nyack Department of Public Works strives to keep the Village clean and well maintained, improve Village facilities and infrastructure while providing essential services to the residents of the Village in a prompt, courteous, efficient, and cost-effective manner. Mutual aid agreements Yes Willage of Nyack Fire Dept, Orangetown Police Dept There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk? Other: Water Department Yes The Village of Nyack Water Department is a self-supporting, public benefit department. It is without taxing powers. The only revenue the plepartment receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department is nonprofit. All revenue is used for operating expenses outstanding debt, and construction purposes. The Department was established to provide the Village of Nyack Service area with a safe and abundant supply of water. Other: Nyack Climate Smart Committee Yes The Nyack Climate Smart Committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. Other: Nyack Parks Commission Yes The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Waterina. The Parks Commission oversees the various park Nyack's Village forse the Nyack Village and Analysic Streets and in advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Androuducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of e	Construction/Building/Code Enforcement		The Building Department is a resource for zoning, permits and other rules and regulations that pertain to new or pre-existing construction. Some of the areas that the Department can help with include building permit applications, zoning/planning rules and regulations, fire safety compliance, signage, property maintenance,
\text{		Yes	to the Village of Nyack, South Nyack, Upper Nyack, and the hamlet of Upper Grand View. The District maintains six fire stations housing eight fire apparatus, one marine unit, and the high angle rescue team. The Village utilizes the Orangetown Police Department. The Nyack Community Ambulance Corps provides ambulatory
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk? Other: Water Department Yes The Village of Nyack Water Department is a self-supporting, public benefit department. It is without taxing powers. The only revenue the Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department is nonprofit. All revenue is used for operating expenses outstanding debt, and construction purposes. The Department was established to provide the Village of Nyack's service area with a safe and abundant supply of water. Other: Nyack Climate Smart Committee Yes The Nyack Climate Smart Committee helps the Village government and the community address climate change. The committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. Other: Nyack Parks Commission Yes The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of every month. Other: Nyack Tree Committee Yes The Nyack Tree Committee organizes efforts to preserve and expansion of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the		Yes	infrastructure while providing essential services to the residents of the Village in a prompt, courteous, efficient, and cost-effective
descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk? Other: Water Department Yes The Village of Nyack Water Department is a self-supporting, public benefit department. It is without taxing powers. The only revenue the Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department is nonprofit. All revenue is used for operating expenses outstanding debt, and construction purposes. The Department was established to provide the Village of Nyack's service area with a safe and abundant supply of water. Other: Nyack Climate Smart Committee Yes The Nyack Climate Smart Committee helps the Village government and the community address climate change. The committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. Other: Nyack Parks Commission Yes The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of every month. Other: Nyack Tree Committee Yes The Nyack Tree Committee organizes efforts to preserve and expans Nyack's village forest through careful planning, planting and maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Sidner and maintenance. The Village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the	Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Village of Nyack Fire Dept, Orangetown Police Dept
benefit department. It is without taxing powers. The only revenue the Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department is nonprofit. All revenue is used for operating expenses outstanding debt, and construction purposes. The Department was established to provide the Village of Nyack's service area with a safe and abundant supply of water. Other: Nyack Climate Smart Committee Yes The Nyack Climate Smart Committee helps the Village government and the community address climate change. The committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. Other: Nyack Parks Commission Yes The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of every month. Other: Nyack Tree Committee Yes The Nyack Tree Committee organizes efforts to preserve and expand Nyack's village forest through careful planning, planting and maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Tree Project —, the village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the	descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts	Yes	implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural
and the community address climate change. The committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change impacts. Other: Nyack Parks Commission Yes The Village of Nyack Parks Commission oversees the various park properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of every month. Other: Nyack Tree Committee Yes The Nyack Tree Committee organizes efforts to preserve and expand Nyack's village forest through careful planning, planting and maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Tree Project—, the village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the	Other: Water Department	Yes	benefit department. It is without taxing powers. The only revenue the Department receives is obtained from the sale of water. The Department is nonprofit. All revenue is used for operating expenses, outstanding debt, and construction purposes. The Department was established to provide the Village of Nyack's service area with a safe
properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings in Village Hall on the last Wednesday of every month. Other: Nyack Tree Committee Yes The Nyack Tree Committee organizes efforts to preserve and expand Nyack's village forest through careful planning, planting and maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Tree Project –, the village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the	Other: Nyack Climate Smart Committee	Yes	and the community address climate change. The committee has working groups on clean energy, recycling and waste, greener transportation, natural resources, and adapting to climate change
Nyack's village forest through careful planning, planting and maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Tree Project –, the village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the	Other: Nyack Parks Commission	Yes	properties in Nyack, including the waterfront Memorial Park and the adjacent Nyack Marina. The Parks Commission, which acts in an advisory capacity to the Nyack Village Board, conducts its meetings
Technical/Staffing Capability	·	Yes	maintenance. The Village of Nyack has been a Tree City USA since 2015. In 2016 the Committee organized the Nyack Tree Project –, the village's community planting and stewardship program. Twice a year, volunteers of all ages plant trees along Nyack's streets and in the park. Approximately 250 trees have been planted since the





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Planning Department - Village planner
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Eve Mancuso, PE Brooker Engineering
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Planner
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Village Administrator, Treasurer, Village Planner
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Brooker Engineering and Blue Shore Engineering
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Village Planner - GIS
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	Yes	Village Administrator
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Contract grant writer Sylvia Welch, Ph.D.
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	Yes	The Sustainability Coordinator organizes the Village's participation in initiatives, including the NYS Climate Smart Communities and NYSERDA Clean Energy Communities programs, and supports collaboration among Village officials, departments, boards, committee, and community groups to advance the Village's sustainability agenda.

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.13-5 summarizes financial resources available to Nyack.

Table 9.13-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No





Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.13-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Nyack.

Table 9.13-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village of Nyack hosts a variety of information on its website for its residents. The Village's website hosts multiple resources include planning documents, zoning codes, feasibility studies, etc. for residents to review. Residents also can register for alerts regarding health and safety, weather alerts, etc.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	-
If yes, please describe.		The Village of Nyack hosts a variety of information on its website for its residents. The Village's website hosts multiple resources include planning documents, zoning codes, feasibility studies, etc. for residents to review. Residents also can register for alerts regarding health and safety, weather alerts, etc.

Community Classifications

Table 9.13-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Nyack.

Table 9.13-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	Bronze	April 25, 2019
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-



Program	Participating?	Classification	Date Classified
	(Yes/No)	(if applicable)	(if applicable)
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.13-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.13-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard Adaptive

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.13.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.13-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.13-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Nyack.

Table 9.13-9. Village of Nyack NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	22	
# Claims (Losses)	85	
Total Loss Payments	\$2,497,954	



# Policies	22
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	9
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	2
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	2

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.13-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in the Village of Nyack.

Table 9.13-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments		
Flood Vulnerability Summary			
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Clermont Condominiums - waterfront properties are prone to flooding in the area.		
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No, the Village does not maintain a list at this time.		
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No, the Village does not maintain a list at this time.		
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown, at this time.		
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No, there are no current RiskMAP projects underway at this time.		
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Village makes Substantial Damage Determinations through the definition in Local Code 205-4 and by established construction standards in Local Code 205, Article V and the 2020 Uniform Code of NYS.		
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.		
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None, at this time.		
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes, the flood maps adequately address flood risk within the Village.		
NFIP Compliance			
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Chief Building Inspector and Floodplain Administrator are responsible for floodplain management for the Village.		





NFIP Topic	Comments
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, consulting group Brooker Engineering, PLLC are staff certified for the Village.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No, not at this time.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No, not at this time.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	The Village determines substantial improvement qualification by definition in Local Law 205-4.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None, at this time.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	None, at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown, at this time.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Municipal Code 205
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	January 1, 2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The Village floodplain management program meets the minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Yes, the Village plans to join the CRS program to improve the CRS classification.

9.13.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.13-11 through Table 9.13-13.

Table 9.13-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family Multi-Family Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)		Total				
	2019						
Total Permits	0	1	1	2			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2020							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			





	New Construction Permits Issued				
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2021			
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2022			
Total Permits	2	1	1	4	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
2023					
Total Permits	1	0	0	1	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1-percent flood event)

Table 9.13-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
No major development and infrastructure reported.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.13-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
		No major develop	ment and infrastructur	e anticipated.	

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.13.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Nyack risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented in the following section.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** through **Error! Reference source not found.** These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which the Village of Nyack has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



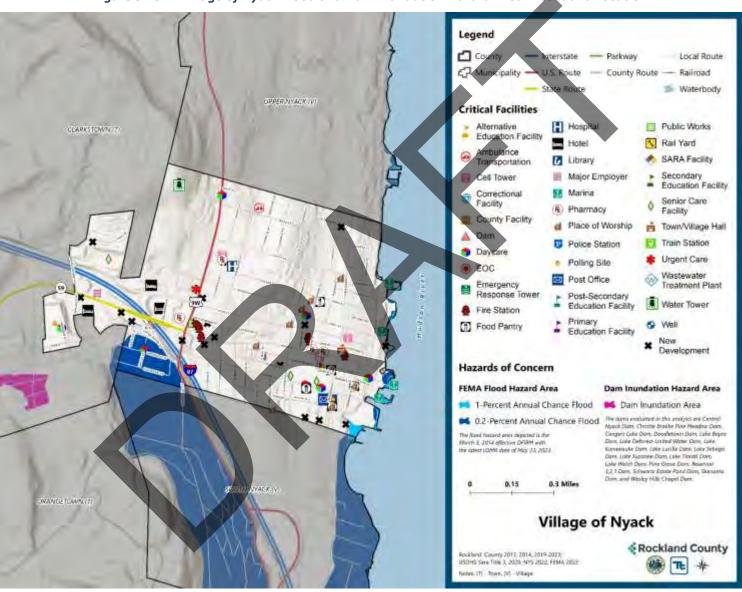


Figure 9.13-1. Village of Nyack Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

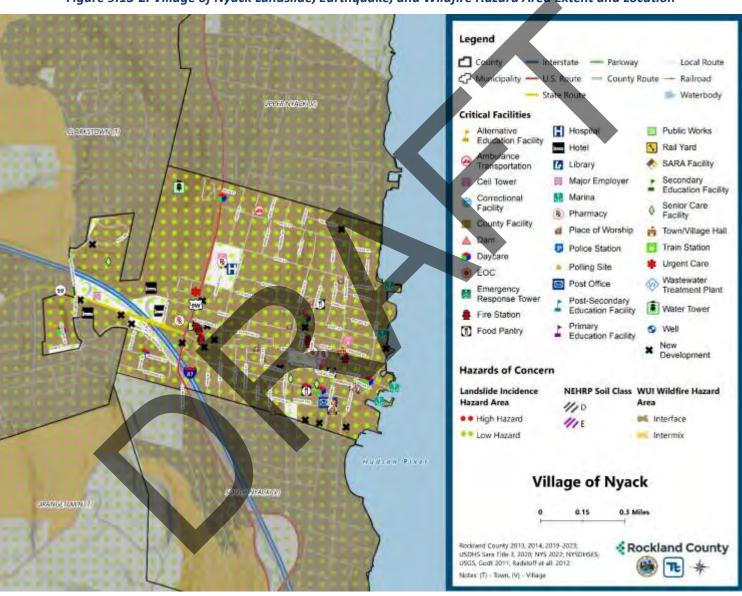


Figure 9.13-2. Village of Nyack Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Nyack is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.13-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.13-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Nyack

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Covid pandemic affected the Village organization financially due to the waiving of parking enforcement policies and the closure of the Justice Court, as well as increased costs for cleaning service, and operationally due to changed staff availability and scheduling. The Village also had to cover extensive payroll costs for quarantines and Covid illnesses.
April 13, 2020	-	-	High winds across the county led to downed trees power outages, closed roads, and approximately \$200,000 in property damage.	No losses or damage sustained.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, one to three inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	There was no infrastructure damage, however, widespread trees down and debris Villagewide.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from two to five inches, with this rain coming in addition to the two to five inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	No damages or losses sustained.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from five to eight inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	The Village of Nyack experienced significant damage from this storm. A total culvert collapse on Mill Street; a sinkhole and damages to culvert at 63 Catherine Street, a storm drain failure and collapse of driveway at 22-24 Catherine Street; debris removal village-wide. Total damages estimated to be \$1,800,000 when full repairs are approved by FEMA and reconstruction begins.
July 9 – 10, 2023	-	-	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	No losses or damage sustained.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Nyack.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Nyack reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following hazard rankings are true for the community.

Table 9.13-15 shows Village of Nyack's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.13-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank				
Dam Failure	Low				
Disease Outbreak	Medium				
Drought	Medium				
Earthquake	Low				





Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	Medium
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Medium

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.13-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1- and 0.2-percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.13-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)
Hudson Vista Associates Dockaminiums	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-NyackV-07	No

Source: Rockland County; USDHS Sara Title 3

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact Nyack:

- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Nyack's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Nyack identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Undersize culvert at DPW facility, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway.
- Development around the Nyack Creek has altered its natural functioning, which has increased the risk to flooding around the creek.
- Floodplain ordinance could be out of date and not effective.
- The public may not be aware of the Village's hazard vulnerabilities and planning/zoning decisions.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.
- If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.





- New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update.
- Current floodplain management ordinance could be out of date and less effective than current regulations require.
- Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased.
- Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- Nyack memorial park viewing pier, ped bridge skatepark is vulnerable to Storm Surge.
- Nyack marina docks, bulkheads, boat launch, parking lot is vulnerable to Storm Surge.
- Clermont condo bottom on main st, garage fills with water.
- Nyack boat club, docks moorings, and more were damaged from impacts during hurricane sandy.
- Hook mountain boat club, past 103 Gedney, also big dock with moorings is vulnerable to Storm Surge.
- Other apartment buildings on Gedney Street 101 Gedney, 103 Gedney, are vulnerable to Storm Surge.

9.13.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Nyack identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

• GIS Online Mapping: The Village is participating in the County HMP update which includes public outreach and mapping.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Nyack has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

The Village continues to review floodplain ordinance and update current standards.

^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.

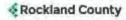


Table 9.13-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Nyack identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

 GIS Online Mapping: The Village is participating in the County HMP update which includes public outreach and mapping.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Nyack has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

• The Village continues to review floodplain ordinance and update current standards.





Table 9.13-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	•	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-1	Replacement/upgrade of culvert at DPW facility		Engineering	Undersize culvert at DPW facility, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway. The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existing culvert and allow for improved stormwater drainage. Functionality of the DPW is critical during a storm event.	In Progress Damaged during Hurricane IDA, preliminary plans and specs have been prepared by Village Engineer. Waiting on FEMA site inspection.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
NV-2	Improvements to Nyack Creek	Flooding, Severe Storm	Engineering	Development around the Nyack Creek has altered its natural functioning, which has increased the risk to flooding around the creek. The Village has been able to finish improvements to Village owned segments of the creek but must determine how to conduct these improvements for segments on private property.	1. In progress 2. Improvements to Nyack Creek	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
NV-3	Review floodplain ordinance and update current standards	Flooding	Engineering	Floodplain ordinance could be out of date and not effective. Review current ordinance to determine if it meets current State and FEMA requirements and will effectively help mitigate loss.	Ongoing Review floodplain ordinance and update current standards.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-4	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	1. No progress 2. N/A	N/A The County may not have the time to review the plan.
NV-5	GIS Online Mapping	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards. Provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Village's hazard vulgerabilities.	1. Complete 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village is participating in the County HMP update which includes public outreach and mapping.
NV-6	Public Workshops	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Supervisor	The public may not be	No progress Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	I. Include Include





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-7	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee		No progress Partner with owners of repetitively flooded properties to access funding for mitigation measures.	Include Partner with owners of repetitively flooded properties to access funding for mitigation measures. N/A
NV-8	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	No progress Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems.	Include Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-9	Critical Facilities Protection	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for	2. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes	1. Include 2. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available. 3. N/A
NV-10	Review Village Codes	All Hazards	Jurisdictional CPG member	New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update. The Village would like to review and potentially update their existing local codes/ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	Ongoing Continue to enforce local codes and amend them as needed as it pertains to any new hazard information.	1. Include 2. Continue to enforce local codes and amend them as needed as it pertains to any new hazard information. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	•	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-11	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	Flooding	Village Board; Attorney	Current floodplain management ordinance could be out of date and less effective than current regulations require. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations.	Ongoing. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations	I. Include Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations N/A
NV-12	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs	Flooding	Village Board	Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	Ongoing Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	Include Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs N/A
NV-13	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flooding	Building Department	Floodplain management and	2. Require staff involved in floodplain	Include Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs) - Brooker Engineering will maintain this certification on behalf of the Village N/A
NV-14	Community Rating System	Flooding	Village Board	The Village is not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	1. No progress. 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village does not wish to join the CRS program at this time.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-15	Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Development	All Hazards	Village Board	Village does not currently have a Local Hazard Mitigation Plan. Apply for funding for the development of a local, single-jurisdiction hazard mitigation plan.	1. Complete 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village is participating in the County HMP update.
NV-16	Hazard Risk Areas Database	All Hazards	Village Board	Development in hazard areas can lead to avoidable casualties and property damage. Spatial database of all natural hazard risk areas in the Village will allow land use decision makers to plan safe and resilient communities and developments.	1. Complete 2. N/A	Discontinue N/A The Village is participating in the County HMP update efforts which includes spatial data for the hazards of concern.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-17	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	Flooding	Village Board		1. No progress. 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. This effort is not needed at this time.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	_	1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
NV-18	Publicly Owned Critical Facility Located in Floodplain	Flooding	Nyack Water Department	·	2. Investigate mitigation options, including flood-proofing, elevation, etc., to protect the Nyack Village Water Co treatment plant, driveway culvert, and water Intake on the Hackensack River up to the 500-year flood elevation and implement the most effective strategy. The Nyack Water Department, which is a department of the Nyack Village government owns and has control over the intake even though it is located in the	1. Include 2. Investigate mitigation options, including flood-proofing, elevation, etc., to protect the Nyack Village Water Co treatment plant, driveway culvert, and water Intake on the Hackensack River up to the 500-year flood elevation and implement the most effective strategy. The Nyack Water Department, which is a department of the Nyack Village government owns and has control over the intake even though it is located in the Town of Clarkstown. 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Nyack participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Nyack would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.13-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.13-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.13-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA		CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	1			2	2		2			
Disease Outbreak	1			1	2		1			
Drought	1			1	2		1			
Earthquake	1			1	2		1			
Extreme Temperature	1			1	2		1			
Flood	4	4		5	5	2	5		2	
Landslide	1			1	2		1			
Severe Weather	1	3		5	2	1	5		2	
Severe Winter Weather	1			1	2		1			
Wildfire	1			1	2		1			

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.





Table 9.13-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Technical	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Multi-Hazard	Climate Change	Timeline	Agency Champion	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024NyackV-01	Replacement/upgrade of culvert at DPW facility	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024NyackV-02	Improvements to Nyack Creek	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024NyackV-03	Review floodplain ordinance and update current standards	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024NyackV-04	Public Workshops	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024NyackV-05	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024NyackV-06	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024NyackV-07	Critical Facilities Protection	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024NyackV-08	Review Village Codes	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024NyackV-09	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024NyackV-10	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024NyackV-11	Certified Floodplain Managers	1_	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024NyackV-12	Publicly Owned Critical Facility Located in Floodplain	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024NyackV-13	Nyack Riverfront Walkway	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024NyackV-14	Outreach to High Hazard Dam Owners	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024NyackV-15	New Storm Drain on High Ave.	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High

Note: Volume 1, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-NyackV-01. Replacement/upgrade of culvert at DPW facility

Action Name:	Replacement/upgrade of culvert at DPW facility					
Description of the Problem:	Undersize culvert at DPW facility, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply			⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The proposed project aims to enhance or replace the current culvert, improving stormwater drainage capabilities. The operational functionality of the Department of Public Works is vital during severe weather events. The culvert was damaged by Hurricane Ida, and preliminary plans and specifications have been developed by the Village Engineer. We are currently awaiting a site inspection from FEMA. The project will help ensure that transportation routes stay open and maintain access to the DPW facility during storm events.					
	Engineering Department					
Supporting Agencies:						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Damaged during Hurricane Ida, preliminary plans and specs have been prepared by Village Engineer. Waiting on FEMA site inspection. Transportation routes are more likely to remain open and access to DPW facility will remain operational.					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	HMGP, BRIC, CHIPS, operating budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proj	ect (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
	Areas that were previously vulnerable to frequency or severe flooding events will be less likely to be impacted by flooding events.					
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted area will be less likely t			be flooded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in more frequent and severe rainfall events. This action upsizes culvert sizes to meet changing stormwater needs as the result of climate change.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No Action.		Current problem continues.			
	Elevate roadway.		Costly and may not solve problem.			
	Relocate roadway.		Not possible.			



Action 2024-NyackV-02. Improvements to Nyack Creek

Action Name:	Improvements to Nyack Creek					
Description of the Problem:	Development around the Nyack Creek has altered its natural functioning, which has increased					
	the risk to flooding around the creek.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:		⊠Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide				
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake 	☐Severe Winter Storm				
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:		to Village-owned sections of the creek and is now ts located on private property. Collaboration with				
	engineering and the County will help in formulating a strategy to engage with property owners					
	and initiate enhancements on private property.					
	Engineering Department					
Supporting Agencies:						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Critical facilities located near Nyack Creek will be protected from future flood events and remain operational during severe storm events.					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP)				
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
	□Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)				
Check all that apply	☐Property Protection (PP)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)				
	☑Public Information (PI)	☐Emergency Services (ES)				
	Socially vulnerable populations residing along Nyack Creek will be protected from severe flooding events.					
Impact on Future Development:						
	Educating land owners on climate change considerations for severe flooding events will help to					
	further mitigation practices along Nyack Cre					
Priority:		um □Low				
Check one						
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	Do nothing.	Problem persists.				
	Mitigate privately owned lands along Ny Creek.	Not possible.				
	Require mitigation practices from landowr along Nyack Creek.	Not possible.				



Action 2024-NyackV-03. Review floodplain ordinance and update current standards

Action Name:	Review floodplain ordinance and update current standards					
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain ordinance could be out of date and not effective.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:		D	⊴ Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide			
	□Drought		□Severe Storm			
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm		
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Review current ordinance to determine if it meets current State and FEMA requirements and will effectively help mitigate loss. Updating the floodplain ordinance will help to protect critical facilities and community lifelines by mitigating flood impacts to these structures and maintain standard of operation.					
Lead Agency:	Engineering Department					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the floodplain ordinance will help to protect critical facilities and community lifelines by mitigating flood impacts to these structures and maintain standard of operation.					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)		□Natural Syst	ems Protection (NSP)		
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)	☐Education a	nd Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	⊠Preventative Measures (PR)		■ Natural Reso	ource Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)		☐Structural FI	ood Control Projects (SP)		
	☐Public Information (PI)		□Emergency :	Services (ES)		
	This action will protect socially vuln			ng flood impacts to the entire		
	community pursuant to state and fe					
Impact on Future Development:	Updating the floodplain ordinance will influence what type of development takes place in the floodplain and ensure safe and sustainable development practices.					
Climate Change Considerations:	Updates to the floodplain ordinance will take climate change considerations into account as flooding events become more frequent and severe.					
Priority: Check one		⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	rnatives Action Evaluation					
	Do nothing.		Floodplain Ordinance is out of date.			
	Update floodplain ordinance and so not meet state and federal requiren		Problem continues.			
	Update floodplain ordinance and standards Buildings and critical facilities may					
	without considering climate change projections.					



Action 2024-NyackV-04. Public Workshops

Action Name:	Public Workshops						
Description of the Problem:	The public may not be aware of the Village's hazard vulnerabilities and planning/zoning decisions.						
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	⊠Flood				
Check all that apply	⊠Disease Outbreak	Σ	⊠Landslide				
	⊠Drought	Σ	⊠Severe Storm				
	⊠Earthquake	Σ	Severe Winter Sto	orm			
			⊠Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.						
Lead Agency:	CPG member						
Supporting Agencies:	Village Supervisor						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)		□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)				
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)	⊠Education ar	nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
	□Preventative Measures (PR)		☐Natural Resource Protection (NR)				
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)		Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)				
	☑Public Information (PI)		□ Emergency S	· ·			
	This action would benefit the socially vulnerable by providing them information to make informed decisions about natural disaster events, and where to seek shelter and resources.						
Impact on Future Development:	This action would influence future development decisions made by the community and planning department.						
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would supply residents with current climate change data to make informed decisions						
n	for the future.			_			
Priority: Check one		□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action.		Problem continues.				
	Send out public flyers and social me	dia posts.	Possibility that not everyone has access to the				
	The state of the s		materials and information.				
	Rely on state outreach efforts.		Not locally specific.				



Action 2024-NyackV-05. Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties

Action Name:	: Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties					
Description of the Problem:	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake	⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	Collaborate with the owners of frequently flooded properties to secure funding for mitigation measures. By implementing mitigation efforts in areas prone to flooding, we can minimize damages and losses, alleviate strain on utilities and emergency services such as healthcare, law enforcement, and search and rescue operations.					
Lead Agency:	CPG member					
Supporting Agencies:						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Mitigating homes located in the repetitive loss area decreases the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue.					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, FMA, HMGP, match from property owners					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7					
	High (> \$100,000)					
	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	■ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
	Collecting data regarding homeowners that opportunity to introduce location-specific opportunity	reside within flood prone areas provides an ortunities for assistance.				
Impact on Future Developm <mark>ent:</mark>	Increased outreach to homeowners within a flo are prone to hazard events.	od prone area will limit construction in areas that				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the frequency and severity of severe rainfall, flash flooding, riverine flooding, and coastal flooding from sea level rise and storm surge events. Mitigating structures in the floodplain will reduce the response and recovery costs as a result of these events, and decrease the loss of human life as a result of these events.					
Priority: Check one		□Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action.	Problem continues.				
	Levee around floodplain	Costly, not enough room				
	Deployable flood barriers	Requires deployment. Residents may not hav adequate time to deploy, especially those whare elderly or disabled.				



Action 2024-NyackV-06. Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures

Action Name:	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures				
Description of the Problem:	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	[] [⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop comprehensive mitigation ensure continued accessibility do operations and facilitating emerger	uring inclem	nent weather eve	ents, enabling uninterrupted	
Lead Agency:	CPG member				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Trustee				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Transportation routes are more like	ely to remain	functional during	heavy rain or flooding events.	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	HMGP, BRIC, Annual Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7				
	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proj) ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
	Vulnerable communities that would water will be less likely to suffer da				
Impact on Future Development:	Areas with resilient infrastructure improve economic resiliency.	encourage	residential and c	ommercial development and	
Climate Change Considerations:	Consideration should be taken for climate change.	an increase	e in heavy rain an	nd flood events as a result of	
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action.		Problem persists		
	Remove roadways that are flood pr	rone.	Not possible.		
	Deploy sandbags during severe floo	od events.	Costly, not alway	rs reliable.	



Action 2024-NyackV-07. Critical Facilities Protection

Action Name:	Critical Facilities Protection				
Description of the Problem:	If facilities were built before a cert hazard event.	ain date, the	ey could be more :	susceptible to damage from a	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	[] [] []	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Determine the year built and level highlight structures built before coo of protection from natural hazard these sites as funding becomes avai	des and stan s and pursu	dards were put in	place to provide some degree	
Lead Agency:	CPG member				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Trustee				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action mitigates and protects a	II critical faci	ilities and lifelines	within the Village.	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:					
	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply		ect (SIP)	· · ·	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
	☑Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
	Protection of critical facilities pro managers to maintain critical service				
Impact on Future Development:	The risk of significant damage occur operations to be maintained or only support to both current and future	briefly inter	rupted in severe e	vents. This provides continued	
Climate Change Considerations:	This action addresses anticipated in to the 500-year (0.2-percent annua			nd severity through protection	
Priority: Check one	□High	□Medium		⊠Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem continue	25.	
	Relocate facilities.		Not possible.		
* /	Conduct mitigation measures interr	nally.	Costly, lack of res	ources and knowledge.	



Action 2024-NyackV-08. Review Village Codes

Action Name:	Review Village Codes				
Description of the Problem:	New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	☑Dam/Levee Failure ☑Flood				
Check all that apply	⊠Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide			
	⊠Drought	⊠Severe Storm			
	⊠Earthquake	Severe Winter Storm			
5 (1 61	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire			
	information.	them as needed as it pertains to any new hazard			
	Jurisdictional CPG member				
Supporting Agencies:					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		mitigation practices will help critical facilities and continue to function properly for the wellbeing of			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
	1, 2, 3, 5, 7				
	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)			
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
	☑Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply		☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)			
	□Public Information (PI)	☐Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A				
Impact on Future Development:	An updated Village code will help plan for futudisaster and other hazard events.	ire development in being more resilient to natural			
Climate Change Considerations:	The updated Village code will consider climate natural disaster events. This will limit climate of	change impacts when looking at ways to mitigate change impacts on the community.			
Priority:		,			
Check one		. 22011			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.			
	Amend Village code to not include hazar mitigation.	d Problem continues.			
	Amend Village code without considering a	II Buildings and critical facilities may not be			
	hazards and climate change projections.	protected against future disasters.			



Action 2024-NyackV-09. Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations

Action Name:	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations			
Description of the Problem:	Current floodplain management ordinance could be out of date and less effective than current regulations require.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Update/revise floodplain managem			atest FEMA regulations.
Lead Agency:				201111
Supporting Agencies:				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Complying with the latest FEMA reg the floodplain are protected and ca			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)	Y		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply		ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
	☑Preventative Measures (PR)☐Property Protection (PP)☐Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) bood Control Projects (SP) pervices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:				
Impact on Future Development:	Complying with the latest FEMA re floodplain area, and limit unsafe str			fe future development in the
Climate Change Considerations:	FEMA regulations consider clima Prevention Ordinance will ensure when mitigating future disaster eve	the Village		
Priority: Check one		⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	Do nothing. Update Flood Damage Prevention without looking at latest FEMA regu		Problem continue Costly, not in com protected.	pliance, structures may not be
	Rely on state regulations.	iidtiOii3		not be fully protected from



Action 2024-NyackV-10. Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs

Action Name:	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs			
Description of the Problem:	Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	·	ances to be consistent with potential future new		
Lead Agency:	Village Board			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		gulations will ensure that the critical facilities and nemain functioning during emergency events.		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)	· ·		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7			
Benefits:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:				
Impact on Future Development:	FIRMS in compliance with the latest FEMA regular the floodplain area and limit unsafe structure.	ulations will help to guide safe future development res in the floodplain.		
Climate Change Considerations:		projections and updating the Flood Damage is incorporating climate change considerations		
Priority: Check one	□High ⊠Medium	□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.		
	Update Flood Damage Prevention Ordinanc without looking at latest FEMA regulations	e Costly, not in compliance, structures may not be protected.		
	Rely on state FIRMs.	Insufficient local data, structures may not be fully protected from flood events.		



Action 2024-NyackV-11. Certified Floodplain Managers

Action Name:	Certified Floodplain Managers			
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply		☐ Landslide ☐ Severe Storm ☐ Severe Winter Storm ☐ Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Require staff involved in floodplain ma	nagement and ordinance enforcement to become rooker Engineering will maintain this certification on		
Lead Agency:	Building Department			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A	· ·		
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:				
Implementation Timeline:		·		
Goals Met:				
	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP	□ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
	☑Preventative Measures (PR)☐Property Protection (PP)☐Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	This action would allow local staff to have when planning for future development.	knowledge on floodplain management and resilience		
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would take into account curre when making planning considerations.	nt climate change data for local staff to be informed		
Priority: Check one	□High	dium		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	Do nothing.	The problem would persist.		
	Rely on state floodplain management.	The state may not have the capability to provide this service.		
	Rely on federal floodplain management.	The federal government may not have the capability to provide this service.		



Action 2024-NyackV-12. Publicly Owned Critical Facility Located in Floodplain

Action Name:	2024-NyackV-12				
Description of the Problem:	The Nyack Village Water Co Intake facility is located within the 500-year floodplain.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:			⊴ Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide		
	□Drought		□Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire	.	
Description of the Solution:	Investigate mitigation options, incl				
	Village Water Co Intake up to the Strategy. The Nyack Water Department				
	owns and has control over the intak				
Lead Agency:	Nyack Water Department				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:			ilities, a critical fa	acility to the community, are	
	protected from severe flooding ever	nts.			
Estimated Cost:					
Potential Funding Sources:					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)	V			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6				
	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	`	□Natural Syste	ems Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ct (SIP)	■Education ar	nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
	□Preventative Measures (PR)			ource Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	☑Property Protection (PP)			ood Control Projects (SP)	
	☐Public Information (PI)		□Emergency S		
	This action ensures the water inta			onal to protect all residents,	
	including those socially vulnerable, a	and maintair	n full operation.		
Impact on Future Development:					
Climate Change Considerations:	This action takes into account climat an increase in severe flood events.	e change co	nsiderations, as cil	mate change projections snow	
Priority:	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Check one					
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem persists.		
	Mitigate without NYS requirements.			will not be protected, not in	
			compliance.		
	Not utilize federal funding opportun	ities.	Costly, limited res	sources.	



Action 2024-NyackV-13. Nyack Riverfront Walkway

Action Name:	Nyack Riverfront Walkway				
Description of the Problem:	Several apartment buildings and marinas are vulnerable to storm surge and has historically been damaged due to severe storm surge and flooding.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm •	
Description of the Solution:	The Village has been awarded fund storm surge impacts, including floo	•		d waterpark that will mitigate	
Lead Agency:	Engineering Department				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Critical facilities, such as marinas, a impacts to ensure standard of oper		ial buildings will be	e protected from storm surge	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:					
Implementation Timeline:					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6				
	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)				
	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proj		· ·	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)				
	Vulnerable populations who live i damages from storm surge will be in				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change considerations will events are expected to increase in			ront walkway, as storm surge	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem persists.		
	Relocated apartments.		No feasible.		
	Elevate apartments and buildings.		Costly, a short-tenall storm surge in	rm solution, does not mitigate npacts.	



Action 2024-NyackV-14. Outreach to Dam Owners

Action Name:	Outreach to Dam Owners				
Description of the Problem:	The following dams are high hazard dams according to the USACE National Dam Inventory: Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River. Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River. Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack. Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide		
	□Drought		⊠Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	The Village does not have jurisdid materials to mitigate these dams w				
Lead Agency:	Village Board and Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:	N/A				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	These dams are critical facilities and they are fully operational.	d educating o	dam owners on mi	tigation and safety will ensure	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6				
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Proj	ect (SIP)		ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
	These dams may protect socially vul and mitigating these dams will e populations.				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change considerations and dam owners on proper mitigation t		will be incorporate	d into the outreach to educate	
Priority: Check one		⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem persists,	potential for dam failure.	
	Tell dam owners what projects to in	nplement.	No public buy-ir	n, not locally specific to the nity.	
	Implement mitigation measures are	ound dams.	Costly, may not dam.	fully protect/maintain actual	







Action 2024-NyackV-15. New Storm Drain on High Ave.

Action Name:	New Storm Drain on High Ave.				
Description of the Problem:	Severe flooding and sink holes causing property damage along High Ave. during Hurricane Isaias.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	₫Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		∐Landslide		
	□Drought	D	Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Construction of new storm drain dov				
	drain that cut from High Ave, under p	rivate prop	erties including 22	2-24 Catherine St, to Catherine	
	St and then goes to Nyack Brook.				
<u> </u>	Village Public Works and Engineer				
Supporting Agencies:					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:					
	reside in these areas. Mitigation on t	these road	s will ensure stand	dards of operation are upheld	
Fallman d Contr	during severe hazard events.				
	Low (< \$10,000)				
Potential Funding Sources:					
	Short Term (<5 years)				
Goals Met:					
	High (> \$100,000)				
	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Natural Systems Protection (NSP)				
	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Natural Resource Protection (NR)				
Спеск ан тпат арріу	⊠ Property Protection (PP)			ood Control Projects (SP)	
	☐ Public Information (PI)		□Emergency S	· · ·	
	This storm drain may protect social				
Populations:	Protecting and mitigating this storm vulnerable populations.	i drain will	ensure they are t	ully operational in protecting	
Impact on Future Development:					
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change considerations and pr	raiactions	vill be incorporate	d into design of the new storm	
Climate Change Considerations.	drain.	rojections v	viii be ilicorporated	u iiito desigii oi tile liew storiii	
Priority:		□Medium		□Low	
Check one	2111811			Llow	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	Do nothing.		Problem persists.		
	update old storm drain		·	exceeded useful lifespan,	
				re during flood event.	
	Implement mitigation measures to	o protect	Costly, may not	fully protect/maintain old	
Y	existing storm drain.	-		ting storm drain still does not	
			function properly	•	



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.14 TOWN OF ORANGETOWN

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Town of Orangetown with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Town of Orangetown, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Town's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.14.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Town of Orangetown identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Town departments. The Superintendent represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.14-1 summarizes Town officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Town's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.14-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: James Dean, Superintendent/Highway Department	Name/Title: Stephen Munno, Administrative Assistant/Highway
Address: 26 W Orangeburg Rd,	Department
Orangeburg, NY 10962	Address: 26 W Orangeburg Rd,
Phone Number: 845-359-6500 x4510	Orangeburg, NY 10962
Email: <u>jdean@orangetown.com</u>	Phone Number: 845-359-6500 x4506
	Email: smunno@orangetown.com
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: John Giardiello, P.E., OBZPAE	
Address: 26 W Orangeburg Rd,	
Orangeburg, NY 10962	
Phone Number: 845-359-8410 x4301	
Fmail: igiardiello@orangetown.com	



9.14.2 Municipal Profile

On September 22, 2020, the Village of South Nyack passed a resolution to dissolve the Village of South Nyack. Since dissolution, the Town of Orangetown assumed all governing duties and police services. Therefore, the Village of South Nyack does not have a standalone annex and any pertinent information regarding the 2019 HMP annex for the Village has been incorporated into the Town's annex.

The Town of Orangetown is located along the southern and western border of Rockland County. The Town is bordered to the north by the Town of Clarkstown and its inclusive villages, to the south by the State of New Jersey, to the east by the Town of Ramapo and its inclusive villages, and to the west by the Hudson River. The following hamlets are found in the Town: South Nyack, Blauvelt, Orangeburg, Pearl River, Palisades, Sparkill, Tappan, and Upper Grandview. Lake Tappan and the Hudson River are major bodies of

water found throughout the Town. The Town has a total area of 31.4 square miles, of which, 24.2 square miles is land, and 7.2 square miles is water. The Town is governed by the Town Board consisting of the town council and the town supervisor.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 5 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 19.1 percent is 65 years of age or older, 2.9 percent is non-English speaking, 4.5 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 9.8 percent is considered disabled.

9.14.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Town of Orangetown performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Town of Orangetown to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.





Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.14-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Orangetown.

Table 9.14-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation. Building Code	Yes	NYS Codes, Town Code Chapter 6 – Building Construction Administration	State and Local	Building Inspector
requirements for building systems	I to establish provisions s using prescriptive and terials and new building	does this reduce risk? that adequately protect public health, performance-related provisions. It is fo designs. The 2020 edition is an update	ounded on broad-	based principles that
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 43 – Zoning (1/23/2024)	Local	Code Enforcement Officer
How has or will this be integrated The Zoning Ordinance implement Town. The latest amendment for	s the goals and objective	es of the Comprehensive Plan and esta	blishes districts ar	nd zoning map for the
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 21 – Land Development Regulations (5/22/1967)	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated The land development regulates a planning board to review land pla	and prevents building in	areas that would impair flood hazard a	areas. Chapter 21	establishes the
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 21A – Site Development Plan Approval (9/26/1983)	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated Chapter 21A regulates site develo development in the floodplain.		does this reduce risk? development that would impair flood	hazard areas, in ho	opes to limit future
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 30C – Stormwater Management (2006)	Local	Stormwater Management Officer
How has or will this be integrated The purpose of chapter 30C is to e general health, safety, and welfar	establish minimum stori	nwater management requirements an	d controls to prote	ect and safeguard the
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State
disclosures under the law or pay a	ility for failing to disclos a credit of \$500 to the b It to the buyer before th	se under the exceptions to "caveat emp uyer at closing. While the PCDA requir- se buyer signs the final purchase contra	es a seller to comp	olete a standardized
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	Yes	Chapter 11B – Environmental Quality Review (10/23/1978)	Local	Town Board
effect on the environment" are c	at have significant effect lassified as Type II actior	does this reduce risk? on the environment. Those actions whas and include, but are not limited to: Zas, salt spreading and snowplowing, and	oning district cha	nges, building permit
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 14B – Flood Damage Prevention (1/28/2014)	Federal, State, Local	Director of the Office of Building, Zoning, Planning Administration and Enforcement
specific areas of the Town. Amon	ealth, safety, and generage other regulations, cha	does this reduce risk? al welfare, and to minimize public and p pter 14B controls the alterations of nat dwaters. This chapter also qualifies the	ural floodplains a	nd regulates the
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Director of the Office of Building, Zoning, Planning Administration and Enforcement
How has or will this be integrated. The Town requires that all new co to or above the base flood elevat	onstruction or substantia	al improvements of structures in the SF	HA must have the	e lowest floor elevated
Other: Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	Chapter 30C – Stormwater Management (2006); 30C-9 Suspension of access to MS4; 30D-23 Suspension of MS4 discharge access	State and Local	Director of the Office of Building, Zoning, Planning Administration and Enforcement
How has or will this be integrated Both chapter 30C-9 and 30D-23, municipal separate storm sewer:	within the Stormwater N	does this reduce risk? Nanagement ordinance regulates and r	estricts access an	d discharge fo the
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Orangetown Comprehensive Plan Update, 2023	Local	OBZPAE
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The comprehensive plan establishes the Town goals and aspirations for future development and provides a roadmap to achieve community resilience. The most recent comprehensive plan was updated in 2023 through a collaborative process of the planning committee and Town Board. Public engagement was seen throughout the process through workshops and public hearings, to ensure a plan that addresses all concerns for all residents in the community.				





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	MS4 Stormwater Reports	Local	DEME
How has or will this be integrated The MS4 stormwater reports for t more owned by the Town and inc	he town consists of rep	orts on systems such as roads with dra	inage, catch basin	s, gutters, ditches, and
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	-	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Response/Recovery Planning					
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	-	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?			

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.14-3 summarizes the capabilities of Orangetown to oversee and track development.





Table 9.14-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department issues development permits and tracks new development.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.14-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Orangetown and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.14-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Town Board on zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of decisions made by the Building Inspector, and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	Yes	The Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement enforces all Local and State codes, issues permits, conducts inspections, and assists both the Planning and Zoning Boards.
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	Yes	Environmental Management and Engineering
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Orangetown Highway Department provides safe, courteous, dependable, and economical service, wherever and whenever possible for all residents. The Department maintains all Local roadways, government facilities and grounds, conducts snow plowing operations, and picks up yard waste.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement enforces all Local and State codes, issues permits, conducts inspections, and assists both the Planning and Zoning Boards.



	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The mission of the Orangetown Office of Emergency Management is to maintain a high level of planning and preparedness, to protect the citizens of Orangetown, to reduce loss of life, protect important assets, and reduce any disruption or destruction to local commerce and institutions; all while assisting and supporting the town government and emergency services with preparing, responding, and recovering from a disaster. The Orangetown Police Department works in partnership with the community, to protect life and property, solve neighborhood problems and enhance the quality of life in the town. The Fire Prevention Bureau seeks to provide fire safety inspections to multiple family residences, businesses, and public assemblies to ensure safety throughout the Town at all times.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Orangetown Highway Department provides safe, courteous, dependable, and economical service, wherever and whenever possible for all residents. The Department maintains all Local roadways, government facilities and grounds, conducts snow plowing operations, and picks up yard waste.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Orangetown Highway
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	Yes	There are no job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk.
Other: Historic Areas Board of Review	Yes	The Historic Areas Board of Review seeks to maintain the historic areas within the Town, including the Tappan and Palisades Areas. The Board reviews all land use applications to ensure compliance with the Historic Area Ordinance (Chapter 12).
Other: Department of Environmental Management and Engineering (DEME)	Yes	The Department of Environmental Management and Engineering manages the Town sewer collection and treatment system, provide engineering services to all Town departments and to maintain and repair police cars and other vehicles.
Other: Orangetown Parks Development Advisory Committee	Yes	The Committee oversees park acquisition, development, and alteration. Their major goal is to ensure that the Town's recreational and open space needs will be wisely and prudently met. The Committee also makes recommendations as needed to the Planning Board regarding proposed subdivisions and the effect on the current inventory of parks and open space sites.
Other: Orangetown Environmental Committee		The Orangetown Environmental Committee (OEC) was formed in 2008 with the mission of protecting and improving our local environment for the health and well-being of all residents. The OEC is an advisory committee comprised of Town-appointed volunteers. The OEC works on several areas of environmental concern focusing on energy, waste reduction and recycling, water, and land use and open space.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	OBZPAE and DEME
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	OBZPAE and DEME





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	OBZPAE
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Finance
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	OBZPAE
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	OBZPAE (GIS)
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager		
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Supervisors Office
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.14-5 summarizes financial resources available to Orangetown.

Table 9.14-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	N/A

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.14-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Orangetown.





Table 9.14-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	Available on multiple webpages including Office of Emergency Management Committee, Department of Environmental Management and Engineering, Bureau of Fire Prevention, etc. Throughout the website are documents which may contain additional information on hazards.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Town utilizes various social media outlets, including Facebook and Instagram, to keep residents up to date with what is currently happening in the Town. The Police Department also uses these same outlets to provide the community with information regarding recent crime events, public utility outages, and other hazard related events in the Town and surrounding communities.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	Orangetown Parks Development Advisory Committee, Orangetown Environmental Committee, Historic Areas Board of Review
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	-
If yes, please describe.	N/A	The Town utilizes various social media outlets, including Facebook and Instagram, to keep residents up to date with what is currently happening in the Town. The Police Department also uses these same outlets to provide the community with information regarding recent crime events, public utility outages, and other hazard related events in the Town and surrounding communities

Community Classifications

Table 9.14-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Orangetown.

Table 9.14-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-





Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	-	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.14-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Town's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.14-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.14.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.14-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.14-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Town of Orangetown.

Table 9.14-9. Town of Orangetown NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	115
# Claims (Losses)	362



^{- =} Unavailable



# Policies	115		
Total Loss Payments	\$5,668,545		
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	3		
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	33		
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	5		
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	5		

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.14-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in the Town of Orangetown.

Table 9.14-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments		
Flood Vulnerability Summary			
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	There are minor to major flood concerns within the Town, especially seen in low-lying areas.		
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No, the Town does not maintain a list at this time.		
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No, the Town does not maintain a list at this time.		
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	N/A		
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? ■ If so, state what projects are underway.	No, the Town does not have any RiskMAP projects underway at this time.		
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Building Inspectors would conduct an inspection of the damaged/improved structure(s) and advise that a building permit is required to repair/raise/replace said structures(s). If compliance is not obtained, violations will be issued.		
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.		
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None, at this time.		
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes, the flood hazard maps address the flood risks within the Town.		



NFIP Topic	Comments
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Yes, Jane Slavin, the Director of the Office of Building, Zoning, Planning Administration and Enforcement. (Building Department)
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, Jane Slavin, Director of the Office of Building, Zoning, Planning Administration and Enforcement.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, the Town has access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, continuing education and any updates to codes/rules/standards of practice.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit/plan review, GIS information as provided to the Town by Rockland County Planning, FEMA Maps available in office, planning and/or zoning reviews as applicable, engineering review, onsite inspections.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Obtain proposed cost of the proposed development and compare to the market value of the structure before. If the total costs exceeds 50 percent of the market value, then it would be considered a substantial improvement.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None, at this time.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	None, at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	2018
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Ch. 14B, adopted 6-28-1982 by L.L. No. 8-1982, as amended 12-14-1987 by L.L. No. 14-1987. 1-28-2014 by L.L. No. 1-2014.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	Ch. 14B, adopted 6-28-1982 by L.L. No. 8-1982, as amended 12-14-1987 by L.L. No. 14-1987. 1-28-2014 by L.L. No. 1-2014.
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The floodplain management program meets the minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes, the Planning Board, Zoning Board, Building Department and town engineer all support floodplain management.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Yes, the Town plans to join the CRS program.

9.14.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.14-11 through Table 9.14-13.





Table 9.14-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
		2019					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2020					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2021					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2022					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2023							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.14-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or			Location			
Developmen	t Type of	# of Units /	(address and/or		Description / Status of	
Name	Development	Structures	block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Development	
No major development and infrastructure reported.						

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.14-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
		No major developm	nent and infrastructur	e anticipated.	

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.14.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume 1 provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Town of Orangetown's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Town are shown in Figure 9.14-1through Figure 9.14-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which the Town of Orangetown has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



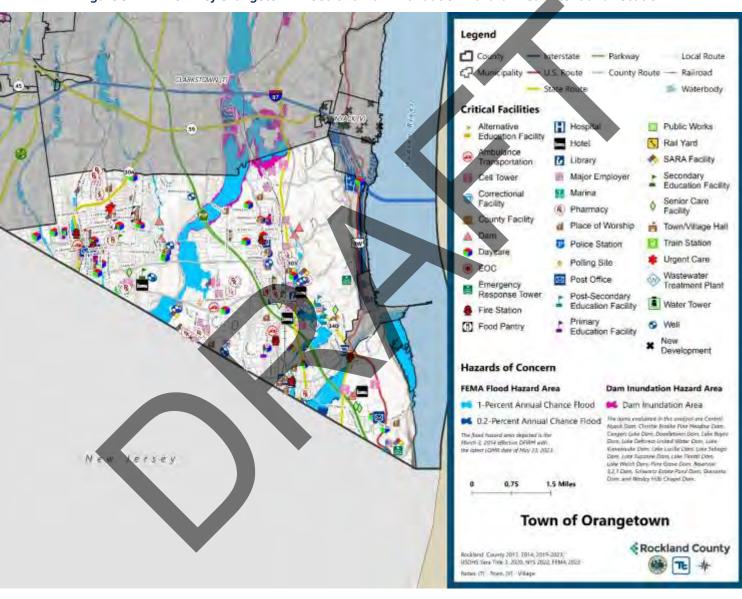


Figure 9.14-1. Town of Orangetown Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



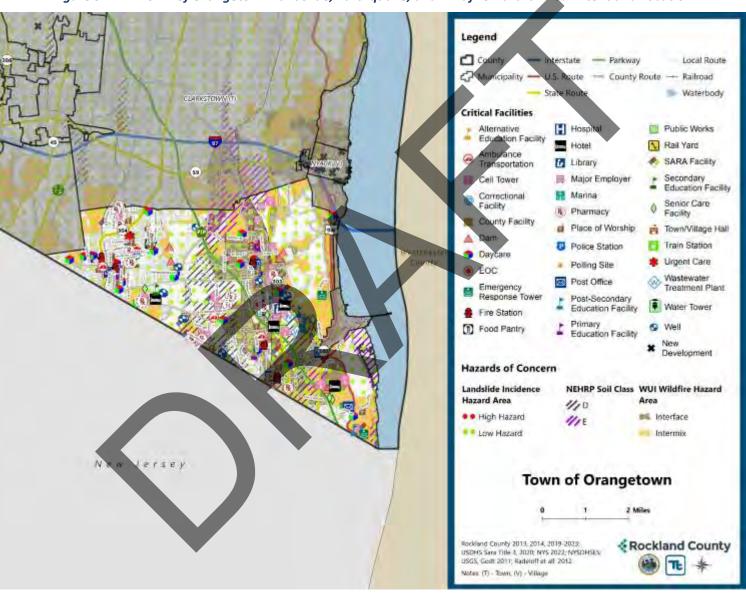


Figure 9.14-2. Town of Orangetown Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Town of Orangetown is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.14-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Town during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.14-14. Hazard Event History in the Town of Orangetown

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Town followed Nationally mandated social distancing and closure of public areas. This impacted the community and economy of the Town. Impacts were also seen to the critical facilities, such as first responding agencies and hospitals due to the spread of the virus.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	The Town experienced flood and wind impacts due to the tropical storm.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	The Town experienced severe precipitation during the hurricane.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	The Town experienced flood impacts from severe precipitation from remnants of this hurricane.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Town of Orangetown.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Orangetown reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Town agreed with the following hazard rankings in Table 9.14-15 shows Orangetown's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.14-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	Low		
Disease Outbreak	Medium		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Low		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Low		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Medium		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction





Critical Facilities

Table 9.14-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.14-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Exposure			
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Henry Kaufman Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-OrangetownT-06	No
Thofehrn Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-OrangetownT-06	No
John Paulding Engine Company #1	Fire Station	Yes	Yes	2024-OrangetownT-06	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are in or could impact Orangetown:

- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Town of Orangetown's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Town of Orangetown identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Secondary EQC in the Highway Department building mitigation action
- Communication protocol for disasters to avoid duplicated efforts during emergencies

9.14.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as





part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Orangetown identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- Upgrades have been completed to Route 303 Culvert (June 2021): grant funded through Climate Smart Communities.
- Construction will start in January 2024 for Villa Drive culvert upgrades.
- The local comprehensive plan has been updated (2023) to incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.
- Town posts on municipal website and social media where appropriate for hazard mitigation techniques and information.
- FEMA came to speak to residents about repetitive loss properties and funding and mitigation opportunities available.
- Town has an Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) that is updated annually.
- Town updates codes/ordinances when necessary.
- No new FIRMs since last HMP; will update when new FIRMs are released.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Orangetown has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- FEMA coordination with property owners.
- Updated comprehensive and EOPs for the Town.
- Increased public engagement.
- Upgrades to stormwater systems.





Table 9.14-17 indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

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In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Orangetown identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

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- Town posts on municipal website and social media where appropriate for hazard mitigation techniques and information.
- FEMA came to speak to residents about repetitive loss properties and funding and mitigation opportunities available.
- Town has an Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) that is updated annually.
- Town updates codes/ordinances when necessary.
- No new FIRMs since last HMP; will update when new FIRMs are released.

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- FEMA coordination with property owners.
- Updated comprehensive and EOPs for the Town.
- Increased public engagement.
- Upgrades to stormwater systems.



Table 9.14-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
ОТ-1	Route 303 Culvert Upgrade	Flooding, Severe Storm	Orangetown Highway Department	Undersize culvert on Route 303, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway. The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existing culvert and allow for improved stormwater drainage.	Complete – upgrades have been complete – June 2021 – grant funded through Climate Smart Communities N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
OT-2	Villa Drive Culvert Upgrade	Flooding, Severe Storm	Orangetown Highway Department	Undersize culvert on Villa Drive, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway. The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existing culvert and allow for improved stormwater drainage.	In Progress Construction will start in January 2024	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Currently underway
OT-3	Blauvelt Road Culvert Upgrade	Flooding, Severe Storm	Orangetown Highway Department	Undersize culvert on Blauvelt Road, which leads to flooding issues along the roadway. The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existing culvert and allow for improved stormwater drainage.	No Progress Challenges have been staff availability and time.	Include The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existing culvert along Blauvelt Road and allow for improved stormwater drainage N/A
OT-4	Ehrhardt Road Retaining Wall	Flooding, Severe Storm	Orangetown Highway Department	Erosion along the bank may compromise the integrity of the roadway. The Town is looking to construct a stone retaining wall along stream.	No Progress Challenges have been staff availability and resources.	Include The Town will construct a stone retaining wall along the eroding stream near Ehrhardt Road. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
ОТ-5	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	CPG member; Town Supervisor	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	Complete Plan has been updated.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
ОТ-6	Online GIS Hazard Mapping	All Hazards	CPG member; Town Supervisor	Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards. Provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Town's hazard vulnerabilities.	Completed The Town has incorporated maps into the local Comprehensive Plan. These include impervious surfaces, wetlands, and flood maps.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
ОТ-7	Public Workshops	All Hazards	CPG member; Town Supervisor	The public may not be aware of the Town's hazard vulnerabilities and planning/zoning decisions. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	Ongoing Capability Town posts on municipal website and social media where appropriate.	Discontinue N/A Ongoing capability





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
ОТ-8	Residential flood Mitigation	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Town Supervisor	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Town and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	Ongoing Capability FEMA came in to speak to residents	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Ongoing capability
ОТ-9	Critical Facilities Protection	All Hazards		If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Consolidate with old actions (OT-9, 15, and 16) into a single new one to address critical facilities protection (2024-OrangetownT-06).





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
OT-10	Emergency Response Plan Update	1	CPG member; Town Supervisor	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations, and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	Complete Town has an Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) that is updated annually	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
OT-11	Update Town Codes	All Hazards	Jurisdictional CPG member	New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update. The Town would like to review and potentially update their existing local codes/ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	Ongoing Capability Town updates codes/ordinances when necessary	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Ongoing capability



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
OT-12	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs	Flooding	Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement	Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	Ongoing Capability No new FIRMs since last HMP; will update when new FIRMs are released	Discontinue N/A Ongoing capability
OT-13	Stormwater Management in the Floodplain	Flooding, Severe Storm	Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement	flood risk over time, designing stormwater	No Progress Town uses existing stormwater management ordinance last updated 2006 and floodplain damage prevention ordinance last updated in 2014.	N/A Town continues to use existing ordinances to inform future development and stormwater storage decisions.
OT-14	Hazard Risk Area Digital Database	All Hazards	Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement	Development in hazard areas can lead to avoidable casualties and property damage. Spatial database of all natural hazard risk areas in the Town will allow land use decision makers to plan safe and resilient communities and developments.	Completed The Town has incorporated maps into the local Comprehensive Plan. These include impervious surfaces, wetlands, and flood maps.	Discontinue N/A Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
OT-15	Privately Owned Critical Facility in the Floodplain	Flooding	Enforcement	There are five critical facilities in the Town located in the floodplain and vulnerable to a flood event. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Town does not have jurisdiction over this facility to mitigate. The Town will notify the facility manager/operator regarding potential mitigation options and funding for implementation to consider. Potential projects may include elevation of structure and/or critical mechanics, floodproofing structure or entries/lowest floor, relocation. The Town to inform owners that NYS requires that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Consolidate with old actions (OT-9, 15, and 16) into a single new one to address critical facilities protection (2024-OrangetownT-06).





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
OT-16	Cherry Brook Drainage Project	Flooding	Engineering; Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement	Flooding along Bright Wood Ave in Pearl River as a result of excess stormwater flowing into the waterway. Investigation into the feasibility of construction open ditches and additional drainage along the Cherry Brook.		Include The Town will include the recommendations from the study as mitigation actions N/A
OT-17	Publicly Owned Critical Facility in the Floodplain	Flooding	Engineering; Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement	Wastewater Treatment Plant is located within the 500-year floodplain. Determine which type of mitigation option will prove most effective to protecting the Wastewater Treatment Plant and implement the action.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Consolidate with old actions (OT-9, 15, and 16) into a single new one to address critical facilities protection (2024-OrangetownT-06).
Village of	South Nyack	·				
SN-1	Storm drain – South Highland Ave.	Flooding, Severe Storm	Village of South Nyack	Flood concerns on Highland Ave.	No progress Village of South Nyack dissolved.	Discontinue N/A Village of South Nyack dissolved.
SN-2	Broadway culvert	Flooding, Severe Storm	Village of South Nyack	Flood concerns on undersized culvert system.	No progress Village of South Nyack dissolved.	Discontinue N/A Village of South Nyack dissolved.
SN-3	Upgrade generator in Village Hall/Police Station	All Hazards	Village of South Nyack	Problems with generator in Village Hall/Police Station.	No progress Village of South Nyack dissolved.	Discontinue N/A Village of South Nyack dissolved.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	_	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SN-4	Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	All Hazards	Village of South Nyack	Local comprehensive plan needs updating.	No progress Village of South Nyack dissolved.	Discontinue N/A Willage of South Nyack dissolved.
SN-5	Expand and disseminate GIS and other hazard information on the internet.	All Hazards	Village of South Nyack	Lack of GIS outreach in the community for floodplain awareness.	No progress Village of South Nyack dissolved.	Discontinue N/A Village of South Nyack dissolved.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Orangetown participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Orangetown would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Town's priorities.

Table 9.14-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.14-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.14-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA		CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	-	1	-
Disease Outbreak	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Drought	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Earthquake	-	-	-	1		-	1	-	-	-
Extreme Temperature	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Flood	-	4	1	2	2	-	2	1	2	-
Landslide	-	-		1		-	1	-	-	-
Severe Weather	-	4	1	2	2		2	1	2	-
Severe Winter Weather	-	- /	7	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Wildfire	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.



Table 9.14-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- OrangetownT-01	Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge over Pascack Brook	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	9	Medium
2024- OrangetownT-02	Blauvelt Road Culvert Upgrade	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024- OrangetownT-03	Ehrhardt Road Retaining Wall	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024- OrangetownT-04	Cherry Brook Drainage Project	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024- OrangetownT-05	Stormwater Bioretention Basin	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024- OrangetownT-06	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	Medium
2024- OrangetownT-07	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).

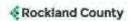




Action 2024-OrangetownT-01. Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge over Pascack Brook

Action Name:	Replacement of West Washington Avenue Bridge over Pascack Brook						
Description of the Problem:	The West Washington Avenue Bridg outlived its useful service life and ne on steep grades and are difficult to alignment of Pascack Brook in relati results in embankment scour and ro	eeds replace navigate do on to West V	ment. The roadwa uring adverse wea Washington Aven	ay approaches are sharp turns other conditions. The channel ue in the vicinity of the bridge			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	D	☑Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak □Landslide						
	□Drought		Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm			
D 10 60 610	□Extreme Temperature		Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The project will replace the bridge with a new structure having improved hydraulic capacit alignment, and scour resistance. We anticipate that the new structure will be upstream of the						
	existing bridge with the stream chan						
	eliminate or minimize the potential						
	designed to accommodate all lega						
	between Old Pascack Road and High consider replacement of drainage sy		e to improve hori	zontal and vertical curves and			
Lead Agency:	Rockland County Highway Departme		7				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Highway Department						
Estimated Cost:	\$3,000,000						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Requests for proposals issued late 2023. Construction expected to begin early 2024.						
Goals Met:	1, 2						
Benefits:	This action will replace the existing bridge, including upgrading drainage systems and realigning channels, so that the roadway will be accessible for evacuations, travel, and emergency response during heavy precipitation and severe storm events.						
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)			ms Protection (NSP)			
Check all that apply	Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)	□Education and	Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☐Preventative Measures (PR)			rce Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply	Property Protection (PP)		Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	□Public Information (PI) N/A		□Emergency Se	rvices (ES)			
Populations:	14/74						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to	protect inf	rastructure in the	transportation lifeline, which			
	will lead to the assurance of clear	roadways f	or evacuations, re	egular travel, and emergency			
	responses.						
Impact on Capabilities	N/A						
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the surrou flooding and to be isolated due to a			to experience damage from			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means more risk for overtopping.	intense pred	cipitation events a	nd storms, which elevates the			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action Severity of access problem continues potential increases						
	Remove the structure		Eliminates crit	ical travel route, likely low			
	Replace structure with current alignment Current access problems continue						

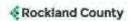




Action 2024-OrangetownT-02. Blauvelt Road Culvert Upgrade

Action Name:	Blauvelt Road Culvert Upgrade					
Description of the Problem:	Undersize culvert on Blauvelt Road, which leads to f	looding issues along the roadway.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☐ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☐ Severe Winter Storm☐ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The proposed project will upgrade or replace the existormwater drainage.	sting culvert along Blauvelt Road and allow for improved				
Lead Agency:	Orangetown Highway Department					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)	<u> </u>				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action would ensure standard of operativulnerable populations during an evacuation.	ion for an important roadway that would serve				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the undersized culverts would magainst future flooding impacts.	ntain the roadway for future use and mitigate				
Impact on Capabilities	By updating the culvert, first responders and severe disaster events.	others will be able to remain operational during				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A					
Climate Change Considerations:	As climate change is affecting future flood eve the community from severe flooding.	nts, this action would work to limit the impacts to				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action	Problem persists.				
	Elevate the roadway.	Not feasible, long timeframe to implementation.				
	Remove roadway. Eliminates critical trave political and pub					

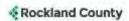




Action 2024-OrangetownT-03. Ehrhardt Road Retaining Wall

Action Name:	Ehrhardt Road Retaining Wall					
Description of the Problem:	Erosion along the bank may compromise the integri	ty of the roadway.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide				
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm				
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The Town will construct a stone retaining wall along	the eroding stream near Ehrhardt Road.				
Lead Agency:	Orangetown Highway Department					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A					
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State					
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	Natural Systems Protection (NSP) (7.12)				
Check all that apply	Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category:	Preventative Measures (PR)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)				
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□ Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	Mitigating the eroding stream will protect the	e roadway from future flood events and erosion,				
Populations:		vulnerable populations to safely evacuate during				
	time of crisis.					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will protect the roadway and ensur					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will ensure first responders and or event.	ther staff to remain operational during a disaster				
Impact on Future Development:	N/A					
Climate Change Considerations:		erosion issues, this action will mitigate direct and				
	cascading future impacts felt by the communi	•				
Priority:	□High ⊠Medium	n □Low				
Check one						
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action	Problem persists.				
	Remove the road Eliminates critical travel route, like political and public support					
	Tim In croaca same with scalinette	Short-term solution, possible negative environmental impacts.				

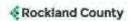




Action 2024-OrangetownT-04. Cherry Brook Drainage Project

Action Name:	Cherry Brook Drainage Project						
Description of the Problem:	Flooding along Bright Wood Ave in Pearl River waterway. Town completed studies in this are	as a result of excess stormwater flowing into the ea.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood					
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide					
	□Drought	□Severe Storm					
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm					
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	improvements to focus on first. Once ide	eted on Cherry Brook and determine which entified, the Town will seek funding to begin ainage in and around this area of the Town will damages associated with flooding.					
Lead Agency:	Engineering Department: Office of Building, Z	oning, Planning, Administration and Enforcement					
Supporting Agencies:	N/A						
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		ential areas and evacuation routes, maintaining ers to be able to safely evacuate during a disaster					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would mitigate flooding impacts s during disaster event.	een to the road to ensure standards of operation					
Impact on Capabilities	systems during disaster events.	s can remain operational through functional road					
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	.Climate change will increase severe storm se community from future climate change impac	everity and frequency. This action will protect the cts.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	m □Low					
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation					
	No action Problem persists.						
	Complete mitigation strategies without considering study.	Likelihood that the problem will not be addressed properly, not feasible/efficient.					
	Let private landowners to mitigate flooding.						

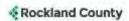




Action 2024-OrangetownT-05. Stormwater Bioretention Basin

Action Name:	Stormwater Bioretention Basin						
Description of the Problem:	There is extensive flooding along Mo 303 corridors.	ountainviev	v Ave. and Green	Bush Rd. that runs along the			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St	orm			
Description of the Solution:	The Town will install a stormwater b This action will protect critical road populations, during disaster events.						
Lead Agency:	Engineering Department						
Supporting Agencies:	Office of Building, Zoning, Planning, A	dministrat	ion and Enforcem	ent			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP, Federal, State						
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Projec	t (SIP)	·	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will protect critical road populations, during disaster events.	lways whic	ch serve the com	munity, including vulnerable			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action is a nature-based solution and day-to-day needs of the commun		protect critical roa	dway used for safe evacuation			
Impact on Capabilities	Installing a stormwater bioretention be standard of operation for first respon						
Impact on Future Development:	This action will implement flood r stormwater resilience in the commun						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change will impact flooding putting pressure on pre-existing storm runoff to the community through a su	nwater syst	ems. This action w	•			
Priority: Check one	High	Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action Flooding continue						
	Remove the roadways Eliminates critical travel rout political and public su						
	Deploy sandbags around critical infra during storm events	structure	Short-term solution, problem persists, lack of time to deploy during severe event				

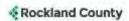




Action 2024-OrangetownT-06. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain							
Description of the Problem:	The following critical facilities are hazard: Henry Kaufman Pond Dam,							
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm				
Description of the Solution:	The Town will work with facility ow projects to protect the dams to the projects may include the following retrofits, or relocation. The owners mitigation action for these facilities	ne 500-year f ng: elevatio s will need to	flood or worst-cas ns, dry floodprod	se scenario. Potential feasible ofing, backup power supply,				
Lead Agency:	Building and Engineering Departme	ents						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County OFES							
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)							
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Operating Budget							
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)							
Goals Met:	2	2						
Benefits:	Low (> \$10,000)							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☐ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)		☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the abil so as not to lead to additional flood		ns to continue fun	ctioning during severe storms				
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A							
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate poter	ntial damage	in the inundation	areas.				
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A							
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
	No action		Pr	oblem persists				
	County completes mitigation ac inundation areas	ctions in	Does not reduce or eliminate risk					





Action 2024-OrangetownT-07. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach			
Description of the Problem:		ns that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature	 ☑ Flood ☑ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter Storm ☑ Wildfire 		
Description of the Solution:	Create outreach materials, or utilize those from Rockland County, on hazard risks for socially vulnerable populations. Methods of distribution may include Town events, the Town newsletters, social media, the Town website, and having the materials on display for the public at Town libraries and offices. Consider hiring staff to work directly with socially vulnerable populations.			
Lead Agency:	Town Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, HMGP	· ·		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is an individual working to identify and work with the socially vulnerable populations in the Town. Furthermore, this action will create opportunities to educate and inform populations on hazard risks.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP)☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in the Town will become educated on hazards risks. The Town will identify an individual to identify and work with these populations to ensure the most up to date information is being shared.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard risk and how to mitigate the risks can decrease the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the Town's already existing public education and outreach program.			
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	·	sity and frequency of many climate related disaster ousiness owners of how to reduce risk from hazards se risks.		
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Mediu	m □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current methods remain the only ones used		
	Rely on state or federal resources	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Town		
	Use only a few methods for distribution	Using only a few methods of distribution may hinder socially vulnerable populations from receiving the guidance		





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.15 VILLAGE OF PIERMONT

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Piermont with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Piermont, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.15.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Piermont identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. A Village Trustee and Committee Member represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.15-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.15-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact		
Name/Title: Lisa DeFeciani, Trustee and Committee Member	Name/Title: Jennifer DeYorgi, Village Clerk and Treasurer		
Address: 478 Piermont Ave. Piermont NY 10968	Address: 478 Piermont Ave. Piermont NY 10968		
Phone Number: 845-359-1250 x329	Phone Number: 845-359-1258 x303		
Email: <u>Idefeciani@piermont-ny.gov</u>	Email: clerk@piermont-ny.gov		
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator			
Name/Title: Ken DeGennaro, Village Engineer			
Address: 478 Piermont Ave. Piermont NY 10968			
Phone Number:845-357-4411 x118			
Email: kdegennaro@brookerengineering.com			

9.15.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Piermont is located within the Town of Orangetown, along the western border of Rockland County. The Village is bordered to the north by the Village of Grand View-on-Hudson, to the south and east by the Town of Orangetown, and to the west by the Hudson River. The Hudson River is a major body of water found within the Village. The Village has a total area of 1.2 square miles, of which, 0.7 square miles is land, and 0.5 square miles is water. The Village is governed by the Village Board, which consists of the Mayor and four Trustees.



Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 5.6 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 21.3 percent is 65 years of age or older, 5.6 percent is non-English speaking, 1.9 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 7.2 percent is considered disabled.

9.15.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Piermont performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Piermont to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.15-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Piermont.

Table 9.15-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	S			
Building Code	Yes	NYS Building Code	State and Local	Building Department

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

The NYS Building Code is intended to establish provisions that adequately protect public health, safety, and welfare through the minimum requirements for building systems using prescriptive and performance-related provisions. It is founded on broad-based principles that make possible the use of new materials and new building designs. The 2020 edition is an update to the 2018 edition published by the ICC. It is part of the Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code.





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 210 – Zoning (12/15/1998)	Local	Building Department and Planning Board
	promote the health, sa	ow does this reduce risk? afety, morals, and general welfare of th use of land throughout the Village of Pi		conserving land and
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 174 – Subdivision of Land (7/15/2003)	Local	Planning Board
and to approve the development	ing lots, blocks, or site of plats, entirely or pa ge Planning Board mu	es, with or without streets or highways, artially undeveloped and which have be st consider land subdivision regulations	en filed in the of	fice of the County Clerk of
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 210 – Zoning (6/20/1977)	Local	Planning Board, Building Department and Village Engineer
	promote the health, sa	ow does this reduce risk? afety, morals, and general welfare of th use of land throughout the Village of Pi		
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 169 (9/25/2007)-170 – Stormwater Control, Stormwater Management (9/21/2010)	State and Local	Planning Board and Village Engineer
safety, and welfare of the public	m stormwater manag residing within the Vill on of non-stormwater	ement requirements and controls to proage. discharges to the municipal separate st		
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State and Local	NYS Department of State
disclosures under the law or pay	oility for failing to discl a credit of \$500 to the it to the buyer before	ose under the exceptions to "caveat en buyer at closing. While the PCDA requi the buyer signs the final purchase cont	ires a seller to co	mplete a standardized
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	Yes	Chapter 210, Article XIX – Environmentally Sensitive Sites or Features (10/21/2008)	Local	Village Board
	es special protection f	wwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwww		

and waterfront areas within the Village, as well as floodways, the Clauseland Mountain ridgeline, steep slope areas, and more.





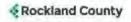
		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 112 – Flood Damage Prevention, CFR60 (12/17/2013)	Federal, State, Local	Floodplain Administrator
	promote the public he of the Village. The FD	ow does this reduce risk? ealth, safety, and general welfare, and t PO regulates alteration of natural flood		
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrate N/A	d with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	State mandated BFE+2 for single and two-family residential construction, BFE+1 for all other construction types	State and Local	Floodplain Administrator
How has or will this be integrate The Village follows state mandat		ow does this reduce risk? d two-family residential construction, B	SFE+1 for all othe	r construction types
Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Master Plan (2023)	Local	1
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and b	d with the HMP and he age's goals for safe co	Master Plan (2023) ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d ified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the	ion Plan (LWRP).	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway,
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a	d with the HMP and he age's goals for safe co	ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d lified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat	evelopment. This	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway,
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback.	d with the HMP and hage's goals for safe coodilds on themes ident a series of goals and im	ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d ified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o	village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback. Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrate	d with the HMP and hage's goals for safe coolids on themes ident a series of goals and im	ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d ified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o Local	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public Work and Engineering
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General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback. Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrate The CIP for the Village is an infor Disaster Debris Management Plan How has or will this be integrate	d with the HMP and had age's goals for safe conditions on themes ident a series of goals and improve the with the HMP and had a series of projects who had list of projects who had a series o	ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d ified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the Informal List ow does this reduce risk? ich are overseen by the Department of	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o Local	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public Work and Engineering
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback. Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrate The CIP for the Village is an infor Disaster Debris Management Plan How has or will this be integrate	d with the HMP and had age's goals for safe conditions on themes ident a series of goals and improve the with the HMP and had a series of projects who had list of projects who had a series o	ow does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic d ified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the Informal List ow does this reduce risk? ich are overseen by the Department of	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o Local	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public Work and Engineering
General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback. Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrate The CIP for the Village is an infor Disaster Debris Management Plan How has or will this be integrate N/A Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan How has or will this be integrate	d with the HMP and hage's goals for safe coolids on themes ident a series of goals and important the series of goals and important the HMP and had a with the HMP and had been series of goals.	w does this reduce risk? mmunity development and economic dified in the Local Waterfront Revitalizat plementation recommendations for the Informal List ow does this reduce risk? ich are overseen by the Department of	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o Local	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public Work and Engineering
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General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrate The master plan outlines the Vill as an action for the Village and be and next steps include drafting a feedback. Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrate The CIP for the Village is an infor Disaster Debris Management Plan How has or will this be integrate N/A Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan How has or will this be integrate N/A Stormwater Management Plan	d with the HMP and hage's goals for safe coolids on themes ident a series of goals and important the series of goals and important the HMP and have a with the HMP and had with the HMP and had a with the HMP and had been series of goals.	mmunity development and economic diffied in the Local Waterfront Revitalization recommendations for the Informal List ow does this reduce risk? ich are overseen by the Department of	evelopment. This ion Plan (LWRP). e Village based o Local	Village Board s plan was recommended This plan is still underway, n public and stakeholder Department of Public Work and Engineering





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Urban Water Management Plan		Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan (LWRP) (2018)	Local	Village Board
	he Resiliency Task Forcunity outreach. This pla	ce that was formed immediately after san provides recommended legislative a		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated How has or will this be integrated N/A				
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	I with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	I with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?					
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?					
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?					
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Other	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?					

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.15-3 summarizes the capabilities of Piermont to oversee and track development.

Table 9.15-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for issuing development permits and tracking new development.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Village practices sustainable build-out to ensure safe growth and development of lands within the Village.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.15-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Piermont and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.





Table 9.15-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources Administrative Capability	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board meets on the second Monday of each month at 7:00 p.m. in the meeting room at Village Hall. The Planning Board reviews and approves applications for subdivisions and site plans.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA) meets on a third or fourth Thursday (depending on Holidays) of each month at 7:00pm in the Meeting Room in the Village Hall. The Zoning Board of Appeal (ZBA) is an administrative body designed to interpret and to ensure the validity of Piermont Zoning Code and to make determinations on applications for variances from the Code. Piermont zoning code is the community's guide to its future development and affords the residents and property owners within the community protection from undesirable development. In reviewing the applications for variances, the goal is to avoid incompatibility and to regulate land use, density, and placement of structures, among other issues in a manner consistent with the Code.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	
Environmental Board/Commission	No	
Open Space Board/Committee	No	
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works of the Village of Piermont has a wide range of responsibilities which are all directed towards the maintenance of the Village infrastructure and the delivery of Village services. The Department of Public Works consists of seven full-time employees whose duties include maintenance of vehicles, general street and road repairs, maintenance of sidewalks, garbage and trash collection, leaf removal, street sweeping, park maintenance, storm drain maintenance, building maintenance and snow plowing.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department reviews plans and conducts field inspections to ensure compliance with various codes and regulations pertaining to land use and construction on private property. Before beginning any project, consult the building department to determine what permits may be needed.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	Piermont Fire Department offers fire and EMS services to the Village; the department is also trained in hazardous materials. The Piermont Police Department seeks to provide the highest level of public service and safety to ensure the quality of life for all Village residents and everyone who passes through the Village by protecting life and property, preventing crime, enforcing laws, and maintaining order for all citizens.



Pacaureae	Available?	Comments (available staff recognishilising support of bazard mitigation)
Resources Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation) The Department of Public Works of the Village of Piermont has a wide range of responsibilities which are all directed towards the maintenance of the Village infrastructure and the delivery of Village services. The Department of Public Works consists of seven full-time employees whose duties include maintenance of vehicles, general street and road repairs, maintenance of sidewalks, garbage and trash collection, leaf removal, street sweeping, park maintenance,
		storm drain maintenance, building maintenance and snow plowing.
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No No	-
Other: Piermont Waterfront Resiliency Commission	Yes	The Piermont Waterfront Resilience Task Force (PWRTF) was launched after Superstorm Sandy in November 2013 to begin the work of creating a more resilient waterfront. Based on the resilience roadmap outlined by the Task Force, in 2014 the Village created a permanent Village Commission (Piermont Waterfront Resiliency Commission) with the goal of continuing to inform residents and plan for, fund, and build a more resilient future for Piermont.
Other: Sustainable Piermont	Yes	Sustainable Piermont is a community initiative to protect and improve our environment, mitigate the effects of climate change, and lower the Village's greenhouse gas emissions.
Other: Parks Commission	Yes	The Village of Piermont parks provide both residents and visitors alike a valuable resource for everyone's enjoyment. The Village prides itself on having one of the most beautiful scenic areas along the mountains and the mighty Hudson River. Outdoor recreation plays a significant role in residents' lives and, as such, the Village strives to protect and beautify our natural resources and parks. All parks are free and open to the public.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Brooker Engineering - Consultant
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Department of Public Works and Brooker Engineering – Consultant
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Brooker Engineering –Consultant
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Brooker Engineering - Consultant
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Brooker Engineering - Consultant
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Brooker Engineering - Consultant
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Brooker Engineering - Consultant
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Sylvia Welch – Consultant





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.15-5 summarizes financial resources available to Piermont.

Table 9.15-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, money in lieu of land fee for new subdivisions
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.15-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Piermont.

Table 9.15-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	Information can be found throughout the Village's website.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Village has Facebook and Instagram available to se for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	Piermont Waterfront Resiliency Commission, Sustainable Piermont, Parks Commission
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	-
If yes, please describe.	N/A	The Village performs educational outreach through the MS4 program.

Community Classifications

Table 9.15-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Piermont.

Table 9.15-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	Bronze	September 26, 2019
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC, 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.15-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.15-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Dam Failure	Moderate		
Disease Outbreak	Moderate		
Drought	Moderate		
Earthquake	Moderate		
Extreme Temperature	Moderate		
Flood	Moderate		
Landslide	Moderate		



Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.15.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.15-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.15-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Piermont.

Table 9.15-9. Village of Piermont NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	97
# Claims (Losses)	131
Total Loss Payments	\$4,725,881
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	2
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	15
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	3
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	3

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.15-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Piermont.

Table 9.15-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	52.5 percent of Piermont is mapped by FEMA as being in the 100- or 500-year flood plain (ABFE FEMA Maps adopted in 2014). The Village has adopted the same maps "Special Flood Hazard Area."
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	The Village does not currently keep a list of properties damaged by flooding.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	The Village has a Neighbor-to-Neighbor list.





NFIP Topic	Comments
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Approximately 70 people listed.
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	The Village of Piermont is working on a Comprehensive Plan and has MS4 yearly reports.
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Building Department in compliance with the New York State Building Code adopted in 2020.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	12 properties mitigated, zero acquired. Funded privately by homeowners.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes, the flood hazard maps address the flood risk within the Village.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Village Building Department.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, the Village has certified floodplain managers on staff.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, but they can use improvement.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, the Village needs additional training that is available for floodplain management.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	The Village has permit and engineering review and requires elevation certificate for any work done in a flood plain. The Village also do community outreach.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	This is codified in the Village Flood Damage Prevention chapter as 50 percent or more of the assessed value of the home.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Budget is a challenge.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	None, at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Five years ago is the most recent CAV or CAC for the Village.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 120, 2014. The Village currently has a pending amendment.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Yes, the floodplain management programs meet the minimum requirements at this time.





NFIP Topic	Comments
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes, the Village Planning Board does this in the site-review process
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Yes, the Village would like to join the CRS program but is insufficiently staffed to meet the compliance requirements

9.15.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.15-11 through Table 9.15-13.

Table 9.15-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued					
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total		
		2019				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2020				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2021				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2022				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2023				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.15-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name		Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
No major development and infrastructure reported.						

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.15-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
No major development or infrastructure anticipated.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.





9.15.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Piermont risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.15-1 through Figure 9.15-2Error! Reference source not found. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Piermont has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



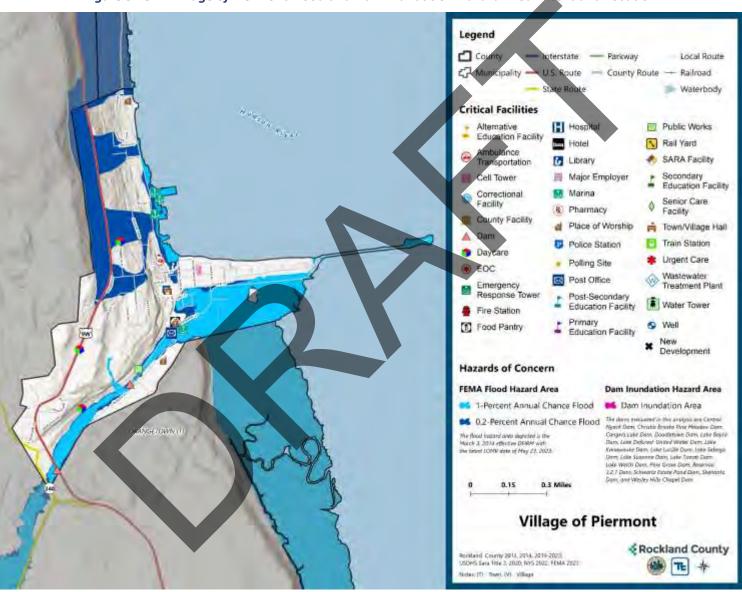


Figure 9.15-1. Village of Piermont Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



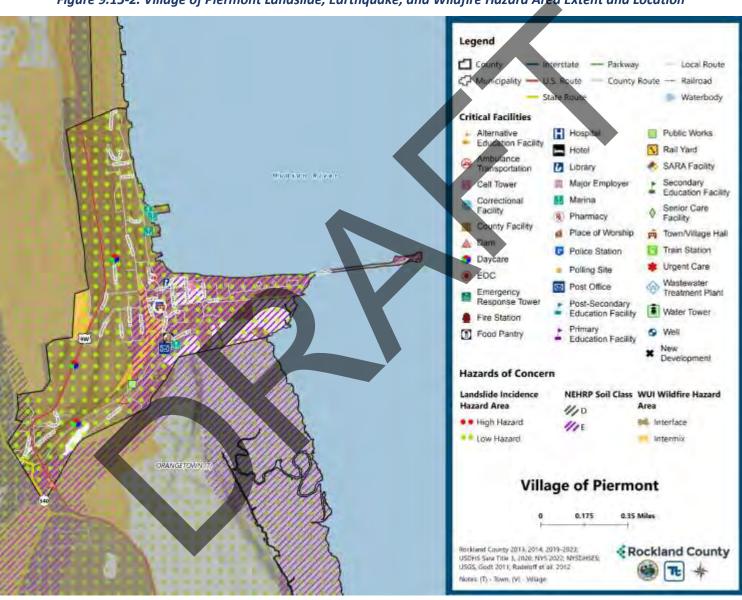


Figure 9.15-2. Village of Piermont Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Piermont is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.15-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.15-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Piermont

	Event Type					
Dates of Event	(Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village		
2012	Hurricane	N/A	Hurricane Sandy	The Village of Piermont experienced damages and impacts from this hurricane event.		
1999	Hurricane	N/A	Hurricane Floyd	The Village of Piermont experienced damages and impacts from this hurricane event.		
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	Piermont experienced Covid positive cases and deaths during this time.		
April 13, 2020	Extreme Wind	N/A	High winds across the county led to downed trees power outages, closed roads, and approximately \$200,000 in property damage.	Piermont was affected by this storm.		
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	The Village of Piermont experienced damage and flooding.		



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from two to five inches, with this rain coming in addition to the two to five inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	The Village of Piermont experienced damage and flooding.
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from five to eight inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	The Village of Piermont experienced damage and flooding.
July 9 – 10, 2023	Severe Storm	N/A	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	The Village of Piermont experienced damage and flooding.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Piermont.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Piermont reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village agreed with the following hazard rankings included in Table 9.15-15.

Table 9.15-15 shows Piermont's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.





Table 9.15-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	Low		
Disease Outbreak	Medium		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Medium		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Low		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Medium		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.15-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.15-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Exposure 0.2			Already Protected to 0.2
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Boss Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-PiermontV-12	No
Piermont Paper Company Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-PiermontV-12	No
Piermont Post Office	Post Office	Yes	Yes	2024-PiermontV-12	No
T and R Marina, Inc.	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-PiermontV-12	No
Paradise Boats	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-PiermontV-12	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are in or could impact Piermont:

- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.





Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Piermont's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Piermont identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Old drainage system cannot adequately manage stormwater flows and increases risk of flooding to residential area.
- Drainage issues occur every year needs to be cleaned constantly, if not cleared then the area will flood.
- The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.
- Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.
- The Village is not in the CRS program.
- The Village does not have a comprehensive emergency management plan.
- Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.
- Sea level rise flooding of low-lying residential areas.
- Diminished capacity and structural integrity of T dock limits expansion of commercial and recreational river access and creates potential public safety issues. Future sea level rise and storm events threaten to damage current dock beyond repair.
- Waterfront Flooding along Hudson and Sparkill increasing in frequency.
- 52.5 percent of Piermont is in the 100- or 500-year floodplain.

9.15.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.15-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.15-17, Piermont identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

- Constructed check valve on outfall by Bridge Street to prevent tidal backflow.
- Piermont Waterfront Resiliency Commission established in 2018.
- Installed backup generator for firehouse and created EOC communications center at firehouse, upgraded radio system.
 - Installed check valve for Paradise stormwater outflow.
- Continuing ongoing discussions with local utilities regarding resilience and recovery.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



- Pursued relocation options for critical emergency services.
- Created topographic map with structures and ABFE, SLR scenarios.
- Publicized Stevens institute tide prediction site and Scenic Hudson SLR mapper.
- Sent notifications about hazards to residents via email and SMS.
- Created and curated PWRC social media presence with research and case studies of resilience building.
- Doors replaced at boathouse.
- Evaluated risks for village owned properties and suggested relocation options, pending funding.
- Informed residents and property owners of current flood risk and SLR estimates.
- Adopted 2020 NYS building code updates including ABFE.
- Amended building code to use updated ABFE maps and NY state freeboard +1-foot requirements for all new construction and substantial improvements.
- Drainage improvements made to north parking lot and upgraded outfall system.
- Planned for CRS qualification, updating codes and zoning regulations for enhanced resiliency. Met with consultants to determine plan of action.

Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Piermont has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

- Public outreach and engagement.
- Nature-based solutions to hazard mitigation.
- Community Rating System qualification.
- Critical infrastructure upgrades.





Table 9.15-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont-1	North Parking Lot Drainage Improvements	Flooding, Severe Storm		Poor drainage and an inadequate outfall have increased the flood risk to the area. Upgrade or replace the inadequate drainage system and outfall to manage current stormwater runoff amounts.	Completed Check valve installed on outflow vault.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont- 2	Paradise Avenue Outfall Modifications	Flooding, Severe Storm	Engineering	Tidal backflow is entering the outfall and causing flooding in the surrounding residential area. Check valve and berm will be constructed to prevent the backflow of water during high tide.	Completed Check valve for Paradise stormwater outflow installed	Discontinue N/A Completed
Piermont-3	Drainage Improvements to Erie Path	Flooding, Severe Storm	Engineering	Old drainage system cannot adequately manage stormwater flows and increases risk of flooding to residential area. Upgrade or replace the out-of-date drainage system to manage current stormwater runoff amounts.		Include Pending BRIC funding award - Upgrade or replace the out-of-date drainage system to manage current stormwater runoff amounts. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont-4	Bridge Street Outfall Modifications	Flooding, Severe Storm	Engineering	Tidal backflow is entering the outfall and causing flooding in the surrounding residential area. Check valve and berm will be constructed to prevent the backflow of water during high tide.	Completed Check valve installed on outflow vault	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont-5	Drainage Improvements to Tweed Blvd. to Route 9W	Flooding, Severe Storm	Engineering	Drainage issues occur every year - needs to be cleaned constantly, if not cleared then the area will flood. Improvements will be made to ensure debris cannot block stormwater flows.	In Progress Seeking funding for engineering study	Include Pending funding award for engineering study to conduct improvements to drainage areas on Tweed Blvd. to Route 9W to ensure debris cannot block stormwater flows. N/A
Piermont-6	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	In Progress Seeking funding to develop a comprehensive master plan incorporating SLR and climate change related fluvial and riverine flood. DOS and FEMA BRIC funding secured; RFP issued	Include Pending additional funding for comprehensive master plan to incorporate sea level rise and climate change related fluvial and riverine flood. DOS and FEMA BRIC funding secured; RFP issued. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont-7	GIS Online Mapping	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards. Provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Village's hazard vulnerabilities.	Completed Create topographic map with structures and ABFE, SLR scenarios. Publicize Stevens institute tide prediction site and Scenic Hudson SLR mapper. Send notifications about hazards to residents via email and SMS. Create and curate PWRC social media presence with research and case studies of resilience building	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont-8	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	1. Ongoing 2. Identified NFIP rep loss properties and rep loss properties not insured by NFIP. Created program to train residents to facilitate adaptation conversations with neighbors in impacted areas. Administered programs to disseminate information about adaptation, mitigation, and relocation to residents. Create mailing list for X zone residents and sent out mailing advising to consider flood insurance. Published article in local newsletter	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Ongoing capability





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont-9	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	1. In Progress 2. 2018 Ferry Road elevation 2021 interagency meeting - County, DOT, Orangetown - requested specific and general stormwater management improvements on Tweed Blvd. (County), 9w(DOT), and River Road (County) 2022 shoreline stabilization and erosion mitigation on south side of pier 2023 salt tolerant tree and shrub plantings on north and south side of pier to reduce erosion and establish buffer	Include A mitigation solution meeting was held (2018 Ferry Road elevation 2021 inter-agency meeting - County, DOT, Orangetown). Several mitigation actions were implemented on Tweed Blvd., 9W, and River Road in 2022. Other mitigation actions were implemented in 2023 on south side of pier. Further projects and discussions needed. 3. N/A
Piermont- 10	Critical Facilities Protection	Flooding, Severe Storm	CPG member; Village Trustee	If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	2 Pursuing relocation options for critical	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont-	Review Village Codes	All Hazards	Jurisdictional CPG member	New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update. The Village would like to review and potentially update their existing local codes/ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	1. Completed 2. Amended building code to use updated ABFE maps and NY state freeboard +1-foot requirements for all new construction and substantial improvements - adopted 202 NYS building code updates including ABFE	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont- 12	Community Rating System	Flooding		The Village is not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	1. In Progress 2. CAV completed, CAV issues addressed, application review submitted. Consultant hired; initial meeting completed. Consultant report prepared, reviewed. Internal Building department improvements needed, staff training needs floodplain management, recordkeeping improvements, coordination with village engineer	Include CAV has been completed and steps have been taken to receive CRS credit. Internal Building department improvements will be conducted; staff training will obtain floodplain managements recordkeeping improvements; increased coordination with village engineer.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 13	Improve Emergency Communication in the Village	All Hazards	Village Board	preparation and response to an emergency event.	1. Completed 2. Installed backup generator for firehouse and created EOC communications center at firehouse, upgraded radio system	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 14	Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan Development	All	Planning Board		In Progress Draft created, waiting on HAZNY review	1. Include 2. Waiting on HAZNY review, to fully adopt CEMP. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 15	Utility Resilience	All	Village Board	Utilities can be susceptible to various hazards and can cause complications during and after an event if damaged. The Village needs to understand/inform the utilities' plans in relation to communication protocols and infrastructure's operational and physical resilience to future storms and floods. Items to discuss utility shutoff and turn-on protocols, timing upgrades to subsurface infrastructure, and relocating overhead utilities to underground.	Completed Ongoing discussions with local utilities regarding resilience and recovery	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont- 16	Flooding and Storm Resilience Committee Development	All Hazards	Village Board	The Village does not have a Flooding and Storm Resilience Committee. This committee will work to ensure implementation of Task Force recommendations, support long=range planning, and track and publicize the village's progress toward meeting the goals of the recommendations of the Resilience Roadmap: Planning for Piermont's Future.	Completed Piermont Waterfront Resiliency Commission established 2018	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 17	Critical Facility Located in Floodplain	Flooding	Post Office with support from the Village Board		1. Completed 2. Evaluated risks for village owned properties and suggested relocation options, pending funding. Informed residents and property owners of current flood risk and SLR estimates. Updated code to reflect new ABFE elevations and NY state recommendations for elevation in flood zones, added 1 foot freeboard. Adopted 2020 NYS building code updates including ABFE.	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 18	Fire Department Boathouse Mitigation Measures	All Hazards	Village Board	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Installation of breakwaters (stones) to help dissipate velocity of the waves; Replacing doors would help to prevent floodwaters from entering the facility.	Completed Doors replaced at boathouse - breakwaters challenging to get permitted	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont- 19	Elevation of Electrical Components at DPW	All Hazards	Village Board	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Determine the 500-year flood elevation at the DPW and elevate the electrical components to protect against damage from flood waters.	1. No Progress 2. reviewing options and costs	1. Include 2. Determine the 500-year flood elevation at the DPW and elevate the electrical components to protect against damage from flood waters. 3. N/A
Piermont- 20	Displaced Residents	Flood	PWRC	Sea level rise flooding of low-lying residential areas. Secure land suitable for relocation of displaced residences outside of ABFE.	In Progress Explore sale options with school district for SOSCD TZE campus	Include Secure land suitable for relocation of displaced residences outside of ABFE. Explore sale options with school district for SOSCD TZE campus. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Piermont- 21	Emergency Response Relocation	Flood	PWRC	Unable to respond due to flooded roads. Explore options for relocating emergency services to Hudson Terrace Community Center location to improve response capability in flood events.		N/A Relocation not a feasible option.
Piermont- 22	CRS Qualification	Flood	Village	Rating 2.0 Planning for CRS qualification, updating codes	1. Completed 2. Seeking consultant to finalize CRS application, recommend additional code updates >Tetra Tech produced a report outlining things we could do to qualify for the CRS program in 2020 >Implementing the actions currently unfunded	1. Discontinued 2. N/A 3. Completed
Piermont- 23	T Dock Structural Integrity	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Board	Diminished capacity and structural integrity of T dock limits expansion of commercial and recreational river access and creates potential public safety issues. Future sea level rise and storm events threaten to damage current dock beyond repair. Secure funding for design and construction of replacement pier dock to address structural integrity issues identified in 2018 blue shore engineering assessment, and plan for future sea level rise and storm surge events.		1. Include 2. Secure funding for design and construction of replacement pier dock to address structural integrity issues identified in 2018 blue shore engineering assessment, and plan for future sea level rise and storm surge events. 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Piermont participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Piermont would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.15-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.15-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA CRS** SIP NSP PP ES Hazard LPR **EAP** PR PΙ NR Dam Failure 2 2 Disease Outbreak 2 2 Drought 2 2 Earthquake 2 2 2 Extreme Temperature 2 7 Flood 2 8 2 1 2 2 Landslide 2 2 Severe Weather 2 6 1 5 1 1 2 Severe Winter Weather 2 2 Wildfire 2 2

Table 9.15-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.





Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.15-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

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Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-PiermontV- 01	Drainage Improvements to Erie Path	1	1	1	0	0	0 1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-PiermontV- 02	Drainage Improvements to Tweed Blvd. to Route 9W	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-PiermontV- 03	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-PiermontV- 04	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	1	1	1	0	O	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-PiermontV- 05	Community Rating System	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-PiermontV- 06	Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan Development	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-PiermontV- 07	Elevation of Electrical Components at DPW	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-PiermontV- 08	Displaced Residents		1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-PiermontV- 09	T Dock Structural Integrity	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	8	Medium
2024-PiermontV- 10	Elevate Roadways	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-PiermontV- 11	Drainage and Culvert Upgrades	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	7	Medium
2024-PiermontV- 12	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain		1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	7	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-PiermontV-01. Drainage Improvements to Erie Path

Action Name:	2024-PiermontV-01. Drainage Impr	ovements to	Erie Path				
Description of the Problem:	Old drainage system cannot adequation flooding to residential area.	ately manage	e stormwater flow	s and increases risk of			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm			
Description of the Solution:	Pending BRIC funding award - Upgrade or replace the out-of-date drainage system to manag current stormwater runoff amounts. This project will increase resiliency for drainage system will ensure roadways and infrastructure in this area are protected from flooding impacts. It wi also protect socially vulnerable populations by lessening stormwater impacts in this residentia area.						
Lead Agency:	DPW						
Supporting Agencies:	N/A						
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)						
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget; Grant funding						
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4						
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will protect socially vulr residential area.	nerable popu	llations by lessenin	ng stormwater impacts in this			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Increased resiliency for drainage sy are protected from flooding impact	<i>*</i>	ensure roadways a	and infrastructure in this area			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will ensure stormwa operational.	ter manage	ment capabilities	within the Village remain			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is expected to exact stormwater systems. This action operations continue.		-	-			
Priority: Check one	□High □Low						
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation				
	Do nothing.		Problem	persists or worsens.			
	Relocate residential buildir	ngs.	Costly, time	consuming, not feasible.			
<u> </u>	Add additional stormwater drainag	ge systems.	Costly, old sy	stems still not functional.			



${\it Action~2024-Piermont V-02.~Drainage~Improvements~to~Tweed~Blvd.~to~Route~9W}$

Action Name:	Drainage Improvements to Tweed Blvd. to Route 9W			
Description of the Problem:	Drainage issues occur every year - needs to be cleaned constantly, if not cleared then the area will flood.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak]Landslide	
	□Drought		Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	•
Description of the Solution:	Pending funding award for engineerin Tweed Blvd. to Route 9W to ensure de	-		_
Lead Agency:	Engineering			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget; Grant funding			
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI) □ Public Information (PI) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will protect socially vulnerable populations by lessening stormwater impacts in this residential area.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Increased resiliency for drainage systems will ensure roadways and infrastructure in this area are protected from flooding impacts.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will ensure stormwater management capabilities within the Village remain operational.			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is expected to exacerb	bate floodi	ing and severe sto	rm events which will impacts
	stormwater systems. This action will operations continue.	ll mitigate	e those impacts	to these systems to ensure
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	Do nothing.		Problem persists or worsens.	
	Relocate residential buildings.		Costly, time	consuming, not feasible.
	Clean out existing drainage systems.		Shoi	rt-term solution.



Action 2024-PiermontV-03. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	Comprehensive Plan Update		
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Earthquake	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter Storm ⊠Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:		e master plan to incorporate sea level rise and bod. DOS and FEMA BRIC funding secured; RFP	
Lead Agency:	PWRC		
Supporting Agencies:	CPG member		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Natural disasters affect everyone in the community, and an outdated comprehensive plan would leave socially vulnerable populations at risk to natural disaster events,		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to include natural disasters will help critical facilities and lifelines be more resilient to impacts and can continue to function properly for the wellbeing of the community.		
Impact on Capabilities	The comprehensive plan update will help strengthen the local capabilities of the emergency response departments and staff to know what to do during a natural disaster event.		
Impact on Future Development:	An updated comprehensive plan will help plan natural disaster events.	for future development in being more resilient to	
Climate Change Considerations:	The updated comprehensive plan will consider mitigate natural disaster events. This will limit	climate change impacts when looking at ways to climate change impacts on the community.	
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Comprehensive plan will be outdated, and the community will not be prepared for natural disasters.	
	Update the Comprehensive Plan without adding natural disasters.	Costly, community will not be prepared for natural disasters.	
	Start over for the entire Comprehensive Plan.	Costly, long timeline.	



Action 2024-PiermontV-04. Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures

Action Name:	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures		
Description of the Problem:	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	A mitigation solution meeting was held (2018 Ferry Road elevation 2021 inter-agency meeting - County, DOT, Orangetown). Several mitigation actions were implemented on Tweed Blvd., 9W, and River Road in 2022. Other mitigation actions were implemented in 2023 on south side of pier. Further projects and discussions are needed to mitigate all flood prone roads in the Village.		
Lead Agency:	Village Trustee		
Supporting Agencies:	CPG member		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget; County funding; Grant fund	ing	
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Progr		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI) ☑ Emergency Services (ES) 		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Vulnerable communities that would typically lose access to transportation options and potable water will be less likely to suffer damage or service interruptions.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Transportation routes are more likely to remai	n functional during heavy rain or flooding events.	
Impact on Capabilities	Emergency vehicles and first responders will have when needed.	ave sufficient access to communities to render aid	
Impact on Future Development:	Areas with resilient infrastructure encourage residential and commercial development and improve economic resiliency.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Consideration should be taken for an increase climate change.	se in heavy rain and flood events as a result of	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Problem continues.	
	Remove roads.	Not feasible, unable to access public areas.	
	Implement sandbags during severe storm and flood event.	Short-term solution, does not solve problem.	



Action 2024-PiermontV-05. Community Rating System

Action Name:	Community Rating System		
Description of the Problem:	The Village is not in the CRS program.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood	
Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak	□Landslide	
	□Drought	□Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake 	□Severe Winter Storm	
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:		een taken to receive CRS credit. Internal Building	
	department improvements will be conducted recordkeeping improvements; increased coo	; staff training will obtain floodplain managements	
Load Agency	PWRC	diffaction with village engineer.	
Lead Agency:			
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget; Grant funding		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 7	•	
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP) ⊠ Public Information (PI)	□Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	The CRS program contains actions and elements that include outreach to socially vuln		
Populations:	populations. Participating as a CRS community will allow flood insurance discount		
	premiums for residents.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The CRS program requires flood mapping and other elements which take include locations of		
	critical facilities and lifelines.		
Impact on Capabilities	Participating as a CRS community allows for	r the Village to receive funding, assistance, and	
	resources from FEMA.		
Impact on Future Development:		hich can assist with planning for sustainable future	
	development.		
Climate Change Considerations:		hange considerations and projections and by	
-1.0	participating the Village will be more resilient		
Priority: Check one	High □Mediu	m □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
Aiternatives			
	Do nothing.	Will not qualify for discounts on flood insurance and FEMA resources.	
	Rely on state resources.	Will not be a participating community in CRS.	
	Participate as a class 10 community.	Will not be considered a participating	
	r al licipate as a class 10 collillullity.	community in CRS.	



Action 2024-PiermontV-06. Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan Development

Action Name:	Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan Development		
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have a comprehensive emergency management plan.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Flood □ Landslide		
Check an that apply	⊠ Drought	⊠ Severe Storm	
	⊠Earthquake	Severe Winter Storm	
	⊠Extreme Temperature ⊠Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Awaiting approval from HAZNY for the implementation of the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP). The plan will encompass emergency management strategies aimed at safeguarding vulnerable populations during emergency situations. This initiative will enhance the resilience and protection of essential services, ensuring their continued operation, particularly during times of crisis.		
Lead Agency:	PWRC		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP)☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	⊠ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The CEMP will include emergency management planning that will protect vulnerable populations during emergency events.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will strengthen and protect critical lifelines to ensure they stay operational especially during an emergency events.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve emergency response of	capabilities within the Village.	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	The CEMP incorporates climate change of management for the Village.	considerations when planning for emergency	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Not adopt the CEMP.	Problem persists.	
	Utilize state resources for emergency Costly, not localized data.		
	Utilize federal resources for emergency Costly, not localized data. management.		



Action 2024-PiermontV-07. Elevation of Electrical Components at DPW

Action Name:	Elevation of Electrical Components at DPW		
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☐ Flood ☐ Landslide ☐ Severe Storm ☐ Severe Winter Storm ☐ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Determine the 500-year flood elevation at the DPW and elevate the electrical components to protect against damage from flood waters. This action will ensure the functionality and protect against power outages of a critical facility in the Village.		
Lead Agency:	DPW		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐ Property Protection (RP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will ensure the functionality and protect against power outages of a critical facility in the Village.		
Impact on Capabilities	Elevation of electrical utilities will ensure that DPW can remain fully operational during a storm event.		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Problem persists.	
	Relocated electrical utilities. Not feasible		
	Design other flood mitigation elements.	Costly, long time span, will need further design and study.	



Action 2024-PiermontV-08. Displaced Residents

Action Name:	Displaced Residents		
Description of the Problem:	Sea level rise flooding of low-lying residential areas.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Secure land suitable for relocation of displaced with school district for SOSCD TZE campus.	residences outside of ABFE. Explore sale options	
Lead Agency:	PWRC		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Grant funding; Village		
Implementation Timeline:	Long Term (5+ years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIR) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Emergency Services (ES) 		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action protect socially vulnerable populations located in the ABFE.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Relocation of a critical facility out of the ABFE	allows for full operations during a flood event.	
Impact on Capabilities	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change will exacerbate flood scenar impacts.	ios and this action will help to mitigate these	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Problems continue.	
	Elevate all structures.	Costly, long timeline.	
	Implement flood mitigation measures.	Costly, short term solution.	



Action 2024-PiermontV-09. Dock Structural Integrity

Action Name:	Dock Structural Integrity			
Description of the Problem:	Diminished capacity and structural recreational river access and create storm events threaten to damage cu	s potential	public safety issu	-
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Secure funding for design and construction of replacement pier dock to address structural integrity issues identified in 2018 blue shore engineering assessment, and plan for future sea level rise and storm surge events.			
Lead Agency:	Village Board			
Supporting Agencies:	N/A			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	multiple, federal, state, private			
Implementation Timeline:	Long Term (5+ years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects a critical facility which promotes expansion of commercial and recreational river access.			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A			
Climate Change Considerations:	This action takes into account clima new dock structure.	te consider	ations such as sea	a level rise, when designing a
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	Do nothing.		Pro	blem continues.
	Implement upgrades.		Sho	rt term solution.
	Remove T Dock		N	lot an option.



Action 2024-PiermontV-10. Elevate Roadways

Action Name:	Elevate Roadways		
Description of the Problem:	Waterfront Flooding along Hudson and Sparkill increasing in frequency.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak	⊠Flood □Landslide	
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm	
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:		uth Piermont Ave, Paradise Ave, and Piermont Ave f ingress and egress for residents of flood prone improve emergency response capabilities.	
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	County, State, Federal		
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	CRRA bond, DOT, County		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Émergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Elevating the road will provide a safe path of ingress and egress for residents of flood prone areas.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Maintain ability to evacuate and improve eme	ergency response capabilities.	
Impact on Capabilities	Protection of life, maintain ability to provide e	emergency services.	
Impact on Future Development:	Ensuring safe travel encourages businesses an	d residents to remain in or move to the area.	
Climate Change Considerations:	NOAA estimates 36 events in 2025 that will flood Ferdon, South Piermont Ave, Paradise Ave, and Piermont Ave near marinas		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action.	Problem continues.	
	Remove flood prone roadway	Loss of access to neighborhoods, increased emergency risk	
	Buyout properties that exist along flood pron roadways	e Costly, loss of large portion of community	



Action 2024-PiermontV-11. Drainage and Culvert Upgrades

Action Name:	Drainage and Culvert Upgrades			
Description of the Problem:	52.5 percent of Piermont is in the 100- or 500-year floodplain			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	D	⊴Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide	
	□Drought		☑Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Right sizing drainage and culverts accumulation in a 48-hour period losses/damages in the Village and a	. Making the	ese improvements	s will result in reduced flood
Lead Agency:	Village			
Supporting Agencies:	DOT, County			
Estimated Cost:	High (> \$100,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, State CRRA bond			
Implementation Timeline:	Long Term (5+ years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7			
Benefits:	Protection of life and property, infr	astructure.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proj			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that were previously vulnerable to frequency or severe flooding events will be less like to be impacted by flooding events.		oding events will be less likely	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Access to health and medical facilit population who requires treatment			or healthcare workers and the
Impact on Capabilities	Improved stormwater management capabilities. Identifying the culverts that are at greatest risk of damage or failure can allow for resource staging to take place where the need is greatest ahead of a flood event.			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	ed area will b	e less likely to be f	flooded.
Climate Change Considerations:	Increasing intensity, duration, and f action upsizes culvert sizes to meet			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action.		Problem continues.	
	Elevate roadway. May not solve this particular flood Costly.		, ,	
	Relocated roadway			Not possible.



Action 2024-PiermontV-12. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain			
Description of the Problem:	There are two dams (Boss Pond Dam and Piermont Paper Company Dam), a post office (Piermont Post Office), and two marinas (T and R Marina, Inc. and Paradise Boats) in the floodplain in the Village. The Village does not have jurisdiction of all of these structures to mitigate.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Village will notify the private owners regarding these critical facilities' flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update and NYS' requirement to protect to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will provide the owners information regarding grant options for funding to implement their mitigation. The private owners will need to determine the most cost effective and feasible mitigation action for these facilities. The Village will determine the feasibility of potential mitigation projects for the facilities within their jurisdiction.			
Lead Agency:	Village, Property Owners			
Supporting Agencies:	Building Department			
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMA, FMA, BRIC			
Implementation Timeline:	Short-term (< 5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)			od Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	N/A			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This project aims to ensure the accacess to emergency routes and crit			flooding events and ensures
Impact on Capabilities:	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	This project can help mitigate poten	itial damage	along any affecte	d roadways.
Climate Change Considerations:	N/A			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Alternatives
Action Name:	No action		Pro	blem continues
	Village completes mitigation actions in inundation area		Does not eliminate vulnerability or risk	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.16 VILLAGE OF POMONA

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Pomona with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Pomona, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.16.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Pomona identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.16-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.16-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact		
Name/Title: Frances Arsa Artha, Clerk	Name/Title: Brett Yagel, Mayor		
Address: 100 Ladentown Road, Pomona, NY 10970	Address: 100 Ladentown Road, Pomona, NY 10970		
Phone Number: 845-354-0545	Phone Number: 845-354-0545		
Email: fran.arsaartha@pomonavillage.com	Email: <u>brett.yagel@pomonavillage.com</u>		
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator			
Name/Title: P.J. Corless, Village Engineer			
Address: 100 Ladentown Road, Pomona, NY 10970			
Phone Number: 845-354-0545			
Email: joe@corless.com			
Additional Contributors			
Name/Title: Haris Aljovic, Village Engineer, Spence Engineering	Name/Title: Haris Aljovic, Village Engineer, Spence Engineering		
Method of Participation: Attended Planning Partnership Kickoff, Risk Assessment, and Mitigation Action meetings; provided feedback			
and information for annexes			

9.16.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Pomona lies partly in the town of Ramapo and partly in the town of Haverstraw. It is located north of New Hempstead village, east of Harriman State Park, north of the hamlet of Monsey, and west of Mount Ivy





hamlet. The village has a total area of 2.4 square miles, all of which is land. The northernmost 1.4 square miles of the village is in the town of Haverstraw, and the remaining 1.0 square miles is in the town of Ramapo.

Pomona has three Village parks, and is near many other parks, including Harriman State Park. Harriman State Park is the second-largest park in the New York State Park System, with 31 lakes and reservoirs, 200 miles of hiking trails, miles of streams and scenic roads, and scores of wildlife species, vistas, and vantage points.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicate that 7.4 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 18.5 percent is 65 years of age or older, 3.5 percent is non-English speaking, 3.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 8.9 percent is considered disabled.

9.16.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Pomona performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Pomona to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.16-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Pomona.



Table 9.16-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & F				
Building Code	Yes	NYS Building Code & Chapter 140, 176, 196	State and Local	Village Building Inspector
The NYS Building Code requirements for buildi make possible the use	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk is intended to establish provisions that adequately prong systems using prescriptive and performance-related from materials and new building designs. The 2020 en Fire Prevention and Building Code.	tect public health, safety and d provisions. It is founded on	broad-based	d principles that
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 30 – Zoning, 1988	Local	Village Building Inspector
	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk mplements the goals and objectives of the Comprehen			
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 118 – Subdivision of Land, 1988	Local	Village Building Inspector
	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk requires measures and reviews to prevent building the		areas.	
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 119 - Site Development Plan Review	Local	Village Building Inspector
	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk juires measures and reviews to prevent building that w		as.	
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 114, Article II – Erosion and Sediment Control, 2007	Local	Village Stormwater Management Officer
The purpose of chapter	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk r 114 is to establish minimum stormwater managemen and welfare of the public within the Village.		o protect ar	nd safeguard the
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?		,
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460- 467	State and Local	NYS Department of State
In addition to facing po disclosures under the la disclosure statement a	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk tential liability for failing to disclose under the exception or pay a credit of \$500 to the buyer at closing. While he deliver it to the buyer before the buyer signs the fing the statement and instead pay the credit.	? ons to "caveat emptor," a hor e the PCDA requires a seller t	o complete	a standardized
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?	•	





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Environmental Protection	No	-	-	-		
Ordinance(s)						
N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?					
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 79 – Flood Damage Prevention, 2014	Federal, State, Local	Village Building Inspector		
The FDPO promotes the specific areas. The Villa	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? we public health, safety and general welfare and to minin age requires that all new construction or substantial imp ove the base flood elevation. This meetings the State's r	nize public and private losses rovements of structures in t				
Wellhead Protection	No		-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk					
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risks)		•		
Other		-				
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?)				
Planning Documents						
General/Comprehens ive Plan	Yes	Village Comprehensive Plan	Local	Village Planning Board		
How has or will this be	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risks	?				
The comprehensive plan is prepared by the Village Planning Board and indicates the general locations recommended for various functional classes of public works, places and structures and the general physical development of the Village.						
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	Yes	Flood Mitigation and Resilience Report for Minisceongo Creek (April 2022)	State and County	NYSDEC, Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation		
This report was conduct Conservation. As part of analysis of flood mitiga	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk cted as part of the Resilient New York Program, an initian of this report, flood-prone High-Risk Areas (HRAs), with ition considerations within each HRA is undertaken. Flon, dam modifications, road closures, and replacement of	tive of the New York State Do n the Minisceongo Creek wat od mitigation scenarios such	ershed are as floodplai	identified, and an n enhancement		
Stormwater	Yes	Stormwater Pollution	Local	Village Planning		
Management Plan		Prevention Plan		Board and		
The SWPP includes info construction phasing p severe flood events.	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk primation on stormwater pollution prevention projects plan, and pollution prevention measures. This plan helps	planned for the Village, descr				
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?				
Urban Water Management Plan	No		-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?				
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?				
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?				





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainabi lity Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No			-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk				
Other	No		-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Response/Recovery Pl	anning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk	?			
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be N/A	integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk.	?			





Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.16-3 summarizes the capabilities of Pomona to oversee and track development.

Table 9.16-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development?	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for tracking new development permits.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	-

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.16-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Pomona and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

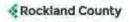
Table 9.16-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Village of Pomona Planning Board consists of five members and one alternate and meets once a month. The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Town Board on various zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Village of Pomona Zoning Board of Appeals consists of five members and one alternate and meets once a month, as needed. The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of the Building Inspector, special permit applications and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	No	



	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department assists with site plan reviews, permitting, inspections, and administration of the building, zoning, subdivision, and flood damage prevention codes/ordinances. This department includes the Village Engineer, who serves as the floodplain administrator, and is responsible for many engineering services in connection with the functions of the Village. Some of the tasks include the design of storm drainage and sanitary sewers and the performance of routine inspections of projects. The department reviews projects that are being constructed within the Village.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	-
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	-
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Snow removal and road repairs are budgeted through contractual agreements with the towns of Ramapo and Haverstraw
Human Resources Manual	No	-
Other: Parks and Recreation Commission Technical/Staffing Capability	Yes	The Parks and Recreation Commission shall provide, conduct, and supervise public playgrounds, playfields, indoor recreation centers and other recreation areas and facilities owned or controlled by the Village. It shall have the power to conduct any form of athletic, play or cultural activity that will employ the leisure time of the people in a constructive and wholesome manner. It may conduct such activities on properties under its own control, on public properties with the consent of the authorities thereof and on private properties with the consent of the owners. It shall also promulgate rules and regulations concerning recreation activity and the operation and control of the parks of the Village.
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer (Contract)
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer (Contract)
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Planner and Engineer (Contract)
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Village Planner and Engineer (Contract)
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Village Planner and Engineer (Contract)
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Contract
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	
Other	No	-





Fiscal Capability

Table 9.16-5 summarizes financial resources available to Pomona.

Table 9.16-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	No
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes, Code Revision
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	No
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs), NYSDOT

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.16-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Pomona.

Table 9.16-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and documents, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services. The Village also contracts with Cornell Cooperative Extension to broaden the scope of public outreach informing citizens on natural hazards.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Village has a Facebook page to share hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events		The Village maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and documents, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services. The Village also contracts with Cornell Cooperative Extension to broaden the scope of public outreach informing citizens on natural hazards.

Community Classifications

Table 9.16-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Pomona.

Table 9.16-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.16-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.16-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate



Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.16.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.16-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.16-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Pomona.

Table 9.16-9. Village of Pomona NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	14
# Claims (Losses)	29
Total Loss Payments	\$97,455
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	3
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.16-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Pomona.

Table 9.16-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Unknown, at this time.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	N/A
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No, not at this time.





NFIP Topic	Comments
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	N/A
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction?	No RiskMAP projects are underway at this time.
If so, state what projects are underway.	
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Village Inspections and Building and Zoning Ordinance and Code Enforcement make substantial damage determinations.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Unknown, at this time.
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown, at this time.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes, the flood hazard maps address flood risk for the Village.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Village Engineer.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes, the Village has certified floodplain managers on staff.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, the Village has access to these resources.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	None, at this time.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	The Village provides Permit Review, Inspections and Engineering
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	The Village has consultants who determine substantial improvement determinations.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	The Village Engineer determines any barriers or challenges.
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No, not at this time.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown, at this time.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 79 Flood Damage Prevention, 2014.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The Village floodplain management program meets the minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes.





NFIP Topic	Comments
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your	The Village has not considered joining but may attend a CRS Seminar
community interested in improving your CRS classification?	if invited locally

9.16.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.16-11 through Table 9.16-13.

Table 9.16-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Con	struction Permits Issued	
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total
	_	2019		
Total Permits	0	0	0	0
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0.	0
		2020		
Total Permits	0	0	0	0
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0
		2021		
Total Permits	0	0	0	0
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0
		2022		
Total Permits	0	0	0	0
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0
		2023		
Total Permits	0	0	0	0
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.16-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development				
		No major develop	No major development and infrastructure reported.						

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.16-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

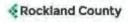
Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development			
No major development or infrastructure anticipated.								

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.16.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Pomona risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.





Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.16-1 through Figure 9.16-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Pomona has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



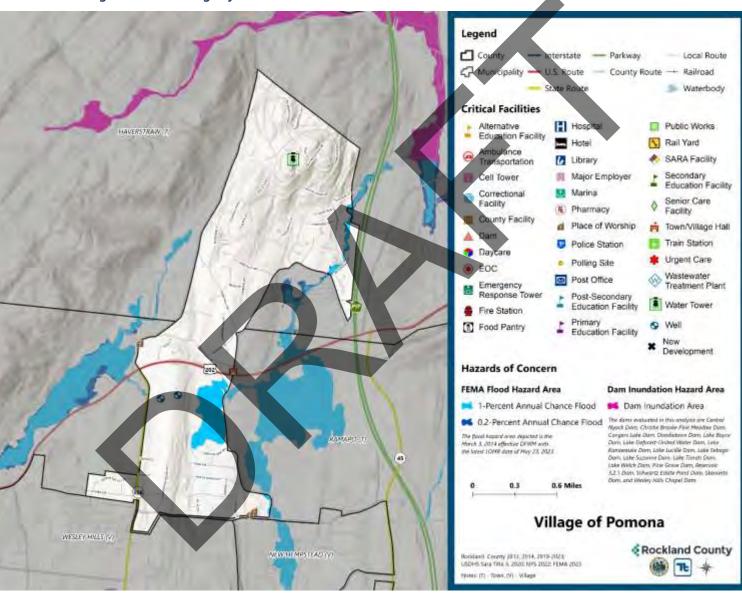


Figure 9.16-1. Village of Pomona Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



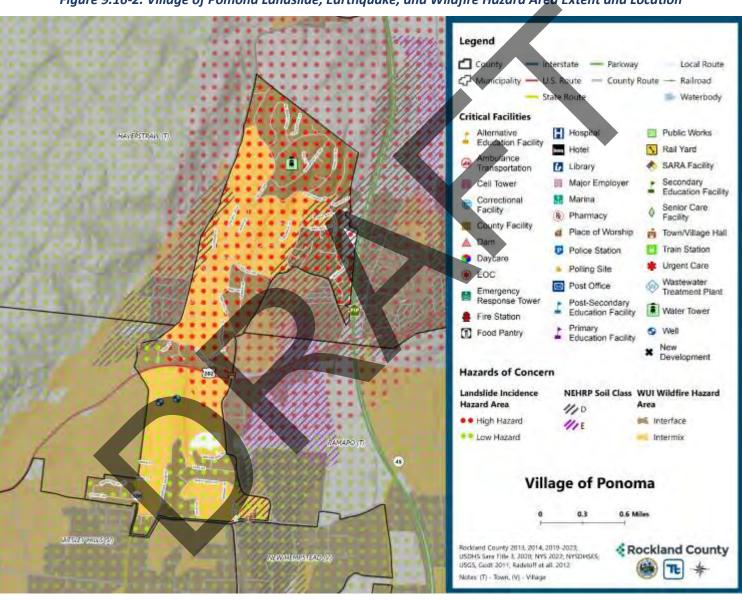


Figure 9.16-2. Village of Pomona Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Pomona is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.16-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.16-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Pomona

	-			
Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434-EM-NY, 4480- DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village followed protocol for safety during the Covid-19 pandemic and issued safe distancing. Impacts were seen to the Village's community and hospitals.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567- DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Small impacts and damages were experienced by the Village.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	Small impacts and damages were experienced by the Village.
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615- DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Small impacts and damages were experienced by the Village.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)

FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency

DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)

N/A = Not applicable





Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Pomona.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Pomona reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following were accurate for hazards of concern seen within the community.

Table 9.16-15 shows Pomona's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam/Levee Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low Extreme Temperature Medium Flood Medium Landslide High Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather High Wildfire Medium

Table 9.16-15. Hazard Ranking

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.16-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

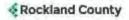
Table 9.16-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure				
			0.2		Already Protected to 0.2		
		1 percent	percent	Addressed by Proposed	percent Flood Level		
Name	Туре	Event	Event	Action	(describe protections)		
The Village of Pomona has no critical facilities located within the 1- or 0.2-percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area.							

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are in or could impact Pomona:





- First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook.
- Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River.
- Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek.
- Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek.
- Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook.
- Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook.
- Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River.
- Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack.
- Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River.
- Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack.

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Pomona's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Pomona identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The drainage system on Ormian Drive-Quaker Road is too small.
- There are several repetitive loss properties within the Village.
- Road systems within the Village flood regularly.
- Need for institutional understanding of hazard mitigation.
- The current comprehensive plan does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations.

9.16.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Table 9.16-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.16-17, Pomona identified the following mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP:

Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures



Since the adoption of the County's first HMP, Pomona has made significant mitigation progress in the following areas:

Flood Mitigation on critical facilities.





Table 9.16-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VP-1	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	The current comprehensive plan does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	No Progress The village has not developed a comprehensive plan. It is their hope to begin the process of developing a Comprehensive Plan is year, (2024).	1. Include 2. Develop a Comprehensive Plan which incorporates natural disaster mitigation techniques for the Village. 3. N/A
VP-2	Public Workshops	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Increase institutional understanding and programmatic consideration of hazard mitigation. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	No Progress The Village hopes to begin these workshops in conjunction for the development of the Comprehensive Plan.	1. Include 2. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation during Comprehensive Plan development. 3. N/A
VP-3	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property	Flood, Severe Storm	Floodplain manager, Building Department	Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	1. Ongoing Capability 2. The Village was able to secure a grant with Assemblymen Zebrowski to address severe flooding issues in Burgess Meredith Park in the vicinity of Woodfield Lane and the Palisades Interstate Parkway. The runoff from the Parkway routinely floods the community park. Village will continue to identify, and document flooded properties as needed.	1. Include 2. The Village will continue to identify, and document flooded properties as needed and work with owners to explore possible mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties. 3. N/A
VP-4	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flood, Severe Storm	County Highway	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County Highway, including but not limited to: Camp Hill Road and Southerly area.	1. Completed 2. Flood prone flooding on the north end of Camphill Road was mitigated by the Town of Ramapo Highway Department. Flooding on the south end of Camphill Road is from individual property owners and has not been addressed. The Village has an Inter-Municipal Agreement with the Town of Ramapo Highway Department for the maintenance of village roadway.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party			Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VP-5	Ormian Drive- Quaker Road Drainage Improvements	Flood, Severe Storm	Village DPW	The drainage system on Ormian Drive- Quaker Road is too small. Improve and maintain road drainage systems on Ormian Drive-Quaker Road.	2. N/A	Discontinue N/A There is currently no drainage improvements needed at the intersection of Ormian Drive and Quaker Road.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Pomona participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Pomona would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in Pomona's priorities.

Table 9.16-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 2-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.16-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category										
		FE	MA		CRS						
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES	
Dam Failure	1	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	
Disease Outbreak	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Drought	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Earthquake	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Extreme Temperature	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Flood	1	-	-	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	
Landslide	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Severe Weather	1	-	Ţ	1	1		1	-	-	-	
Severe Winter Weather	1	-		3	1		3	-	-	-	
Wildfire	1		-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



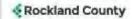


Table 9.16-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lfelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-PomonaV- 01	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	High
2024-PomonaV- 02	Public Workshops	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-PomonaV- 03	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-PomonaV- 04	Outreach to Dam Owners	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	10	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-PomonaV-01. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	Comprehensive Plan Update					
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not th considerations.	oroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide				
,	☑Drought	⊠ Severe Storm				
	⊠ Earthquake ⊠ Severe Winter Storm					
Description of the Solution:	Extreme Temperature	☑Wildfire attes natural disaster mitigation techniques for the				
bescription of the solution.		ensure all community members, including the				
Lead Agency:	CPG member					
Supporting Agencies:	Village Trustee					
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)					
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, FMA, HMGP, match from property owne	rs				
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7					
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	An updated comprehensive plan will ensure vulnerable, are protected against future natur	all community members, including the socially al disasters.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will protect critical infrastructure for regulation and code.	om future natural disaster events through Village				
Impact on Capabilities	An updated comprehensive plan will outline responding to natural disaster events.	e the Village's capabilities when mitigating and				
Impact on Future Development:	This action will influence and guide sustainable	e future development in the Village.				
Climate Change Considerations:	This action will guide Village decisions on futu economy.	re climate change impacts to the community and				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action. Local comprehensive plan out of da					
	Update comprehensive plan without Problem persists. incorporating natural disaster mitigation.					
	Rely on state and federal disaster mitigation assistance.	Not feasible, not an option.				



Action 2024-PomonaV-02. Public Workshops

Action Name:	Public Workshops		
Description of the Problem:	Increase institutional understanding and programmatic consideration of hazard mitigation.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:		and planning issues that arise regarding natural rehensive Plan development. The Village plans to development of the Comprehensive Plan.	
Lead Agency:	CPG member		
Supporting Agencies:	Village Trustee		
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000 to \$100,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Local		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Holding public workshops will ensure all community members, including those socially vulnerable populations, will be educated on hazards present in the Village and ways to mitigate them or seek assistance.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	N/A		
Impact on Capabilities	This action would allow the local department residents.	nt staff the availability to be able to assist local	
Impact on Future Development:	This action may inform residents on problem areas and could influence decisions on where to build new development and growth.		
Climate Change Considerations:	This action would supply residents with curren for the future	nt climate change data to make informed decisions	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Lack of public awareness for hazards.	
	Send out flyers and materials.	Residents may not be aware of where to access information.	
	Ask non-profits to conduct outreach.	Non-profits may be unable or unwilling to provide outreach.	



Action 2024-PomonaV-03. Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property

Action Name:	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property			
Description of the Problem:	Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. The Village was able to secure a grant with Assemblymen Zebrowski to address severe flooding issues in Burgess Meredith Park in the vicinity of Woodfield Lane and the Palisades Interstate Parkway. The runoff from the Parkway routinely floods the community park.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire) orm
Description of the Solution:	The Village will continue to identify, owners to explore possible mitigatio			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain manager, Building Depart	tment		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		,	
Estimated Cost:	Low (< \$10,000)			
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIC, FMA, HMGP, match from prop	erty owners		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7			
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	IP)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Collecting data regarding homeow opportunity to introduce location-sp			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Mitigating homes and roads located in the repetitive loss area decreases the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue			
Impact on Capabilities	N/A			
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners are prone to hazard events.	within a floc	od prone area will l	imit construction in areas that
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the frequency and severity of severe rainfall, flash flooding, riverine flooding, and coastal flooding from sea level rise and storm surge events. Mitigating structures in the floodplain will reduce the response and recovery costs as a result of these events, and decrease the loss of human life as a result of these events.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	No action.		Problem continues.	
	Levee around floodplain.		Costly, not enough room.	
	Deploy flood barriers.		Requires deployment. Residents may not have adequate time to deploy, especially those whe are elderly or disabled.	



Action 2024-PomonaV-04. Outreach to Dam Owners

Action Name:	Outreach to Dam Owners		
Description of the Problem:	The following dams are high hazard dams according to the USACE National Dam Inventory: First Reservoir Dam, located in Thiells on Horse Chock Brook Lake Deforest Dam, located in West Nyack on the Hackensack River Lake Welch Dam, located in Willow Grove on the Minisceongo Creek Lake Sebago Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Stony Brook Creek Like Garnerville Dam, located in West Haverstraw on the Minisceongo Creek Tivoli Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River Potake Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River Lake Kanawauke Dam, located in New Sebago Beach on the Stony Brook Lake Suzanne Dam, located in Spring Valley on the Pascack Brook Lake Lucille Dam, located in Lake Lucille on the Hackensack River Central Nyack Dam, located in Central Nyack Pine Grove Lake Dam, located in Sloatsburg on the Tr-Ramapo River Congers Lake Dam, located in Congers on the E Branch Hack		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake	IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter Storm IWildfire	
Description of the Solution:	The Village does not have jurisdiction over these dan to mitigate these dams will help to limit dam failure		
Lead Agency:	Village		
Supporting Agencies:	N/A		
Estimated Cost:	.ow (< \$10,000)		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Short Term (<5 years)		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 4, 6		
Benefits:	High (> \$100,000)		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	These dams may protect socially vulnerable populati mitigating these dams will ensure they are fully open		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	These dams are critical facilities and educating dam owners on mitigation and safety will ensure they are fully operational.		
Impact on Capabilities	N/A		
Impact on Future Development:	N/A		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change considerations and projections will dam owners on proper mitigation techniques.	be incorporated into the outreach to educate	
Priority:	□High ⊠Medium	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	Do nothing.	Problem persists, potential for dam failure.	
	Tell dam owners what projects to implement.	No public buy-in, not locally specific to the needs of community.	
	Implement mitigation measures around dams.	Costly, may not fully protect/maintain actual dam.	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEX

9.17 TOWN OF RAMAPO

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Town of Ramapo with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Town of Ramapo, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Town's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.17.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Town of Ramapo identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Town departments. The Program Coordinator of the Office of Emergency Preparedness and Safety represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.17-1 summarizes Town officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Town's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.17-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact	
Name/Title: Joshua Hans / Program Coordinator, Office of Emergency Preparedness and Safety Address: 237 Route 59, Suffern, NY 10901 Phone Number: (347) 455-1750 Email: hansJ@ramapo.org	Name/Title: Mona Montal / Chief of Staff Address: 237 Route 59, Suffern, NY 10901 Phone Number: (845) 558-7553 Email: montalm@ramapo.org	
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator		
Name/Title: Ian Smith / Chief Building Inspector Address: 237 Route 59, Suffern, NY 10901 Phone Number: (845) 357-5100 x326 Email: smithl@ramapo.org		
Additional Contributors		
Name/Title: Joshua Hans / Program Coordinator, Office of Emergency Preparedness and Safety Method of Participation: Completed required worksheets; submitted data for building permits; completed mitigation strategies, hazard history, and NFIP surveys; reviewed draft annex		
Name/Title: Mona Montal / Chief of Staff Method of Participation: Completed building permit data collection; reviewed draft annex		
Name/Title: Ian Smith / Chief Building Inspector Method of Participation: Assisted with completion of NFIP survey; reviewed draft annex		
Name/Title: Michael Klatsky Method of Participation: Attending Risk Assessment and Mitigation Actions Workshops		



9.17.2 Municipal Profile

The Town of Ramapo, established in 1791, is located in Rockland County, 28 miles northwest of New York City (Town of Ramapo 2023). The Town has a total area of 61.9 square miles, of which 61.2 square miles is land and 0.7 square miles is water.

The Towns and hamlets within the Town include: the hamlets of Antrim, Hillcrest, Monsey, Ramapo, Sandyfield, Sterlington, Suffern Park, Tallman, and Viola; and the Towns of Airmont, Chestnut Ridge, Hillburn, Kaser, New Hempstead, New Square, Montebello, Sloatsburg, Suffern, and Wesley Hills. The Town contains several water bodies, including segments of the Ramapo River, Cranberry Pond, and Potake Pond.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 14.7 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 9.6 percent is 65 years of age or older, 2.6 percent is non-English speaking, 33.2 percent is below the poverty threshold, and five percent is considered disabled.

9.17.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Town of Ramapo performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Town of Ramapo to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

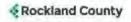
Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.17-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to the Town of Ramapo.



Table 9.17-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation)S					
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 376 Zoning, Article XIV Administration and Code Enforcement	State, Local	Building Inspector		
	ding Inspector and Ass em necessary to enfor	sistant Building Inspectors, Code Enforc ce the New York State Uniform Fire Pre				
Zoning Code	Yes	Chapter 376 Zoning	Local	Planning Board of the Town of Ramapo		
promotion of the public health, s	policies for land use in afety, morals and gene	w does this reduce risk? the Town of Ramapo Comprehensive P eral welfare of the community to guide e safety from fire, flood, and other dan	future growth a	nd development; to		
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 376 Zoning, Article II Zoning Districts and Zoning Map	Local	Town Board		
		Town's Comprehensive Plan. Applicant plan and a survey of the property, incl Chapter 376 Zoning, Article IX Site		podplains. Planning Board of the		
Development Plan Review Town of Ramapo How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? In considering and acting upon site development plans, the Planning Board of the Town of Ramapo shall take into consideration the public health, safety and welfare, the comfort and convenience of the public in general and of the prospective occupants of the proposed development and of the immediate neighborhood in particular and may prescribe such appropriate conditions and safeguards as deemed necessary. To the greatest possible extent, development will be in harmony with the natural environment and adequate compensatory devices will be prescribed to offset potential significant deterioration resulting from the project.						
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 237 Stormwater Management and Sediment Control and Erosion	Local	Stormwater Management Officer		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The purpose of this chapter is to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls to protect and safeguard the general health, safety, and welfare of the public residing within the Town of Ramapo.						
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?					
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	-		
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	ated in a designa	ted floodplain		



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Growth Management	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 149 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector		
the residents and that such dama publicly and privately owned, and damages and to promote the pub	amapo finds that the pages may include destration injury to and loss of hallo health, safety, and	w does this reduce risk? potential and/or actual damages from to uction or loss of private and public hou numan life. The Town Board adopted the property, and appointed the Building Industrial when base flood elevation data are a	sing, damage to his ordinance to r histructor to adm	public facilities, both ninimize the threat of such inister and implement the		
Wellhead Protection	Yes	Chapter 96 Aquifer and Well Field Protection Zone	Local	Department of Public Works, Building Inspector		
watershed of materials that pose products and by-products, salts, a	Field Protection Zone a threat to the waters and hazardous substan own of Ramapo, this cl	w does this reduce risk? Ordinance, the Town Board is desirous shed and hence public health and safet ices. Since many of the uses generating hapter requires the identification of an	y. These include of such products a	chemicals, petroleum re prohibited by Chapter		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Climate Change Ordinance	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Other: Freeboard	Yes	-	Local, State	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? New York State requires new one- and two-family residences to be built with two feet of freeboard and all other construction types with one foot of freeboard. The Town's Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance exceeds this requirement by requiring two feet of freeboard when flood elevation data are available and three feet when it is not.						
Planning Documents						
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Town of Ramapo Comprehensive Plan (2004)	Local	Town Board, Planning Board		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The Town of Ramapo Comprehensive Plan is intended to provide a blueprint for the community's future in relation to goals and objectives applicable to various matters ranging from quality of life to natural resources to community services. The Plan included initiatives to encourage additional drainage facilities with new development and to eliminate an industrial zone near floodplains.						
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-		-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	2022-2023 Final Stormwater Report	Local	Department of Public Works
	he efforts of the Depa ncludes observation s	rtment of Public Works to fulfill its Stor uch as how many violations occur annu		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Response/Recovery Planning					
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-		-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No		-	_	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.17-3 summarizes the capabilities of the Town of Ramapo to oversee and track development.

Table 9.17-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building, Planning and Zoning
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development permits
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-





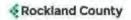
Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Town is mostly developed. However, the Town may define a Planned Unit Development District as desired. The Town includes State Parks, which limits future development.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.17-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to the Town of Ramapo and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.17-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

	Accellable 2	
Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Town of Ramapo Planning Board consists of seven members and meets once a month. The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Town Board on various zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Appeals	Yes	The Town of Ramapo Zoning Board of Appeals consists of six members and meets once a month. The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of the Building Inspector, special permit applications and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for the delivery of various Town services to the Public. The Director of Public Works is responsible for the proper administration and operation of the four divisions that make up the Department of Public Works.
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	Members Regional Watershed Council
Open Space Board/Committee	No	Open Space Initiative is run by the Supervisor
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	Rockland Economic Development Council Rockland Business Association
Public Works Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for the delivery of various Town services to the Public. The Director of Public Works is responsible for the proper administration and operation of the four divisions that make up the Department of Public Works.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for the delivery of various Town services to the Public. The Director of Public Works is responsible for the proper administration and operation of the four divisions that make up the Department of Public Works. The Building Inspector is responsible for enforcing the code.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The Office of Emergency Preparedness & Safety (OEP) will help manage, plan, and coordinate emergency response and emergency planning and preparedness for the Town of Ramapo.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Protocol for storm sewer inspection and clean-out twice per year



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	MUA with the Rockland County Towns of Suffern and Spring valley are full-force and have DPW and Police.
		Town has 100-man Police and large Highway Department The Town provides 8 Towns with the following services: Police, Highway, Building services and as needed for the Towns of Suffern and Spring Valley
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other: Community Design Review Committee (CDRC)	Yes	This committee, consisting of the Director of Building, Planning and Zoning, the Town Engineer, and Town Planning Consultant, meets once a month to review applications being submitted to the Planning Board. This committee recommends changes prior to the applicant appearing before the Planning Board.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Contract out Planning services – Fredrick P. Clark
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Department of Building Planning and Zoning
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Department of Public Works, Engineering Division
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Highway and Building Departments
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	Town relies on Rockland County GIS
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Several staff knowledgeable about the hazard areas
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Contracted
Emergency Manager	Yes	Police Chief
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Stormwater Consortium – applies for grants Noted on the Finance Department website
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.17-5 summarizes financial resources available to the Town of Ramapo.

Table 9.17-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	No
Capital improvements project funding	No





Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes – Fire and EMS
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	User fees for street lights; Water is private company but Town taxes the water; Sewer fee on the tax bill; Gas/Electric is ConEdison – Town and County have a tax
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Open space bonding
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPS) NYSDOT for highway; Federal Highway
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes, Open Space Initiative (30 percent open space) – through bonds
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	-

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.17-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to the Town of Ramapo.

Table 9.17-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Town maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and planning documents, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Town has Facebook, Twitter (X), and Instagram available to share hazard mitigation education and outreach materials.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	Town has contracted with OnSolve, LLC. To use the CodeRED® Emergency Notification System
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	Yes	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Does the jurisdiction have any public outreach mechanisms / programs in place to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events?	No	-
If yes, please describe.	-	-

Community Classifications

Table 9.17-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to the Town of Ramapo.



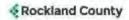


Table 9.17-7.	Community	Classifications
I UDIC J.I/-/.	COMMINICA	CIUSSIIICULIUIIS

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-/	-
Firewise Communities classification	No		-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No		-

N/A = Not applicable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.17-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Town's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.17-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.17.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.17-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.



^{- =} Unavailable



NFIP Summary

Table 9.17-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for the Town of Ramapo.

Table 9.17-9. Town of Ramapo NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	44
# Claims (Losses)	422
Total Loss Payments	\$1,972,984
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	40
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.17-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in the Town of Ramapo.

Table 9.17-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	There are several streets and roads that have recently been flood prone during heavy rains.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	There is no specific list.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	The town does not maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation.
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction?	No
If so, state what projects are underway.	
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Town does not make these determinations
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None



NFIP Topic	Comments
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Some town properties have been mitigated by raising structures above flood levels. This was funded by town budget.
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	No. More frequent and intense rainfall has changed the risk profile.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building, Planning, and Zoning Department. The Chief Building Inspector is the Floodplain Administrator.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes. The town's consulting firm has CFMs.
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Via resources from federal and state
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes. More up to date mapping to reflect real world conditions.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, inspections
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Through the permitting process
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Lack of mapping resources and funding
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	N/A
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 149
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2012
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets the minimum requirements
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes. Through local zoning laws- the planning and zoning board review items.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	The town is not a member of the CRS program. We are interested in finding out more information about the program.

9.17.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent





and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.17-11 through Table 9.17-13.

Table 9.17-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued				
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total	
		2019			
Total Permits	33	69	0	102	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2020			
Total Permits	79	36	0	115	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
2021					
Total Permits	78	55	0	133	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
2022					
Total Permits	79	49	0	128	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2023			
Total Permits	Total Permits				
Permits within SFHA	At the time of the plan update, the Town was unable to provide 2023 data.				

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.17-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
The Town has had no recent major development or infrastructure between 2018 to present.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.17-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

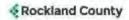
	Property or			Location		
	Development	Type of	# of Units /	(address and/or		Description / Status of
	Name	Development	Structures	block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Development
ı	There are no known or anticipated major development of infrastructure in the Town in the next five years.					

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.17.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Town of Ramapo's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.





Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Town are shown in Figure 9.17-1 through Figure 9.17-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Ramapo has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



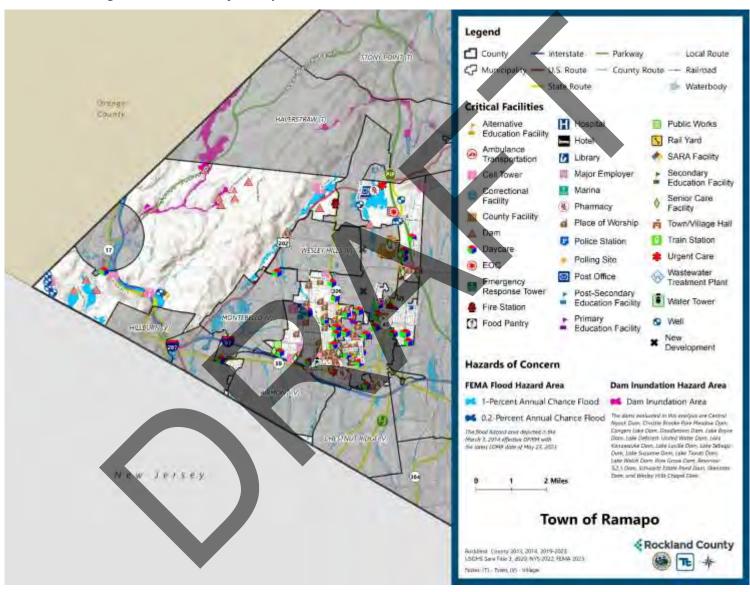


Figure 9.17-1. Town of Ramapo Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location

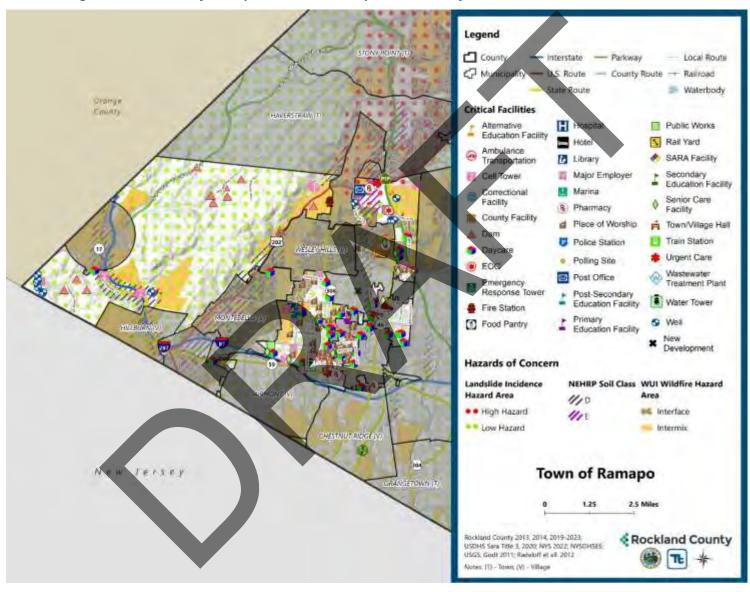


Figure 9.17-2. Town of Ramapo Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Town of Ramapo is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.17-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Town during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.17-14. Hazard Event History in the Town of Ramapo

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	\$229,620.67 in damages
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	\$225,563.42 in damages
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	\$48,721.18 in damages and still ongoing
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	The municipality is currently involved in a FEMA project as a result of damages incurred from this event.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA) FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)

N/A = Not applicable





Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Town of Ramapo.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Ramapo reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Town indicated the following:

During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Town indicated the rankings were accurate.

Table 9.17-15 shows Ramapo's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low Extreme Temperature Medium Flood Medium Landslide Low Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather Wildfire Medium

Table 9.17-15. Hazard Ranking

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.17-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Exposure 0.2 Already Protected to 0.2 1 percent percent **Addressed by Proposed** percent Flood Level Name **Type Event Event** Action (describe protections) Lake Suzanne Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 No Minisceongo Golf Course Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 No Potake Lake Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 No Ramapo Foundry Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 No Tivoli Lake Dam Dam Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 Yes No Tora High School Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-RamapoT-04 No

Table 9.17-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability



		Ехро	sure		
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Sprint PCS 58	Cell Tower	Yes	Yes	2024-RamapoT-05	No
Sprint PCS 71	Cell Tower	Yes	Yes	2024-RamapoT-05	No
Sprint PCS 87	Cell Tower	Yes	Yes	2024-RamapoT-05	No
AT&T Wireless 115	Cell Tower	Yes	Yes	2024-RamapoT-05	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact the Town of Ramapo:

- Potake Lake Dam Suez Water New York
- Tivoli Lake Dam Pierson Lake Homeowner's Association
- Lake Sebago Dam New York Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Palisades Interstate Park Commission
- Lake Suzanne Dam Rockland County Highway Department

Identified Issues

After review of the Town of Ramapo's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Town of Ramapo identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- Rainfall events of more than three inches pose significant risks to life, property, and safety in the Town of Ramapo. Response to this type of event is a multi-stakeholder endeavor that requires inter-agency coordination. A flash-flood emergency plan managed by the Town of Ramapo would be the mitigation strategy to address this coordination gap on a local level.
- Main feeder power lines are vulnerable to winter storms and high winds. This causes power outages when lines are compromised during storms.
- Frequently during rainfall events, the Piermont and New Hempstead branches of the former Conrail railroad system sees significant flooding. This flooding is likely caused due to the natural topography of the surrounding neighborhoods because the railroad was built as close to sea level as possible as is constructed at the lowest point in every community to avoid any elevations.
- There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Town also has potential impacts from multiple high-hazard potential dams (Potake Lake Dam, Tivoli Lake Dam, Lake Sebago Dam, Lake Suzanne Dam). These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.
- Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Town and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- The municipality does not have a Substantial Damage Management Plan in place, nor do they have a formal process in place when conducting substantial damage determinations. The municipality needs a formal process and plan to provide a framework for conducting such inspections and determinations.





- The Town does not have a formalized list of damaged properties or property owners which may be interested in flood mitigation measures, such as elevation or acquisition.
- The Town does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations.
- The current comprehensive plan does not integrate hazard mitigation or hazard areas.
- There is an inadequately sized culvert in Spring Valley which contributes to flooding.
- There are flood prone roadways in the Town.
- The Town is currently not in the CRS program.
- The Town does not have backup power at several pump stations and in the event of a power outage, the pump stations will not function properly.

9.17.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference., the Town of Ramapo did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hozard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Table 9.17-17 indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Town of Ramapo did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.17-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Ramapo-1	Quarry Ridge Flood Control	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Attorney's Office — Property manager	Flooding along the Mahwah River in the Squires Gate region of the Town of Suffern - floods frequently. The Quarry Ridge flood control project is a unique re-utilization of a closed stone quarry. The purpose of the flood control project is to reduce the frequency of flooding along the Mahwah River in the Squires Gate region of the Town of Suffern, NY.	No Progress / Discontinued Project was part of a development that was cancelled	Discontinued Not Applicable Project was part of a development that was cancelled
Ramapo- 2	Spring Valley Culvert Upgrades	Flood, Severe Storm, Nor'easter	Town Engineer, County Engineer Town of Spring Valley	Inadequate culvert in Spring Valley. Upgrade culvert in Spring Valley (upstream of Pascack Brook By-Pass Flood Mitigation Project).	No Progress Project has not progressed due to other Town obligations.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
Ramapo-3	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	Town Planning Department, County Planning Department, Town Planning Department	plan does not integrate hazard mitigation or hazard	No Progress Plan has not been updated due to other Town matters.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Ramapo- 4	Public Workshops	All Hazards	Town Engineer/DPW	Currently, the Town does not have a program to discuss zoning and planning issues that arise as a result of natural hazards and hazard mitigation. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	Discontinued Planning and zoning requirements are listed on applications.	N/A Planning and zoning requirements are listed on applications.
Ramapo- 5	Flood Prone Roadways	Flood, Severe Storm	Town DPW, County DPW	Flood prone roadways in the Town - need to develop solutions to resolve the issue. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	No Progress Town needs to identify which roadways to focus on.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
Ramapo- 6	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood, Severe Storm	Town Floodplain Administrator	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).		Discontinue N/A The Town's consulting firm has CFMs.
Ramapo- 7	Community Rating System	Flood, Severe Storm	Town Floodplain Administrator	The Town is currently not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	No Progress The Town has not been able to evaluate the benefits, would is still considering joining the program.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Ramapo- 8	Pascack Brooke Easement	Flood, Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm	County Drainage Agency	The bank erosion threatens at a minimum one home and potentially others. Mitigation measures are now required and engineered concrete structures are needed to stabilize the banks along with erosion control measures that include plantings.	No Progress / Discontinued As per DPW and town attorney- there are no easements for this area making this the responsibility of the home owners and not the Town.	Discontinue Not Applicable As per DPW and town attorney- there are no easements for this area making this the responsibility of the home owners and not the Town.
Ramapo-9	Emergency Generators at Critical Facilities	All Hazards	Town DPW	The Town does not have backup power at several pump stations and in the event of a power outage, the pump stations will not function properly. Install permanently mounted generators at pump stations including Rodman Place, Longbow Road, Hawk Street, Sergio Court, and Bayard Lane. This project will help ensure the continued operations of the Town's Sanitary Sewer system during storm events involving power outages. Additionally, it will improve the Town's ability to respond to emergencies as the labor force and equipment will be available for assisting with other Town Emergency Protective Measures.	In Progress Purchased and install backup power at the Town fuel facility, DPW and sewer buildings.	1. Include 2. Purchase and install permanently mounted generators at pump stations including Rodman Place, Longbow Road, Hawk Street, Sergio Court, and Bayard Lane. This project will help ensure the continued operations of the Town's Sanitary Sewer system during storm events involving power outages. Additionally, it will improve the Town's ability to respond to emergencies as the labor force and equipment will be available for assisting with other Town Emergency Protective Measures. 3. Not Applicable



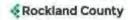


Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Ramapo- 10	Continuity of Communications	All Hazards	Hatzoloh Ambulance Company (Kaser and Monsey)	Hatzoloh does not have a backup phone system. In the event of an emergency, there can be issues with connecting to emergency responders. Hatzoloh (Town-funded ambulance company) plans to set up a backup phone system that will be able to maintain the integrity of the Hatzoloh phone number at all times so that incoming calls will get through even in a state of emergency and so that dispatchers will be able to contact emergency responders without issues.	No Progress / Discontinued Redundancy has been provided through other means.	Not Applicable Redundancy has been provided through other means.
Ramapo- 11	Emergency Equipment	All Hazards	Hatzoloh Ambulance Company (Kaser and Monsey)	Inadequate equipment for Hatzoloh. Purchase equipment enabling Hatzoloh to save lives such as generators, light towers, Command Vehicles.	No Progress / Discontinued No longer needed.	 Discontinue Not Applicable There is no longer a needed for these items to be purchased.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
Ramapo- 12	Review Codes and Ordinances	All Hazards	Building Inspector/Planning Board/Zoning Board	Current codes and ordinances do not identify hazards. The Town would like to review and potentially update their existing local codes/ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	Ongoing Capability Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.	N/A Ongoing capability. Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.
Ramapo- 13	Elevate Pump Station Electrical Components	Flood	DPW/Sewer Department	The Town owns critical assets located in the floodplain that become inundated during flood events. Elevate the electrical components to all critical assets including the pump stations and potable wells located in the floodplain, specifically the Sewer Pump Station off Camp Hill Road and Scuffy Day Camp North Well, to the 500-year flood elevation.	In Progress Pump Station off Camp Hill is under review as Northern Ramapo development plan moves ahead.	Include Include mention of any newly identified critical facilities in the floodplain and reword action as appropriate. Not Applicable



Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Ramapo participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Ramapo would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Town's priorities.

Table 9.17-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.17-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.17-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA		CRS					
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	3	1	-	1	3	1	1	-	-	3
Disease Outbreak	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1
Drought	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	1
Earthquake	2	1	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	2
Extreme Temperature	2	1	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	2
Flood	7	4	-	2	7	4	2	-	3	4
Landslide	3	1	- /	1	3	1	1	-	-	2
Severe Weather	5	2	1	1	5	3	1	-	1	4
Severe Winter Weather	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	3
Wildfire	2	1	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	2

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.17-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

		Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium /
Project Number	Project Name				P	Le	芷		So	Ă		Ö				<u> </u>	Low
2024-RamapoT-01	Flash Flood Emergency Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-RamapoT-02	Underground Powerlines	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	7	Medium
2024-RamapoT-03	Piermont Railway Flood Mitigation	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	Medium
2024-RamapoT-04	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-RamapoT-05	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	10	Medium
2024-RamapoT-06	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-RamapoT-07	Substantial Damage Management Plan	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024-RamapoT-08	Flood Mitigation Interest	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-RamapoT-09	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-RamapoT-10	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-RamapoT-11	Spring Valley Culvert	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-RamapoT-12	Flood Prone Roadways	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-RamapoT-13	Community Rating System (CRS) Program	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024-RamapoT-14	Emergency Generators at Critical Facilities	0	-	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	10	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-RamapoT-01. Flash Flood Emergency Plan

Action Name:	Flash Flood Emergency Plan						
Description of the Problem:	Rainfall events of 3+ inches pose significal	nt risks to life, property, and safety in the Town of					
	Ramapo.						
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood					
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide					
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm					
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm					
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	Create a flash-flood emergency plan that will be a multi-stakeholder endeavor that requires inter-agency coordination. The plan will identify areas most impacted by heavy rain and flash flood events and assign roles and responsibilities to responding agencies. This action will identify measures to protect life, property, and the environment from the impacts of heavy rain and flash flooding events. The plan will identify the roles and responsibilities of responding agencies.						
Lead Agency:	Office of Emergency Preparedness and Safe	ety					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Surrounding Jurisdict	ions, Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	Medium						
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, EMGP						
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7						
Benefits:	This plan will be a multi-stakeholder endeavor that requires inter-agency coordination. The plan will identify areas most impacted by heavy rain and flash flood events and assign roles and responsibilities to responding agencies.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP)☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI) 	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ⊠Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that yulnerable to frequency or seve Populations in these areas will be recognize	re flooding events will be identified within the plan. ed and assessed.					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		tect life, property, and the environment from the ng events. The plan will identify the roles and					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new planning carecovery capabilities.	pability of the Town, enhancing its response and					
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable						
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have often, including increased periods of intens	e the potential to be more intense and occur more e rain events.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	um □Low					
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation					
	No action	Current problem remains					
	Write plan without consulting primary stakeholders	Input may be incomplete					
	Focus only on areas currently experiencing	Plan will only be applicable for a period of time					





Action 2024-RamapoT-02. Underground Powerlines

Action Name:	Underground Powerlines						
Description of the Problem:	Main feeder power lines are vulnerable to outages when lines are compromised during	winter storms and high winds. This causes power storms.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	Bury above-ground utility lines to mitigate damages. This action will remove or reduce critical facility and community lifeline vulnerability to hazards, ensure continuity of operations, and remove or reduce safety risks for first responder. It will provide for continuity of operations within the Town, protecting critical facilities and lifelines, and allowing emergency personnel to respond before, during, and after emergencies.						
Lead Agency:	Town Administration						
Supporting Agencies:	Town Engineering, Utility Provider, Town Pu	olic Works, Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	High						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, Town Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years						
Goals Met:	2, 5						
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce critical facility and community lifeline vulnerability to hazards, ensure continuity of operations, and remove or reduce safety risks for first responder.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ⊠Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	within these populations rely on resources facilities, and medical and senior care fac	efit socially vulnerable populations, as individuals from various government facilities, transportation ilities. Protection of critical facilities provides an ers, and emergency managers to stage and deploy eas.					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		emergency. This action protects public health and critical facility and its essential functions during a					
Impact on Capabilities	The action will increase the Town's capabilit	es during power outage events.					
Impact on Future Development:		be connected to utility lines, which provide power. acility that could support future development.					
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the inten events. This action provides a method of mit	sity and frequency of many climate related disaster igating impacts from severe storms.					
Priority: Check one	□High	ım □Low					
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation					
	No action	Current problem remains					
	Insulate power lines	May lead to overheating					
	Knock snow and ice off power lines	May knock down wires and interrupt power distribution					



Action 2024-RamapoT-03. Piermont Railway Flood Mitigation

Action Name:	Piermont Railway Flood Mitigation						
Description of the Problem:	Frequently during rainfall events, th Conrail railroad system sees significa topography of the surrounding neig level as possible as is constructed elevations.	nt flooding. hborhoods	. This flooding is li because the railr	kely caused due to the natural road was built as close to sea			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	orm			
Description of the Solution:	Conduct a study to identify best met method would be to construct unde to help collect runoff and prevent the	erground sto	orm water runoff	tanks underneath the railway			
Lead Agency:	Town Administration						
Supporting Agencies:	Metro North Railroad, Village of Air County of Rockland	mont, Villag	ge of New Hemps	stead, Village of Spring Valley,			
Estimated Cost:	High, \$500 million						
Potential Funding Sources:	CDBG, US ACE, FEMA HMGP, BRIC						
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years						
Goals Met:	2, 4, 5						
Benefits:	This action will create a reduction in land impacted by flooding conditions by performing a study to identify the most feasible mitigation methods to collect runoff.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	IP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable. This railroad system i does not impact socially vulnerable p	_		the lands on which it traverses			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Not applicable. This railroad system i does not impact critical facilities.	s no longer	in operation and t	the lands on which it traverses			
Impact on Capabilities	The resulting study from this action volumes being in operation.	will be a nev	w capability for the	e Town, despite the railway no			
Impact on Future Development:	The reduction in flooding on the land development opportunities.	of the old r	railroad system ma	ay provide area for future land			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storm often, including increased periods of the area of the flood hazard may exp	intense rain					
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Currer	nt problem remains			
			ost prohibitive				
	Raise banks of river to increase s capacity	torage	Cost prohibitive				



Action 2024-RamapoT-04. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership						
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams, which are critica flood hazard areas. The Town also has pot dams (Potake Lake Dam, Tivoli Lake Dan structures have the potential to impact thos	ential impacts from r , Lake Sebago Dam	multiple high-hazard potential				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☐ Disease Outbreak ☐ Drought ☐ Earthquake ☐ Extreme Temperature		form				
Description of the Solution:	Work with the owners of the dams to ensur Identify mitigation actions to ensure the int 0.2-percent flood hazard area.						
Lead Agency:	Office of Emergency Preparedness and Safe	У					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Dam Owners, NYSDEC						
Estimated Cost:	Low						
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget						
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5						
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and security of those who live within the dam inundation areas of the dams and increase the resilience of responding agencies.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 						
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)		urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better prepared inundation areas where significant risk to so						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facility. This procedures in place for each identified dam	action will create a	n understanding of the safety				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning and responsibilities and procedures.	ponse capabilities t	hrough the understanding of				
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase disaster events, which may contribute to the increase the capabilities to respond to these	e likelihood of a dam					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	m	□Low				
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation				
	No Action		aware of any safety concerns dam or its condition				
	Utilize information from NYSDEC	not be required to submit a cy plan to the State					
	Utilize information from the National Invent	Utilize information from the National Inventory Not all dams are listed on the inven					



Action 2024-RamapoT-05. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain			
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with the facility managers off Camp Hill Road and Scuffy Day 0 structures via retrofit (e.g. elevation future damage. Phase 1: Identify most cost-effective Phase 2: Work with facility manager and local match ability.	Camp North	n Well, to support offing) or relocation option	the mitigation of vulnerable on to protect structures from
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Facility Manag	gers		
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Town Budget, Pr	ivate Owne	rs	
Implementation Timeline:	5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3			
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce critical facility and community lifeline vulnerability to the floor hazard and remove or reduce safety risks for first responders.			eline vulnerability to the flood
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	IP)	- I	ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identified structures will benefit socially vulnerable populations, individuals within these populations rely on resources from various government facilititransportation facilities, and medical and senior care facilities.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities loc consideration of relocating critical fa the development of any additional fa	acilities and	l lifelines from the	flood hazard area and deter
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Town's o	current NFII	P capabilities.	
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities loc consideration of relocating critical fa the development of any additional fa	acilities and	l lifelines from the	flood hazard area and deter
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storm often, including increased periods of the area of the flood hazard may exp	intense rain	•	
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	problem continues
	Floodproof existing structur	es	May not r	necessarily reduce risk
	Construct floodwalls to stop flood issues		Will most likely interrupt natural floodplain function	





Action 2024-RamapoT-06. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties				
Description of the Problem:	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Town and efforts should be made to mitigate them.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure □Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak]Landslide		
	□Drought		Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		Wildfire	·	
Description of the Solution:	The Town will promote and support non-structural flood hazard mitigation alternatives for at risk properties within the floodplain, including those that have been identified as Repetitive Loss (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL), such as acquisition/relocation or elevation depending on feasibility. The parameters for this initiative would be funding, benefits versus cost, and willing participation of property owners.				
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Town Budget	t, County B	Sudget, Property O	wners	
Implementation Timeline:	3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3				
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk propertie from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply			□ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may be able to have houses elevated or acquired when it would otherwise be unaffordable.			ed or acquired when it would	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the flood services including health and medical,				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Town's cu	urrent NFIF	capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners ware prone to hazard events. Homes make floodplain and prevent future dev	nay be acq	uired, which will r		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of i		•	nore intense and occur more	
Priority: Check one	High □]Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Construct flood walls/barriers ard vulnerable areas	ound	Costly and can	divert floodwaters to other areas	
			Requires a great deal of work to implement prior to each event		



Action 2024-RamapoT-07. Substantial Damage Management Plan

Action Name:	Substantial Damage Management F	Plan				
Description of the Problem:	Officials in NFIP-participating communities are responsible for regulating all development in SFHAs by issuing permits and enforcing local floodplain requirements, including Substantial Damage, for the repairs of damaged buildings. After any disaster event, they must: • Determine where the damage occurred within the community and if the damaged structures are in an SFHA. • Determine what to use for "market value" and cost to repair; uniformly applying regulations will protect against liability and promote equitable administration. • Determine if repairing plus improving the damaged structure equals or exceeds 50 percent of the structure's pre-damage value. • Require permits for floodplain development. The municipality does not have a Substantial Damage Management Plan in place, nor do they have a formal process in place when conducting substantial damage determinations. The municipality is in need of a formal process and plan to provide a framework for conducting such inspections and determinations.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature	⊠ La ⊠ Se ⊠ Se	lood andslide evere Storm evere Winter St Vildfire	corm		
Description of the Solution:	The municipality will develop a Substantial Damage Management Plan, following the six-step planning process in 2021 Developing a Substantial Damage Management Plan (https://crsresources.org/files/500/developing_subst_damge_mgmt_plan.pdf). This plan will outline responsibilities for Substantial Damage determinations, determining market value, and permit approval processes following a disaster event.					
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Public Works, Office of Emergency	Preparedness a	nd Safety, Build	ling Department		
Estimated Cost:	Low					
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years to develop the pla	an; ongoing to n	naintain and up	date the plan		
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7	1, 2, 5, 7				
Benefits:	This plan will provide a process in municipality to make these determ					
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)			ms Protection (NSP)		
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Substantially damaged structures are required to be rebuilt to be compliance with current codes. Socially vulnerable populations may not have the financial means to make these improvements. This action may allow for the identification of potential resources to address substantial damages to structures owned by socially vulnerable populations.					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	A Substantial Damage Managemer municipality.	nt Plan would in	nclude all critica	al facilities and lifelines in the		
Impact on Capabilities	This action improves disaster recov	ery capabilities.				
Impact on Future Development:	A Substantial Damage Managemeter development in the municipality.	ent Plan would	d include all e	existing, current, and future		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase events. This action provides addition					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		





Alternatives	Action	Evaluation
	No Action	-
	Rely on state or federal resources following disaster events	Resources may not be available during major widespread events
	Establish MOUs with outside agencies to conduct Substantial Damage Determinations	A plan outlining responsibilities is still necessary to prevent missing important requirements





Action 2024-RamapoT-08. Flood Mitigation Interest

Action Name:	Flood Mitigation Interest			
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have a formalized list be interested in flood mitigation measure			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑ Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Floodplain Administration will develo by flood events and property owners wh elevation or acquisition.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Board, Zoning Board, Town Adm	ninistra	ition	
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low	47	`	
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	Keeping a list of damaged properties and property owners interested in flood mitigation effort may lead to the elimination of flood damage to homes and residences, which creating an ope space for the municipality and increasing flood storage.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)			rce Protection (NR)
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PR) □Public Information (PI)		□Structural Floo □Emergency Se	od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Collecting data regarding homeowners that reside within flood prone areas provides an opportunity to introduce location-specific opportunities for assistance. Removing homes from the floodplain immediately removes the risk to life and property.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floodplai services including health and medical, lav			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new Town capab	ility, w	hile enhancing its	current NFIP capabilities.
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners within are prone to hazard events. Homes may the floodplain and prevent future develo	be acq	juired, which will r	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur moften, including increased periods of intense rain events. Areas experiencing flooding conditionary increase. Removing structures from the floodplain will reduce the response and recover costs as a result of these events and decrease the loss of human life as a result of these events.			periencing flooding conditions ce the response and recovery ife as a result of these events.
Priority: Check one	⊠High	edium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Currer	nt problem remains
	Only share opportunities when notified grant funding	d of		ugh time to garner interest or rite application
	Wait for information from the State on f damaged properties	flood-		e a delay in notice



Action 2024-RamapoT-09. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach				
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable				
	populations and underserved populations.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Flood				
Check all that apply	⊠ Disease Outbreak		⊠Landslide		
	⊠Drought		⊠Severe Storm		
	⊠Earthquake		Severe Winter St	torm	
	⊠Extreme Temperature		⊠Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Create outreach materials, or utili vulnerable populations. Methods				
	newsletters, social media, the Tow				
	at Town libraries and offices. Cor				
	populations.			, ,	
Lead Agency:	Town Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Low		_		
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, HMGP			*	
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is an individual working to identify and work with the socially				
	vulnerable populations in the Town. Furthermore, this action will create opportunities to				
	educate and inform populations on hazard risks.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☐Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (CIDI	•	ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
	□ Preventative Measures (PR)	JIP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PP)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP)	
encon am anno appri,	⊠Public Information (PI)		□Emergency Se	• • • •	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	Socially vulnerable populations in	the Town wi	II become educate	ed on hazards risks. The Town	
Populations:	will identify an individual to identif	y and work v	with these populat	ions to ensure the most up to	
	date information is being shared.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard ris				
	utilities and emergency services increscue.	luding healt	h and medical, law	enforcement, and search and	
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the	. Villago's a	Iready existing nu	uhlic aducation and outreach	
impact on Capabilities	program.	village 3 a	iready existing po	iblic education and odireach	
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase	the intensity	and frequency of	many climate related disaster	
	events. This action will inform resid			•	
	and how climate change may exace	erbate those	risks.		
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Check one					
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action			ds remain the only ones used	
	Rely on state or federal reso	urces	1	e generalized and not specific e risks in the Town	
	Use only a few methods for distribution Using only a few methods of distribution				
	hinder socially vulnerable populations from receiving the guidance				
			recei	wing the guidance	





Action 2024-RamapoT-10. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	Comprehensive Plan Update				
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not int	egrate hazard mitigation or hazard areas.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood			
Check all that apply	⊠ Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide			
	⊠Drought	⊠Severe Storm			
	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter Storm			
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The Town will update its comprehensive plan. Ensure that the local comprehensive plan incorporates hazard mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department. This action will have the Town update its comprehensive plan, which has not been updated in many years. The integration of hazard mitigation principles will present the opportunity for the Town to identify areas of the Town which may be impacted by hazards and plan for future land use accordingly.				
Lead Agency:	Town Planner				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Town Planning Board,	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	This action will have the Town update its comprehensive plan, which has not been updated in many years. The integration of hazard mitigation principles will present the opportunity for the Town to identify areas of the Town which may be impacted by hazards and plan for future land use accordingly.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The inclusion of hazard mitigation princip discussions on how hazard risks may impact s	oles into the comprehensive plan may include socially vulnerable populations in the Town.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to inclu opportunity to discuss hazard risks to critical	de hazard mitigation principles may present an facilities and lifelines in the Town.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing resilient.	planning capability of the Town, making it more			
Impact on Future Development:	This action will have a direct impact on future guides land use principles in the Town.	e land use in the Town, as the comprehensive plan			
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasin plan will need to be updated.	gly felt, the contents in the Town's comprehensive			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	m □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem remains			
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in onl plan elements	·			
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in onl comprehensive plan main document				



Action 2024-RamapoT-11. Spring Valley Culvert

Action Name:	Spring Valley Culvert			
Description of the Problem:	There is an inadequately sized culvert	in Spring \	Valley which contr	ibutes to flooding.
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	D	☑ Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		landslide	
	□Drought		☑Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	The Town Engineer will complete an undersized and contribute to floodi stormwater capacity. The Town DPW noted to be undersized.	ing to det	ermine the prop	er size necessary to provide
Lead Agency:	Town Engineer			
Supporting Agencies:	Town Board, Highway Department			
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	MS4 Grant, Town Budget, FEMA BRIC	, HMGP		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5			
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduce damage occurring to culverts and roadways during severe events. Businesses are likely to remain in place if they are able to remain open, or re-open sooner following a flood.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Diducation and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)			od Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that were previously vulnerable to frequency or severe flooding events will be less likely to be impacted by flooding events. Populations living in these areas will have fewer impacts due to flooding.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Transportation routes will be more likely to remain open, access to health and medical facilities will be maintained, both for healthcare workers and the population who requires treatment for injuries and illness, and stormwater management infrastructure will be better suited to handle flooding events.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormwat	ter manage	ement capabilities	of the Town.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted	area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in mo culvert sizes to meet changing stormy			
Priority: Check one	⊠High]Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	nt problem remains
	Remove roadway		Roadwa	y cannot be removed
	Raingardens		Raingardens are enough stormwa	unlikely to be able to absorb ter to prevent flooding during re rainfall events.



Action 2024-RamapoT-12. Flood Prone Roadways

Action Name:	Flood Prone Roadways			
Description of the Problem:	There are flood prone roadways in the Town.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Town will identify which roadway solutions for flood prone road systems leadership of County DPW.			
Lead Agency:	Town Public Works			
Supporting Agencies:	County Public Works	•		
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Town Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within five years			
Goals Met:	2			
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable prone roads.	le popula	ations whose prop	perties are impacted by flood
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted are	ea will be	e less likely to be	flooded.
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms hoften, including increased periods of int		•	more intense and occur more
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	t problem continues
	Relocate all flood prone road syste	ems		Not feasible
	Raise all flood prone roads		C	ost prohibitive



Action 2024-RamapoT-13. Community Rating System (CRS) Program

Action Name:	Community Rating System (CRS) Program			
Description of the Problem:	The Town is currently not in the CRS	orogram.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter Sto IWildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Town will evaluate the benefits Town will join the program and begin			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Town Board, Planning, Office of Emer	gency Prep	paredness and Safe	ety
Estimated Cost:	Low	•		
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	2 years			
Goals Met:	2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	The participation in the CRS benefinsurance premiums, which addressed damage to insurable property, strentlood Insurance Program, and foster	s the three gthen and	goals of the prog support the insur	gram: reduce and avoid flood rance aspects of the National
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIF	9)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) benefits communities by offering discounted rates for flood insurance premiums, which may be more affordable for some socially vulnerable populations.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Not applicable			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would enhance the Village	e's floodpla	in management ca	apabilities.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development would need to joining the CRS program such as incre			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storm often, including increased periods of flood risks.			
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action			-
	Adopt aspects of the CRS program floodplain management progr			lain management capabilities in flood insurance premiums
V	Abandon any floodplain manage practices not required by NF			floodplain management



Action 2024-RamapoT-14. Emergency Generators at Critical Facilities

Action Name:	Emergency Generators at Critical Fac	ilities			
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have backup power at several pump stations and in the event of a power outage, the pump stations will not function properly.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide			
	□Drought	⊠Severe Storm			
	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter S	torm		
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Install permanently mounted general Road, Hawk Street, Sergio Court, and operations of the Town's Sanitary Se Additionally, it will improve the Town equipment will be available for assist	d Bayard Lane. This project we wer system during storm ev n's ability to respond to emer	will help ensure the continued ents involving power outages. gencies as the labor force and		
Lead Agency:	Town Public Works				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Engineering, O	ffice of Emergency Prepared	ness and Safety		
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMPG, BRIC, USDA Commu Performance Grants (EMPG) Progran		am, Emergency Management		
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5				
Benefits:	The benefits of this action include reduced risk of flooding and resulting damage to facilities and less risk of interruption to potable water services. This action protects public health and safety and ensures continued operation of a critical facility and its essential functions during a power outage.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Vulnerable areas that may otherwise experience a loss of water during heavy rain or flooding will be more likely to retain services. Protection of critical facilities provides an opportunity for first responders, utility workers, and emergency managers to stage and deploy resources to vulnerable and hazard prone areas.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Hydration lifeline is more likely to rea	main intact.			
Impact on Capabilities	The action will increase the Town's c	apabilities during power out	age events.		
Impact on Future Development:	Communities with sound and resilidevelopment. This action results in development.				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase severe weather events such as flooding, wind, and extreme temperatures that result in power failures. This action accounts for a likely increase in powe failure events. Consideration should be taken regarding the increase in heavy rain and flood events as a result of climate change.				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium	□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Eva	luation		
	No Action		-		
	Microgrid	Costly and diffi	cult to implement.		
	Solar panels and battery backup	Solar power is unlikely to be able to provide battery power for extended power failure events.			





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.18 VILLAGE OF SLOATSBURG

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Sloatsburg with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Sloatsburg, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.18.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Sloatsburg identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Deputy Clerk and Treasurer represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.18-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume 1.

Table 9.18-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact Alternate Point of Contact Name/Title: Jessica Oms / Deputy Clerk and Treasurer Name/Title: George Thamsen / Building Inspector, Code Address: 96 Orange Turnpike, Sloatsburg, NY 10974 Enforcement Officer, and Fire Inspector Phone Number: (845) 753-2727, ext. 204 Address: 96 Orange Turnpike, Sloatsburg, NY 10974 Email: jessicaoms@sloatsburgny.com Phone Number: (845) 753-2727, ext. 211 Email: Building@SloatsburgNY.com National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator Name/Title: George Thamsen / Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Officer, and Fire Inspector Address: 96 Orange Turnpike, Sloatsburg, NY 10974 Phone Number: (845) 753-2727, ext. 211 Email: Building@SloatsburgNY.com Additional Contributors Name/Title: Eve M. Mancuso, P.E., C.M.E / Engineer

Method of Participation: Reviewed Draft Annex, Completed NFIP Summary Form, Completed Capabilities

Name/Title: George Thamsen / Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Officer, and Fire Inspector

Method of Participation: Reviewed Draft Annex, Completed Building Permitting and Projected Development

Name/Title: Jessica Oms / Deputy Clerk and Treasurer

Method of Participation: Reviewed Draft Annex, Completed Building Permitting, Completed Capabilities, Identified Problem Areas



9.18.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Sloatsburg was incorporated in 1929 and is located along the western border of the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County (Rockland County 2018). It is bordered to the north, south and east by the Town of Ramapo and to the west by Orange County and New Jersey. The Village of Sloatsburg is bounded on the east by the Harriman State Park, on the west by the New Jersey State Park, to the south by the State of New Jersey and north to the Finger Lakes region (Village of Sloatsburg n.d.). It contains the Ramapo and Stony Brook Rivers and several lakes, including Mirror Lake and Pine Grove Lake. The Village is approximately 2.5 square miles in size and is primarily residential, consisting almost exclusively of single-family detached homes.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 6.6 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 16.9 percent is 65 years of age or older, 2.2 percent is non-English speaking, 5.5 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 12.5 percent is considered disabled.

9.18.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Sloatsburg performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Sloatsburg to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.18-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Sloatsburg.





Table 9.18-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	ns			
Building Code	Yes	Local Law 1 of 2013 – Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code	State, Local	Building Inspector/Code Enforcement Office and Fire Inspector
State Energy Conservation Construction Const	ministration and enfor ruction Code in the Vil visions of this local law	w does this reduce risk? reement of the New York State Uniform lage of Sloatsburg. All buildings, structu v. The Code Enforcement Officer is requ cupancy or Certificate of Compliance.	ires, and premise	es, regardless of use or
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 54 Zoning	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals
New York. Its purpose is to prote general welfare. The Zoning Loca increased flood heights or velocit	ct and promote public I Law restricts/prohibi ies; requires that uses of initial construction;	d as a means of effectuating, the Comp health, safety, morals, comfort, converts ts uses that are dangerous to health, sa vulnerable to floods, including public f and protects individuals from buying I	nience, prosperit lety, or property acilities that serv	y, aesthetics, and the y in times of flood or cause y e such uses, be provided
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 54 Zoning, Article IX Environmental Controls	Local	Planning Board
Board. Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 54 Zoning, Article XV Site Plan Approval	Local	Planning Board
construction permit. The review	nning Board with the opposess ensures that a	w does this reduce risk? opportunity to review development pro Il elements in the proposed developme urrounding properties or cause probler	ent will meet the	
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 54 Zoning, Article IX Environmental Controls	Local	Village Engineer
general health, safety, and welfar	establish minimum sto re of the Village's resid	и	nce aims to mini	
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?	•	
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Local Law No. 1 of 2014 – Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
to flood conditions in specific are	to promote the public eas. The Building Inspe	ow does this reduce risk? health, safety, and general welfare, and ctor administers and implements this loss provision. New construction and subs	cal law by grant	ing or denying
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	-	State	-
one foot of freeboard. The Flood new construction and substantial Other: Cumulative Substantial		Ordinance exceeds this requirement by built with two feet freeboard.	requiring all resid	dential and non-residential
Other. Cumulative Substantial				_
Damage				-
		ow does this reduce risk?		-
Damage How has or will this be integrated		ow does this reduce risk?		-
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A		Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007)	Local	Planning Board
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrated the Comprehensive Plan enables guiding population growth and dand employment opportunities, "open" natural state, providing sidensity areas, continuing to provide the providence of the control of the contr	Yes If with the HMP and he is the Village to achieve evelopment in a maniprotecting the Village' afe, adequate, and efficide and expand committee.	Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007) ow does this reduce risk? e its desired land use pattern and maintainer that maintains the rural woodland cost sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network environmental features and dicient roadway ne	ain its unique sei haracter, broade preserve portion ntial infrastructu	nse of community by ning the Village's tax base s of the Village in its are in existing higher
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrated the Comprehensive Plan enables guiding population growth and dand employment opportunities, "open" natural state, providing sensity areas, continuing to province ources, and protecting the vision of the sensitive province of the sensitive province ources, and protecting the vision of the sensitive province ources, and protecting the vision of the sensitive province our will this be integrated plants.	Yes If with the HMP and he is the Village to achieve evelopment in a maniprotecting the Village' afe, adequate, and efficide and expand committee.	Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007) ow does this reduce risk? e its desired land use pattern and maintainer that maintains the rural woodland cost sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network, providing essemble in the sensitive environmental features and dicient roadway network environmental features and dicient roadway ne	ain its unique sei haracter, broade preserve portion ntial infrastructu	nse of community by ning the Village's tax base s of the Village in its are in existing higher
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrated the Comprehensive Plan enables guiding population growth and dand employment opportunities, "open" natural state, providing sensity areas, continuing to prove resources, and protecting the visit Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrated.	Yes If with the HMP and has the Village to achieve evelopment in a mann protecting the Village' afe, adequate, and efficide and expand commutal quality of the Village No	Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007) ow does this reduce risk? e its desired land use pattern and mainther that maintains the rural woodland cost sensitive environmental features and icient roadway network, providing essembly facilities when necessary, preservinge's natural environment.	ain its unique sei haracter, broade preserve portion ntial infrastructu	nse of community by ning the Village's tax base s of the Village in its are in existing higher
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrated the Comprehensive Plan enables guiding population growth and dand employment opportunities, "open" natural state, providing sidensity areas, continuing to provide the providence of the control of the contr	Yes If with the HMP and has the Village to achieve evelopment in a mann protecting the Village' afe, adequate, and efficide and expand commutal quality of the Village No	Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007) ow does this reduce risk? e its desired land use pattern and mainther that maintains the rural woodland cost sensitive environmental features and icient roadway network, providing essembly facilities when necessary, preservinge's natural environment.	ain its unique sei haracter, broade preserve portion ntial infrastructu	nse of community by ning the Village's tax base s of the Village in its are in existing higher
Damage How has or will this be integrated N/A Planning Documents General/Comprehensive Plan How has or will this be integrated and employment opportunities, "open" natural state, providing seensity areas, continuing to prove resources, and protecting the vision Capital Improvement Plan How has or will this be integrated N/A Disaster Debris Management	Yes If with the HMP and has the Village to achieve evelopment in a mann protecting the Village' afe, adequate, and efficide and expand communal quality of the Villa No	Village of Sloatsburg Comprehensive Plan (2007) ow does this reduce risk? e its desired land use pattern and maintmer that maintains the rural woodland cost sensitive environmental features and ficient roadway network, providing essentially facilities when necessary, presentinge's natural environment.	ain its unique sei haracter, broade preserve portion ntial infrastructu	nse of community by ning the Village's tax base s of the Village in its ire in existing higher





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	=
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Other	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.18-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Sloatsburg to oversee and track development.

Table 9.18-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	The Building Department issues development permits
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Yes, by floodplain development
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-





Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Village is primarily residential area with areas of mixed use along Route 17. Non-residential use is limited to the industrial park along Sterling Mine Road, and a small portion along Route 17. There is space for additional development in the Open Space Residential zone. According to the 2007 Comprehensive Plan, approximately 55 percent of the Village is either vacant land, parkland, or open space; Approximately 24 percent of Sloatsburg's land area is residential, while 17 percent of the land area is in transportation/utility use; Local commercial (2%), office/industrial (2%), and community services/government (1%) are minor land use categories in the community.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.18-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Sloatsburg and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.18-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Village Planning Board consists of 7 members with 2 alternates and is supported by the Village Attorney and Engineer.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Village Zoning Board of appeals consists of 5 members with 1 alternate and is supported by the Village Attorney and Engineer.
Planning Department	No	_
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Highway Department is responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of all the Village roads, public facilities and snowplowing services.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department is responsible for building permit issuance, code violations, and fire inspections.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The Fire Department is a fully volunteer-run department that is responsible to respond to emergency calls related to fires, fire alarms, vehicle accidents and extrications, brush fires, and hazardous materials incidents.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	-
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	No	-
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.18-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Sloatsburg.

Table 9.18-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes – Village Board
Capital improvements project funding	Yes – Village Board
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes – Village Board
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes – Village Board
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes – Village Board
Incur debt through special tax bonds	N/A
Incur debt through private activity bonds	N/A
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes – Village Board
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes – Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIP) through NYSDOT
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes – Village Board
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No





Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.18-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Sloatsburg.

Table 9.18-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village uses their municipal website, flyers, etc. to inform citizens on natural hazards within the municipality.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Village has a Facebook page which can be used for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations		
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	No	
If yes, please describe.	N/A	-

Community Classifications

Table 9.18-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Sloatsburg.

Table 9.18-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable





Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.18-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak Hazard Dam Failure Moderate Disease Outbreak Moderate Drought Moderate Earthquake Moderate **Extreme Temperature** Moderate Flood Moderate Landslide Moderate Severe Weather Moderate Severe Winter Weather Moderate

Table 9.18-8. Adaptive Capacity

9.18.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

Wildfire

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.18-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.18-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Sloatsburg.

Table 9.18-9. Village of Sloatsburg NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	25
# Claims (Losses)	58
Total Loss Payments	\$595,914
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	1
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	8
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1
# Policies Within the 1% Annual Chance Flood Boundary	1

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.



Moderate



FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.18-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Sloatsburg.

Table 9.18-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Flooding at Nacoma Brook – properties abutting the Brook
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No list is maintained
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No list is maintained
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	N/A
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	The Sloatsburg Village Engineer and the Village Building Inspector.
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit Reviews. The Department of Works does routine inspections and maintains of all catch basins and Village owned areas prone to water damage.



NFIP Topic	Comments
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	NYS Building Code
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Staffing
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	2018
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Local Law 1
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The Village meets the Flood Plain Management minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.18.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.18-11 through Table 9.18-13.

Table 9.18-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

		New Cons	struction Permits Issued				
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
2018							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2019					
Total Permits	0	0	1	1			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2020					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2021					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
2022							
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1% flood event)





Table 9.18-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Valley Rock	Mixed Use	Multiple	38.44-1-11	N/A	Complete

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.18-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Wintergreen Subdivision	Residential	-	-	N/A	Planning/ Zoning
Stewart Farm	Residential	-	38.50-1-14	N/A	Planning/ Zoning
Aspen Road Subdivision	Residential	-	39.30-1-4	N/A	Planning/ Zoning
Oak Brook Center	Commercial	-	38.52-1- 10,11,12,3,14,15	N/A	Planning/ Zoning

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.18.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Sloatsburg risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.18-1 through Figure 9.18-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Sloatsburg has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



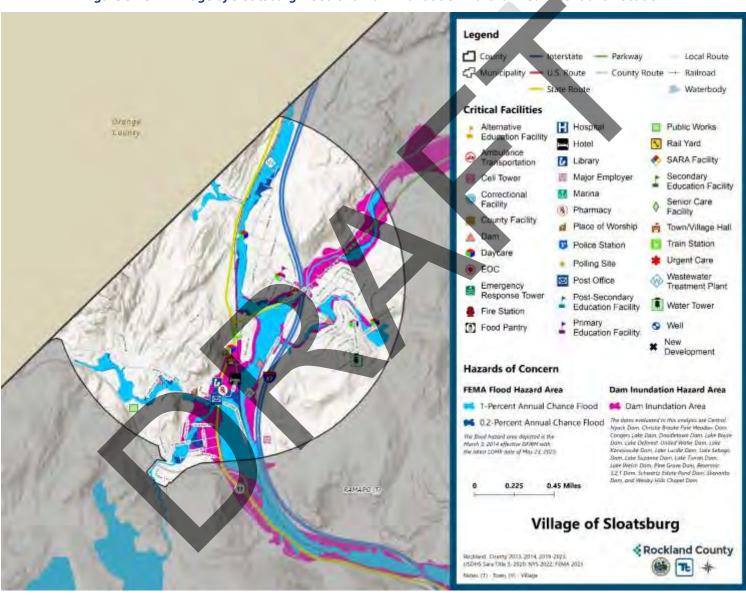


Figure 9.18-1. Village of Sloatsburg Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



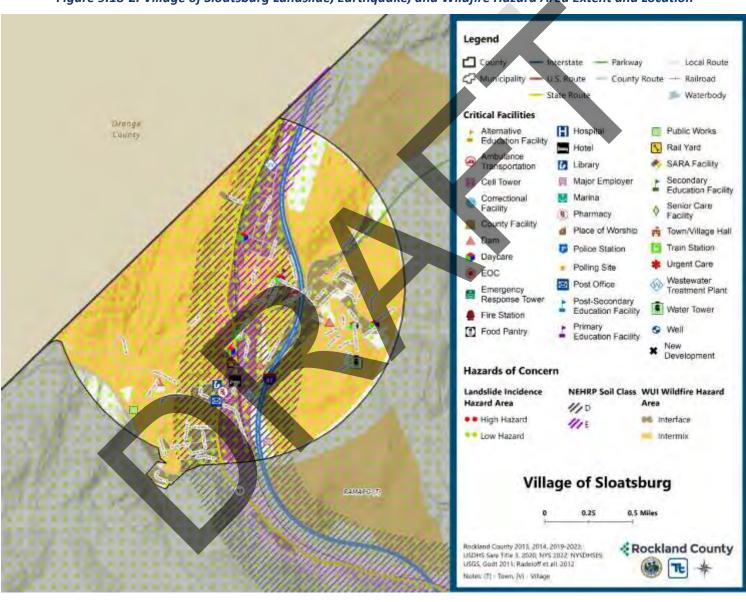
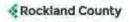


Figure 9.18-2. Village of Sloatsburg Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Sloatsburg is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.18-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.18-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Sloatsburg

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	the Village underwent changes in order to accommodate the safety protocols and procedures sent in place by the State. During the shutdown went worked on skeleton shifts in order to minimize exposure, the Village facilities with access to the public were sanitized on a regular basis, barriers were added to human contact areas, six-foot markers were place on the floors and hand sanitizing stations were added throughout the Village offices.
April 13, 2020	High Wind	No	High winds across the county led to downed trees power outages, closed roads, and approximately \$200,000 in property damage.	Fallen trees.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Tropical storm Isaias left the streets covered in debris from fallen trees and branches twigs rocks. the debris. the Sloatsburg DPW collected the debris converted it into a 75-yard wood chip pile which was located at the Sloatsburg Community Fields Isais - 148.50 hours of overtime for 4 days of debris removal by the DPW team



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Hurricane Ida caused severe flooding at the community fields and at our Brook Street Park- 540 SF or rubber surfacing at the Sloatsburg Park had to be removed & replaced, walkways were compromised, a couple of trees needed to be removed and chipped, the pool area had water damage, picnic tables and trash receptacles were damaged to the point they required replacement. The Sloatsburg Fire Department was dispatched to numerous locations on Route 17 to assist people who were left stranded in their vehicles due to flooding. 60 regular hours - 19 Overtime hours in debris removal- 2 Ice
				Commander Rescue Suits were damaged after responding to water rescue calls from people trapped in vehicles.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume 1 have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Sloatsburg.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Sloatsburg reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

 During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Village indicated the rankings were accurate.



Table 9.18-15 shows Sloatsburg's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.18-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	High		
Disease Outbreak	Medium		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Medium		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Low		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Medium		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.18-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.18-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

Name	Туре	1% Event	0.2% Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2% Flood Level (describe protections)
NYS Thruway - Sloatsburg/Ramapo Service Area	Wastewater Treatment Plant	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-09	No
Sloatsburg Wastewater Treatment Plant	Wastewater Treatment Plant	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-09	No
Conti Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-11	No
Pine Grove Lake Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-11	No
Ramapo River Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-11	No
N.S.C.I.C. Early Head Start	Daycare	Yes	Yes	2024-SloatsburgV-09	No

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact Village of Sloatsburg:

- Pine Grove Lake Dam Association of Property Owners at Pine Grove
- Lake Sebago Dam New York Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Palisades Interstate Park Commission

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Sloatsburg's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Sloatsburg identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

 There is a lack of drainage along Hamilton Avenue and Liberty Rock Road, causing flooding during heavy rains and severe storms.





- The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural hazards.
- Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood.
- The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry.
- The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents and businesses about storm mitigation, preparation, response, and recovery.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Properties abutting the Nacoma Brook have been identified as experiencing flooding impacts.
- Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.
- Some of the Village staff are not adequately trained to enforce NFIP regulations and/or floodplain management ordinances. Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.
- The municipality does not have a Substantial Damage Management Plan in place, nor do they have a formal process in place when conducting substantial damage determinations.
- There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Village also has potential impacts from high-hazard potential dams, the Pine Grove Dam and Lake Sebago Dam. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.

9.18.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of Sloatsburg did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.



Table 9.18-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of Sloatsburg did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.18-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 1	Bank Stabilization	Flood	Village Board	Properties are subject to flooding and damages. Bank stabilization and flooding mitigation of adjacent private properties.	Completed Project along Nakoma Brook and Brook Street Park completed. The Brook Street Park culvert has been replaced.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Sloatsburg- 2	Hamilton Avenue Drainage	Flood	Village Board	No drainage along Hamilton Avenue. Control flooding along Hamilton Avenue which has no drainage presently.	No Progress Focus has shifted to other areas that require drainage improvements.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 3	Liberty Rock Road Drainage	Severe Storm, Flood	Village Board	Lack of drainage at library on Liberty Rock Road. Flows from Liberty Rock Road - lack of drainage at library causes water to run beneath structure.	In Progress Seeking to obtain a study to identify potential methods for drainage.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 4	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards		Current comprehensive plandoes not incorporate natural hazards. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	No Progress Comprehensive plans have not been updated yet to incorporate natural hazards.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 5	Public Workshops	All Hazards	Village	Current zoning and planning issues need to incorporate natural hazards and hazard mitigation. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	No Progress / Discontinue Discussions on natural hazards occur during planning and zoning meetings as cases are heard.	Noiscontinue NA Discussions on natural hazards occur during planning and zoning meetings as cases are heard.
V. Sloatsburg- 6	Floodplain Management Best Practices	Flood	Village	need to stay up to date to ensure properties are	Ongoing Capability / Discontinue Ongoing efforts to continuously implement best management practices for floodplain areas.	Discontinue N/A This is a maintenance action.
V. Sloatsburg- 7	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Property	Flood	Village	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	In Progress There are current efforts identify and document repetitively flooded properties.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 8	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flood	Village DPW, Rockland County	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	In Progress Conceptual plans have been developed to mitigate stormwater flooding by extending the stormwater conveyance system.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 9	Critical Facilities Protection	All Hazards	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	Ongoing Capability / Discontinue Continued efforts to provide protection to critical emergency facilities and shelters, including applying for grants.	Discontinue N/A Continuous action which will be implemented annually.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 10	Update Emergency Response Plan	All Hazards	_	The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry. Work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functional-needs registry to use as part of the Village's emergency response plan	In Progress Communications with the County have been made, but incorporating the registry into the Village's emergency response plan must still be performed.	Include Update the Village's emergency response plan by utilizing the functional-needs registry which was obtained from Rockland County. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 11	Public Awareness Program	All Hazards		The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery. Develop and enhance the public awareness program on hazards, prevention, and mitigation. Continue to work with Rockland County on their program that provides information to the municipalities.	In Progress Producing the materials for outreach has been an obstacle.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
	•					





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 12	Update Village Codes	All Hazards	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Code update: review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	No Progress Need to review codes and ordinances	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 13	Code Enforcement	All Hazards	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Continue enforcement of NYS and local building codes	Ongoing Capability / Discontinue This action is a requirement of the Village and must be performed nonetheless.	Discontinue N/A This action is a requirement of the Village and must be performed nonetheless.
V. Sloatsburg- 14	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	Flood	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations.	In Progress Ordinances are being reviewed.	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 15	NFIP Capabilities	Flood	Village	Some of the Village staff are not adequately trained to enforce NFIP regulations and/or floodplain management ordinances. Add/train sufficient members of staff to adequately enforce NFIP regulations/floodplain management ordinances.	In Progress Training opportunities are not widely available and staff responsibilities interfere with available trainings	1. Include 2. N/A 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 16	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs	Flood	Village	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	In Progress Ordinances are being reviewed.	Include Combine with Action VSloatsburg-14 N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 17	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood	Village		No Progress Staff responsibilities interfere with available trainings	1. Include 2. Combine with Action V. Sloatsburg-15 3. N/A
V. Sloatsburg- 18	Community Rating System	Flood	Village	The Village is not in the CRS program. Consider joining the Community Rating System (CRS).	No Progress / Discontinue The Village is not interested in participating in the CRS Program.	Discontinue N/A The Village is not interested in participating in the CRS Program.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 19	Privately Owned Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flood	Property Owners with Village Support	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. The Village will notify the facility manager/operator to evaluate advise of potential mitigation alternatives to consider, potential funding sources for implementation and that NYS requires that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	No Progress / Discontinue The NYS Thruway maintains its own facilities	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. The NYS Thruway maintains its own facilities.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Sloatsburg- 20	Publicly Owned Critical Facility in the Floodplain	Flood	Village Board	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Sloatsburg Wastewater Treatment Plant – raise utilities and other mechanical devices above the BFE. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	No Progress / Discontinue The wastewater treatment plant is under the jurisdiction of RCSD	N/A The wastewater treatment plant is under the jurisdiction of RCSD.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Sloatsburg participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Sloatsburg would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.18-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.18-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.18-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA				CRS			
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	5	-	-	1	5	2	1	-	-	-
Disease Outbreak	3	-	-	1	3	1	1	-	-	-
Drought	4	-	-	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Earthquake	4	-	-	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Extreme Temperature	4	-	-	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Flood	5	3	-	2	5	2	2	-	3	-
Landslide	4	-	-	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Severe Weather	4	1		1	4	1	1	-	1	-
Severe Winter Weather	4	- /	7	1	4	1	1	-	-	-
Wildfire	4	-	-	1	4	1	1	-	-	-

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.18-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

			,			1											
Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- SloatsburgV-01	Tributary Flood Remediation	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024- SloatsburgV-02	Update Comprehensive Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024- SloatsburgV-03	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	-	0	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024- SloatsburgV-04	Emergency Response Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024- SloatsburgV-05	Public Education and Outreach	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- SloatsburgV-06	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- SloatsburgV-07	Hazard Mitigation Integration for Village Codes	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024- SloatsburgV-08	NFIP Training	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- SloatsburgV-09	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	8	Medium
2024- SloatsburgV-10	Substantial Damage Management Plan	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024- SloatsburgV-11	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	11	High

Note: Volume 1, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-01. Tributary Flood Remediation

Action Name:	Tributary Flood Remediation						
Description of the Problem:	There is a lack of drainage along Har heavy rains and severe storms.	milton Avenu	e and Liberty Rock	Road, causing flooding during			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm			
Description of the Solution:	Work with partnering agencies to identify feasible mitigation measures to provide relief from flooding impacts caused by the tributary of the Ramapo River on Hamilton Avenue and Liberty Rock Road. Possible measures include drainage ponds, increasing the size of culverts, and green infrastructure						
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg	· ·					
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Drainage Agency						
Estimated Cost:	High						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP						
Implementation Timeline:	5 years						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5						
Benefits:	This action would reduce the flooding impacts felt by the Village from the tributary of the Ramapo River.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)						
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulner from the tributary of the Ramapo R clear of flood waters for the popul require medical attention from first	liver. Further lations which	more, this action was may need to atte	will assist in keeping roadways			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would assist in the redu River, permitting first responders to						
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable						
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	ed area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means stor often, including increased periods of			nore intense and occur more			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action Evaluation						
	No action Current problem remains			nt problem remains			
	Raise banks of tributary to increa capacity	se storage	Co	ost prohibitive			
	Construct floodwall along tril	butary	Cost prohibitive				





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-02. Update Comprehensive Plan

Action Name:	Update Comprehensive Plan							
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan do	es not incor	porate natural haz	zards.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature		GFlood GLandslide GSevere Storm GSevere Winter St GWildfire	torm				
Description of the Solution:	Update Village comprehensive plan. disaster mitigation techniques throu Department.							
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg							
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Board, Rockland County							
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low							
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		· 					
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years							
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 6, 7							
Benefits:	This action will have the Village update its comprehensive plan, which has not been updated in many years. The integration of hazard mitigation principles will present the opportunity for the Village to identify areas of the Village which may be impacted by hazards and plan for future land use accordingly.							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	IP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The inclusion of hazard mitigatio discussions on how hazard risks may							
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan opportunity to discuss hazard risks t							
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already resilient.	existing pla	nning capability o	of the Village, making it more				
Impact on Future Development:	This action will have a direct impact guides land use principles in the Villa		nd use in the Villa	ge, as the comprehensive plan				
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are in plan will need to be updated.	ncreasingly	felt, the contents	in the Village's comprehensive				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation						
	No action Current problem remain							
	Integrate hazard mitigation princip plan elements	· ·	The plan will miss integration opportunities in the comprehensive plan main document					
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only comprehensive plan main document The plan will miss integration op the plan elements							





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-03. Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures

Action Name:	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measur	es				
Description of the Problem:	Flood prone roads can inhibit emerge	ency respor	nse and evacuatio	n during a flood.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		∃Flood ∃Landslide ∃Severe Storm ∃Severe Winter St ∃Wildfire	orm		
Description of the Solution:	Develop specific mitigation solutions drainage, etc.) under the leadership of			(roads, bridges, intersections,		
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works					
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	Medium	•				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years					
Goals Met:	2					
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SII	P)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	⊠Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulneral along flood prone roads.	ble populat	ions whose prope	rties are impacted by flooding		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to will lead to the assurance of clear responses.					
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable					
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted	area will b	e less likely to be	flooded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storm often, including increased periods of		•	more intense and occur more		
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action Current problem cont			t problem continues		
	Relocate all flood prone road sy	rstem		Not feasible		
	Raise all flood prone roads	Raise all flood prone roads Cost prohibitive				





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-04. Emergency Response Plan Update

Action Name:	Emergency Response Plan Update							
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plan does no	t include the functional-needs registry.						
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire						
Description of the Solution:	Work with Rockland County to obtain access the Village's emergency response plan.	to the functional-needs registry to use as part of						
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg							
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County							
Estimated Cost:	Low							
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget							
Implementation Timeline:	1 year							
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5							
Benefits:	The Village will have the location of registered members of the socially vulnerable population as well as any emergency or medical information the registrant was willing to share.							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)						
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)						
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		egister to the functional-needs registry to have a stored in a secure system for first responders.						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action allows first responders to understand individuals should assistance be needed.	d the emergency and medical needs of registered						
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing plan	ning capability of the Village.						
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected by the E	mergency Response Plan.						
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasing Plan, including in the basic plan and any annex	gly felt, the contents in an Emergency Response es, may need to be updated.						
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low						
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation						
	No action	Vulnerable populations will remain unknown						
	Do not download information	Population information will not be available to the Village						
	Create new system	Cost and start-up restraints						





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-05. Public Education and Outreach

Action Name:	Public Education and Outreach							
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a a need to educate residents and busi recovery.							
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		⊠ Flood					
Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak		⊠Landslide					
	⊠Drought		Severe Storm					
	⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	torm				
Description of the Solution:	Develop and enhance the public av Continue to work with Rockland Comunicipalities.	vareness pr	ogram on hazards					
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg							
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County							
Estimated Cost:	Low							
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		_					
Implementation Timeline:	1 year			,				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5							
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.							
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	IP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠Property Protection (PP) ⊠Public Information (PI)		□Structural Floo	od Control Projects (SP)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations will which may impact them in the Village		□Emergency Se to prepare for and	· ·				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Businesses, which may be considered how to prepare for emergency every businesses becoming more resilied operations.	ed critical fa	igate the risks of _l	potential hazards. With these				
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program and adapt it to the Village's		Iready existing pu	ublic education and outreach				
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable							
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase t events. This action will inform reside and how climate change may exacer	nts and bus	iness owners of ho	•				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low				
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation				
<u> </u>	No action		Current method	ds remain the only ones used				
	Rely on state or federal resou	rces	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Village					
	Use only a few methods for distr	methods of distribution may vulnerable populations from iving the guidance						





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-06. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties			
Description of the Problem:	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	۵	☑ Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		∃Landslide	
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	☐Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will promote and suppo risk properties within the floodplain (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRI feasibility. The parameters for this i participation of property owners.	, including th L), such as a	nose that have bee cquisition/relocation	n identified as Repetitive Loss on or elevation depending on
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Village Bud	lget, County	Budget, Property	Owners
Implementation Timeline:	3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3			
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk properties from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ⊠Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may be able to have houses elevated or acquired when it would otherwise be unaffordable.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floodplain decreases the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village'	s current NF	IP capabilities.	
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners within a flood prone area will limit construction in areas that are prone to hazard events. Homes may be acquired, which will remove those structures from the floodplain and prevent future development on those sites.			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storr often, including increased periods o			nore intense and occur more
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	problem continues
	Construct flood walls/barriers a vulnerable areas	around	Costly and can	divert floodwaters to other areas
	Deployable flood barriers for vulne	loyable flood barriers for vulnerable areas Requires a great deal of work to prior to each event		





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-07. Hazard Mitigation Integration for Village Codes

Action Name:	Hazard Mitigation Integration for Village Codes				
Description of the Problem:	Some facilities were built before of damage from a hazard event.	code update	s; therefore, they	may be more susceptible to	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠ Dam/Levee Failure ⊠ Disease Outbreak ⊠ Drought ⊠ Earthquake ⊠ Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	torm	
Description of the Solution:	Code update: review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.				
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg				
Supporting Agencies:	Code Enforcement, Floodplain Adm	ninistrator, Z	oning Officer, Plan	ining Board, Zoning Board	
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7				
Benefits:	This action will ensure Village code incorporate current risks from iden		_	zard mitigation principles and	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR ☐Structure and Infrastructure Proj			ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may not have direct access to codes and plans, nor speak the language that they are written in.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Critical facilities and lifelines will be expected to follow updated plans and codes.			lans and codes.	
Impact on Capabilities	The Village's capability to handle hazard events is greatly improved by integrating hazard mitigation into other plans and codes.				
Impact on Future Development:	This action could result in restriction	ns for future	development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action permits the Village to strengthen its codes in anticipation of future conditions.				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action			-	
	Rely on County Plans/Codes Plans are not specific to the Village a relevant mitigation issues that they have from the County			on issues that they have apart	
	Create additional hazard mitigation information		Integrating relevant plans/codes together makes them more useful than creating additional separate documents		





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-08. NFIP Training

Action Name:	NFIP Training			
Description of the Problem:	Some of the Village staff are not adequately trained to enforce NFIP regulations and/or floodplain management ordinances. Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature			
Description of the Solution:	Provide training and/or certification for Village staff with NFIP regulations and floodplain management ordinances. Encourage staff to become Certified Floodplain Managers via the Association of State Floodplain Manager's CFM Certification Program.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Village of Sloatsburg			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 6			
Benefits:	This action will increase the NFIP capabilities has enough staff to accomplish its goals and	of the Village and assure the Village's NFIP program reach NFIP compliance.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Officials that are up to date on flood risk are more likely to encourage development outside areas of high flood risk, which is where socially vulnerable populations have historically resided. Safer dwellings may be developed in a less vulnerable location.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The opportunity will exist for leaders and operators of utilities and other essential services to attend training and provide direction on ways the prepare for, plan for, and prevent interruptions in service as a result of a flood.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's current	NFIP capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Officials that understand best practices in flinfluence future development and prevent u	oodplain management will have the opportunity to insafe building in flood hazard areas.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intenevents. This action will educate staff on NFIF	sity and frequency of many climate related disaster regulations to assist with the flood hazard.		
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Mediu	ım □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No Action	-		
· ·	Hire outside contractors for floodplain administration	Costly		
	Establish shared service agreements for floodplain administration from neighborin municipalities	Neighboring municipalities are unlikely to have the staff capacity to take on this role		





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-09. Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain

Action Name:	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain			
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	⊠ Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide	
	□Drought		□Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm
	☐Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with the facility manage Early Head Start, and NYS Thruway the mitigation of vulnerable structu to protect structures from future da Phase 1: Identify most cost-effective Phase 2: Work with facility manage and local match ability.	- Sloatsburg res via retro image. e mitigation	g/Ramapo Service ofit (e.g. elevation, coption	Area in the Village to support, flood-proofing) or relocation
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg			
Supporting Agencies:	Facility Managers			
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget, I	Private Own	ers	
Implementation Timeline:	5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3			
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce cri hazard and remove or reduce safety			eline vulnerability to the flood
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Proje	ect (SIP)	1	ems Protection (NSP) nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			ource Protection (NR) lood Control Projects (SP) Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identified structures will benefit socially vulnerable populations, as individuals within these populations rely on resources from various government facilities, transportation facilities, and medical and senior care facilities.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities lo			
	consideration of relocating critical to the development of any additional f			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village'	s current NF	IP capabilities.	
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities lo consideration of relocating critical t the development of any additional f	facilities and	l lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storr often, including increased periods of the area of the flood hazard may ex	fintense rain		
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	t problem continues
	Floodproof existing structu	res	May not i	necessarily reduce risk
	Construct floodwalls to stop floo	od issues	Will most likely	interrupt natural floodplain function





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-10. Substantial Damage Management Plan

Action Name:	Substantial Damage Management Plan			
Description of the Problem:	The municipality does not have a Substantial Damage Management Plan in place, nor do they have a			
	formal process in place when conducting s	_	_	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠ Dam/Levee Failure		☑Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	Σ	Landslide	
	⊠Drought	Σ	Severe Storm	
	⊠Earthquake	Σ	Severe Winter S	torm
	⊠ Extreme Temperature	Σ	Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	The municipality will develop a Substan planning process in 2021 Develo (https://crsresources.org/files/500/develo responsibilities for Substantial Damage (approval processes following a disaster every substantial processes following	ping a ping_subs determina	Substantial Dt_damge_mgmt_	amage Management Plan _plan.pdf). This plan will outline
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Public Works, OEM, Building Department,	Engineerir	ng	
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years to develop the plan; ongoin	g to main	tain and update t	he plan
Goals Met:	2, 5, 7			
Benefits:	This plan will provide a process in making Substantial Damage Determinations and allow the municipality to make these determinations and meet NFIP requirements more quickly.			
Mitigation Action Type:			Natural Sys	tems Protection (NSP)
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			and Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Res	source Protection (NR) Flood Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	□ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES) Substantially damaged structures are required to be rebuilt to be compliance with current codes. Socially vulnerable populations may not have the financial means to make these improvements. This action may allow for the identification of potential resources to address substantial damages to structures owned by socially vulnerable populations.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	A Substantial Damage Management Plan would include all critical facilities and lifelines in the municipality.			I facilities and lifelines in the
Impact on Capabilities	This action improves disaster recovery cap	abilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	A Substantial Damage Management Plan would include all existing, current, and future development in the municipality.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the ir events. This action provides additional plan			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No Action			-
	Rely on state or federal resources follo disaster events	wing		not be available during major despread events
	Establish MOUs with outside agencies to conduct Substantial Damage Determinations		A plan outlining responsibilities is still necessary to prevent missing important requirements	





Action 2024-SloatsburgV-11. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership			
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams (Conti Pond Dam, Pine Grove Lake Dam, and Ramapo River Dam), which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Village also has potential impacts from high-hazard potential dams, the Pine Grove Dam and Lake Sebago Dam. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure □ Flood			
Check all that apply	 □Disease Outbreak		□Landslide	
	□Drought		□Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Work with the owners of the dams Identify mitigation actions to ensur 0.2-percent flood hazard area.			
Lead Agency:	Village of Sloatsburg			
Supporting Agencies:	Dam Owners, NYSDEC			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			•
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and security of those who live within the dam inundation areas of the dams and increase the resilience of responding agencies.			
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR		■Natural Syst	ems Protection (NSP)
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☐Education and Awareness			nd Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Structural Flood Control Proj ☑ Emergency Services (ES) 		ood Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better preparedness within the Special Flood Hazard Area and inundation areas where significant risk to socially vulnerable populations exists.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facility. This action will create an understanding of the safety procedures in place for each identified dam.			understanding of the safety
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning responsibilities and procedures.	and respon	nse capabilities th	nrough the understanding of
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an ideaster events, which may contribution increase the capabilities to respond	ute to the li	kelihood of a dam	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No Action		_	aware of any safety concerns dam or its condition
	Utilize information from NYS	SDEC	1	not be required to submit a y plan to the State
	Utilize information from the National Inventory of Dams		Not all dams are listed on the inventory	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.19 VILLAGE OF SPRING VALLEY

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Spring Valley with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Spring Valley, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.19.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Spring Valley identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The office of Community Development represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.19-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.19-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Name/Title: Adam McCarey / Village Commissioner	Name/Title: Raymond Canario / Building and Public Works				
Address: 200 N Main St Spring Valley NY, 10977	Address: 200 N Main St Spring Valley NY, 10977				
Phone Number: (845) 352-1100	Phone Number: (845) 587-3953				
Email: mjones@villagespringvalley.org	Email: rcanario@villagespringvalley.org				
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator					
Name/Title: Raymond Canario / Building and Public Works					
Address: 200 N Main St Spring Valley NY, 10977					
Phone Number: (845) 587-3953					
Email: rcanario@villagespringvalley.org					
Additional Contributors					
Name/Title: Adam McCarey / Village Commissioner					
Method of Participation: Completed NFIP and hazard event history surveys; reviewed draft annex					
Name/Title: Raymond Canario / Building and Public Works					
Method of Participation: Reviewed draft annex; provided permit information					
Name/Title: Alan Simon / Mayor	Name/Title: Alan Simon / Mayor				
Method of Participation: Reviewed draft annex					
Name/Title: Matthew Jones/Department of Community Development					
Method of Participation: Participated in Risk Assessment and Mitigation Action workshops					



9.19.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Spring Valley is located along the eastern border of the Village of Ramapo and in a small western portion of the Village of Clarkstown in Rockland County (Rockland County 2018). It is located north of Chestnut Ridge, east of Airmont and Monsey, south of Hillscrest, and west of Nanuet, and lies adjacent to the New York State Thruway (Village of Spring Valley n.d.). The Village is approximately 2.1 square miles in size.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 11.3 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 9.6 percent is 65 years of age or older, 29.4 percent is non-English speaking, 24.2 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 8.3 percent is considered disabled.

9.19.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Spring Valley performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Spring Valley to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.19-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Spring Valley.



Table 9.19-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Citation and Data Authority					
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations						
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 82 Building Construction and Fire Prevention; New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (Uniform Code)	State, Local	Spring Valley Building Department; Rockland County Building and Codes Department		
official Building Construction Code Spring Valley, the Building Inspect Code Enforcement Officers. The Co	ge of Spring Valley ad e for the Village of Spr or, Deputy and Assist ounty of Rockland's D te Uniform Fire Prevel	opted the New York State Uniform Fire ring Valley. The code will be enforced br ant Building Inspectors, Fire Inspectors, Department of Building and Codes is resention and Building Code (Uniform Code	y for the Building Deputy and Ass ponsible for the	Department of Village of istant Fire Inspectors, and administration and		
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 255 Zoning	Local	Building Inspector		
All uses which are normalling subject to additional special perseveral requirements, including becaming others. Subdivision Code How has or will this be integrated to be the policy of the economical development of the viwithout danger to health or peril for subject to additional subject.	y allowed either by rivermit approval by the eing built at or above Yes with the HMP and hore village Planning Book illage. Land to be subcillage.	ard to consider land subdivisions as par divided shall be of such character that it her menace. Proper provision shall be n	covered by the Fision or substantial esistant material Local t of a plan for the transfer to the can be used safe	loodplain Overlay Districted in improvement must me and utility equipment, Planning Board e orderly, efficient, and ely for building purposes		
dequate light and air and to facil	itate fire protection. I	n proper cases, there shall be reservation		ective traffic, to afford		
other needed improvements. Stre adequate light and air and to facil and character for playground or of Site Plan Code	itate fire protection. I	n proper cases, there shall be reservation		ective traffic, to afford of suitable location, size		
adequate light and air and to faciliand character for playground or of Site Plan Code How has or will this be integrated in considering and acting upon a swelfare, the comfort and convenient mmediate neighborhood. The Placharacter, including its natural envelopment.	Yes with the HMP and ho ite development plane ence of the public in gunning Board may present in the present plane in the public in gunning Board may plane i	ch proper cases, there shall be reservation proper cases, there shall be reservation properties. Chapter 255 Zoning, Article X Site Development Plan and Architectural Review; Appearance Review Board w does this reduce risk? The Planning Board shall take into conteneral and of the prospective occupant scribe appropriate conditions and safegety, and reservation of land for parks.	Local sideration the puts of the propose	ective traffic, to afford of suitable location, size Planning Board, Buildin Department ublic health, safety and d development and of the		
dequate light and air and to facilifying character for playground or of the Plan Code How has or will this be integrated in considering and acting upon a significant property of the comfort and convenient mediate neighborhood. The Platharacter, including its natural environment.	Yes with the HMP and ho ite development plane ence of the public in gunning Board may present in the present plane in the public in gunning Board may plane i	ch proper cases, there shall be reservation proper cases, there shall be reservation poses. Chapter 255 Zoning, Article X Site Development Plan and Architectural Review; Appearance Review Board w does this reduce risk? The Planning Board shall take into conteneral and of the prospective occupant scribe appropriate conditions and safeg	Local sideration the puts of the propose	Planning Board, Buildir Department ublic health, safety and d development and of the		
adequate light and air and to facilify and character for playground or of site Plan Code How has or will this be integrated in considering and acting upon a six welfare, the comfort and convenient mmediate neighborhood. The Platharacter, including its natural envisionment including its natural envisionment. Code How has or will this be integrated. The purpose of this chapter is to e	Yes with the HMP and ho ite development plan ence of the public in graning Board may previronment, public safe yes with the HMP and ho establish minimum stores	chapter 255 Zoning, Article X Site Development Plan and Architectural Review; Appearance Review Board w does this reduce risk? , the Planning Board shall take into conceneral and of the prospective occupants ceribe appropriate conditions and safegety, and reservation of land for parks. Chapter 222 Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control	Local sideration the posts of the propose quards to maintain	Planning Board, Buildin Department ublic health, safety and d development and of the elements of the Village Stormwater Manageme Officer		

N/A

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?



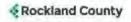
	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	-
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	atod in a designat	tod floodplain
Growth Management	No			eu nooupiam.
How has or will this be integrated	-	uu daas this radusa risk?		-
N/A	with the more and no	w does this reduce risk:		
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	Yes	Chapter 130 Freshwater Wetlands	Local	Board of Trustees
preserve, protect and conserve fr wetlands and to regulate the dev with the general welfare and ben	tion Law of the Village eshwater wetlands an elopment of such wetl eficial economic, socia	w does this reduce risk? of Spring Valley is declared to be the p d the benefits derived therefrom, to pr lands in order to secure the natural ber al and agricultural development. It is ful ticle 24 of the State Environmental Con	revent the destrunefits of freshwat rther declared to	ction of freshwater er wetlands, consistent
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 126 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
damage. New construction and su	ubstantial improveme	d to regulate uses, properties, and deve- nts in areas that have base flood elevat new construction and substantial impro	ion data must be	built with one foot of
Wellhead Protection	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	-	State, Local	-
one foot of freeboard. New const	e- and two-family resid cruction and substantia	w does this reduce risk? ences to be built with two feet of freebal improvements in areas that have basation data, new construction and subst	e flood elevation	data must be built with
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,	
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency	
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-		-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Open Space Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Habitat Conservation Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Community Wildfire Protection , Plan	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Business/ DownVillage Development Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Response/Recovery Planning					
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-		-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?			
Public Health Plan	No	<u></u>	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk? ▶			

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.19-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Spring Valley to oversee and track development.

Table 9.19-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	The Rockland County Department of Buildings and Codes is responsible for the administration and enforcement of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (Uniform Code) and the New York State Energy Conservation Construction Code (Energy Code) within the Village of Spring Valley.
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development permits





Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	While the Village is primarily built out, there is a small area zoned specifically for Planned Residential Development in the eastern part of the Village bordering the Towns of Ramapo and Clarkstown.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.19-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Spring Valley and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.19-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

	Available?	Comments
Resources	(Yes/No)	(available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability	Yes	The Planning Board reviews all new development within the Village.
Planning Board		
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	Zoning Board of Appeals hears and decides appeals from the Village's Building Inspector. The Building Inspector enforces the
		Zoning Ordinance and the ZBA is where those enforcement decisions
		may be appealed.
Planning Department	No	
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	Yes	The Community Development division procures and administers
		federal and state grants and the building code.
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Village of Spring Valley's Public Works Department is tasked
		with various construction services, public services which includes parks maintenance, roadway maintenance (milling and paving),
		basin repair, heavy machinery operation snow removal and Vehicle
		Maintenance.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement	Yes	The Rockland County Department of Buildings and Codes is
Department		responsible for the administration and enforcement of the New York
		State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (Uniform Code) and the New York State Energy Conservation Construction Code (Energy
		Code) within the Village of Spring Valley.
		3.1.1, 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
Emergency Management/Public Safety	Yes	The Village of Spring Valley has a Police Department and an all-
Department		volunteer Fire Department.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk	Yes	The Village of Spring Valley's Public Works Department is tasked
(stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)		with various construction services, public services which includes
		parks maintenance, roadway maintenance (milling and paving), basin repair, heavy machinery operation snow removal and Vehicle
		Maintenance.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Rockland County Fire Training Center
Human Resources Manual - Do any job	No	-
descriptions specifically include identifying or		
implementing mitigation projects or other efforts		
to reduce natural hazard risk?		



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Contracted Michael Kauker and Associates
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	No	-
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	No	
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	•
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Community Development
Resilience Officer	No	·
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.19-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Spring Valley.

Table 9.19-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	No
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, if necessary
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes – Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs) through NYSDOT Extreme Winter Weather Funding – CHIPs Pave NY - CHIPs
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	Yes
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No





Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.19-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Spring Valley.

Table 9.19-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	No	-
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Village has Facebook and Twitter (X) pages which can be used for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Villages and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Does the jurisdiction have any public outreach mechanisms / programs in place to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events?	Yes	See below.
If yes, please describe.		The Village uses their municipal website, flyers, etc. to inform citizens on natural hazards within the municipality.

Community Classifications

Table 9.19-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Spring Valley.

Table 9.19-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)*	Yes	4.5	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable



^{— =} Unavailable

^{* =} At the time of this plan update, the Village was unable to determine the date classified for the Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10) program.



Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.19-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.19-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.19.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.19-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.19-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Spring Valley.

Table 9.19-9. Village of Spring Valley NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	29
# Claims (Losses)	254
Total Loss Payments	\$1,469,991
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	29
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	4
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	4

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.



FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.19-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Spring Valley.

Table 9.19-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Memorial Park, Twin Ave., Columbus Ave.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	No
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Noot applicable. A list is not maintained.
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations? •	Code Enforcement Office
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Department
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes - training, funding, staff.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Work off Cornell Cooperative Group
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Plan review





NFIP Topic	Comments
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Staffing and Money
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 126 Flood Damage Prevention
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2018
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets the minimum requirements
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes Article II
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Yes

9.19.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.19-11 through Table 9.19-13.

Table 9.19-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
		2019					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2020					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2021					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2022					
Total Permits	0	0	0	164			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
	2023						
Total Permits	0	0	0	231			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Permit totals were not given for years 2019, 2020, or 2021.

Permit totals for 2022 and 2023 were not broken down by building type; permit total includes all building permits issued, not only for new construction.





Table 9.19-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
The Village has had no recent major development or infrastructure between 2018 to present.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.19-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development		
There are no known or anticipated major development of infrastructure in the Village in the next five years.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.19.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Spring Valley's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Areas

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.19-1 through Figure 9.19-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Spring Valley has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



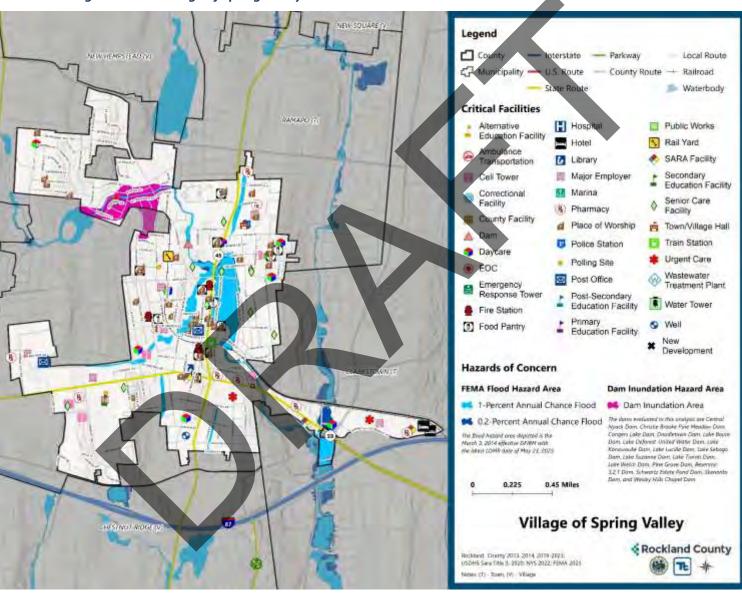


Figure 9.19-1. Village of Spring Valley Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



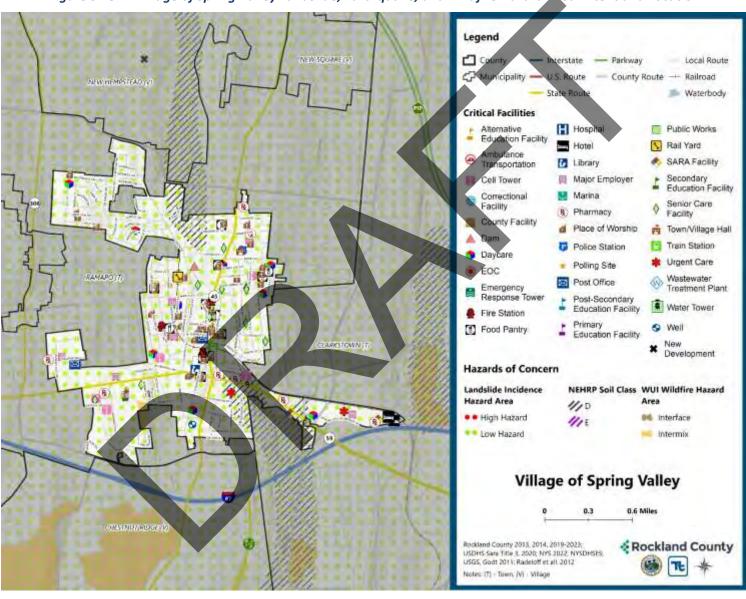


Figure 9.19-2. Village of Spring Valley Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Spring Valley is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.19-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.19-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Spring Valley

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village was shut down with limited essential staff only. Open to the public areas were closed.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Major flooding in the area of Memorial park and Twin Ave.
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	Major flooding in the area of Memorial Park and Twin Ave.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Major flooding in the area of Memorial Park and Twin Ave.
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	Major flooding in the area of Memorial Park and Twin Ave.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Spring Valley.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Spring Valley reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

• During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Village indicated the rankings were accurate.

Table 9.19-15 shows Spring Valley's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.19-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank
Dam Failure	Low
Disease Outbreak	Medium





Hazard	Rank
Drought	Medium
Earthquake	Low
Extreme Temperature	Medium
Flood	Medium
Landslide	Low
Severe Weather	High
Severe Winter Weather	High
Wildfire	Low

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.19-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Exposure 0.2 Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level 1 percent percent Addressed by Proposed **Event** Action (describe protections) Name Type **Event** 2024-Spring ValleyV-04 Onderdonks Pond Dam Yes No Dam 2024-Spring ValleyV-06 AT&T Wireless 102 Cell Tower Yes Yes No Rock Apostolic Church Place of Worship Yes 2024-Spring ValleyV-06 No Church Of God Of Spring Valley Place of Worship 2024-Spring ValleyV-06 Yes Yes Nο New Life Pentecostal Church Place of Worship Yes Yes 2024-Spring ValleyV-06 No Lakeview Village Senior Care Facility Yes Yes 2024-Spring ValleyV-06 No

Table 9.19-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact Village of Spring Valley:

Lake Suzanne Dam – Rockland County Highway Department

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Spring Valley hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Spring Valley identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Village does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations.
- There are flood prone roadways in the Village, including Memorial Park, Twin Avenue, and Columbus Avenue.
- The Village does not have a formalized list of damaged properties or property owners which may be interested in flood mitigation measures, such as elevation or acquisition.
- The Onderdonks Pond Dam, which is a critical infrastructure, is located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Village also has potential impact from a high-hazard potential dam (Lake Suzanne Dam).
 These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.





- There are repetitive loss properties in the Village. Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- There are critical facilities in the Village which are located in the floodplain. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.
- The bridge on Main St/Rt 45 at the base of Columbus Avenue is damaged and in need of updating.
- The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate hazard mitigation principles.
- The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry.
- The Village is not currently in the CRS program. The Village needs to identify whether joining the program will be beneficial to the community and its residents.

*This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.

9.19.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference., Village of Spring Valley did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.19-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of Spring Valley did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.19-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Spring Valley-1	Flood Mitigation Measures	Flood, Severe Storm	Village; with support from County, NYSDHSES, ISO, FEMA	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Support the mitigation of vulnerable structures via retrofit or acquisition/ relocation to protect structures from future damage, with Repetitive Loss (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) as a priority when applicable. Spring Valley's support shall include direct outreach to flood-prone property owners, specifically those identified by FEMA as RL/SRL or otherwise identified as flood-prone and working with interested and voluntary property owners to mitigate their properties based on available funding from FEMA and local (property owner) match availability.	No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Spring Valley-2	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	Flood	Private Owners with Village support	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. The Village will notify the facility manager/operator and advise of potential mitigation alternatives to consider, potential, funding sources for implementation and that NYS requires that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Spring Valley-3	NFIP Compliance		NFIP Floodplain Administrator (FPA) and Village; with support from County, NYSDHSES, ISO, FEMA	Continue to maintain compliance with NFIP. Maintain compliance with and good standing in the NFIP including adoption and enforcement of floodplain management, floodplain identification and mapping, and flood insurance outreach to the community. Further meet and/or exceed the minimum NFIP standards and criteria through NFIP-related continued compliance actions.	Ongoing Capability The Village maintains reviews of its NFIP Program to ensure compliance.	Discontinue N/A The Village maintains reviews of its NFIP Program to ensure compliance.
V. Spring Valley-4	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flood	Village/Village NFIP FPA	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Have local officials who would benefit, become a Certified Floodplain Manager (CFM) through the Association of State Floodplain Managers (ASFPM) and New York State Stormwater and Floodplain Managers Association (NYSSFMA), and pursue relevant continuing education training.	Discontinued The Village's consulting firm has CFMs.	Discontinue N/A The Village's consulting firm has CFMs.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Spring Valley-5	Replace Main St / Rt 45 Bridge	Severe Storm, Severe Winter Storm, Flood	Village DPW and NYSDOT		No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
V. Spring Valley-6	Comprehensive Plan Update	All Hazards	Village and Rockland County	Current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural hazards. Work with municipalities to integrate hazard mitigation and hazard areas into local comprehensive plans; a courtesy review of draft plans by the County Planning Department.	No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
V. Spring Valley-7	Emergency Response Plan Update	All Hazards	Village and Rockland County	The current emergency response plan does not	No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Spring Valley-8	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FEMA Regulations	Flood	Village and Village FPA	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Update/revise floodplain management ordinance to comply with latest FEMA regulations using the updated maps for the Village.	Ongoing Capability Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments,	Nicontinue N
V. Spring Valley-9	Community Rating System	All	supported by	The Village is not currently in the CRS program. The Village needs to identify whether joining the program will be beneficial to the community and its residents. Support participation in the NPIP Community Rating System (CRS) program by attending CRS workshop(s) if offered within the county. Join the CRS program if adequate resources to support long term participation can be dedicated.	No Progress The Village was unable to complete this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Spring Valley participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Spring Valley would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.19-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.19-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.19-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA				CI	RS		
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	3	-	-	1	3	-	1	-	-	1
Disease Outbreak	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Drought	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Earthquake	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Extreme Temperature	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Flood	4	3	-	2	4	3	2	-	3	-
Landslide	2	-	- /	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Severe Weather	3	1		1	3	2	1	-	1	-
Severe Winter Weather	2	1	7	1	2	1	1	-	1	-
Wildfire	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.19-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-Spring ValleyV-01	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-02	Flood Prone Roadways	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-Spring ValleyV-03	Flood Mitigation Interest	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-04	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-05	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-06	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	10	Medium
2024-Spring ValleyV-07	Replace Main St / Rt 45 Bridge	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	Medium
2024-Spring ValleyV-08	Comprehensive Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-09	Emergency Response Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-Spring ValleyV-10	Community Rating System (CRS) Program	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	10	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-01. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations Ou	treach			
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have any o populations and underserved popu	-	that conduct ou	itreach to socially vulnerable	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter S ⊠Wildfire	torm	
Description of the Solution:	Create outreach materials, or utilize those from Rockland County, on hazard risks for socially vulnerable populations. Methods of distribution may include Village events, the Village newsletters, social media, the Village website, and having the materials on display for the public at Village libraries and offices. Consider hiring staff to work directly with socially vulnerable populations.				
Lead Agency:	Village Administration		Ý		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Low		_		
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, HMGP			*	
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is an individual working to identify and work with the socially vulnerable populations in the Village. Furthermore, this action will create opportunities to educate and inform populations on hazard risks.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in to will identify an individual to identify date information is being shared.	_		_	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard risutilities and emergency services increscue.		_		
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program.	· Village's a	lready existing pu	ublic education and outreach	
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase events. This action will inform resid and how climate change may exace	ents and bus	siness owners of ho		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current method	ds remain the only ones used	
	Rely on state or federal reso	urces		pe generalized and not specific e risks in the Village	
	Use only a few methods for dist	nethods of distribution may vulnerable populations from iving the guidance			





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-02. Flood Prone Roadways

Action Name:	Flood Prone Roadways				
Description of the Problem:	There are flood prone roadways in t Columbus Avenue.	the Village	e, including Memo	orial Park, Twin Avenue, and	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will develop specific mit bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) u	-			
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works				
Supporting Agencies:	County Public Works				
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to p will lead to the assurance of clear roresponses.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP))		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable along flood prone roads.	le populat	ions whose prope	rties are impacted by flooding	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to p will lead to the assurance of clear ro responses.				
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted a	area will be	e less likely to be f	looded.	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of in		•	nore intense and occur more	
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	t problem continues	
	Relocate all flood prone road sys	tem		Not feasible	
	Raise all flood prone roads		Cost prohibitive		





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-03. Flood Mitigation Interest

Action Name:	Flood Mitigation Interest					
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have a formalize be interested in flood mitigation me					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm •		
Description of the Solution:	The Floodplain Administration will d by flood events and property owner elevation or acquisition.	•				
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Board, Zoning Board, Villag	ge Administr	ation			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low					
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5					
Benefits:	Keeping a list of damaged propertie may lead to the elimination of flood space for the municipality and incre	damage to	homes and reside			
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)		□Natural Syster	ms Protection (NSP)		
Check all that apply	□Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PR)☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Collecting data regarding homeow opportunity to introduce location-s the floodplain immediately removes	pecific oppo	ortunities for assist			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floo services including health and medica					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new Village	capability, v	while enhancing its	current NFIP capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners are prone to hazard events. Homes the floodplain and prevent future de	may be acq	uired, which will r			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. Areas experiencing flooding condition may increase. Removing structures from the floodplain will reduce the response and recovery costs as a result of these events and decrease the loss of human life as a result of these events. Elevating structures will reduce the recovery costs as a result of these events.					
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Curren	nt problem remains		
	Only share opportunities when no grant funding	otified of		ugh time to garner interest or rite application		
	Wait for information from the State damaged properties	e a delay in notice				





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-04. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership					
Description of the Problem:	The Onderdonks Pond Dam, which is a critical infrastructure, is located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Village also has potential impact from a high-hazard potential dam (Lake Suzanne Dam). These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		⊠ Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide			
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm			
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm		
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Work with the owners of the dams Identify mitigation actions to ensure 0.2-percent flood hazard area.					
Lead Agency:	Village Administration					
Supporting Agencies:	Dam Owners, NYSDEC					
Estimated Cost:	Low					
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget					
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5					
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and security of those who live within the dam inundation areas of the dams and increase the resilience of responding agencies.					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply						
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)		□Natural Resou	rce Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)			od Control Projects (SP)		
	Public Information (PI)		⊠Emergency Se			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better prepa areas where significant risk to socia					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical faci procedures in place for each identif		tion will create an	understanding of the safety		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning responsibilities and procedures.	and respor	nse capabilities th	rough the understanding of		
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable					
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an i disaster events, which may contributions increase the capabilities to respond	ute to the lil	kelihood of a dam			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No Action			aware of any safety concerns dam or its condition		
	Utilize information from NYS	DEC	,	ot be required to submit a y plan to the State		
	Utilize information from the Na Inventory of Dams	ational	Not all dams a	Not all dams are listed on the inventory		





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-05. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties					
Description of the Problem:	There are repetitive loss properties in stress on the property owner and Vi					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm		
Description of the Solution:	The Village will promote and supporisk properties within the floodplain, (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL feasibility. The parameters for this inparticipation of property owners.	, including th .), such as ac	nose that have bee equisition/relocati	en identified as Repetitive Loss on or elevation depending on		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	Medium					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Village Bud	lget, County	Budget, Property	Owners		
Implementation Timeline:	3 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3					
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk properties from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may otherwise be unaffordable.	be able to h	nave houses elevat	ted or acquired when it would		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floo services including health and medica					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's	s current NF	IP capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners are prone to hazard events. Homes the floodplain and prevent future de	may be acq	uired, which will r			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storr often, including increased periods of			nore intense and occur more		
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current	t problem continues		
	Construct flood walls/barriers a vulnerable areas	around	Costly and can	divert floodwaters to other areas		
	Deployable flood barriers for vulner	rable areas	Requires a great deal of work to implement prior to each event			



Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-06. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain					
Description of the Problem:	There are critical facilities in the Village which are located in the floodplain. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm		
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with the facility managers Of Spring Valley, New Life Pentecos support the mitigation of vulnerable relocation to protect structures from Phase 1: Identify most cost-effective Phase 2: Work with facility manager and local match ability.	stal Church structures future dam mitigation	n, and Lakeview V s via retrofit (e.g. nage. option	fillage Senior Care Facility to elevation, flood-proofing) or		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administration, Facility Manag	gers				
Estimated Cost:	High					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget, Pr	rivate Own	ers			
Implementation Timeline:	5 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3					
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce critic hazard and remove or reduce safety r		•	eline vulnerability to the flood		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIF	P)	- I	ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identifie individuals within these populations transportation facilities, and medical	s rely on i	resources from v			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities local consideration of relocating critical fathe development of any additional facilities.	cilities and	l lifelines from the	flood hazard area and deter		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's	current NF	IP capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities loc- consideration of relocating critical fa- the development of any additional fac	cilities and	l lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of in the area of the flood hazard may expa	ntense rain	•			
Priority: Check one	□High	☑Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Current	problem continues		
	Floodproof existing structure	es	May not r	necessarily reduce risk		
	Construct floodwalls to stop flood	issues	Will most likely interrupt natural floodplain function			









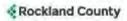
Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-07. Replace Main St / Rt 45 Bridge

Action Name:	Replace Main St / Rt 45 Bridge				
Description of the Problem:	The bridge on Main St/Rt 45 at the updating.	e base of	Columbus Avenue	is damaged and in need of	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure		⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		⊒Landslide _		
	□Drought		Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature	L	□Wildfire)	
Description of the Solution:	Work with NYS DOT to update the brithe base of Columbus Avenue.	idge to rem	nove damages, loca	ated on Main Street / Rt. 45 at	
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County, NYS DOT				
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget, S	tate Budge	t, BridgeNY		
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years				
Goals Met:	2, 5				
Benefits:	This action will ensure infrastructure least a single transportation route re				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	P)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action ensures transportation ro and evacuation needs. The action a communities that may have faced da	also provid	les a point of acc	ess for first responders into	
Impact on Capabilities	Increases community resiliency to flow vulnerable to prolonged isolation aft			areas that would normally be	
Impact on Future Development:	This action will ensure the bridge additional residents and/or visitors.	is operable	e for use should	future development bring in	
Climate Change Considerations:	Ensure the bridge structure is imperv	ious to ero	sion at its base du	e to rising water levels.	
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Curren	t problem remains	
	Remove bridge		Loss of a	transportation route	
	Rebuild bridge		Co	ost prohibitive	

Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-08. Comprehensive Plan Update

Action Name:	Comprehensive Plan Update					
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate hazard mitigation principles.					
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide				
	⊠Drought	⊠Severe Storm				
	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter Storm				
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire				





Description of the Solution:	The Village will update its comprehensive plan. Ensure that the local comprehensive plan incorporates hazard mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.				
Lead Agency:	Village Planning Board				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administration, Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	many years. The integration of hazard mitigatio	orehensive plan, which has not been updated in in principles will present the opportunity for the lay be impacted by hazards and plan for future			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES) 				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The inclusion of hazard mitigation principle discussions on how hazard risks may impact soc	s into the comprehensive plan may include ially vulnerable populations in the Village.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to include opportunity to discuss hazard risks to critical fac	hazard mitigation principles may present an silities and lifelines in the Village.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing pla resilient.	nning capability of the Village, making it more			
Impact on Future Development:	This action will have a direct impact on future la guides land use principles in the Village.	nd use in the Village, as the comprehensive plan			
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly plan will need to be updated.	felt, the contents in the Village's comprehensive			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem remains			
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only plan elements The plan will miss integration opportunities in the comprehensive plan main document				
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only comprehensive plan main document	The plan will miss integration opportunities in the plan elements			





Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-09. Emergency Response Plan Update

Action Name:	Emergency Response Plan Update		
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	 ✓ Flood ✓ Landslide ✓ Severe Storm ✓ Severe Winter Storm ✓ Wildfire 	
Description of the Solution:	Work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functional needs registry to use as part of the Village's emergency response plan.		
Lead Agency:	Community Development		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County		
Estimated Cost:	Low		
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	1 year		
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5		
Benefits:	The Village will have the location of registered members of the socially vulnerable population as well as any emergency or medical information the registrant was willing to share.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations are able to register to the functional-needs registry to have important emergency and medical information stored in a secure system for first responders.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action allows first responders to understand the emergency and medical needs of registered individuals should assistance be needed.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing planning capability of the Village.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected by the Emergency Response Plan.		
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly felt, the contents in an Emergency Response Plan, including in the basic plan and any annexes, may need to be updated.		
Priority: Check one	□High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Vulnerable populations will remain unknown	
	Do not download information	Population information will not be available to the Village	
	Create new system	Cost and start-up restraints	

Action 2024-Spring ValleyV-10. Community Rating System (CRS) Program

Action Name:	Community Rating System (CRS) Program	
Description of the Problem:	The Village is not currently in the CRS program. The Village needs to identify whether joining the program will be beneficial to the community and its residents.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire





Description of the Solution:	The Village will evaluate the benefits and costs of participating in CRS program. If feasible, the Village will join the program and begin implementing standards that exceed NFIP requirements.		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator		
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administrator		
Estimated Cost:	Low		
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	2 years		
Goals Met:	2, 3, 5		
Benefits:	The participation in the CRS benefits communities by offering discounted rates for flood insurance premiums, which addresses the three goals of the program: reduce and avoid flood damage to insurable property, strengthen and support the insurance aspects of the National Flood Insurance Program, and foster comprehensive floodplain management.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Structure and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) benefits communities by offering discounted rates for flood insurance premiums, which may be more affordable for some socially vulnerable populations.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Not applicable		
Impact on Capabilities	This action would enhance the Village's floodplain management capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development would need to adhere to any increased standards established as part of joining the CRS program such as increased freeboard and elevation certificate requirements.		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. These changes are likely to increase flood risks.		
Priority: Check one	□High	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	-	
	Adopt aspects of the CRS program into the floodplain management program	Increased floodplain management capabilities but no reduction in flood insurance premiums	
	Abandon any floodplain management practices not required by NFIP	Reduction in floodplain management capabilities and increase in risk.	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.20 TOWN OF STONY POINT

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Town of Stony Point with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Town of Stony Point, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Town's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.20.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Town of Stony Point identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Town departments. The Town Supervisor represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.20-1 summarizes Town officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Town's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.20-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact			
Name/Title: Jim Monaghan, Town Supervisor Address: 74 East Main Street, Stony Point, NY 10980 Phone Number: (845) 825-7801 Email: Supervisor@townofstonypoint.org	Name/Title: Paul Joachim, Deputy Town Supervisor Address: 74 East Main Street, Stony Point, NY 10980 Phone Number: (845) 367-2706 Email: pjoachim@townofstonypoint.org			
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator				
Name/Title: John Hager, Building Inspector Address: 74 East Main Street, Stony Point, NY 10980 Phone Number: (845) 786-2716 x103 Email: jhager@townofstonypoint.org				
Additional Contributors				
Name/Title: Catherine Murray, Director of Finance Method of Participation: Attended Steering Committee Kick-off Meeting and Planning Partnership Kick-off Meeting				
Name/Title: Karl Javenes, Superintendent of Highways Method of Participation: Attended Planning Partnership Kick-off Meeting				
Name/Title: Sam Justiniano, Town Planner Method of Participation: Reviewed previous actions, completed plan review				
Name/Title: John Hager, Building Inspector Method of Participation: Completed plan review				
Name/Title: John O'Rourke, Town Engineer Method of Participation: Completed plan review				



9.20.2 Municipal Profile

The Town of Stony Point is located in the northeastern triangle of Rockland County, approximately 30 miles north of New York City (Rockland County 2018). Stony Point has a total area of 31.6 square miles, approximately 4 of which are water. The Town sits at the southernmost edge of the Hudson Highlands, on the west shore of the Hudson River. Stony Point is bordered to the south by the Town of Haverstraw and the Village of West Haverstraw; to the north and west by the Orange County towns of Highlands, Woodbury, and Tuxedo; and to the east by the Hudson River. Waterways of significance include the Hudson River, Cedar Pond Brook, and a Tributary to Cedar Pond Brook.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 4 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 17.8 percent is 65 years of age or older, 1.8 percent is non-English speaking, 4.5 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 10.9 percent is considered disabled.

9.20.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Town of Stony Point performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Town of Stony Point to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.20-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to The Town of Stony Point.



Table 9.20-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulations	S			
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 77 Building Code Administration and Enforcement	State, Local	Code Enforcement Officer
State Energy Conservation Construction Except as otherwise provided in the	inistration and enforcer uction Code in this Tow ne Uniform Code, other upancy, are subject to t	does this reduce risk? ment of the New York State Uniform Fi n. This chapter is adopted pursuant to state law, or other section of this chap the provisions of this chapter. The Tow	§ 10 of the Muni oter, all buildings,	cipal Home Rule Law. structures, and
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 215 Zoning	Local	Town Planning Board, Zoning Board of Appeals
of the public health, safety, and go Stony Point Development Plan. In further governed by the relevant	therein the Comprehen eneral welfare. The com addition to any existing	sive Zoning Law are hereby adopted in nprehensive Zoning Law implements the federal legislation, development activ lopment Plan Rules and Regulation.	e policies for lan	d use in the Town of wn's floodplains will be
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 191 Subdivision of Land	Local	Town Planning Board
economical development of the T without danger to health or peril to other needed improvements.	own. Land to be subdivi from fire, flood, or othe	to consider land subdivisions as part of ided shall be of such character that it or menace. Proper provision shall be me	an be used safely ade for drainage,	ofor building purposes water, sewerage, and
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 215 Zoning, Article X Site Development Plan Review	Local	Town Planning Board
	e development plans, the venience of the public in	does this reduce risk? ne Planning Board shall take into consignees and of the prospective occupations.		
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 185 Stormwater Management	Local	Highway Superintendent
regulation of non-stormwater disc required by federal and New York	ovide for the health, saf charges to the municipa State law. One of the o	does this reduce risk? fety, and general welfare of the citizen I separate storm sewer system (MS4) t bjectives of the ordinance is to increas on, increases in stream temperature, a	to the maximum ses in stormwater	extent practicable as runoff from land
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	-
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		does this reduce risk? buyers whether their property is locat	ed in a designate	ed floodplain.
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 112 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
to the residents of the Town of St	tony Point finds that the ony Point and that such nd privately owned, and	e potential and/or actual damages fron damages may include destruction or l d injury to and loss of human life. This	oss of private and	d public housing, damage
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Emergency Management Ordinance	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	Chapter 112 Flood Damage Prevention	State, Local	Building Inspector
	- and two-family resider s Flood Damage Prevent	nces to be built with two feet of freebo tion Ordinance requires all new constru		
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Town of Stony Point 2013 Amendment to the 1995 Master Plan (2013)	Local	Building Department
offsetting recent unforeseen ecor Point residents and businesses. The	ese recommendations to nomic and fiscal factors the Plan recommends ad	does this reduce risk? encourage short-term economic deve identified above and to thereby allevia dressing flooding issues in the Beach R tion funding to support its waterfront	te the tax burder oad area to enco	on struggling Stony urage water-enhanced
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	Yes	NY Rising Community Reconstruction Plan Stony Point (2014)	Local	New York Rising Committee



Authority



		(code chapter or name of plan, date		Responsible Person,
	(Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Community and the Stony Point N	ents proposed programs IYRCR Planning Commit flooding and its ability to	s, policies and construction initiatives of tee, comprised of Stony Point resident o prepare and respond to future event	s chosen to repre	sent the community. Th
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)		Report on Coastal Vulnerability and Sea Level Rise (Dec. 2014)	Local	NYRCR Planning Committee
assistance as well as future projec	or the New York Rising (ct funding for recovery f vulnerability of tidally ir	does this reduce risk? Community Reconstruction Program, to the from Hurricanes Sandy and Irene and Tom Irene and Tom Irene are a long the Town's Huds	ropical Storm Lee	e. This study builds upor
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Town Emergency Operation Plan (2011)	Local	Emergency Operation Center
	ims to assess the Town'	s ability to respond to emergency and plan addresses both short- and long-to		mendations to improve
Continuity of Operations Plan	Yes	Town Emergency Operation Plan (2011)	Local	Emergency Operation Center
	ia to fatare events. The	plan addresses both short- and long-to	erm recovery.	
The Continuity of Operations (COoperations and the re-establishme	OP) Plan is intended to gent of critical business f	guide departments, divisions, and officunctions during and after a disaster oc	es in the continuc	lanning is a critical piec
The Continuity of Operations (CO) operations and the re-establishm of overall emergency managemer Substantial Damage Response	OP) Plan is intended to gent of critical business f	guide departments, divisions, and offic	es in the continuc	lanning is a critical piec
The Continuity of Operations (CO) operations and the re-establishmoof overall emergency managemer Substantial Damage Response Plan How has or will this be integrated	OP) Plan is intended to gent of critical business for which encompasses p	guide departments, divisions, and office unctions during and after a disaster oc revention, preparedness, mitigation, r	es in the continuc	lanning is a critical piec
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Citation and Date

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.20-3 summarizes the capabilities of The Town of Stony Point to oversee and track development.





Table 9.20-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development permits
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Town is mostly developed. The Town includes State Parks (including the Bear Mountain and Harriman State Parks), which limits any future development to residential or industrial zoned areas.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.20-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to The Town of Stony Point and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.20-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board reviews proposals for the development or redevelopment of parcels located within the town considering the environmental, neighborhood, traffic, parking, and other considerations. It reviews permits for subdivisions, site plans, freshwater wetlands, and special uses.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of decisions made by the Building Inspector, and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Town of Stony Point's Highway Department works every day to keep the roads as safe as possible. The town's fleet of trucks and an experienced team not only ensure that town roads are treated and plowed in the winter but are also paved and maintained. The Department also repairs failed drain lines and catch basins and picks up brush and appliances. The Department also works cooperatively with other town departments to assist with projects involving the Golf Course, Parks Department, Sewer Department, and other areas in the town.



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department, Town of Stony Point, is responsible for the enforcement of all ordinances that affect construction in the town. FEMA floodplain guidelines are strictly followed where applicable and the New York State Building Code controls other aspects of construction. In addition, sections of the Code of the Town of Stony Point cover flood control management and damage control extensively. Town zoning and subdivision regulations and site review processes consider natural hazard risk in considering the presence of floodplains and steep slopes.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The Stony Point Police Department is comprised of more than two dozen full-time officers and part-time officers in addition to an auxiliary force.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Town of Stony Point Building and Grounds Department, also known as the Parks Department, are the caretakers of the many parks and buildings in town. This includes snow removal, lawn maintenance, flower, and plant installation, as well as major and minor building repairs. In addition, the Building and Grounds department are responsible for the maintenance and repair of vehicles and machinery used by town departments including police, building department, town hall and sewer as well as its own trucks and machinery.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Police Department, Fire Department, Ambulance
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other: Architectural Review Board	Yes	The Architectural Review Board advises the town government to ensure that certain construction projects conform to standards and practices that make our historic town an attractive place to live, work and raise a family.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Engineering Department
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Engineering Department
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Engineering Department; Highway Superintendent performs stormwater management functions.
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Finance Department and contract with engineering firm
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Contractual
Personnel skilled or trained in GJS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Engineering Department
Emergency Manager	Yes	Office of Emergency Management
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Contractual
Resilience Officer	No	-





Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.20-5 summarizes financial resources available to The Town of Stony Point.

Table 9.20-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	No
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.20-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to The Town of Stony Point.

Table 9.20-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Town maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and planning documents, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Town has a Facebook page which can be used for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Towns have access to it).



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	The town would benefit by engaging schools and colleges in order to promote further public outreach and education in the community with respect to natural hazard risk management.
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	See below.
If yes, please describe.	N/A	The Town has public outreach mechanisms and programs in place, including a Facebook page, to inform citizens on natural hazards. The Town maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and planning documents, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services.

Community Classifications

Table 9.20-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to The Town of Stony Point.

Table 9.20-7. Community Classifications

	Participating?	Classification	Date Classified
Program	(Yes/No)	(if applicable)	(if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	4	8/2011
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No	-	-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.20-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Town's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.





Table 9.20-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Dam Failure	Moderate		
Disease Outbreak	Moderate		
Drought	Moderate		
Earthquake	Moderate		
Extreme Temperature	Moderate		
Flood	Moderate		
Landslide	Møderate		
Severe Weather	Moderate		
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate		
Wildfire	Moderate		

9.20.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.20-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.20-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for The Town of Stony Point.

Table 9.20-9. The Town of Stony Point NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	56
# Claims (Losses)	97
Total Loss Payments	\$3,170,230
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	2
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	4
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.20-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in The Town of Stony Point.





Table 9.20-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Areas along the Cedar Pond Brook and MIs. Creek. and along the Hudson River Areas that are downhill from bedrock outcrops and shallow soils throughout the Town
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	The Town does not have a dedicated list but documentation of flooding that causes damage is maintained in each parcel file. No single source referencing those is available at this time.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Post disaster inspection and Flood plain development permit
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	+/- 20 properties through FEMA Claims
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	Yes, FIRMS were updated in 2014 and Stony Point adopted "advisory" flood elevation regulations local law #1 of 2014.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Department
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, through the Town's consulting planner and Sea Level Rise Study.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, could benefit from refresher courses for current FEMA certs. Additional staff could benefit from FEMA courses.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	FIRM map resources, online Firmette resources, permit application, review, issuance. Damage evaluations, repair cost versus replacement value comparisons, flood plain violations.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Cost of improvement versus replacement value
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	Property owner resistance to code requirements
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	April 2022
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 112 – Flood Damage Prevention





NFIP Topic	Comments
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	Adopted on October 8, 2013. §112-6, Basis for establishing areas of special flood hazard amended January 14, 2014; §112-9, Penalties for offenses amended April 26, 2022.
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Yes, ABFEs for Hudson River were adopted locally as benchmark standards.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	For waterfront mixed use development, high is measured from advisory base flood elevation (ABFE).
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	The Town is interested in joining the CRS program but has limited funding to support a program that would benefit a minority of property owners.

9.20.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.20-11 through Table 9.20-13.

Table 9.20-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued								
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total					
	2018								
Total Permits	5	0	2	7					
Permits within SFHA	1	0	0	1					
		2019							
Total Permits	5	0	1	6					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	1	1					
		2020							
Total Permits	2	0	0	2					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2021							
Total Permits	8	0	0	8					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2022							
Total Permits	8	0	0	8					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.20-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Ba Mar	Mobile home park	130+/-	Ba Mar Dr.	flood	Replace units damaged

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.



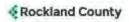


Table 9.20-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Eagle Bay	apartments	240+/-	Hudson Dr.	flood	New complex

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.20.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Town of Stony Point's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Town are shown in Figure 9.20-1 through Figure 9.20-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Stony Point has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



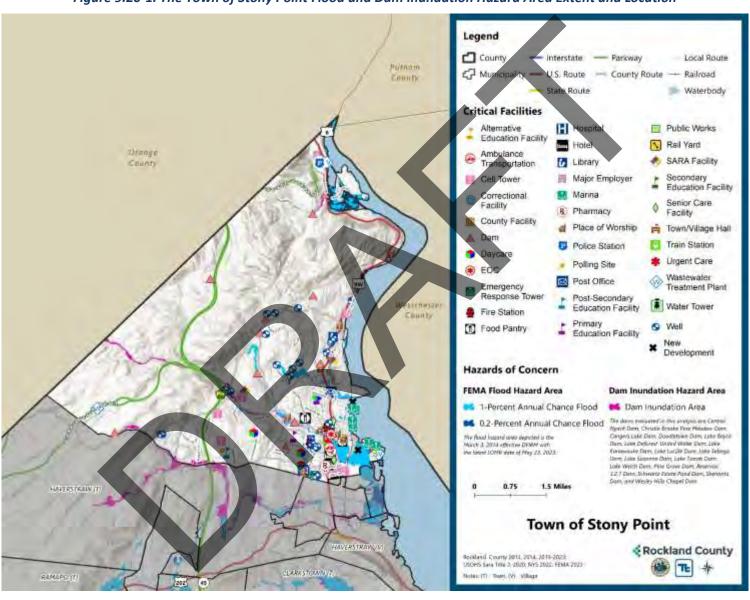


Figure 9.20-1. The Town of Stony Point Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



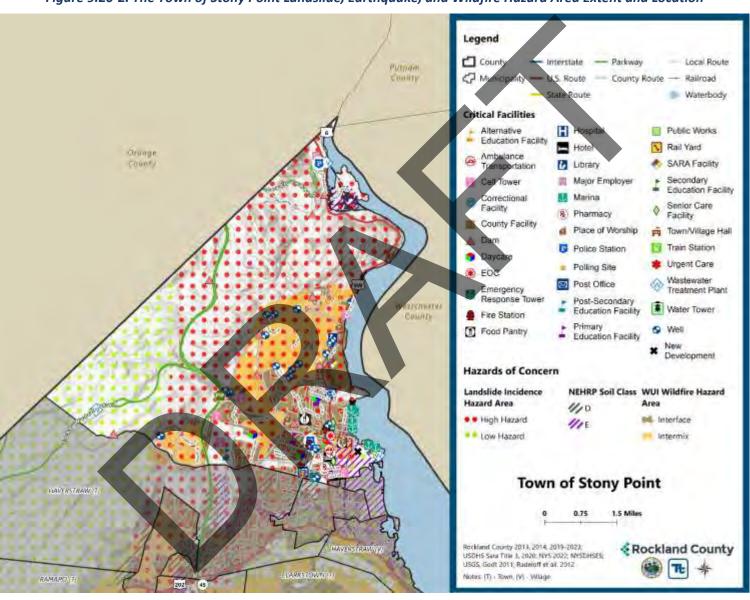


Figure 9.20-2. The Town of Stony Point Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Town of Stony Point is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.20-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Town during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.20-14. Hazard Event History in the Town of Stony Point

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	COVID shutdowns resulted in the closure of some local businesses. Covid restrictions resulted in the cancelation of the town day camp program in 2020 and required a scaled down version of day camp in 2021. Covid restrictions in 2020 required changes to our town pool membership policies.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Downed trees and widespread power outages in Stony Point.
April 14, 2023	Transportation Accident	No	A CSX freight train was traveling through the Town of Clarkstown, Stony Point, Haverstraw, the Town of Haverstraw, and the Town of West Haverstraw when fires began. It appears to have caused sparks to fly along the route through these municipalities, creating dozens of brush fires.	Multiple brush fires in town as a result of a CSX freight train malfunction.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Town
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	Localized flooding in areas around town. Property damage due to flooding at Charles Eccher town park, 2 residences on Lowland Hill Road, 2 residences on Route 210 and 1 residence on Delaware Court. Damage to town and county roadways in town due to flooding. Traffic impacts due to Rt 9W and PIP closures.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Town of Stony Point.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Stony Point reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Town indicated the following:

- The Flood hazard ranking was increased from Medium to High due to the increased frequency of occurrence.
- The Landslide hazard ranking was decreased from High to Medium because the lack of event occurrence.

Table 9.20-15 shows Stony Point's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Medium Drought Earthquake Low Extreme Temperature Medium Flood Medium Landslide Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather

Table 9.20-15. Hazard Ranking





Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.20-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.20-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехро	sure		
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Ambrey Pond Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-01	-
Doodletown Brook R R Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-01	-
Lake Boyce Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-01	-
Stony Point Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-01	-
Belle Harbor Marina	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-02	-
Pennybridge Marine Sales	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-02	-
Stony Point Bay Corp/Cannon Ball Yacht Club	Marina	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-02	-
Cedar Brook Homes Well	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-StonyPointT-02	-
Marvello Country Club Well #1	Well	Yes	Yes	-	The Marvello Country Club was replaced by the Virgin Mary & St. Pachomius Coptic Orthodox Church who completed various improvements to the property including drainage and fire suppression.

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

In addition to critical facilities that are exposed to flooding, the following high hazard dams are located in or could impact The Town of Stony Point:

 Lake Welch Dam – New York Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Palisades Interstate Park Commission

Identified Issues

After review of the Town of Stony Point's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Town of Stony Point identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

 There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. The Town also has potential impacts from a high-hazard potential dam, the Lake Welch Dam. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.



- Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery.
- The Town's Emergency Operations Plan was last updated in 2011.
- The Town does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Town and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- The Town does not have a comprehensive plan.
- The Patriot Hills building, designated as the emergency center for the Town, requires internal updates to become a viable emergency center.
- The wastewater treatment plant is at risk to impacts from natural hazards.
- Storm and tidal water intrusion impact sewer lines and cause sewerage overflow along Beach Road, in the Ba Mar Mobile Home Park, and into the environment.
- There are 10 highly ranked culvert crossings in the Town which need to be right-sized.
- The current Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan does not thoroughly incorporate hazard mitigation considerations.
- The Town does not participate in NOAA's Storm Ready program.
- The Town does not have a Short-Term Response and Recovery Plan.
- The Town does not have an evacuation plan.
- The public and businesses may not be aware of the risks associated with natural hazards.

9.20.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Town of Stony Point identified the following mitigation efforts:

- Cleaned Osborn retention pond
- Added berms at Dunderberg swales
- Installed larger drainage piping at Rosetown Road
- Replaced deteriorated aluminum drainage piping throughout the Town
- The Town is currently installing a berm at the Charles Eccher Park Brook and improving drainage along Foxwood Drive



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



Table 9.20-17 indicates progress on the Town's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Town of Stony Point identified the following mitigation efforts:

- Cleaned Osborn retention pond
- Added berms at Dunderberg swales
- Installed larger drainage piping at Rosetown Road
- Replaced deteriorated aluminum drainage piping throughout the Town
- The Town is currently installing a berm at the Charles Eccher Park Brook and improving drainage along Foxwood Drive





Table 9.20-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP-1	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flood, Severe Storm	County Highway Dept, AKRF engineering	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County Highway Dept. Projects should include the recommendations made in the 2014 Report on Coastal Vulnerability and Sea Level Rise (CV SLR Report), focusing on the following areas/infrastructure elements: Penny Bridge, Grassy Point Area, Cedar Pord Brook Interceptor	Discontinue Initial review completed by AKRF, reviewed with Town and local residence, recommendations found infeasible due to cost and impacts to area residence, evaluation has now extended to the WWTF for hardening that infrastructure 2023- Town cleans roads, roadside soils, and culverts. Maintenance has been completed on a large stormwater basin in Town as well.	Discontinue N/A Initial review completed by AKRF, reviewed with Town and local residence, recommendations found infeasible due to cost.
SP-2	Staff Training	Flood, Severe Storm	DPW, Town Supervisor	Staff is inadequately trained . Require staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs). Also, assign a Town staff member involved in an emergency management role to further facilitate and continuously update the Climate Smart Resiliency Planning Evaluation Tool.	Complete Town engineer is a certified CFM Building official (CEO) has been assigned to emergency management coordination 2023- The Town Engineer is still certified, and the Building Inspector has various FEMA Certifications.	Discontinue Not Applicable Town engineer is a certified CFM Building official (CEO) has been assigned to emergency management coordination 2023-The Town Engineer is still certified, and the Building Inspector has various FEMA Certifications.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP-3	Update Town Codes	All hazards	Building Department, County Planning	Current codes and ordinances may not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations. Code update: review existing local codes and ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable. Reference Recommendation 2, 8, 10, and 17 from the 2014 Report on Coastal Vulnerability and Sea Level Rise (CV SLR).	,	Discontinue N/A Building department continually reviews codes for required updates and changes, Town Board recently adopted more stringent flood zone mapping 2023.





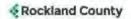
Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP-4	Letchworth Town Disaster Recovery and Communications Center	All hazards	Building Dept., County Emergency Management	Need for emergency/disaster recovery center. Set up a short-term emergency/disaster recovery center, a cooling center, and an Emergency Operations Command Center (EOCC). The RHO* Building would serve as the emergency/disaster recovery center and be a central processing location for all residents in need of assistance during and after disaster events. The Police Station would serve as a flexible communications command center to accommodate a variety of emergencies, and to coordinate the activities of all emergency responders in real time, mainly through radio communications and internet connections.	In Progress Town board determined the Patriot Hills Community Center would better service this intent and removed the designation from the RHO Building.	2. Revise to include needed updates to the Patriot Hills Community Center to make it a viable emergency center. 3. Not Applicable
SP-5	Hardening of Wastewater Treatment Plant	Flood	Town DPW	Flood damage to infrastructure and continuity of critical health and safety infrastructure operations. Hardening of Wastewater Treatment Plant – Project should account for flood elevations of 14 feet given the remaining usable life of the treatment plant and protected to the 500-year event or worst-case scenario. (From 2014 CV SLR Report).	1. In Progress 2. Town board and NYR developing plan to harden plant facilities, currently under design by AKRF and Town expects report/recommendations shortly 2023-The Town has been updating the plant with the goal of having the clarifiers and tanks all raised by 2025. Town still wants to harden the overall building as well.	Include Using reports and recommendations from AKRF, harden the wastewater treatment plant. Not Applicable





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP-6	Rehabilitation of Wastewater Interceptors along Beach Road and the Ba Mar Sewer Line	Flood	Town DPW	Flood damage to infrastructure and continuity of critical health and safety infrastructure operations. Complete replacement of 20 manhole covers and installation of 20 vents to prevent storm and tidal water intrusion into the sewer lines will eliminate sewerage overflow along Beach Road, in the Ba Mar Mobile Home Park and into the environment.	Complete The Town has completed several manhole cover replacements All properties in BaMar Mobile Home Park have been raised.	Discontinue Not Applicable The Town has completed several manhole cover replacements All properties in BaMar Mobile Home Park have been raised.
SP-7	' '	Flood, Severe Storm	Town, Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District	Flood damage to infrastructure and continuity of critical health and safety infrastructure operations. Implement project recommendations of the Stony Point Culvert Prioritization. According to Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District, there are 10 highly ranked crossings in the Town to right-size. The District and other partners would like to see 2 crossings and a dam right sized/will continue to apply for implementation funding for this in the future.	1. In Progress 2. Property & Infrastructure design completed and Town Board currently pursuing grant monies to implement culvert replacements/upgrades 2023-Town is pursuing monies through MS4 grant.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not Applicable





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP-8	Update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan	All hazards	CPG member; Town Planning, County Planning	Current LWRP does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations. Update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan (1994) and ensure it addresses sea level rise and coastal storms. The current Plan is dated both from a goal and from a resiliency standpoint. Updating the plan could make the Town eligible for additional public funding of resiliency infrastructure projects. (From 2014 CV SLR Report).	No Progress Town Board currently pursuing pricing from consultants to updates and would expect to have the project awarded later this year 2023- Received grant monies but unable to meet match funds.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not Applicable
SP-9	Conduct emergency planning and become a NOAA Storm-ready community	All hazards	Town, Rockland County	Town currently does not have storm an emergency response and short-term recovery plan or a storm evacuation plan and is not a Storm-ready community. Plan for storm preparedness and recovery including becoming a NOAA Storm-ready community; developing a storm emergency response and short-term recovery plan; and developing a storm evacuation plan. (From 2014 CV SLR Report)	No Progress Town board currently pursuing appointing town staff personnel to head up this portion of the project 2023- Town relies on the County for guidance related to storm emergency response and short-term recovery plans.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not Applicable





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	2. Provide a narrative to describe	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP- 10	Hazard Outreach		Town of Stony Point, Rockland County	Need for more public understanding of natural hazards and associated risks.	In Progress Town has coordinated with local seniors to shadow town engineer and	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not Applicable
				Engage local schools and colleges to promote further	building departments to review both hazard mitigation and typical requirements of town staff and officials	
				public outreach and education in the community with respect to natural hazard risk management.	Stormwater Consortium and Cornell	
					participating in various public outreach. In addition, during the LWRP process, the public was highly engaged.	





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
SP- 11	Privately Owned Critical Facilities in Floodplain	Flood	Private owners with Town of Stony Point, Rockland County support	Cedar Brook Homes Well and the Marvello Country Club Well #1 are critical facilities and located in the floodplain and identified as potentially vulnerable to future flood events. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Town will notify the facility managers/operators of the Cedar Brook Homes Well and Marvello Country Club Well #1 they are potentially vulnerable to flooding as identified during the Rockland County HMP update and advise of mitigation actions for consideration and funding sources for implementation. The Town does not have jurisdiction over these facilities. The Town will also inform the owners that NYS requires critical facilities be mitigated to protect to the 500-year flood event or ""worst damage scenario". The property owners will need to determine the feasible and cost-effective mitigation actions.	2. Town issued letters to private property owners identified 2023- The Marvello	1. Include 2. Remove Marvello Country Club from action but keep the Cedar Brooks Home Well. 3. Not Applicable 1. Include 2. Remove Marvello Country Club from action but keep the Cedar Brooks Home Well. 3. Not Applicable





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Stony Point participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Stony Point would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Town's priorities.

Table 9.20-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.20-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.20-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category										
	FEMA				CRS						
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES	
Dam Failure	6	1	-	2	6	2	2	-	-	5	
Disease Outbreak	5	1	-	2	5	2	2	-	-	4	
Drought	5	1	-	2	5	2	2	-	-	4	
Earthquake	5	2	-	2	5	3	2	-	1	4	
Extreme Temperature	5	1	-	2	5	2	2	-	-	4	
Flood	7	5	-	3	7	6	2	-	3	6	
Landslide	5	2	-	2	5	3	2	-	1	4	
Severe Weather	6	3	-	3	6	4	2	-	1	5	
Severe Winter Weather	5	2		2	5	3	2	-	1	4	
Wildfire	5	2	-	2	5	3	2	-	1	4	

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.20-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-StonyPointT-01	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	6	Low
2024-StonyPointT-02	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	10	Medium
2024-StonyPointT-03	Emergency Operations Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-StonyPointT-04	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-StonyPointT-05	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-StonyPointT-06	Comprehensive Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-StonyPointT-07	Patriot Hills Building Upgrades	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	6	Low
2024-StonyPointT-08	Hardening of Wastewater Treatment Plant	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	10	Medium
2024-StonyPointT-09	Stony Point Culvert Prioritization Implementation	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-StonyPointT-10	Update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan	0	1		1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024-StonyPointT-11	Storm Ready Program Participation	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-StonyPointT-12	Short-Term Response and Recovery Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High
2024-StonyPointT-13	Evacuation Plan Development	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024-StonyPointT-14	Public Education and Outreach	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Stony PointT-01. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership						
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams (Ambrey P Stony Point Dam), which are critica hazard areas. The Town also has pot Welch Dam. These structures have th	l infrastruc ential impa	tures, located in a high-ha	the 1- and 0.2-percent flood azard potential dam, the Lake			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	D	☑Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide				
	□Drought		□Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm			
	□Extreme Temperature		Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:		Work with the owners of the dams to ensure inspections and safety procedures are up to date. Identify mitigation actions to ensure the integrity of the dams and that it is protected up to the 0.2-percent flood hazard area.					
Lead Agency:	Town Supervisor						
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Dam Owners, I	NYSDEC					
Estimated Cost:	Low						
Potential Funding Sources:	Private Owners			· 			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5						
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and security of those who live within the dam inundation areas of the dams and increase the resilience of responding agencies.						
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	`	□Natural Syster	ns Protection (NSP)			
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SII	P)		Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR)			rce Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply	☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			od Control Projects (SP)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	The action will result in better prepare	edness with					
Populations:	areas where significant risk to socially						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facili procedures in place for each identifie		ion will create ar	understanding of the safety			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning a responsibilities and procedures.	and respon	ise capabilities th	rough the understanding of			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an in disaster events, which may contribute	te to the lik	celihood of a dam				
Dutanitan	increase the capabilities to respond t		ents.	N/1			
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		⊠Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No Action			aware of any safety concerns			
			for the dam or its condition				
	Utilize information from NYSE	DEC	Owners may not be required to submit a safety plan to the State				
	Utilize information from the Nat	tional		are listed on the inventory			
	Inventory of Dams			•			





Action 2024-Stony PointT-02. Critical Facilities in the Floodplain

Action Name:	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain					
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities located in the floodplain create unnecessary complications for the disaster recovery.			~		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	\boxtimes	Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		lLandslide			
	□Drought		Severe Storm			
	□Earthquake		lSevere Winter St	orm		
	□Extreme Temperature		lWildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with the facility managers at Stony Point Bay Corp/Cannon Ball Yacht Cl of vulnerable structures via retrofit (e.g structures from future damage. Phase 1: Identify most cost-effective mitig Phase 2: Work with facility manager to if and local match ability.	ub, and . eleva	d Cedar Brooks Ho stion, flood-proof option	omes to support the mitigation fing) or relocation to protect		
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Facility Managers					
Estimated Cost:	High					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Town Budget, Private	Owner	rs			
Implementation Timeline:	5 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3					
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce critical for hazard and remove or reduce safety risks			eline vulnerability to the flood		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		•	ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) nod Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identified str individuals within these populations rel transportation facilities, and medical and	y on r	esources from v			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities located consideration of relocating critical facilitithe development of any additional facilities.	es and	lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Town's curre	nt NFIP	capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities located					
	consideration of relocating critical facilities the development of any additional facilities.					
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms har often, including increased periods of inten the area of the flood hazard may expand.		•			
Priority: Check one	□High ⊠Me	dium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation		
	No action		Curren	t problem continues		
	Floodproof existing structures		May not necessarily reduce risk			
	Construct floodwalls to stop flood issu	es	·	interrupt natural floodplain		
	function					





Action 2024-Stony PointT-03. Emergency Operations Plan Update

Asticu Name:	Francisco Organisco Blandata						
Action Name:	Emergency Operations Plan Update	(50D)					
Description of the Problem:	The Town's current Emergency Operations Plan not contain up to date information on risk to h	(EOP) has not been updated since 2011 and does azards.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood					
Check all that apply	⊠Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide					
		⊠ Severe Storm					
		⊠ Severe Winter Storm					
	'	⊠Wildfire					
Description of the Solution:	The Town will update its Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) to include hazard mitigation techniques. A review will be conducted in coordination with the County Planning Department to ensure alignment. The EOP details the Town's response during emergencies, such as incident command procedures, command center location and activities, and departmental plans. This update will facilitate the integration of new plans, policies, capabilities, and hazard assessments.						
Lead Agency:	Town Supervisor						
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Rockland County						
Estimated Cost:	Low						
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, EMPG						
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years						
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5						
Benefits:		a disaster (incident command implementation, ic plans by department, etc.). Updating the EOP olicies, capabilities, and hazard assessments.					
Mitigation Action Type:	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP)					
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)					
CRS Category:		□Natural Resource Protection (NR)					
Check all that apply	☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Emergency Services (ES)					
Impact on Socially Vulnerable		ers a discussion of a variety of topics, including					
Populations:	population distribution and locations, including	any concentrated populations of individuals with nal needs, or individuals with limited English					
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The section overview portion of the EOP cover vulnerable critical facilities (e.g. nursing homes	ers a discussion of a variety of topics, including , schools, hospitals, infrastructure).					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing plan	ning capability of the Town.					
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected by the E	OP.					
Climate Change Considerations:		tigation is integrated into the EOP and provide are anticipated to exacerbate the identified risks.					
Priority: Check one	High □Medium	□Low					
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation					
	No action	Current problem remains					
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only hazard appendices						
	Ask County to integrate hazard mitigation into the County EOP	Town EOP still remains unintegrated					



Action 2024-Stony PointT-04. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations Ou	treach					
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have any or populations and underserved popu	ganizations	that conduct ou	treach to socially vulnerable			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter S ⊠Wildfire	torm			
Description of the Solution:	The Town will develop outreach ma hazard risks for socially vulnerable Town events, newsletters, social m offices. The Town will also explore t vulnerable populations.	e populatior edia, the To	ns. These materia wn website, and d	ls will be distributed through lisplayed at Town libraries and			
Lead Agency:	Township Administration						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County						
Estimated Cost:	Low						
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, HMGP			*			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years						
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5						
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is an individual working to identify and work with the socially vulnerable populations in the Town. Furthermore, this action will create opportunities to educate and inform populations on hazard risks.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) ood Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in a will identify an individual to identify date information is being shared.						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard risutilities and emergency services increscue.		-				
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program.	· Village's a	lready existing pu	ublic education and outreach			
Impact on Future Development:	N/A						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase events. This action will inform resid and how climate change may exace	ents and bus	siness owners of h	-			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Current method	ds remain the only ones used			
	Rely on state or federal reso	urces	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Town				
	Use only a few methods for dis	tribution	Using only a few methods of distribution may hinder socially vulnerable populations from receiving the guidance				





Action 2024-Stony PointT-05. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Los	ss Properties	S				
Description of the Problem:	Repetitively flooded properties place efforts should be made to mitigate t			operty owner and the Town;			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	۵	☑Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide				
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm			
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The Town will promote and support non-structural flood hazard mitigation alternatives for at risk properties within the floodplain, including those that have been identified as Repetitive Loss (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL), such as acquisition/relocation or elevation depending on feasibility. The parameters for this initiative would be funding, benefits versus cost, and willing participation of property owners.						
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County						
Estimated Cost:	Medium						
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Town Budg	et, County E	Budget, Property C)wners			
Implementation Timeline:	3 years						
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3						
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk properties from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	iIP)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may otherwise be unaffordable.	be able to h	nave houses elevat	ed or acquired when it would			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floo services including health and medica						
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Town's	current NFII	P capabilities.				
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners of are prone to hazard events. Homes the floodplain and prevent future de	may be acq	uired, which will r				
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storn often, including increased periods of			nore intense and occur more			
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Current	problem continues			
	Construct flood walls/barriers a vulnerable areas	round	Costly and can divert floodwaters to other areas				
	Deployable flood barriers for vulner	Deployable flood barriers for vulnerable areas Requires a great deal of work to in prior to each event					





Action 2024-Stony PointT-06. Comprehensive Plan

Action Name:	Comprehensive Plan			
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have a comprehensive plan.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	Dam/Levee Failure □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter St IWildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Town will develop a detailed comprehensive plan and will include hazard mitigation strategies in the local comprehensive plan by seeking feedback from the County Planning Department on draft plans. By integrating hazard mitigation principles, the Town can assess areas that may be susceptible to hazards and plan for future land use in a proactive manner.			
Lead Agency:	Town Planner			
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Town Planning Board, Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 6, 7			
Benefits:	This action will have the Town update its comprehensive plan, which has not been updated in many years. The integration of hazard mitigation principles will present the opportunity for the Town to identify areas of the Town which may be impacted by hazards and plan for future land use accordingly.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The inclusion of hazard mitigation principles into the comprehensive plan may include discussions on how hazard risks may impact socially vulnerable populations in the Town.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to include hazard mitigation principles may present an opportunity to discuss hazard risks to critical facilities and lifelines in the Town.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will produce a planning capability for the Town, making it more resilient.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action will have a direct impact on future land use in the Town, as the comprehensive plan guides land use principles in the Town.			
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly felt, the contents in the Town's comprehensive plan will need to be updated.			
Priority: Check one	High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only plan elements Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only comprehensive plan main document		Current problem remains	
			The plan will miss integration opportunities in the comprehensive plan main document	
			The plan will miss integration opportunities in the plan elements	



Action 2024-Stony PointT-07. Patriot Hills Building Upgrades

Action Name:	Patriot Hills Building Upgrades				
Description of the Problem:	The Patriot Hills building, designated as the emergency center for the Town, requires internal updates to become a viable emergency center.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood ☑ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter St ☑ Wildfire	corm		
Description of the Solution:	The Town Board has designated the Patriot Hills Building as the official emergency center. An analysis will be carried out to identify necessary building updates in order to maintain operational efficiency at the Patriot Hills emergency center. Following the analysis, the Town will pursue funding to implement the required improvements to modernize the building and enhance its functionality as an emergency response facility within the Town.				
Lead Agency:	Town Board				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Town Departr	ments			
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Town Budget			*	
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5				
Benefits:	This action protects public health and safety and ensures continued operation of a critical facility and its essential functions during an emergency.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)		·	rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations are conditions and socioeconomic statu emergency and need a safe, nearby	s. Populatio	ns may not be abl		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action protects public health an and its essential functions during an	d safety and	ensures continue	d operation of a critical facility	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will review the current of capabilities of the emergency center	•		_	
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. Having an operable building with the proper equipment needed for continuity or operations will create a safe environment for those at risk.			•	
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		⊠Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem remains		
	Build a new facility with all needs		Co	ost prohibitive	
	Use another government bui	Use another government building The space may be occupied or impacted the emergency event			



Action 2024-Stony PointT-08. Hardening of Wastewater Treatment Plant

Action Name:	Hardening of Wastewater Treatment Plant				
Description of the Problem:	The wastewater treatment plant is a	at risk to imp	pacts from natural	hazards.	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought ☑Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	torm	
Description of the Solution:	Utilizing reports and recommendations from AKRF, enhance the resilience of the wastewater treatment plant. The Town has been implementing upgrades to the plant with the objective of elevating the clarifiers and tanks by 2025. This initiative will mitigate facility and community vulnerability to natural hazards and enhance safety for first responders.				
Lead Agency:	Town Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Engineering				
Estimated Cost:	High		,		
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP				
Implementation Timeline:	5+ years				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce critical facility and community lifeline vulnerability to natural hazards and remove or reduce safety risks for first responders.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ⊠Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) vrvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting the identified structure within these populations rely on ser		•	ole populations, as individuals	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will remove or reduce cr hazards and remove or reduce safet			ifeline vulnerability to natural	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will protect a capability of	of the Town	, which without w	ould cause great detriment.	
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a	critical facil	lity that could sup	port future development.	
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. These occurrences may impact productivity at the wastewater treatment plant.				
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action Evaluation			Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem remains		
	Build a new facility	uild a new facility Cost prohibitive		ost prohibitive	
	Floodproof existing structu	re	May not necessarily reduce risk		



Action 2024-Stony PointT-09. Stony Point Culvert Prioritization Implementation

Action Name:	Stony Point Culvert Prioritization Implementation			
Description of the Problem:	There are 10 highly ranked culvert c	rossings in t	he Town which ne	ed to be right-sized.
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	۵	∃Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		landslide	
	□Drought		Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Execute the project recommendation			
	The Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District has identified 10 top-priority crossings in the Town that require resizing. Designs for the property and infrastructure have been			
	finalized, and the Town Board is acti			
	replacements and upgrades. This p			
	minimize road closures, and preven	t damage to	both culverts and	roadways caused by flooding
	events.			
Lead Agency:	Town Board			
Supporting Agencies:	Highway Department			
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	MS4 Grant, Town Budget, FEMA BR	C, HMGP		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5			
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, wh			
	damage occurring to culverts and roin place if they are able to remain o			•
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	peri, or re-or		ns Protection (NSP)
Check all that apply	Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)	' ·	Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	☐Preventative Measures (PR)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)		⊠Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)	
	□Public Information (PI)		□Emergency Se	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	Areas that were previously vulneral			
Populations:	to be impacted by flooding events. F to flooding.	opulations	living in these area	is will have rewer impacts due
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Transportation routes will be more	likely to rem	ain onen access t	o health and medical facilities
	will be maintained, both for healthc			
	injuries and illness, and stormwater	manageme	nt infrastructure v	vill be better suited to handle
	flooding events.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormw			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted	d area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in n			
Private	culvert sizes to meet changing storn		is as the result of c	_
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action Evaluation			Evaluation
	No action		Currer	it problem remains
	Remove roadway		Roadwa	y cannot be removed
	Raingardens		Raingardens are unlikely to be able to absorb	
			enough stormwater to prevent flooding during	
			seve	re rainfall events.





Action 2024-Stony PointT-10. Update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan

Action Name:	Update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan				
Description of the Problem:	The current Local Waterfront Revitalization Plamitigation considerations.	an (LWRP) does not thoroughly incorporate hazard			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠ Dam/Levee Failure ⊠ Flood ⊠ Disease Outbreak ⊠ Landslide ⊠ Drought ⊠ Severe Storm ⊠ Earthquake ⊠ Severe Winter Storm ⊠ Extreme Temperature ⊠ Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	The Town will update the Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan (1994) to incorporate considerations for sea level rise and coastal storms. Enhancing the plan is imperative for the Town in terms of modernization and resiliency. The potential adjustments may open doors for increased public funding for infrastructure projects focused on resilience. Key components of the update will involve integrating hazard mitigation strategies, conducting a comprehensive review of waterfront development, establishing new policies and recommendations for waterfront management, and capitalizing on available funding sources.				
Lead Agency:	Town Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Board				
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, FEMA BRIC, NYS Environmental	Protection Fund			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7				
Benefits:	Updating the LWRP will benefit the entirety of the Town. The update will include hazard mitigation principles, updated inventory of development along the waterfront policies and recommendations, and will help leverage potential funding opportunities.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Populations living along the waterfront will be projects and proposed uses which will benefit	enefit from this plan update, as it will identify new the area.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	are being considered not only as waterfront	the LWRP will ensure critical facilities and lifelines tresources, but as properties and infrastructure pacts, such as flooding, severe weather, and severe			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing presilient.	planning capability of the Town, making it more			
Impact on Future Development:	The update will identify new waterfront policies and recommendations that will serve as a guide for future development and infrastructure improvements and will help leverage potential funding opportunities.				
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. Sea level rise associated with climate change may cause water levels in the Hudson River to increase.				
Priority:	⊠High □Medium	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem remains			
	Write plan without consulting primary stake	holders Input may be biased and incomplete			





Action 2024-Stony PointT-11. Storm Ready Program Participation

Action Name:	Storm Ready Program Participation				
Description of the Problem:	The National Weather Service (NWS adopt certain weather preparedness NOAA's StormReady program.			•	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	prm	
Description of the Solution:	The Town is working in collaboration necessary steps in order to achieve StormReady program will enhance tenhance the warning system capabil	StormRead the prepared	dy community designess of critical factorial f	signation. Participation in the cilities. This initiative will also	
Lead Agency:	Town Supervisor				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Rockland Cour	nty, NWS			
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	StormReady is a nationwide program that helps communities better protect their citizens during severe weather. The program encourages communities to take a proactive approach improving local hazardous weather operations. StormReady provides emergency managers with clear-cut guidelines on how to improve their hazardous weather operations. Community Rating System (CRS) points will become available that can reduce flood insurance premiums for hom and business owners.			ke a proactive approach to des emergency managers with perations. Community Rating	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI)	IP)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	To become a participant in the Stor way to receive severe weather wa methods of communication to soc security of residents.	arnings and	forecasts and to	alert the public. Increasing	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Being a part of the StormReady prog	gram would	result in improved	I critical facility readiness.	
Impact on Capabilities	Improves coordination between em community to develop and issue tim StormReady requires participation is severe weather events.	ely and effe	ctive warnings ahe	ead of severe weather events.	
Impact on Future Development:	This action will result in increased development.	d warning s	system capabilitie	s for all current and future	
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the events. This action will increase eme				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action			not participate in the Storm eady Program	
	Complete half of the program requirements		The Town would not be eligible to participate in the Storm Ready Program		





Participate in the program, but do not utilize resources

The Town would miss opportunities to strengthen communication and safety skills





Action 2024-Stony PointT-12. Short-Term Response and Recovery Plan

Action Name:	Short-Term Response and Recovery Plan				
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have a short-term respons	se and recovery plan.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature				
Description of the Solution:	In accordance with guidance from Rockland County, we are tasked with developing a short-term response and recovery plan. This plan will be centered on addressing immediate needs in the aftermath of a hazard event. Key focus areas include restoration of critical functions and vital resources, damage assessment, debris removal, power restoration, and provision of temporary housing. The goal of this plan is to outline how the Town will support its residents in the immediate aftermath of an emergency by offering services such as temporary housing, debris clean-up, property damage assessment, establishment of cooling or heating centers, and provision of resources to promote safety and security.				
Lead Agency:	Town Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, EMGP				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7				
Benefits:	This plan will focus on short-term response and recovery following a hazard event. The plan will focus on addressing immediate needs following the emergency, including activities such as restoration of critical functions and vital resources, damage assessment, debris removal, power restoration, and providing temporary housing.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	immediately following an emergency. This m	address how the Town will assist its populations ay include providing temporary housing, cleaning widing cooling or heating centers, and providing			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		n the restoration of critical functions and vital entify the roles and responsibilities of responding			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will produce a planning capability	for the Town, making it more resilient.			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected by the	short-term response and recovery plan.			
Climate Change Considerations:		nitigation is integrated into the EOP and provide are anticipated to exacerbate the identified risks.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem remains			
	Write a long-term response and recovery pla	n Short-term response and recovery will not be discussed			
	Write individual plans for all aspects of the short-term response and recovery plan	The Town will need to ensure all plans all integrated and nest appropriately			









Action 2024-Stony PointT-13. Evacuation Plan Development

Action Name:	Evacuation Plan Development				
Description of the Problem:	The Town does not have designated	d routes for	evacuations.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑Dam/Levee Failure ☐Disease Outbreak ☐Drought ☑Earthquake ☐Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	torm	
Description of the Solution:	The Town will collaborate with neighboring jurisdictions and Rockland County to assess optimal evacuation routes. These routes will be included in emergency operations and evacuation strategies. Coordinating evacuation routes with neighboring jurisdictions promotes consistency during execution. Moreover, pinpointing routes unaffected by or minimally impacted by hazards, such as flooding, helps mitigate further loss or damage. Establishing predetermined evacuation routes can aid vulnerable populations in effectively preparing themselves and their community members for a safe and timely evacuation.				
Lead Agency:	Town Supervisor				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Surrounding	Jurisdictions	, Rockland County		
Estimated Cost:	Medium			*	
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget, EMGP, County Budge	et			
Implementation Timeline:	4 years				
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5, 7				
Benefits:	Evaluating evacuation routes with surrounding jurisdictions ensures continuity during implementation. Furthermore, identifying routes which are not impacted, or have limited impact, to hazards, such as flood, prevent additional loss or damages.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (Structure Project	SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Having pre-determined evacuation themselves and those within their of				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Identifying evacuation routes can jurisdictions.	assist in smo	ooth transportatio	on operations across multiple	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will produce a planning	capability fo	r the Town, makin	g it more resilient.	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development would need to	be built wit	h access to the ide	entified evacuation routes.	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. Sea level rise associated with climate change may cause water levels in the Hudson River to increase. This action helps to plan for future hazard events.				
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium □Low		□Low		
Alternatives	Action Evaluation		Evaluation		
	No Action Current problem remains			nt problem remains	
	Do not consult surrounding municipalities Evacuation rou		es may go against one another		
	Do not publicize routes Residents will not be aware of the evacuatio routes				





Action 2024-Stony PointT-14. Public Education and Outreach

Action Name:	Public Education and Outreach				
Description of the Problem:	The Town currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents and businesses about hazard mitigation. preparation, response, and recovery.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		Flood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St Wildfire	torm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop and enhance the public Continue to work with Rockland municipalities. This action will in the Town by including discussion and business owners, which will o	d County on the aprove the curre s on disaster pre	ir program that nt public educate paredness and I	provides information to the tion and outreach program in hazard mitigation to residents	
Lead Agency:	Town Supervisor				
Supporting Agencies:	Town Administration, Rockland University	County, Rockla	nd County Stor	rmwater Consortium, Cornell	
Estimated Cost:	Low	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Town Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	1 year				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Town by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Town.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project	t (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations v which may impact them in the To		prepare for and	I mitigate the various hazards	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Businesses, which may be considered critical facilities or lifelines, would be more informed on how to prepare for emergency events and mitigate the risks of potential hazards. With these businesses becoming more resilient, this action would contribute to their continuity of operations. Engage local schools and colleges to promote further public outreach and education in the community with respect to hazard mitigation.				
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program and adapt it to the need	•	eady existing pu	ublic education and outreach	
Impact on Future Development:	N/A				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase events. This action will inform rese and how climate change may exa	idents and busin	ess owners of ho		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action		Evalua	ation	
	No action Current methods remain the only ones used				
	Rely on state or federal resources Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks the Town				
	Use only a few methods for distribution			stribution may hinder socially m receiving the guidance	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.21 VILLAGE OF SUFFERN

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Suffern with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Suffern, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.21.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Suffern identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Mayor represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.21-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.21-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact Alternate Point of Contact Name/Title: Michael Curely, Mayor Name/Title: Charles Sawicki, Director of Public Works

Phone Number: (845) 357-2600 Email: mcurley@suffernny.gov

Address: 61 Washington Avenue, Suffern NY 10901 Address: 61 Washington Avenue, Suffern NY 10901 Phone Number: (845) 357-2602 Email: csawicki@suffernny.gov

National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator

Name/Title: Charles Sawicki, Director of Public Works Address: 61 Washington Avenue, Suffern NY 10901

Phone Number: (845) 357-2602 Email: csawicki@suffernny.gov

Additional Contributors

Name/Title: Charles Sawicki, Director of Public Works

Method of Participation: Completed mitigation strategy input, reviewed draft annex

Name/Title: Danielle Curtin, Department of Public Works Clerk

Method of Participation: Completed mitigation strategy input, completed action review, completed hazard event history and NFIP

surveys, reviewed draft annex

Name/Title: Michael Curely, Mayor

Method of Participation: Reviewed draft annex

9.21.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Suffern is located along the southern border of the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County. It is approximately 2.1 square miles in size and bordered to the north by the Town of Ramapo and the Village of





Montebello, to the south by New Jersey, to the east by the Village of Airmont and to the west by the Village of Hillburn (Rockland County 2018). Both the Ramapo River and Mahwah River flow through the Village. The Ramapo River Watershed encompasses the entire Village.

The New York State Thruway passes through the Village, as does I-287. The area is served by New Jersey Transit and Metro-North Railroad commuter lines which stop at the Suffern train station. Freight rail also passes through the Village.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 4.3 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 20.4 percent is 65 years of age or older, 7.6 percent is non-English speaking, 6.2 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 9.7 percent is considered disabled.

9.21.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Suffern performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Suffern to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.21-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to the Village of Suffern.



Table 9.21-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation		ı		
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 96 Building Construction and Fire Prevention	State, Local	Fire Inspector, Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Officer
protection from the hazards creat	ribe minimum require ted by fire and explosi ention and Building C	ments necessary to establish a reasona ion. This code is designed to supplemen ode. Should there be a discrepancy bet	it and expand up	on the requirements of th
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 266 Zoning	Local	Zoning Board of Appeals, Code Enforcement Office
10, Subdivision 6, of the Statute o hereinafter referred to as the "Zo the Zoning Law aims to reduce sto	7-700 of the Village L of Local Governments, ning Law," to promoto prmwater runoff that	aw as amended, §§ 10, Subdivision 1(ii) the Board of Trustees of the Village of the purposes set forth in § 7-704 of the worsens flooding and to create a hospitins, protect wetlands, and to connect of	Suffern hereby a ne Village Law. Ar tal climate for the	dopts this chapter, mong the stated purposes, e pursuit of happiness. It
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 239 Subdivision of Land	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated This ordinance is currently under shown on the Critical Environmen	review for possible re	vision and updating. The cluster technic	que shall be cons	idered for all properties
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 266 Zoning, Article X Site Plan Approval; Chapter 228 Site Plan Regulations	Local	Planning Board
use, the expansion or relocation of take into consideration the recom- convenience of the public in gene immediate neighborhood in partic	nning Board is require of any existing use or a nmendations of the Vi ral and of the residen cular. The Planning Bo	w does this reduce risk? d for the development or redevelopme a change of use. In considering and active lage Development Plan, the public hea ts, employees, visitors, and patrons of to pard considers several criteria, including intinuous downstream flooding, and physical	ng upon site plan Ith, safety and w the proposed dev g the site's topog	is, the Planning Board shall elfare, the comfort and velopment and of the raphy, adequate
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 233 Stormwater Management	Local	Department of Public Works
general health, safety, and welfar One of the stated objectives of th	tablish minimum stor e of the public residin e ordinance is to mini	w does this reduce risk? mwater management requirements and g within the Village of Suffern and to ac mize increases in stormwater runoff ra	ddress the finding	gs of fact in § 233-1 hereof
activities to reduce flooding and s Post-Disaster Recovery/	No	_	_	_
Reconstruction Code How has or will this be integrated		nw does this reduce risk?		
N/A	with the filth and no	The does this reduce fish;		
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	<u>-</u>
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		wwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwww	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.



	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 266 Zoning, Article IV General Regulations	Local	Board of Trustees, Planning Board
on those remaining undeveloped to best protect sensitive environn as a whole. All uses in the Critical	nmental Area Overlay and underdeveloped nental features and to Environmental Area (ow does this reduce risk? y District is to provide an additional meal lands with sensitive environmental feat or minimize adverse environmental impactory district require the issuance of a rall properties shown on the Critical Environmental Environmenta	tures, and to enc ects on neighbori a special permit I	ourage flexibility in layout ng properties or the Village by the Board of Trustees
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 141 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Director of Public Works
efficiency or the capacity of the fl debris which will obstruct flow un a permit except if it shall not be h anchored to prevent floatation, a	oodway or increase fl ider flood conditions. abituated by humans nd construct utilities a	acting alone or in combination with existed the control of the con	or obstruct or o loodway, the Pla imizes obstruction dproof. Develop	therwise catch or collect nning Board will not grant in to floodwater flood, be ment that lies in the fringe
Wellhead Protection	a) must meet addition	onal requirements, including being built	with one foot of	rreepoard.
How has or will this be integrated N/A	-	ow does this reduce risk?	_	_
Emergency Management Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	Chapter 141 Flood Damage Prevention	State, Local	Director of Public Works
one foot of freeboard. The Village lowest floor elevated to at least o	- and two-family resider's Floodplain District	dences to be built with two feet of freek requires that any structure built on pilir		
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Village of Suffern Comprehensive Land Use Plan, 2023	Local	Village Clerk
term land use planning and zonin include goals and policy recomme	g a new Village-wide Co g analysis consistent w endations to make the	v does this reduce risk? comprehensive Plan pursuant to NYS Vi ith the suburban nature of existing use Village more sustainable and climate c , water conservation, and waste minin	es throughout the hange resilient th	e Village. The new plan wil hrough such as building
Capital Improvement Plan	Yes	Adopted Budgets FY Ending 2024	Local	Village Board, Finance Department
	t of proposed capital p	v does this reduce risk? rojects for the Village of Suffern. These projects may include emergency power		
Plan How has or will this be integrated		u doos this raduce risk?		
N/A		v does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Annual Report 2023	Local	Department of Public Works
	he efforts of the Depar noludes observation su	tment of Public Works to fulfill its Stor ch as how many violations occur annu		
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has	(code chapter or name of plan, date	(local, county,	Responsible Person,
Transportation Disp	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Transportation Plan How has or will this be integrated	No with the HMD and he	- vu does this roduce risk?	-	-
N/A	with the HMP and no	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	A. V	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated No	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?	•	
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		





Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.21-3 summarizes the capabilities of the Village of Suffern to oversee and track development.

Table 9.21-3. Development and Permitting Capability

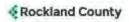
Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Village of Suffern Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Village is fully built out.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.21-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to the Village of Suffern and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.21-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board reviews and grants approvals for site plans and subdivisions. They also make recommendations to the Zoning Board of Appeals and Town Board on various zoning and planning matters.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board considers appeals for variances from the zoning ordinance, appeals of the Building Inspector, special permit applications and requests for zoning interpretations.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works is responsible for the delivery of various Village services to the Public. Three main divisions make up the Department of Public Works: Street & Refuse, Water & Sewer and Waste Water Treatment.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	Building Department services include Building Inspection, Zoning Regulation, Code Enforcement, Fire Inspection, and Property Maintenance.



	A : Inhin 7	Community
Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	Yes	The Suffern Fire Department, organized in 1900, is an all-volunteer organization, and divided into two Companies, Suffern Hook & Ladder Co #1 and the Volunteer Hose Co #1.
		The Suffern Police Department features a Patrol Division, Detective Bureau, K-9 Unit, Bicycle Patrol, DARE Unit and a Community Policing Unit.
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Department of Public Works
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Fire and Police Departments
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Planner consultant
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Department of Public Works
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Planner consultant
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Department of Public Works
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Chief Building Inspector
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	<u>-</u>
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	Yes	Police Chief
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Consultant
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	<u>-</u>

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.21-5 summarizes financial resources available to the Village of Suffern.

Table 9.21-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes





Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes - Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs) through NYSDOT
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.21-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to the Village of Suffern.

Table 9.21-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	-
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village maintains a website that provides links to the various municipal departments, local laws and planning documents, Village newsletter, news updates, and links to local, county, state and federal governments. Additionally, the Village provides flood awareness safety tips, high wind safety tips and winter safety tips to its residents.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	See below
If yes, please describe.	<u>-</u>	The Village maintains a website that provides links to the various municipal departments, local laws and planning documents, Village newsletter, news updates, and links to local, county, state and federal governments. Additionally, the Village provides flood awareness safety tips, high wind safety tips and winter safety tips to its residents.



Community Classifications

Table 9.21-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to the Village of Suffern.

Table 9.21-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	Yes	9	5/1/2018
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	No		-
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No		-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.21-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.21-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Dam Failure	Moderate	
Disease Outbreak	Moderate	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate	
Wildfire	Moderate	



9.21.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.21-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.21-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for the Village of Suffern.

Table 9.21-9. The Village of Suffern NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	62
# Claims (Losses)	432
Total Loss Payments	\$4,914,588
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	29
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	4
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	3

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.21-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in the Village of Suffern.

Table 9.21-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Lonergan Drive, Temple Lane, Spicer Road, South Street, Ruby Street, Ed Fagan Drive, Pat Malone Drive, Brook Street
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	Yes
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Several, but the list is not broken down.
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Percentage of total value 50 percent or greater



NFIP Topic	Comments
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	Zero
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	63
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Department of Public Works
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit Review
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Damage greater than 5 percent of value of structure.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	February 2023
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 141- Flood Damage Prevention LL No. 14-2013.
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2013
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Yes
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Planning Board and Zoning Board consider all efforts to reduce flood risks when reviewing variances such as height restrictions.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Currently participate in the CRS Program.

9.21.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent





and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.21-11 through Table 9.21-13.

Table 9.21-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued					
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total		
	2018					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2019				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
		2020				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
	2021					
Total Permits	0	1	0	1		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		
2022						
Total Permits	1	1	0	2		
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0		

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.21-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
New Antrim Point	Apt. Building	52	176 Lafayette Ave Suffern NY 10901	None	Completed
Washington Mews	Apt. Building	60	15 Washington Ave Suffern NY 10901	None	Almost Completed

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.21-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
Brookfield Property	Industrial	3 Structures	25 Old Mill Road Suffern NY 10901	AE, X	Planning Stages

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.21.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Suffern risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.





Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.21-1 through Figure 9.21-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Suffern has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



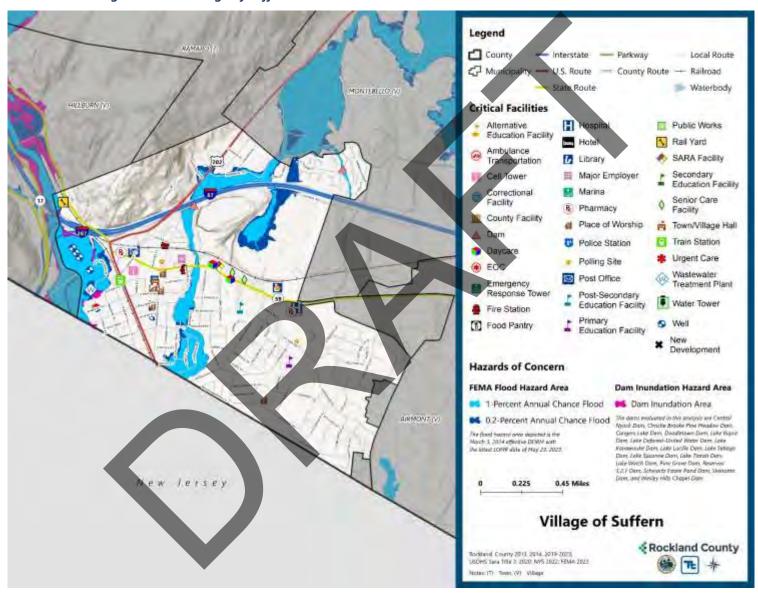


Figure 9.21-1. Village of Suffern Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



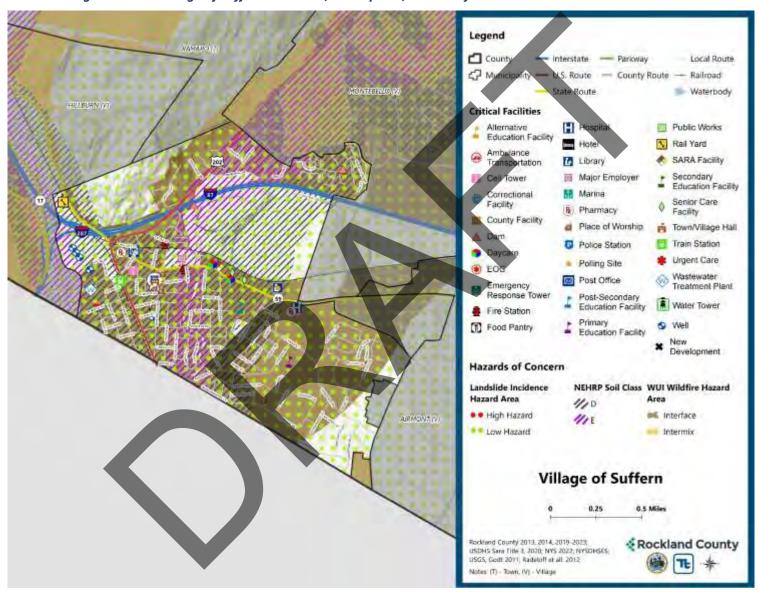


Figure 9.21-2. Village of Suffern Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Suffern is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.21-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.21-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Suffern

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	The Village followed State mandates of social distancing and masking.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	Winds and rainfall caused damage and power outages to pumps at Water Treatment Plant. Numerous trees were downed requiring emergency protective measures.
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Flooding caused extensive damage to Village roadways, parks, and athletic fields. Roads were closed and extensive debris clean-up was needed requiring emergency protective measures.
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding	No	Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	Flooding resulted in road closures, debris clean-up and sinkholes.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable



Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Suffern.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Suffern reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following hazard rankings were appropriate.

Table 9.21-15 shows Suffern's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Medium Extreme Temperature Medium Flood Medium Landslide. Low Severe Weather Severe Winter Weather Wildfire Medium

Table 9.21-15. Hazard Ranking

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.21-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Exposure 1 percent 0.2 percent Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level Addressed by **Event** Type **Event Proposed Action** (describe protections) Name Lake Antrim Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-SuffernV-17 No Ramapo Cirque Dam Dam Yes 2024-SuffernV-17 Yes No Suffern Water Well #3 Well Yes Yes N/A Pump head three feet above Base Flood Elevation (BFE) at Water Treatment Facility. Suffern Water Well N/A Yes Yes Pump head three feet above BFE at Water Treatment Facility. Suffern Water Well Yes Yes N/A Pump head three feet above BFE at Water Treatment Facility.

Table 9.21-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability



		Ехр	osure		
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	Already Protected to 0.2 percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Suffern Water	Well	Yes	Yes	N/A	Pump head three feet above BFE at Water Treatment Facility.

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Suffern's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Suffern identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Village does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- There are flood prone roadways in the Village, including Lonergan Drive, Temple Lane, Spicer Road, South Street, Ruby Street, Ed Fagan Drive, Pat Malone Drive, and Brook Street.
- The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery.
- The Village is currently unable to warn commuters of flood risk in the area.
- The Village does not have a Community Emergency Response Team (CERT). CERT is needed to education residents about disaster preparedness and trains members in basic disaster response skills.
- Village emergency shelters need emergency kits and property kitchen equipment for when the shelters are in operation.
- Currently, there is no watershed management group for the Mahwah River.
- There is need to identify locations to implement green infrastructure practices and stormwater storage systems in the Village.
- The Chestnut Street underpass along Orange Avenue and Route 202 needs to be improved, as the area becomes inundated during periods of heavy rain.
- There is a need for an environmentally sensitive program in the Village.
- The Lake Antrim area is prone to flooding.
- Areas of Longgran Drive, downtown business district, and the ballfield are prone to flooding.
- The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry.
- GIS mapping needs to be updated for the Village.
- The Mahwah River Bank, along Memorial Drive has signification erosion as a result of flooding from past storms. As a result, the roadway has been closed.
- There are two dams (Lake Antrim Dam and Ramapo Cirque Dam), which are critical infrastructures, located
 in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. These structures have the potential to impact those living
 nearby.
- The Wastewater Treatment Plant must be protected to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario.



^{*}This issue was identified as a specific area of concern based on resident response to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey.



9.21.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Village of Suffern did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.21-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, the Village of Suffern did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.21-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern-1	Develop Outreach Program	All Hazards	Village, Emergency Services	The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery. Develop a comprehensive Village-wide education and outreach program for storm preparation, response, and recovery.	Complete Village website directs residents to the Rockland County Stormwater Consortium site for storm preparation information.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Complete
V. Suffern-2	Upgrade the Village's NIXLE	All Hazards	Village, Emergency Services, Rockland County	The current emergency alert system is out of date and needs to be upgraded. Upgrade the Village's NIXLE system to notify residents and businesses during Village-wide emergencies. Update the Village's Emergency Operations Plan to comply with the National Incident Management System (NIMS).	Complete The Village Police Department utilizes NIXLE System to notify residents.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Complete
V. Suffern-3	Commuter lot signage	Severe Storm, Flood	Village, Emergency Services, DPW	Unable to warn commuters of flood risk in the area. Purchase and install signage in commuter lots (including Lots A, B, F, and Lake Antrim / Memorial Pool parking) to warn about flooding risk to cars and help educate residents and commuters about the risks of flooding in the area.	In Progress Signage has been placed in a portion of the identified areas.	Include Purchase and install signage in remaining identified areas to warn about flooding risk to cars and help educate residents and commuters about the risk of flooding in the area.



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern-4	Develop a Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)	All Hazards	Village, Emergency Services, Rockland County	CERT is needed as a way to education residents about disaster preparedness and trains members in basic disaster response skills. Develop a Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) to educate people about disaster preparedness and train citizen volunteers to assist their community when professional responders are not immediately available to help.	In Progress Presenting recruiting local residents to participate in the CERT Program	Include Ongoing recruitment to establish a Community Emergency Response Team to educate residents about disaster preparedness. N/A
V. Suffern-5	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties	All Hazards	Village, Emergency Services		1. Complete 2. As a member of the Community Rating System (CRS) the Village has completed a list of homeowners and businesses that may need assistance moving resources prior to a storm.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern-6	Sheltering Materials	All Hazards	Village, Emergency Services	Village emergency shelters need emergency kits and property kitchen equipment for when the shelters are in operation. Develop emergency kits, purchase materials to accommodate pets, and install kitchen equipment, where needed, at shelters in the Village.	In Progress Various Village Departments are identifying necessary emergency kits and kitchen equipment needs.	Include Provide emergency kits and update facilities to provide shelter and accommodate residents when necessary. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		progress or obstacles that have	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern-7	Establish a Mahwah River Watershed Management Group	All Hazards	Village, Rockland County	Currently, there is no watershed management group for the Mahwah River. Establish a Mahwah River Watershed Management Group that will collectively address development pressures, stormwater runoff issues and flood control mitigation projects at a watershed (regional) scale. Coordination with the Rockland-Bergen Bi-state River Commission will be part of the group's tasks.	In Progress Unable to fully coordinate with various County and State Stakeholders.	Include Establish a Mahwah River Watershed Management Group to address various stormwater runoff issues, coordinating with Rockland-Begen Bi-State River Commission. N/A
V. Suffern-8	Mitigation Initiative Assistance	Flood	Village of Suffern, FEMA	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Provide support to the Village to explore various buyout and relocation program opportunities, identify eligible properties, and administer the buyout program, and prepare an economic development plan to offset reduction intax revenues resulting from a buyout.	2. Approximately 60 residential properties	Include Will continue to advise property owners of any and all potential FEMA buyout opportunities. N/A
V. Suffern-9	Mitigation Initiatives Education Campaign	Flood	Village of Suffern, FEMA	Homeowners need to be made aware	Ongoing Capability The Village will continue to encourage homeowners in areas susceptible to flooding to move mechanicals form basements to upper floors.	Discontinue N/A This action is considered ongoing.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 10	Stormwater Infrastructure Inventory	All Hazards	Village of Suffern, NYSDOT, U.S. Federal Highway Administration	There is a need for a list of existing stormwater management infrastructure in the village. Inventory of existing stormwater management infrastructure.	2. A list was created by the Department of Public Works and Building Department. Future	Discontinue N/A Alist was created by the Department of Public Works and Building Department. Future infrastructure projects will be added to the list.
V. Suffern- 11	Green Infrastructure Study	All Hazards	Village of Suffern, NYSDEC	There is need to identify locations to implement green infrastructure practices and stormwater storage systems in the Village. Conduct a feasibility study to determine appropriate locations to implement green infrastructure practices and stormwater storage systems throughout Suffern.	In Progress Currently limited progress has been realized.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
V. Suffern- 12	Review Village Codes	Severe Storm, Flood	Village of Suffern	Some facilities were built before code updates; therefore, they may be more susceptible to damage from a hazard	Ongoing Capability Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.	Discontinue N/A Ongoing capability. Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 13	DPW Emergency Generator	All Hazards		The DPW garage lacks permanent backup power and cannot fully function during periods of power outages. Provide permanent emergency power generators at the DPW Garage to maintain operation of the fuel pumps and at the South Street Pump Station to allow for uninterrupted service of the facility.		Discontinue N/A Required work completed.
V. Suffern- 14	NJ Transit Commuter Rail Line Crossing	All Hazards	Village of Suffern, NJ Transit, NYSDOT, U.S. Federal Highway Administration	There is currently no access to the west ward near the emergency railroad crossing over the NJ Transit commuter rail line. Provide access to the West Ward by way of an at-grade Emergency Railroad Crossing over the NJ Transit Commuter Rail Line.	No Progress Unable to secure an Agreement with NJ Transit.	Discontinue N/A Unable to secure an Agreement with NJ Transit.
V. Suffern- 15	Chestnut Street Underpass Drainage Improvements	All Hazards	Suffern, NYSDOT, NYSDEC, U.S. Federal Highway Administration, USACE	Orange Avenue and Route 202 needs to	In Progress Investigative work currently underway. Some improvements have been completed.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 16	Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	Severe Storm, Flood	Village of Suffern, NYS and/or Rockland County Dept. of Health	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Protect the wastewater treatment plant, owned by the Village, and related facilities to the 500-year flood or worst-case scenario. The Village will determine feasible and cost-effective mitigation actions to implement which may include elevating critical mechanicals, floodproofing entries, installation of flood walls, and relocating the facility.	Discontinue This is a repetitive action. Combine with ltem 17.	N/A This is a repetitive action. Consolidate with V.Suffern-17.
V. Suffern- 17	Physical Protective Measures for Critical Facilities in the Floodplain	Flood	Village DPW	1	1. In Progress 2. Install proposed flood wall at Wastewater Treatment Plant projected completed date during Second Quarter of 2024.	1. Include 2. Make this an individual action for the WWTP. Consolidate with V.Sufferrn-16. 3. N/A
V. Suffern- 18	Critical Facility Flood Protection Measures	Flood	Village DPW		No Progress There are no critical facilities identified as being in the floodplain, other than dams.	Discontinue N/A There are no critical facilities identified as being in the floodplain which haven't already been mitigated, other than dams.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party			Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 19	Mahwah River Watershed Evaluation	All Hazards	Village of Suffern		No Progress No progress has been realized to date.	 Include Consolidate with V.Suffern-20 N/A
V. Suffern- 20	Sensitive Environments Program Development	All Hazards	Village of Suffern, Rockland County, NYS DEC	There is a need for an environmentally sensitive program in the Village. Coordinate between the Village, County, and State to develop an environmentally sensitive program to (1) clear the channels of the Mahwah and Ramapo Rivers by removing debris and detritus from their bed and banks as well as from the shores of Lake Antrim; (2) develop a program for the ongoing maintenance of these the rivers.	No Progress No progress has been realized to date.	1. Include 2. Consolidate with V.Suffern-20 3. N/A
V. Suffern- 21	Lake Antrim Flood Improvements	Severe Storm, Flood	Village of Suffern, Rockland County, NYS DEC	Lake Antrim area is prone to flooding. Restore Lake Antrim by designing and installing improvements to the surrounding bank and floodplain.	No Progress Technical and financial assistance are required.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 22	Wastewater Treatment Plant	Flood	DPW	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Wastewater Treatment Plant – build a small space on the roof of the sludge building to house the motor control center. This will ensure its continued operation in the event of a flood. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".		1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Proposed floodwall at WWTP.
v. Suffern- 23	Water Supply Wells	Flood	DPW	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Water Supply Wells – raise the roof of the building to protect the critical equipment inside which can be mounted above the design flood elevation. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	1. Complete 2. Raised pump heads of Well No. 1, Well No. 2 and Well No. 4 three feet above Base Flood Elevation (BFE) at Water Treatment Facility.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 24	South Street Pump Station	Flood	DPW	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. South Street Pump Station – replace existing pumps with dry pit submersible pumps and build a raised exterior platform for a new emergency generator. This pump serves the entire village. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	1. Complete 2. Action completed	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern- 25	DPW Garage	Flood	DPW	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. DPW Garage – upgrade electrical services and a raised electrical panel above the design flood elevation and install a larger generator. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	1. Complete 2. Action completed	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern- 26	Lonegran Drive Drainage Improvements	Flood	DPW	Areas of Lonegran Drive, downtown business district, and ballfield are prone to flooding. Identify different options to improve drainage and flood prevention in the areas of Lonegran Drive, downtown business district, and ballfield.	1. In Progress 2. No Progress has been realized.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 27	Comprehensive Plan Updates	All Hazards	Village of Suffern		Complete The plan has been updated	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern- 28	Community Rating System (CRS)	Flood	Village of Suffern	The Village is currently not in the CRS program; but working towards joining. Continue working towards joining CRS.	1. Complete 2. Member of CRS Program	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern- 29	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	Flood	Village Board	Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. Notify and provided needed support to the below facility manager/operator to evaluate the Village of Suffern's flood vulnerability and determine what mitigation options are needed, if any. Assure that any mitigation addresses the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario" O&R Suffern Gate Station — Gas (hazmat)	Complete The O&R Suffern Gate Station Project has been completed. The Gate Station was elevated as required for a Critical Facility.	1. Discontinue 2. N/A 3. Completed
V. Suffern- 30	Update the Emergency Response Plan	All Hazards	Rockland County, Village	The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry. Work with Rockland County to obtain access to the functional-needs registry and enhance emergency response plans for the Village.	1. In Progress 2. N/A	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
V. Suffern- 31	GIS Online Mapping	All Hazards	Village Trustee	S S		1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Suffern participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Suffern would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.21-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.21-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.



Table 9.21-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category									
		FE	MA				CI	RS		
Hazard	LPR SIP NSP EAP PR PP PI NR S						SP	ES		
Dam Failure	1	-	-	5	-	-	5	-	-	3
Disease Outbreak	1	-	-	4	-	-	4	-	-	3
Drought	1	-	-	4	-	-	4	-	-	3
Earthquake	1	-	-	4	-	-	4	-	-	3
Extreme Temperature	1	-	-	4		-	4	-	-	3
Flood	5	5	3	6	4	2	6	3	5	3
Landslide	1	-	-	4		-	4	-	-	3
Severe Weather	4	4	3	4	3	1	4	3	4	3
Severe Winter Weather	1	-		4	-		4	-	-	3
Wildfire	1	-	7	4	-	-	4	-	-	3

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.21-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-SuffernV-01	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-02	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-03	Flood Prone Roadways	1	1	1	1	_1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024-SuffernV-04	Develop Outreach Program	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-05	Commuter Lot Signage	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	9	Medium
2024-SuffernV-06	Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-07	Sheltering Materials	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	11	High
2024-SuffernV-08	Mahwah River Watershed Management Group	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-09	Green Infrastructure Study	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024-SuffernV-10	Chestnut Street Underpass Drainage Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-SuffernV-11	Sensitive Environments Program Development	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024-SuffernV-12	Lake Antrim Flood Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-13	Lonegran Drive Drainage Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-SuffernV-14	Emergency Response Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-SuffernV-15	GIS Online Mapping	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-SuffernV-16	Mahwah River Bank Flood Mitigation	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	High
2024-SuffernV-17	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	12	High



Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-SuffernV-18	Physical Protective Measures at the Wastewater Treatment Plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	11	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-SuffernV-01. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations (Outreach		
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have any populations and underserved po	-	that conduct out	treach to socially vulnerable
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Develop outreach materials, or hazard risks for socially vulr participation in Village events, platforms, posting on the Village in Village libraries and offices. dedicated to engaging with so identifying and supporting th opportunities for education and	nerable popula inclusion in website, and n Additionally, co ocially vulneral ese populatio	ations. Distribution Village newsletter making the materia onsider the possible populations. It within the Vins within the Vins Village page 1	on strategies could include rs, sharing via social media als available for public viewing bility of hiring staff members This initiative would help in
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, HMGP			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is vulnerable populations in the velocate and inform populations	Village. Further	rmore, this action	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project	ct (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in will identify an individual to iden date information is being shared	ntify and work v		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard utilities and emergency services rescue.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon to program and adapt its contents	•		blic education and outreach
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increa events. This action will inform re and how climate change may ex	sidents and bus	siness owners of ho	The state of the s
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evaluat	tion
	No action	Curre	ent methods remain	n the only ones used
	Rely on state or federal resources	Resources ma	ay be generalized a the Vill	nd not specific to the risks in age
	Use only a few methods for distribution			tribution may hinder socially n receiving the guidance





Action 2024-SuffernV-02. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties					
Description of the Problem:	There are repetitive loss properties in the Vill- stress on the property owner and Village and	age. Repetitively flooded properties place an undue efforts should be made to mitigate them.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood				
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide				
	□Drought	□Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm				
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire				
Description of the Solution:	options for properties at risk within the flood (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL). The	stance with non-structural flood hazard mitigation dplain, including those identified as Repetitive Loss se options may include acquisition/relocation or or this program will take into consideration funding any participation of property owners.				
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	Medium					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Village Budget, Cou	nty Budget, Property Owners				
Implementation Timeline:	3 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3					
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floo from the flood hazard area or elevating prop	dplain management by removing at risk properties erties to reduce the flood risk.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)				
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may be able to otherwise be unaffordable.	o have houses elevated or acquired when it would				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floodplain d services including health and medical, law er	ecreases the demand on utilities and emergency forcement, and search and rescue.				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's current	NFIP capabilities.				
Impact on Future Development:		lood prone area will limit construction in areas that acquired, which will remove those structures from ent on those sites.				
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have often, including increased periods of intense	the potential to be more intense and occur more rain events.				
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Mediu	m □Low				
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action	Current problem continues				
	Construct flood walls/barriers around vulnerable areas	Costly and can divert floodwaters to other areas				
	Deployable flood barriers for vulnerable areas Requires a great deal of work to implement prior to each event					



Action 2024-SuffernV-03. Flood Prone Roadways

Action Name:	Flood Prone Roadways			
Description of the Problem:	There are flood prone roadways in the Road, South Street, Ruby Street, Ed Fa			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter Sto IWildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Village will collaborate with the mitigation strategies for flood-prone drainage systems, and other infrastransportation lifeline, ensuring safe a and emergency operations.	road syst	tems, including r These efforts w	oads, bridges, intersections, ill focus on protecting the
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works			
Supporting Agencies:	County Public Works			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	2			
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to p will lead to the assurance of clear ro responses.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerabl along flood prone roads.	le populati	ons whose proper	rties are impacted by flooding
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to p will lead to the assurance of clear ro responses.			
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted a	rea will be	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of in			nore intense and occur more
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action Current problem continue			problem continues
	Relocate all flood prone road system Not feasible			
	Raise all flood prone roads Cost prohibitive			



Action 2024-SuffernV-04. Develop Outreach Program

Action Name:	Develop Outreach Program			
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents about storm preparation, response, and recovery.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Dam/Levee Failure☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake☑ Extreme Temperature		☑ Flood ☑ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter St ☑ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Create an extensive community-wide educational and outreach initiative for storm preparedness, response, and recovery in the Village. Collaborate with Rockland County on their program aimed at disseminating pertinent information to municipal entities through mailings, flyers placed in public places, social media campaigns, and updates to the village website.			
Lead Agency:	Village Administration	_		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		_	
Implementation Timeline:	1 year			*
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ⊠Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations will learn how to prepare for and mitigate the various hazards which may impact them in the Village.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Businesses, which may be considered critical facilities or lifelines, would be more informed on how to prepare for emergency events and mitigate the risks of potential hazards. With these businesses becoming more resilient, this action would contribute to their continuity of operations.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program and adapt its contents to	•		ublic education and outreach
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action will inform residents and business owners of how to reduce risk from hazards and how climate change may exacerbate those risks.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current method	ds remain the only ones used
	Rely on state or federal resources Resources may be generalize		e generalized and not specificerisks in the Village	
	Use only a few methods for distribution		methods of distribution may vulnerable populations from	





Action 2024-SuffernV-05. Commuter Lot Signage

Action Name:	Commuter Lot Signage			
Description of the Problem:	The Village is currently unable to warn commuters of flood risk in the area.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide		
	□Drought	□Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm		
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:		s (including Lots A, B, E, and Lake Antrim / Memorial o vehicles and provide information to residents and s of flooding in the vicinity.		
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Services			
Supporting Agencies:	Village Public Works			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will provide emergency guidance for residents and commuters which utilize commuter lots (including Lots A, B, F, and Lake Antrim / Memorial Pool parking) will be information of flood risks in the area.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Populations which utilize commuter lots (including Lots A, B, F, and Lake Antrim / Memorial Pool parking) will be information of flood risks in the area.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will enhance the safety and security lifelines by providing emergency guidance for residents and commuters.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new capability for about the risks of flooding in the area.	the Village and will advise residents and commuters		
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events.			
Priority: Check one	□High	ium □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem remains		
	Rent virtual message boards	Cost prohibitive		
	Have staff act as flaggers to warn residents commuters	and May put staff at risk; staff may have other responsibilities		



Action 2024-SuffernV-06. Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)

Action Name:	Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)			
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have a Community Emergency Response Team (CERT). CERT is needed as a way to education residents about disaster preparedness and trains members in basic disaster response skills.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure		∃Flood	
Check all that apply	⊠Disease Outbreak	-	∐Landslide	
	⊠Drought	_	Severe Storm	
	⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	torm
Description of the Solution:	Develop a Community Emergency			ducato populo about disastor
Description of the Solution.	preparedness and train citizen v			
	responders are not immediately			
	responders during a disaster, the C			
	emergency responders and the prelationships between emergency re			
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Services	esponders a	nd the people the	y serve.
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	In addition to supporting emergency responders during a disaster, the CERT program builds strong working relationships between emergency responders and the people they serve. CERT			
	program builds strong working relationships between emergency responders and the people they serve.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP)		□Structural Floo	od Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will enhance the safety a year-round by helping with commun	nity emergen	cy plans, neighbor	•
	outreach, fire safety education, and	•	•	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new capability for the Village which can be utilized before, during, and after an emergency.			
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather-related disaster events. CER Teams can assist by providing volunteers to work with emergency responders and the public.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem remains	
	Rely on career personnel		Staffing may be overworked	
	Accept spontaneous volunte	eers	Difficult	to manage and track





Action 2024-SuffernV-07. Sheltering Materials

Action Name:	Sheltering Materials			
Description of the Problem:	Village emergency shelters need emergency kits and property kitchen equipment for when the shelters are in operation.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	equipment, where needed, at shelters in the	rials to accommodate pets, and install kitchen Village. This action protects public health and safety tical facility and its essential functions during an		
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County, American Red Cross			
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Community Performance Grants (EMPG) Program, Villag	Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Management ge Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5			
Benefits:	This action protects public health and safety and its essential functions during an emerge	and ensures continued operation of a critical facility incy.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ⊠Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations are often the most at-risk to hazards due to pre-existing conditions and socioeconomic status. Populations may not be able to evacuate during times of emergency and need a safe, nearby location to locate to.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will provide medical emergency responders.	kits at shelters in the Village for use by emergency		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's shelt which can support resident's needs.	ering capabilities, by providing a stocked location		
Impact on Future Development:	This action results in protection of a critical	facility that could support future development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaste events. Having an operable building with the proper equipment needed for continuity operations will create a safe environment for those at risk.			
Priority: Check one	⊠ High □ Media	ım □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem continues		
	Build new facility	Cost prohibitive		
	Accept donations for materials	Used items may not be sanitary		





Action 2024-SuffernV-08. Mahwah River Watershed Management Group

Action Name:	Mahwah River Watershed Management Group			
Description of the Problem:	Currently, there is no watershed management group for the Mahwah River.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	×	Flood	
Check all that apply	Disease Outbreak		Landslide	
	□Drought	\boxtimes	Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Storm	
	☐Extreme Temperature		Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Establish a Mahwah River	Watershed Manag	gement Group that will collectively address	
	watershed (regional) scale. C will be part of the group's ta	oordination with tl isks. This action wi	ues and flood control mitigation projects at a ne Rockland-Bergen Bi-state River Commission Il create a new, collaborative capability in the ressing issues in the Mahwah River Watershed,	
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County, Surroundin DEC	g Jurisdictions, Ro	ckland-Bergen Bi-state River Commission, NYS	
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low	7 (
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	2, 3, 4, 5, 6			
Benefits:		collaborative capal	pility in the Village and in the region, which will	
			Natershed, including flooding.	
Mitigation Action Type:	\square Local Plans and Regulations (LF	PR)	☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP)	
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Pro	oject (SIP)	☐ □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR)		⊠Natural Resource Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	□ Property Protection (PP)		☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)	
James et an Casially Volumentla	□ Public Information (PI)	ul of this setion	□ Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The group forming as a result of this action will address themes which impact the total population of the Village. Input from the public will be welcomed to the Mahwah River			
ropulations.	Watershed Management Gro		one will be welcomed to the Manwall River	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:			up will discuss and address items connected to	
impact on critical radinates, Encliness			nay be crossover in topics which would protect	
	or enhance the transportation			
Impact on Capabilities			oility in the Village and in the region, which will Watershed, including flooding.	
Impact on Future Development:		ire development a	s outcomes from discussions could influence	
Climate Change Considerations:			potential to be more intense and occur more	
			events. The Mahwah River Watershed is likely	
	to experience more rains and	instances of floodi	ng.	
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium	□Low	
Alternatives	Action		Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem remains	
	Do not coordinate with	Key infor	mation and impacts will not be shared	
	Rockland-Bergen Bi-state			
	River Commission			
	Address issues outside of		mbers would be needed, and agendas could	
	the Mahwah River	lengthen significa	ntly, although identifying issues outside of the	
	Watershed	Mahayah Diasa M	atershed may bring to light potential solutions	





Action 2024-SuffernV-09. Green Infrastructure Study

Action Name:	Green Infrastructure Study			
Description of the Problem:	There is need to identify locations to implement green infrastructure practices and stormwater storage systems in the Village.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□ Flood □ Landslide □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	practices and stormwater storage systems in water and utilities infrastructure, as well as en	sites for the incorporation of green infrastructure Suffern. This initiative will enhance the Village's nsure reliable access to transportation routes and er infrastructure to redirect floodwaters, the be facilitated.		
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	NYS DEC			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years			
Goals Met:	2, 6			
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduced damage occurring to stormwater infrastructure and roadways during severe events. Businesses are likely to remain in place if they are able to remain open, or re-open sooner following a flood. Green infrastructure practices can help replenish groundwater reserves, relieving stress on local water supplies and reducing the need to import potable water.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Public Information (PI) ☐Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will add to the Village's water and utilities infrastructure. Furthermore, transportation routes will be more likely to remain open and access to health and medical facilities will be maintained, both for healthcare workers and the population who requires treatment for injuries and illness by stormwater infrastructure moving the flow of floodwaters away and off of roadways.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will strengthen the Village's currer resilience and environmentally friendly storm	at stormwater management program by providing water management options.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted area will	be less likely to be flooded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have to often, including increased periods of intense r	ne potential to be more intense and occur more ain events.		
Priority:	⊠High □Mediun			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem remains		
	Remove all infrastructure and install new green infrastructure with increased storage/flow capacity	Cost prohibitive		
	Turn areas into green space and remove all infrastructure	Cost prohibitive, may displace residents and businesses		





Action 2024-SuffernV-10. Chestnut Street Underpass Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	Chestnut Street Underpass Drainage Improvements			
Description of the Problem:	The Chestnut Street underpass along Orange Avenue and Route 202 needs to be improved, as the area becomes inundated during periods of heavy rain.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Implement drainage enhancements at the Chestnut Street underpass, along Orange Ave, and along US Route 202 to enhance the protection of these transportation assets and guarantee access for emergency services. This initiative will decrease overall flooding, resulting in fewer road closures and minimizing damage to drainage infrastructure and roadways during severe weather events.			
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works			
Supporting Agencies:	NYS DOT, NYS DEC, US FHA, Rocklan	d County		
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years			
Goals Met:	2, 5			
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, whi damage occurring to drainage infras			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	IIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI) □ Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		od Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding the drainage infrastructure.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action identify options to improve drainage and flood prevention at the Chestnut Street underpass, along Orange Ave, and along US Route 202. Furthermore, transportation routes will be more likely to remain open and access to health and medical facilities will be maintained, both for healthcare workers and the population who requires treatment for injuries and illness.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormwa	ater manage	ement capabilities	of the Village.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted	d area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in more frequent and severe rainfall events. This action upsizes culvert sizes to meet changing stormwater needs as the result of climate change.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No Action			-
	Remove roadway		Roadwa	y cannot be removed
	Raingardens		enough stormwa	unlikely to be able to absorb ter to prevent flooding during re rainfall events.





Action 2024-SuffernV-11. Sensitive Environments Program Development

Action Name:	Sensitive Environments Program Development			
Description of the Problem:	There is a need for an environmentally sensitive program in the Village, including the evaluation of the Mahwah River Watershed.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure		Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide	
	□Drought		Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	□Extreme Temperature		Wildfire)
Description of the Solution:	Facilitate collaboration among the Village, County, and State to create an environmentally conscious program aimed at (1) clearing debris and detritus from the Mahwah and Ramapo Rivers, as well as Lake Antrim; (2) establishing a maintenance plan for these rivers. Additionally, conduct a thorough assessment of the Mahwah River Watershed and Ramapo River Watershed to determine mitigation objectives and performance measures, evaluate erosion and deposition patterns, identify local and watershed stressors, analyze channel evolution trends, and provide recommendations for flood prevention.			
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County, NYS DEC, Surrounding Juri	sdictions		
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, NYSDEC Grants, Village Budget,	Surroundi	ing Jurisdictional B	Budgets
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years	X		
Goals Met:	3, 4, 5, 6			
Benefits:	This coordinated action will provide cleaner waterways and waterbodies in the Village and its surrounding jurisdictions which the Mahwah and Ramap Rivers flow through, as well as the shores of Lake Antrim. Not only will this action beautify the waterways, but it will remove potentially hazardous debris from the waterways, protecting life and property should there be flooding conditions in the future.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)		⊠Natural Resou	rce Protection (NR)
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)		□Structural Floo	od Control Projects (SP)
	□ Public Information (PI) □ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	This action will benefit populations by ren			
Populations:	waterways and waterbodies in the Village Village's residents.	, which co	ould otherwise ha	ave negative impacts on the
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will make it safer for first responder temoved as a part of ongoing maintenance.			aters, if needed, as debris will
Impact on Capabilities	This action will result in a new capability fo clear potentially hazardous debris from water		ge, which would	reduce impacts of floods and
Impact on Future Development:	This action will benefit areas of future development by providing a clean aesthetic in the Village and removing potential debris from areas which could be used for future development.			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have including increased periods of intense rain debris in the waterways.			
Priority:	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	t problem remains
	Coordinate only with surrounding jurisdic	ctions	-	eve jurisdiction to enter waterbodies
	Coordinate only with the County and State Debris up and/or downstream will stil the waterbodies in the Village			





Action 2024-SuffernV-12. Lake Antrim Flood Improvements

Action Name:	Lake Antrim Flood Improvements			
Description of the Problem:	The Lake Antrim area is prone to flooding following heavy rains.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		⊠ Flood □Landslide ⊠ Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Restore Lake Antrim through the floodplain. This initiative aims to mit to Lake Antrim. The project will ber affected by the lake's flooding. Advances by keeping roadways free o	tigate flood nefit socially ditionally, i	ing effects experie y vulnerable comm t will contribute to	nced by the Village in relation nunities whose properties are o ensuring access to medical
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Village Engineering, Rockland Count	y, NY DEC		
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HGMP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2			
Benefits:	This action would reduce the flooding impacts felt by the Village from Lake Antrim.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding from Lake Atrium. Furthermore, this action will assist in keeping roadways clear of flood waters for the populations which may need to attend medical appointments or require medical attention from first responders.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would assist in the reduc responders to traverse the roadway		dway flooding fron	n Lake Atrium, permitting first
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development surrounding Landauvy rain events.	ake Atrium	will experience fe	ewer impacts from flood and
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storr often, including increased periods of		•	nore intense and occur more
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Curren	nt problem remains
	Raise banks of lake to increase s capacity	storage	Co	ost prohibitive
	Construct floodwall along lake		Co	ost prohibitive



Action 2024-SuffernV-13. Lonegran Drive Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	Lonegran Drive Drainage Improvements			
Description of the Problem:	Areas of Lonegran Drive, downtown business district, and the ballfield are prone to flooding.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	×	Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak]Landslide	
	□Drought		Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	☐Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Analyze potential solutions for enhancing drainage and flood prevention in the areas encompassing Lonegran Drive, the downtown business district, and ballfield. These measures will enhance the stormwater management abilities of the Village and ultimately minimize the occurrence of flooding in this region. The implementation of this project is expected to decrease the frequency of road closures and mitigate damage to drainage infrastructure and roadways during extreme weather events. Businesses are more likely to maintain their presence in the area if they can operate uninterrupted or resume operations promptly after a flood event.			
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works			
Supporting Agencies:	Engineering			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years			
Goals Met:	2, 5	7		
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduced damage occurring to drainage infrastructure and roadways during severe events. Businesses are likely to remain in place if they are able to remain open, or re-open sooner following a flood.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		·	ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding the drainage infrastructure.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action identify options to improve drainage and flood prevention in the areas of Lonegran Drive, downtown business district, and ballfield. Furthermore, transportation routes will be more likely to remain open and access to health and medical facilities will be maintained, both for healthcare workers and the population who requires treatment for injuries and illness.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormwater	manage	ement capabilities	of the Village.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted are	ea will be	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in more culvert sizes to meet changing stormwat			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	ledium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No Action			-
	Remove roadway		Roadway	cannot be removed
	Raingardens		enough stormwat	unlikely to be able to absorb er to prevent flooding during e rainfall events.





Action 2024-SuffernV-14. Emergency Response Plan Update

Action Name:	Emergency Response Plan Update		
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plan does not include the functional-needs registry.		
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter Storm ⊠Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	emergency response efforts for the Village. This	ess to the functional-needs registry and enhance is collaboration will grant the Village access to key the socially vulnerable population, including any d by registrants.	
Lead Agency:	Village Administration		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County		
Estimated Cost:	Low		
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	1 year		
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5		
Benefits:	The Village will have the location of registered members of the socially vulnerable population as well as any emergency or medical information the registrant was willing to share.		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations are able to register to the functional-needs registry to have important emergency and medical information stored in a secure system for first responders.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action allows first responders to understan individuals should assistance be needed.	d the emergency and medical needs of registered	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing plan	ning capability of the Village.	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected by the E	mergency Response Plan.	
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly felt, the contents in an Emergency Response Plan, including in the basic plan and any annexes, may need to be updated.		
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Medium	□Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Vulnerable populations will remain unknown	
	Do not download information	Population information will not be available to the Village	
	Create new system	Cost and start-up restraints	



Action 2024-SuffernV-15. GIS Online Mapping

Action Name:	GIS Online Mapping			
Description of the Problem:	GIS mapping needs to be updated for the Village.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□ Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	⊠Disease Outbreak	⊠Landslide		
	⊠Drought	⊠Severe Storm		
	⊠Earthquake	⊠Severe Winter Storm		
	⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Collaborate with the Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County and the County Planning Department to enhance and distribute GIS and other hazard information online. This initiative will be advantageous for the Village by enabling the production of maps, evaluation of hazards, and the facilitation of information exchange with local and county entities. Utilizing the GIS system, the Village can generate maps pinpointing the locations of socially vulnerable populations within the community, which can be shared with emergency responders.			
Lead Agency:	Village Administration			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget	·		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years			
Goals Met:	3, 5, 7			
Benefits:	This action will benefit the Village as it will permit the creation of maps, analysis of hazards, and information sharing opportunities with local and county agencies.			
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)		
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	■ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Natural Resource Protection (NR)			
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP)	□Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)		
	☑Public Information (PI)	☐ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		e opportunity to create maps showing where socially e, which could be shared with first responders.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will bolster the safety and secur	rity lifeline.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will add a new capability to capabilities.	the Village and bolster the County's current GIS		
Impact on Future Development:	GIS systems would allow for in depth land use could be prohibited or encouraged.	analysis to assist in determining where future land		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather-related disaster events. Utilizing GIS technology to update hazard risk analyses will increase the resilience of the Village, its residents, and first responders.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High □Med	ium		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action	Current problem remains		
	Use ArcOnline	Limited mapping and analysis capabilities		
	Contract for GIS services	May experience information-sharing complications with the Stormwater Consortium of Rockland County and the County Planning Department		



Action 2024-SuffernV-16. Mahwah River Bank Flood Mitigation

Action Name:	Mahwah River Bank Flood Mitigation				
Description of the Problem:	The Mahwah River Bank, along Me from past storms. As a result, the ro		_	erosion as a result of flooding	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide ☑Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Collaborate with partnering agencial along Memorial Drive caused by treduce roadway flooding, ensuring socially vulnerable individuals affect roadways for those needing access	the Mahwah safe passago ted by floodi	n River. Implement e for first responding along Memoria	nt cost-effective measures to lers. These efforts will benefit I Drive and help maintain clear	
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County, Village Administra	ation, FEMA			
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP				
Implementation Timeline:	5 years				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	This action would reduce the flooding impacts felt by the Village from the Mahwah River along Memorial Drive.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ⊠Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulner from the Mahwah River along Mer roadways clear of flood waters to appointments or require medical at	morial Drive. for the pop	. Furthermore, thi ulations which m	s action will assist in keeping	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would assist in the red Memorial Drive, permitting first res		-		
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development along Memoria Mahwah River.	al Drive woul	ld experience redu	ced flooding impacts from the	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storo often, including increased periods of			nore intense and occur more	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Currer	nt problem remains	
	Raise banks of river to increase capacity	storage	Cost prohibitive		
	Construct floodwall along r	iver	Cost prohibitive		





Action 2024-SuffernV-17. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership				
Description of the Problem:	There are two dams (Lake Antri infrastructures, located in the 1- and potential to impact those living near	d 0.2-percer			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	۵	☑ Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide		
	□Drought		□Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter St	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Work closely with dam owners to as Implement measures to protect the within the 0.2-percent hazard area. inundation zones and strengthen the	structural i . These initi	ntegrity of the dar atives will improv	ms and mitigate flooding risks e safety for residents in dam	
Lead Agency:	Village Emergency Services				
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administration, Dam Owners	s, NYSDEC			
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety areas of the dams and increase the r				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SI	ID)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR)			rce Protection (NR)	
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			od Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better prepar areas where significant risk to social				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facil procedures in place for each identifi		tion will create an	understanding of the safety	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning responsibilities and procedures.	and respor	nse capabilities th	nrough the understanding of	
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an ir disaster events, which may contribu increase the capabilities to respond	ite to the lik	kelihood of a dam		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action			aware of any safety concerns dam or its condition	
	Utilize information from NYS	DEC		not be required to submit a y plan to the State	
	Utilize information from the Na Inventory of Dams	ational	Not all dams are listed on the inventory		





Action 2024-SuffernV-18. Physical Protective Measures at the Wastewater Treatment Plant

Action Name:	Physical Protective Measures at the	Wastewate	r Treatment Plant		
Description of the Problem:	The Wastewater Treatment Plant scenario.	must be pr	rotected to the 5	500-year flood or worst-case	
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St	orm	
Description of the Solution:	The Village plans to construct a floot completion date in the Second Quaposed by flooding, minimizing v community. Considering the number prudent to explore the possibility discourage further development in	arter of 2024 ulnerabilities er of facilities of relocatin	I. This initiative ai for both the followard the following the street within the general contractions of the street in the stree	ims to mitigate potential risks facility and the surrounding e flood hazard area, it may be	
Lead Agency:	Village Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Wastewater Treatment Plant Facilit	y Manager			
Estimated Cost:	High			V	
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 1 year				
Goals Met:	2, 5				
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce cr hazard and remove or reduce safet			eline vulnerability to the flood	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identifindividuals within these population transportation facilities, and medical	ns rely on	resources from v		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities to consideration of relocating critical the development of any additional	facilities and	lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will reduce the Village enhancing its capabilities.	's wastewat	er treatment pla	nt's risk to the flood hazard,	
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities lo consideration of relocating critical the development of any additional	facilities and	lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means stor often, including increased periods events.				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action		Currer	nt problem remains	
	Floodproof existing structu	ıre	May not i	necessarily reduce risk	
	Deployable flood barriers for vulne	rable areas	, ,		





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.22 VILLAGE OF UPPER NYACK

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Upper Nyack with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Upper Nyack, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.22.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Upper Nyack identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.22-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

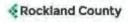
Table 9.22-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact					
Name/Title: Georgia Grandstaff, Village Clerk	Name/Title: Dennis Letson, P.E., Village Engineer					
Address: 328 N. Broadway, Upper Nyack, NY 10960	Address: 328 N. Broadway, Upper Nyack, NY 10960					
Phone Number: (845) 358-0084	Phone Number: (845) 358-0084 Ext: 7					
Email: village.clerk@uppernyack-ny.us	Email: village.engineer@uppernyack-ny.us					
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator						
Name/Title: Dennis Letson, P.E., Village Engineer						
Address: 328 N. Broadway, Upper Nyack, NY 10960						
Phone Number: (845) 358-0084 ext. 7						
Email: village.engineer @uppernyack-ny.us						
Additional Contributors						
Name/Title: Dennis Letson, P.E., Village Engineer	Name/Title: Dennis Letson, P.E., Village Engineer					
Method of Participation: Completed mitigation strategies, hazard history, and NFIP surveys; reviewed draft annex						
Name/Title: Georgia Grandstaff, Village Clerk						
Method of Participation: Reviewed draft annex						

9.22.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Upper Nyack is located within the Town of Clarkstown, along the eastern border of Rockland County. The Village is bordered to the north and west by the Town of Clarkstown, to the south by the Village of Nyack, and to the east by the Hudson River (Rockland County 2018). The Village has a total area of 4.2 square miles, of which,





1.3 square miles is land, and 2.9 square miles is water. The Hudson River is a major body of water found within the Village.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 3.7 percent of the population is five years of age or younger, 20.3 percent is 65 years of age or older, 0.8 percent is non-English speaking, 7.2 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 6.8 percent is considered disabled.

9.22.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Upper Nyack performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Upper Nyack to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.22-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Upper Nyack.



Table 9.22-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No) s	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 140 Building Construction and Code Enforcement (Uniform Code Enforcement Law (LL 6 of 2022))	State, Local	Building Inspector

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

This local law provides for the administration and enforcement of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code and the State Energy Conservation Construction Code in the Village of Upper Nyack. This local law is adopted pursuant to section 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law. Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Code, other state law, or other section of this local law, all buildings, structures, and premises, regardless of use or occupancy, are subject to the provisions of this local law. The Chief Building Inspector shall determine the climatic and geographic design criteria for buildings and structures constructed within this Village as required by the Uniform Code. The criteria shall include, but is shall not necessarily be limited to include design criteria for withstanding seismic activity and winter hazards and related to whether it is in flood hazard areas.

Zoning	/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 360 Zoning (2022 Zoning Law (LL 5 of 2022))	Local	Planning Board, Zoning Board
			EdW (EE 3 01 2022))		Dould

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

This Village has adopted this chapter for the purposes set forth in § 7-700 of the Village Law of the State of New York, which, in the interest of the protection and promotion of the public health, safety and welfare. Among these purposes include encouraging development that accommodates sustainable development techniques, like solar energy systems, and accommodating growth and development. The code establishes a Waterfront Development District to provide for and encourage uses along and near the Hudson River, and this district shall encourage soft or vegetated shorelines and rip rap, instead of vertical sheet pile bulkheads, to provide resilience to sea level rise, storm surge, and flooding. Additionally, this district's maximum residential units must subtract the land below normal high-water line of the Hudson and within floodways or coastal high-hazard areas from the gross acreage of the site.

Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 360 Zoning, Article V	Local	Planning Board
		Administration (Subdivision Law (LL 2		
		of 2022))		

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

It is declared to be the Policy of the Planning Board to consider land subdivision regulations as part of a plan for the orderly, efficient, and economical development of the Village. This means, among other things, that land to be subdivided shall be of such character that it can be used safely for building purposes without danger to health or peril from fire, flood or other menace; that proper provision shall be made for drainage, water supply, sewerage and other needed improvements; that all proposed lots shall be so laid out and of such size as to be in harmony with the development pattern of the neighboring properties; that the proposed street pattern shall conform to the Official Zoning Map and shall be properly related to the proposals shown on the Master Plan and shall be of such width, grade and location as to accommodate the prospective traffic, to facilitate fire protection and to provide access of fire-fighting equipment to buildings; and that proper provision shall be made for parks and playgrounds.

Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 360 Zoning, Article V	Local	Planning Board
		Administration (Section 10, 2022		
		Zoning Law (LL 5 of 2022))		

How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?

The purpose of the site development plan process is to ensure compliance with the development and design standards and provisions of this code, and to encourage quality development reflective of the goals, policies, and objectives of the Village Comprehensive Master Plan.





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 295 Stormwater Management (Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control (LL 4 0f 2022))	Local	Village Engineer, Planning Board	
controls to protect and safeguard	hapter 360, Zoning, § the general health, sa	w does this reduce risk? 360-4.12 is to establish minimum storr afety, and welfare of the public residing ases in the rate and volume of stormwa	within this juriso	diction. Among several	
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-		-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	_	
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		w does this reduce risk? al buyers whether their property is loca	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.	
Growth Management	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No		-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 205 Flood Damage Prevention (Ordinance 8.6 Flood Damage Prevention (LL 2 of 2014))	Federal, State, Local	Village Engineer	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? It is the purpose of this chapter to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas. The ordinance requires both new residential and non-residential construction and substantial improvements to be built with two feet of freeboard.					
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?			





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has	(code chapter or name of plan, date	(local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Other: Freeboard	Yes	Chapter 205 Flood Damage	State, Local	
		Prevention (Ordinance 8.6 Flood		Village Engineer
		Damage Prevention (LL 2 of 2014)		88
		NYS Building & Residential Codes)		
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk? ences to be built with two feet of freeb	oard and all othe	or construction types with
		rention Ordinance exceeds this standard		
		ents to be built with two feet of freebo		
Other: Cumulative Substantial	NI-			
Damage	No	-		<u>-</u>
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	The Village of Upper Nyack	Local	Village Board, Planning
	165	Comprehensive Plan (2021)	Local	Board, Zoning Board
How has or will this be integrated				
		eas for discussion to be considered the		
		reas is climate planning and resilience.		
		leveloped lands, maintaining and prote orm water runoff, practice water conse		
		s and energy conservation methods.	ivation & re-use	e, reduce the village
Capital Improvement Plan	No No		-	_
How has or will this be integrated	-	w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	1	-	-
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Floodplain Management or				
Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Stormwater Management Plan	Local	Department of Public
	ies	(2021)	Local	Works, Village Engineer
How has or will this be integrated				
		ollutants of Concern (POCs), identified h	nerein, from stori	mwater discharges to the
Maximum Extent Practicable (ME				
Open Space Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date	Authority (local, county,	Responsible Person,
	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Other (for example NYRCR, etc.)	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Response/Recovery Planning				
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Other	No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.22-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Upper Nyack to oversee and track development.

Table 9.22-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	Floodplain development
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	Any future development in the Village is limited. The potential for future development exists primarily in residentially zoned areas, which do not include areas for conservation.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.22-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Upper Nyack and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.22-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	Planning Board
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	Zoning Board of Appeals
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	Yes	The Upper Nyack Green Committee is an advocacy group of Upper Nyack residents working toward the environmental health of our village through strategies of mitigation, adaptation, and resiliency in the face of climate change. It acts as an independent advisory group to the Upper Nyack Village Board of Trustees and as an educational resource for the citizens of the Village.
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	Department of Public Works
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department, headed by the Building Inspector, administers and enforces all of the provisions and laws applicable to the Uniform and Energy Code.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	·
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	No	
Mutual aid agreements	No	-
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other: Upper Nyack Green Committee	Yes	The Green Committee is an advocacy group of Upper Nyack residents working toward the environmental health of our village through strategies of mitigation, adaptation, and resiliency in the face of climate change. It acts as an independent advisory group to the Upper Nyack Village Board of Trustees and as an educational resource for the citizens of the Village.
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Village Engineer
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Village Engineer
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Village Engineer
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Village Engineer
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Village Engineer
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	<u>-</u>
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	<u>-</u>

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.22-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Upper Nyack.





Table 9.22-5. Fiscal Capabilities

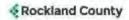
Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes, Village Board
Capital improvements project funding	Yes, Village Board
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes, Village Board
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes, Village Board
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.22-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Upper Nyack.

Table 9.22-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village posts news updates on its website to provide residents with information regarding the Village; these updates can include information and warnings for upcoming storm events.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	The Village has a Facebook page which can be used for hazard mitigation education and outreach.
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	Upper Nyack Green Committee
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	See below.



Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
If yes, please describe.	N/A	The Village posts news updates on its
		website to provide residents with
		information regarding the Village; these
		updates can include information and
		warnings for upcoming storm events. The
		Village provides informational materials for
		stormwater management, including green
		infrastructure, pollution control, and
		hazardous waste disposal at locations
		throughout the town; these materials came
		from Village Hall and Cornell Cooperative
		Extension Offices. Information is also posted
		upon public bulletin boards.

Community Classifications

Table 9.22-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Upper Nyack.

Table 9.22-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	_	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	None	8/5/2021
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	Yes	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.22-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.22-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak		
Dam Failure	Moderate		
Disease Outbreak	Moderate		





Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak	
Drought	Moderate	
Earthquake	Moderate	
Extreme Temperature	Moderate	
Flood	Moderate	
Landslide	Moderate	
Severe Weather	Moderate	
Severe Winter Weather	Moderațe	
Wildfire	Moderate	

9.22.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.22-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.22-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Upper Nyack.

Table 9.22-9. Village of Upper Nyack NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

	·
# Policies	13
# Claims (Losses)	13
Total Loss Payments	\$227,317
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	1
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	1
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	1

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.22-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Upper Nyack.

Table 9.22-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	





NFIP Topic	Comments
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	Hudson River, Crumby Creek, several roadways.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Flood damages have been recorded as have happened, generally by institutional memory.
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	No
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	Unknown at this time
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations? How many were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	None
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? If not, state why.	No, no mapped floodplains except the Hudson River. Additional streams should be modeled in the next map update.
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Village Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	No
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	Yes, assistance from Village Engineer on technical issues.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review, inspections, engineering analysis, mitigation design
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Based on FEMA guidelines
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	None recorded.
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 205 (Ordinance 8.6 Flood Damage Prevention (LL 2 of 2014))
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	February 20, 2014





NFIP Topic	Comments
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets minimum requirements.
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	No
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.22.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.22-11 through Table 9.22-13.

Table 9.22-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued				
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total	
		2019			
Total Permits	2	0	0	2	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2020			
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2021			
Total Permits	1	0	0	1	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
	2022				
Total Permits	0	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	
		2023			
Total Permits	Ò	0	0	0	
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0	

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.22-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
The Village has had no recent major development or infrastructure between 2018 to present.					

* Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

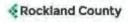


Table 9.22-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development				
There are no known or anticipated major development of infrastructure in the Village in the next five years.									

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.22.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Upper Nyack's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.22-1 through Figure 9.22-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Upper Nyack has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



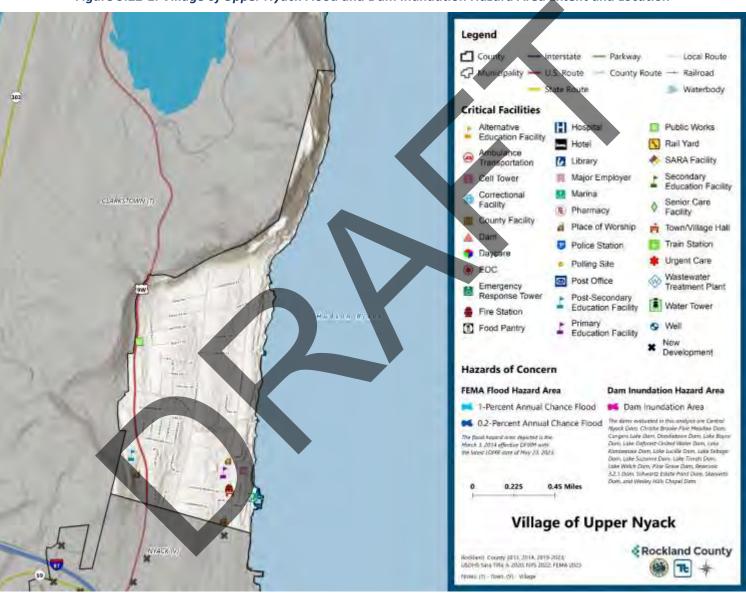


Figure 9.22-1. Village of Upper Nyack Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



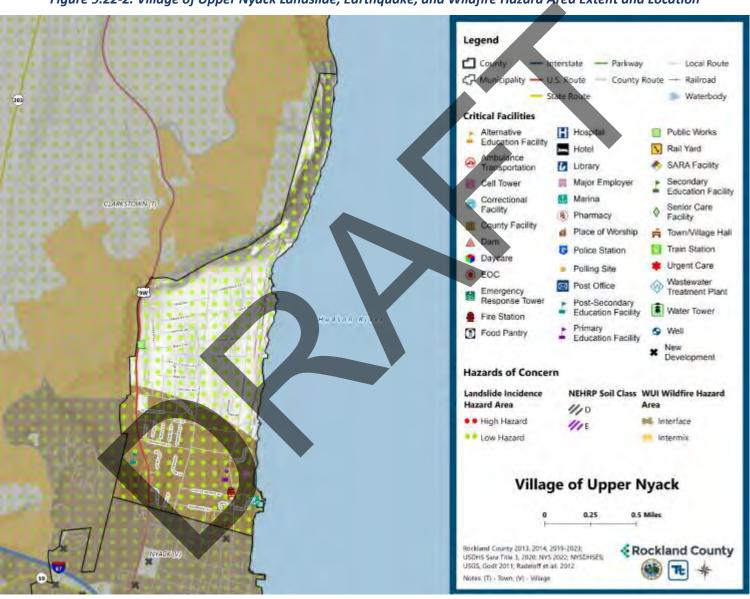


Figure 9.22-2. Village of Upper Nyack Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Upper Nyack is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.22-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.22-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of Upper Nyack

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	Productivity losses due to mandated staff reductions. Office renovations to maintain mandatory distancing and installation of plastic shields. Purchase and installation of air filtration.
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	Approx. 150 linear feet of pipe damaged due to excessive storm flow.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)

FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency

DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)

N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Upper Nyack.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Upper Nyack



reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

 During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Village indicated the rankings were accurate.

Table 9.22-15 shows Upper Nyack's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low **Extreme Temperature** Medium Medium Flood Landslide Low Severe Weather High Severe Winter Weather Wildfire Medium

Table 9.22-15. Hazard Ranking

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.22-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

The Village of Upper Nyack has no critical facilities located within the 1- or 0.2-percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area.

Table 9.22-16. Potential Flood Losses to Critical Facilities

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Upper Nyack's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Upper Nyack identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Village does not have any organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations.
- Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and Village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.
- The Village does not have a formalized list of damaged properties or property owners which may be interested in flood mitigation measures, such as elevation or acquisition.
- There are flood prone roadways in the Village, including at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road.





- Residential properties experience flooding due to drainage issues on Lexow Avenue, between Broadway and the Hudson River.
- The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to
 educate residents and businesses about hazard mitigation, preparation, response, and recovery utilizing a
 variety of outreach methods.
- If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event
- The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.
- Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- The Village is not in the CRS program.
- The Village does not have the capability in-house to implement GIS mapping for the Village. Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards.
- The Village does not currently maintain a risk area database. Development in hazard areas can lead to avoidable casualties and property damage.

9.22.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference., Village of Upper Nyack did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.22-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of Upper Nyack did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.

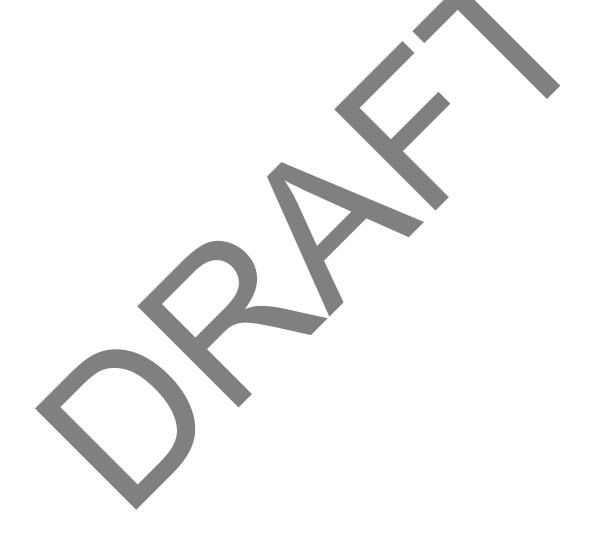




Table 9.22-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-1	Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road Culvert Upgrades	Flooding	Village Board, Village Engr.	Flooding at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road. Upgrade of the culvert at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Rd to increase the stormwater capacity and help to mitigate local flooding.	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities and funding limitations.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
UN-2	Lexow Avenue Drainage Improvements	Flooding	Village Board, Village Engr.	Flooding of residential properties between Broadway and the Hudson River. Upgrade the storm drain complex on Lexow Ave and its outfall on Broadway to allow for increase stormwater capacity and mitigate local flooding.	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities and funding limitations.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
UN-3	Comprehensive Plan Updates	Wind	Village Planning Board, County Planning	The current comprehensive plan does not incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	Complete The Village incorporated hazard mitigation principles into the 2021 comprehensive plan update.	Discontinue N/A The Village incorporated hazard mitigation principles into the 2021 comprehensive plan update.



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-4	GIS Online Mapping	All Hazards	County GIS	Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards. Provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Village's hazard vulnerabilities.	No Progress The Village does not have in-house GIS capability to implement this project but relies on the County Planning Dept to provide map information.	N/A The Village does not have in-house GIS capability to implement this project but relies on the County Planning Dept to provide map information.
UN-5	Public Workshops	All Hazards	TBD	The public may not be aware of the Village's hazard vulnerabilities and planning/zoning decisions. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	Discontinued Planning and zoning requirements are listed on applications.	Discontinue N/A Planning and zoning requirements are listed on applications.





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-6	Maintain List of Repetitive Flood Properties	Flooding	Village Board, Village Engr., RC GIS	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Identify and document repetitively flooded properties. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation and floodproofing measures to protect these properties.	No Progress The Village will maintain a list of properties when advised of flood damage; not all Owners report damage to the Village.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
UN-7	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flooding	Village Board, DPW, Village Engr.	Flood prone roads can inhibit emergency response and evacuation during a flood. Develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW.	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities and funding limitations.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party		Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-8	Critical Facilities Protection	All	Bldg. Insp.	If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
UN-9	Update Emergency Response Plans	All	Village Emergency Manager, RCOFES	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems. Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities.	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	•	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-10	Review Village Codes	All Hazards	Village Board, Planning Board	New vulnerabilities could have emerged, or existing vulnerabilities could have worsened, which could warrant a code update. The Village would like to review and potentially update their existing local codes/ordinances against the identified hazards to determine whether there needs to be any amendments to address identified hazards and, where a need is identified; modify/amend the codes/ordinances as applicable.	Ongoing Capability Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.	Nicontinue Nya Ongoing capability. Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.
UN-11	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update, FIRMs	Flooding	Village Board, FPA	Future FIRMS could show the need for a more stringent flood ordinance if risk has increased. Update/review floodplain management ordinances to be consistent with potential future new FIRMs.	Ongoing Capability Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.	Discontinue N/A Ongoing capability. Codes and ordinances are reviewed continuously to identify room for amendments.
UN-12	Certified Floodplain Managers	Flooding	Village Board, FPA	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers. Encourage staff involved in floodplain management and ordinance enforcement to become Certified Floodplain Managers (CFMs).	No Progress The Village was not able to make progress on this action due to other priorities.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
UN-13	Community Rating System	Flooding	Village Board, FPA	The Village is not in the CRS program. Join the Community Rating System (CRS).	2. The Village was not able to make	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. N/A
UN-14	Hazard Risk Areas Database	All Hazards	Village Board, Planning Board	Development in hazard areas can lead to avoidable casualties and property damage. Spatial database of all natural hazard risk areas in the Village will allow land use decision makers to plan safe and resilient communities and developments.	No Progress The Village does not have in-house GIS capability to implement this project but relies on the County Planning Dept to provide map information.	Discontinue N/A The Village does not have in-house GIS capability to implement this project but relies on the County Planning Dept to provide map information.





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Upper Nyack participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Upper Nyack would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.22-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.22-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.





Table 9.22-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

	Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category										
		FE	MA		CRS						
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES	
Dam Failure	4	-	-	3	4	2	3	-	-	-	
Disease Outbreak	1	-	-	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	
Drought	4	-	-	3	4	2	3	-	-	-	
Earthquake	4	-	-	3	4	2	3	-	-	-	
Extreme Temperature	2	-	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	
Flood	6	2	-	3	6	5	5	-	2	-	
Landslide	4	-	-	3	4	2	3	-	-	-	
Severe Weather	3	1	Ţ	2	3	4	2	-	1	-	
Severe Winter Weather	2	-		2	2	2	2	-	-	-	
Wildfire	4		-	3	4	2	3	-	-	-	

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.22-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Critical Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024-UpperNyackV-01	Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-UpperNyackV-02	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-UpperNyackV-03	Flood Mitigation Interest	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-UpperNyackV-04	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-UpperNyackV-05	Lexow Avenue Drainage Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2024-UpperNyackV-06	Public Education and Outreach	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-UpperNyackV-07	Critical Facilities Protection	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	10	Medium
2024-UpperNyackV-08	Emergency Response Plan Update	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024-UpperNyackV-09	Staff Credentialling	1	1	1	1_	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-UpperNyackV-10	Community Rating System (CRS) Program	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	10	Medium
2024-UpperNyackV-11	GIS Online Mapping	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	10	Medium
2024-UpperNyackV-12	Hazard Risk Areas Database	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	10	Medium

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-01. Socially Vulnerable Populations Outreach

Action Name:	Socially Vulnerable Populations Out	reach					
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have any or populations and underserved popul	-	that conduct ou	treach to socially vulnerable			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	torm			
Description of the Solution:	Create outreach materials, or utiliz vulnerable populations. Methods newsletters, social media, the Villag at Village libraries and offices.	of distribu	tion may include	Village events, the Village			
Lead Agency:	Village Administration						
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County						
Estimated Cost:	Low						
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, HMGP						
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years						
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5						
Benefits:	This action will ensure there is an individual working to identify and work with the socially vulnerable populations in the Village. Furthermore, this action will create opportunities to educate and inform populations on hazard risks.						
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	IP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in the will identify an individual to identify date information is being shared.						
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard rist utilities and emergency services includes.						
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the program.	Village's a	Iready existing pu	ıblic education and outreach			
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable						
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase t events. This action will inform reside and how climate change may exace	nts and bus	siness owners of ho	•			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low			
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation			
	No action		Current method	ds remain the only ones used			
	Rely on state or federal resou	irces	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Village				
	Use only a few methods for disti	ribution	hinder socially	methods of distribution may vulnerable populations from iving the guidance			



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-02. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Los	s Properties	S			
Description of the Problem:	Repetitively flooded properties plac efforts should be made to mitigate to		stress on the pro	pperty owner and Village and		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	☑ Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		∃Landslide			
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm			
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm		
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	The Village will promote and support non-structural flood hazard mitigation alternatives for risk properties within the floodplain, including those that have been identified as Repetitive Los (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL), such as acquisition/relocation or elevation depending feasibility. The parameters for this initiative would be funding, benefits versus cost, and willing participation of property owners.					
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator					
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County					
Estimated Cost:	Medium					
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Village Budg	get, County	Budget, Property	Owners		
Implementation Timeline:	3 years					
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3					
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk propertie from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (Si	IP)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may otherwise be unaffordable.	be able to h	nave houses elevat	ed or acquired when it would		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floor services including health and medical					
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's	current NF	IP capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners of are prone to hazard events. Homes the floodplain and prevent future de	may be acq	uired, which will r			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storm often, including increased periods of			nore intense and occur more		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation				
	No action		Current problem continues			
	Construct flood walls/barriers a vulnerable areas	round	Costly and can divert floodwaters to other areas			
	Deployable flood barriers for vulner	Deployable flood barriers for vulnerable areas Requires a great deal of work to impler prior to each event				



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-03. Flood Mitigation Interest

Action Name:	Flood Mitigation Interest			
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have a formalized list of damaged properties or property owners which may be interested in flood mitigation measures, such as elevation or acquisition.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	The Floodplain Administration will develop a list for inventorying system or properties damaged by flood events and property owners who are interested in flood mitigation measures, such as elevation or acquisition. Keeping a list of damaged properties and property owners interested in flood mitigation efforts may lead to the elimination of flood damage to homes and residences, which creating an open space for the municipality and increasing flood storage.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Board, Zoning Board, Villa	ge Administr	ation	
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			•
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5	Y		
Benefits:	Keeping a list of damaged properties and property owners interested in flood mitigation efforts may lead to the elimination of flood damage to homes and residences, which creating an open space for the municipality and increasing flood storage.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)		od Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Collecting data regarding homeowners that reside within flood prone areas provides an opportunity to introduce location-specific opportunities for assistance. Removing homes from the floodplain immediately removes the risk to life and property.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floodplain decreases the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new Village	capability, v	vhile enhancing its	current NFIP capabilities.
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners within a flood prone area will limit construction in areas that are prone to hazard events. Homes may be acquired, which will remove those structures from the floodplain and prevent future development on those sites.			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. Areas experiencing flooding condition may increase. Removing structures from the floodplain will reduce the response and recover costs as a result of these events and decrease the loss of human life as a result of these event Elevating structures will reduce the recovery costs as a result of these events.			periencing flooding conditions ce the response and recovery ife as a result of these events.
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current problem remains	
	Only share opportunities when n grant funding	otified of		ugh time to garner interest or rite application
	Wait for information from the State on flood- damaged properties May be a delay in not		e a delay in notice	





Action 2024-UpperNyackV-04. Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures

Action Name:	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures			
Description of the Problem:	There are flood prone roadways in the Village, including at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	×	Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak]Landslide	
	□Drought	×	Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	•
Description of the Solution:	The Village will identify which roadways are being impacted and develop specific mitigation solutions for flood prone road systems (roads, bridges, intersections, drainage, etc.) under the leadership of County DPW. Upgrade of the culvert at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Rd to increase the stormwater capacity and help to mitigate local flooding. Additionally, this action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road and identify measures to protect critical facilities and community lifelines from future flooding.			
Lead Agency:	Village Public Works			
Supporting Agencies:	County Public Works			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	2			
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		•	ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☐ Emergency Services (ES) 		d Control Projects (SP)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding at the intersection of Midland Ave and Old Mountain Road.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted a	rea will be	e less likely to be f	looded.
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of in			nore intense and occur more
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	problem continues
	Relocate all flood prone road syste	ems		Not feasible
			ost prohibitive	



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-05. Lexow Avenue Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	Lexow Avenue Drainage Improvements			
Description of the Problem:	Residential properties experience flooding due to drainage issues on Lexow Avenue, between Broadway and the Hudson River.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	☑ Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide	
	□Drought		Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Upgrade the storm drain complex on Lexow Ave and its outfall on Broadway to allow for increase stormwater capacity and mitigate local flooding. Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduced damage occurring to drainage infrastructure and roadways during severe events. This action will also identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Lead Agency:	Village Board			
Supporting Agencies:	Engineering			
Estimated Cost:	High			
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years	Y		
Goals Met:	2, 5			
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduced damage occurring to drainage infrastructure and roadways during severe events.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI) ☐			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulnerable populations whose properties are impacted by flooding the drainage infrastructure.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormwat	ter manage	ement capabilities	of the Village.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted area will be less likely to be flooded.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in more frequent and severe rainfall events. This action upsizes culvert sizes to meet changing stormwater needs as the result of climate change.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High]Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No Action			-
	Remove roadway		Roadway	y cannot be removed
	Raingardens			unlikely to be able to absorb
	- Control of the cont			ter to prevent flooding during
			seve	re rainfall events.

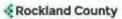




Action 2024-UpperNyackV-06. Public Education and Outreach

Action Name:	Public Education and Outreach				
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents and businesses about hazard mitigation, preparation, response, and recovery utilizing a variety of outreach methods.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Develop and enhance the public awareness program on hazards, prevention, and mitigation. Continue to work with Rockland County on their program that provides information to the municipalities. This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.				
Lead Agency:	Village Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Low	<u> </u>			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	2 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations will learn how to prepare for and mitigate the various hazards which may impact them in the Village.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Businesses, which may be considered critical facilities or lifelines, would be more informed on how to prepare for emergency events and mitigate the risks of potential hazards. With these businesses becoming more resilient, this action would contribute to their continuity of operations.				
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the Village's already existing public education and outreach program.				
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:		ntensity and frequency of many climate related disaster and business owners of how to reduce risk from hazards those risks.			
Priority: Check one	⊠High	edium			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current methods remain the only ones used			
	Rely on state or federal resources	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Village			
	Use only a few methods for distribution	Using only a few methods of distribution may hinder socially vulnerable populations from receiving the guidance			





Action 2024-UpperNyackV-07. Critical Facilities Protection

Action Name:	Critical Facilities Protection			
Description of the Problem:	If facilities were built before a certain date, they could be more susceptible to damage from a hazard event.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	 ☑ Dam/Levee Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Futcome Townsesture 		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	torm
Description of the Solution:	☑ Extreme Temperature ☑ Wildfire Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.			
Lead Agency:	Village Building Department			
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administration, Planning Bo	ard, Zoning E	Board	
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 7			
Benefits:	The Village will have codes and plans that integrate hazard mitigation principles and will be able to identify which facilities may not currently be in aligned with current codes.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Critical facilities and lifelines will be expected to follow updated plans and codes.			
Impact on Capabilities	The Village's capability to handle hazard events is greatly improved by integrating hazard mitigation into other plans and codes.			
Impact on Future Development:	Hazard mitigation principles will be codes.	integrated i	nto future develo _l	pment via building and zoning
Climate Change Considerations:	Hazard events are increasing in freq	quency and s	everity due to clin	nate change.
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current problem continues	
	Rely on County Plans/Codes		relevant mitigation	pecific to the Village and the on issues that they have apart om the County
	Create additional hazard mitigation information		makes them	evant plans/codes together more useful than creating Il separate documents



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-08. Emergency Response Plan Update

Action Name:	Emergency Response Plan Update				
Description of the Problem:	The current emergency response plans do not implement monitoring or warning systems.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		₫Flood ₫Landslide ₫Severe Storm ₫Severe Winter St ₫Wildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Review existing emergency response plans for enhancement opportunities: work with social support agencies, homeowners' associations, and general public to develop and implement monitoring and warning systems focused on vulnerable populations and provision of adequate shelter facilities. The Village's Emergency Response Plan will be updated to account for new hazard risks, the identification of vulnerable populations, the implementation of monitoring and warning systems, and the identification of available sheltering locations in the Village.				
Lead Agency:	Village Administration				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, EMPG			*	
Implementation Timeline:	Within 3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5				
Benefits:	The Village's Emergency Response Plan will be updated to account for new hazard risks, the identification of vulnerable populations, the implementation of monitoring and warning systems, and the identification of available sheltering locations in the Village.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 		, ,		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	 ☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑ Emergency Services (ES) 		od Control Projects (SP)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The Emergency Response Plan covers a discussion of a variety of topics, including population distribution and locations, including any concentrated populations of individuals with disabilities, others with access and functional needs, or individuals with limited English proficiency.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The Emergency Response Plan cove critical facilities (e.g. nursing homes,				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already ex	isting plann	ing capability of th	ne Village.	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected	ed by the En	nergency Respons	e Plan.	
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly felt, the contents in an Emergency Response Plan, including in the basic plan and any annexes, may need to be updated.				
Priority: Check one	High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Curren	t problem remains	
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only hazard appendices		The plan will miss integration opportunities in the basic plan and annexes		
	Ask County to integrate hazard mitigation into the County ERP Village ERP still remain		till remains unintegrated		

Action 2024-UpperNyackV-09. Staff Credentialling

Action Name:	Staff Credentialling			
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management and ordinance enforcement staff are not Certified Floodplain Managers.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	⊠Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak	□Landslide		
	□Drought	□Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake	□Severe Winter Storm		
	□Extreme Temperature	□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Provide training and/or certification for Village staff with NFIP regulations and floodplain management ordinances. Encourage staff to become Certified Floodplain Managers via the Association of State Floodplain Manager's CFM Certification Program. This action will increase the NFIP capabilities of the Village and assure the Village's NFIP program has enough staff to accomplish its goals and reach NFIP compliance.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Village Administration, Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 6			
Benefits:	This action will increase the NFIP capabilities of the Village and assure the Village's NFIP program has enough staff to accomplish its goals and reach NFIP compliance.			
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)	■Natural Systems Protection (NSP)		
Check all that apply	☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	区 Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	□Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable		re more likely to encourage development outside		
Populations:	areas of high flood risk, which is where socially vulnerable populations have historically resided.			
	Safer dwellings may be developed in a less vulnerable location.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:		perators of utilities and other essential services to		
		ways the prepare for, plan for, and prevent		
Investor Carabilities	interruptions in service as a result of a flood.	NEID comphilities		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's current			
Impact on Future Development:	Officials that understand best practices in floodplain management will have the opportunity to influence future development and prevent unsafe building in flood hazard areas.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action will educate staff on NFIP regulations to assist with the flood hazard.			
Priority: Check one	□High □Mediu	m □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No Action	-		
	Hire outside contractors for floodplain	Costly		
	administration .			
	Establish shared service agreements for floo	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	administration from neighboring municipal	ities have the staff capacity to take on this role		



Action 2024-UpperNyackV-10. Community Rating System (CRS) Program

Action Name:	Community Rating System (CRS) Program			
Description of the Problem:	The Village is not in the CRS program.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	⊠ Flood	
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		∃Landslide	
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm	
	□Earthquake		☐Severe Winter Sto	orm
	□Extreme Temperature]Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will evaluate the benefits and costs of participating in CRS program. If feasible, the Village will join the program and begin implementing standards that exceed NFIP requirements. By joining CRS, residents will benefit from this as it will offer discounted rates for flood insurance premiums. Future development would need to adhere to any increased standards established as part of joining the CRS program such as increased freeboard and elevation certificate requirements.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Village Board, Planning			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	4 years			
Goals Met:	2, 3, 5			
Benefits:	The participation in the CRS benefits communities by offering discounted rates for flood insurance premiums, which addresses the three goals of the program: reduce and avoid flood damage to insurable property, strengthen and support the insurance aspects of the National Flood Insurance Program, and foster comprehensive floodplain management.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □Structure and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑Property Protection (PP) ☐Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☑Public Information (PI) ☐Emergency Services (ES)			od Control Projects (SP)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) benefits communities by offering discounted rates for flood insurance premiums, which may be more affordable for some socially vulnerable populations.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Not applicable			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would enhance the Villag	ge's floodpla	ain management c	apabilities.
Impact on Future Development:	Future development would need to joining the CRS program such as income			
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. These changes are likely to increase flood risks.			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
				-
			he Increased floodplain management capal but no reduction in flood insurance prer	
	Abandon any floodplain management practices not required by NFIP		Reduction in floodplain management capabilities and increase in risk.	

Action 2024-UpperNyackV-11. GIS Online Mapping

Action Name:	GIS Online Mapping			
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not have the capability in-house to implement GIS mapping for the Village. Lack of public knowledge on the spatial extent of hazards.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood ☑Landslide ☑Severe Storm ☑Severe Winter St ☑Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Work with the County (Planning Dept, GIS Division) to provide GIS hazard information online for residents and others in the community to view the Village's hazard vulnerabilities. This action will provide visual GIS mapping of hazard areas. This action will also enhance education and outreach to residents in helping them understand hazard areas within the community.			
Lead Agency:	Village Administration	•		
Supporting Agencies:	County Planning Dept.			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5			
Benefits:	This action will provide visual GIS mapp	ing of ha	zard areas.	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) 			
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☑ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations in the V	'illage wil	II become educate	d on hazards risks.
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Educating populations on hazard risk and how to mitigate the risks can decrease the demand on utilities and emergency services including health and medical, law enforcement, and search and rescue.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new capability	for the V	illage and enhance	e public awareness.
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action will inform the community of Village areas which may be the most at risk to various hazards.			
Priority: Check one	□High	Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current problem remains	
	Map only flood hazard areas Create the system but do not make it public		Will align with NFIP requirements, but will no consider other hazard areas in the Village	
			Information will benefit Village and County employees, but not inform the public of potential hazards	

Action 2024-UpperNyackV-12. Hazard Risk Areas Database

Action Name:	Hazard Risk Areas Database			
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not currently maintain a risk area database. Development in hazard areas can lead to avoidable casualties and property damage.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	☑Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak ☑Drought ☑Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		⊠Flood ⊠Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St ⊠Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Work with the County (Planning Dept, GIS Division) to initiate the creation of a spatial database of all natural hazard risk areas in the Village will allow land use decision makers to plan safe and resilient communities and developments. This will allow all permits issued within the Village to be tracked by hazard area, including critical facilities and community lifelines.			
Lead Agency:	Building Department			
Supporting Agencies:	Floodplain Administrator, Planning	and Zoning E	Boards	
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 4 years			
Goals Met:	2, 4, 5			
Benefits:	This action will allow all permits issued within the Village to be tracked by hazard area.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	,	ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	⊠Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Permits issued for critical facilities in the floodplain or other hazard areas will be tracked.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new capability for the Village and enhance its NFIP compliance.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action may lead to permits being restricted within various identified hazard areas in the Village and municipal codes to be updated.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather-related disaster events. This action will increase the Village's ability to track structures located in hazard areas which may have conditions exacerbated by the impacts of climate change, such as floods and wildfires.			
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Currer	nt problem remains
	Track only flood development	permits		FIP requirements, but will not hazard areas in the Village
	-			-



SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.23 VILLAGE OF WESLEY HILLS

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of Wesley Hills with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of Wesley Hills, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.23.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of Wesley Hills identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Village Clerk represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.23-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.23-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Name/Title: Camille Guido-Downey, Village Clerk/Treasurer	Name/Title: Marshall Katz, Mayor				
Address: 432 Route 306, Wesley Hills, NY 10952	Address: 432 Route 306, Wesley Hills, NY 10952				
Phone Number: (845) 354-0400	Phone Number: (845) 354-0400				
Email: villageclerk@wesleyhills.org	Email: mayor@wesleyhills.org				
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator					
Name/Title: John Layne, Building Inspector					
Address: 432 Route 306, Wesley Hills, NY 10952					
Phone Number: (845) 354-0400					
Email: buildinginspector@wesleyhills.org					
Additional Contributors					
Name/Title: Camille Guido-Downey, Village Clerk/Treasurer					
Method of Participation: Performed review of annex, attended meetings, completed hazard events history and NFIP surveys					
Name/Title: John Layne, Building Inspector					
Method of Participation: Performed review of annex, completed build	Method of Participation: Performed review of annex, completed building permits worksheet				
Name/Title: Marshall Katz, Mayor					
Method of Participation: Performed review of annex					
Name/Title: Eve Mancuso, Engineer	Name/Title: Eve Mancuso, Engineer				
Method of Participation: Performed review of annex, attended meetings, identified mitigation strategies					



Primary Point of Contact

Name/Title: Jonathan Lockman, Planner

Method of Participation: Performed review of annex

9.23.2 Municipal Profile

Incorporated in 1982, the Village of Wesley Hills is located in the central area of the Town of Ramapo in Rockland County (Rockland County 2018). It is bordered to the north, south and west by the Town of Ramapo and to the east by the Village of New Hempstead. There are several small waterbodies and one lake, Boker Lake, in the Village.

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 10.3 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 14.1 percent is 65 years of age or older, 0 percent is non-English speaking, 8.4 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 6.7 percent is considered disabled.

9.23.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of Wesley Hills performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of Wesley Hills to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.23-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of Wesley Hills.



Table 9.23-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency	
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation Building Code	Yes	Chapter 230 Zoning, Article VIII Administration and Enforcement	State, Local	Building Inspector	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? This chapter and the Building Code shall be enforced and administered by the Building Inspector and one or more Assistant Building Inspectors as deemed necessary, referred to collectively as the "Building Inspector," as appointed by the Board of Trustees.					
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 230 Zoning	Local	Building Inspector, Zoning Board of Appeals	
this chapter to promote the purp appropriate, flexibility of design a meaningful ecological value, redu negative environmental impacts,	7-700 of the Village Loses set forth in § 7-7 and development of lauce flood hazards, facil improve the aesthetic	aw, as amended, the Board of Trustees 04 of the Village Law. In Chapter XII on nd in such a manner as to preserve its litate the adequate and economical pro- c quality of new residential developmentally mote the planned and environmentally	Average Density natural and scen ovision of streets nts, encourage the	, the code enables where ic qualities, protect areas o and utilities, minimize ne conservation of energy,	
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 193 Subdivision of Land	Local	Planning Board	
development of the Village. Land purposes without danger to healt of the area in which it is located. purposes, nor for such other uses	to be subdivided shal th or peril from fire, flo Land subject to fire, flo s as may increase dang	land subdivisions as part of a plan for t I be of such character that it can be use bod, or other menace, and without res ood or other hazards shall not be subd ger to health, life, or property, or aggra produce unsatisfactory living conditions	ed safely for build ulting in significa ivided nor develo vate a flood haza	ding or development nt damage to the ecology oped for residential	
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 230 Zoning, Article X Site Plan Approval	Local	Planning Board	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? Approval of a site plan by the Planning Board is required for a) the development or redevelopment of any building, structure or lot or portion thereof for a new use; b) the expansion or relocation of any existing use; or c) any change of use of a building, structure or lot or portion thereof. The Planning Board sets forth appropriate conditions and safeguards which are in harmony with several identified purposes, including drainage. Per the ordinance, a proposed stormwater drainage system shall be adequate to prevent any increase in the rate of surface runoff or otherwise contribute to downstream flooding during a storm of any magnitude, up to and including a one-hundred-year frequency storm.					
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 181 Stormwater Management	Local	Village	
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? The purpose of this article is to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls to protect and safeguard the general health, safety, and welfare of the public residing within this jurisdiction and to address the findings of fact in § 181-1 hereof. An identified objective of this ordinance is to minimize increases in the volumes and rates of stormwater runoff from land development activities in order to reduce flooding and streambank erosion.					
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No No	-	-	-	
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	New York State (NYS) mandate, Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	-	
How has or will this be integrated The NYS mandate requires sellers		ow does this reduce risk? ial buyers whether their property is loc	ated in a designa	ated floodplain.	





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Growth Management	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	Yes	Chapter 221 Wetlands	Local	Planning Board		
development in a wetland to sub- including the effect of the propos	of Wesley Hills enable mit an application bef ed activity with refere ent of the several func	ow does this reduce risk? Is the Village to preserve, protect and compare the Planning Board. The Planning Bence to the public health and welfare, for the wetlands and the benefits	oard will conside ishing, flood, hur	r multiple criteria, ricane and storm dangers		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 119 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector		
	dinance shall promote all areas of special floo	ow does this reduce risk? e the public health, safety, and general od hazard. The ordinance requires two				
Wellhead Protection	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Emergency Management Ordinance	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Other: Freeboard	Yes	Chapter 119 Flood Damage Prevention	Local	Building Inspector		
New York State requires new one one foot of freeboard. The Village	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? New York State requires new one- and two-family residences to be built with two feet of freeboard and all other construction types with one foot of freeboard. The Village's Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance exceeds this requirement by requiring two feet of freeboard when flood elevation data are available and three feet when it is not.					
Other	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Planning Documents						
General/Comprehensive Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				





		Citation and Date	Authority				
	Jurisdiction has	(code chapter or name of plan, date	(local, county,	Responsible Person,			
Eleadalain Managament or	this? (Yes/No)	of enactment or plan adoption)	state, federal)	Department or Agency			
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	e integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?						
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and h	ow does this reduce risk?					
Open Space Plan	No	-		-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Economic Development Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No		-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk?						
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and he	ow does this reduce risk?					
Transportation Plan	No		-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Tourism Plan	No	-	-				
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A							
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					
Other	No	-	-	-			
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?					





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Response/Recovery Planning						
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Village of Wesley Hills Emergency Management Plan (2016)	Local	Village Clerk		
How has or will this be integrated The Emergency Management Plan improve its capacity to prepare an	n aims to assess the V	illage's ability to respond to emergency	and identifies re	ecommendations to		
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	ow does this reduce risk?				
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Public Health Plan	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Other	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A					

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.23-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of Wesley Hills to oversee and track development.

Table 9.23-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
 Do you issue development permits? If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 	Yes	Building Department
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	No	-
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	The Village of Wesley Hills is fully built. Any new development would be part of a repurpose of existing developed lots.





Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.23-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of Wesley Hills and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.23-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board is responsible for all special permits for property use, such as business and professional offices, wireless communications services, tennis courts, satellite dishes, home occupations, neighborhood gathering, site plan, subdivision, wetlands, and clearing / filling / excavating.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals examines applications on a case-by- case basis for variances and appeals from the Building Inspector's decisions.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	·
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	·
Public Works/Highway Department	No	·
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	The Building Department issues building permits and performs the inspections. The Fire Inspector is responsible for conducting fire and safety inspections of all commercial locations within the Village.
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	-
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	Every 4 years outfalls are inspected, last completed in October 2016; 20percent of catch basins were also inspected above what the Town of Ramapo maintains on a yearly basis; if big storm is approaching, the Village sends email blasts to notify residents; weather notifications to residents.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Town of Ramapo covers police services (no formal agreement), and highway and maintenance service (agreement in place).
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	-
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Contract through Weston Engineering (Village Engineer) Contract planner consultant
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	No	-
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	All municipal employees
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Mayor or Weston Engineering



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Weston Engineering
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Weston Engineering and Village have access to County GIS portal
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Contract through Weston Engineering or elsewhere as needed
Surveyor(s)	Yes	Weston Engineering
Emergency Manager	Yes	Mayor
Grant writer(s)	Yes	Contract consultant
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.23-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	No
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	No
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	No

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.23-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village maintains a website that provides links to the various municipal departments, local laws and planning documents, Village newsletter, news updates, and links to local, county, state, and federal governments.





Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it). The Village utilizes its eblast system to send emails to its residents.
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	Yes	See below
If yes, please describe.	-	Residents are informed through an email blast initiated by the Village (1,000 to 1,200 residents). The Village has distributed materials provided by the Cornell Cooperative Extension using the eblast. Village Hall also has smart televisions and has recently had a cable service upgrade to display presentations and messages.

Community Classifications

Table 9.23-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	-	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	None	8/8/2018
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.23-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.





- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Table 9.23-8. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Extreme Temperature	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Landslide	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Moderate
Wildfire	Moderate

9.23.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.23-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.23-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-9. Village of Wesley Hills NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	12
# Claims (Losses)	7
Total Loss Payments	\$90,283
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	0
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

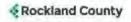
FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.





Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.23-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	The resident areas that are prone to flooding are Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road, Wesley Chapel, Timber Trail, Lime Kiln Road, Terrace Road, and Willow Tree Road.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	Yes
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	87
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	Should there be a major event, the Village calls upon our Village Engineer, Town of Ramapo, and County of Rockland for guidance.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	None
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	 FEMA project on Martha Road Wesley Chapel Culvert – BRIDGE NY Grant
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Department
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	Yes
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, FEMA has a lot of resources
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No, they receive training thru FEMA, NYDEC and RCBOC.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	Physical size of structure, drainage improvements, Planning Board approval.
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	education
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 119



NFIP Topic	Comments
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	2010
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meet the requirements
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	Yes, Planning Board reviews all drainage plans.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	No

9.23.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.23-11 through Table 9.23-13.

Table 9.23-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued								
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total					
	2018								
Total Permits	7	0	6	13					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2019							
Total Permits	3	0	2	5					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2020							
Total Permits	8	0	1	9					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2021							
Total Permits	7	0	1	8					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					
		2022							
Total Permits	3	0	3	6					
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0					

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1percent flood event)

Table 9.23-12. Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or	Type of	# of Units /	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard	Description / Status of
Development Name	Development	Structures		Zone(s)*	Development
AMS Acquisitions	Subdivision	14 lots	Terrace Road	N/A	Planning Board

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.23-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

Property or	Type of	# of Units /	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard	Description / Status of		
Development Name	Development	Structures		Zone(s)*	Development		
There is no known or anticipated major development or infrastructure in the next five years.							

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.





9.23.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of Wesley Hills risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.

Hazard Areas

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.23-1 through Figure 9.23-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which Wesley Hills has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.

The following critical facilities were noted by the Village following the creation of the maps below and after the risk assessment. Although not present in Figure 9.23-1 and Figure 9.23-2, Table 9.23-14 lists additional critical facilities for the Village of Wesley Hills.

Table 9.23-14. Additional Critical Facilities in the Village of Wesley Hills

Name
Cell Tower at Village Hall
Ohr Reuven School
Terrace Avenue New Development
Forshay Road Well
Lime Kiln Road Well
Ahavat Yisreal of Wesley Hills
Congregation Anshei Sfard
Congregation Ahavas Yitzchok
Congregation Ateres Rosh
Congregation Bais Baruch
Congregation Bais Yakov Yosef Ostrow
Congregation Derech Emes
Congregation Khal Chasidim
Congregation Shar Hashamayim
Congregation Tifferes Israel / Bais Avigsor
Congregation Torei Zahav / Anshei Chesed
Congregation Trisk Tolna
Kehillas Bais Yehuda of Wesley Hills
Kehillas Yeshorim of Wesley Hills
Khal Zichron Michoel
Kol Yaakov
Kollel Sharei Tefilla
Village Green Shul

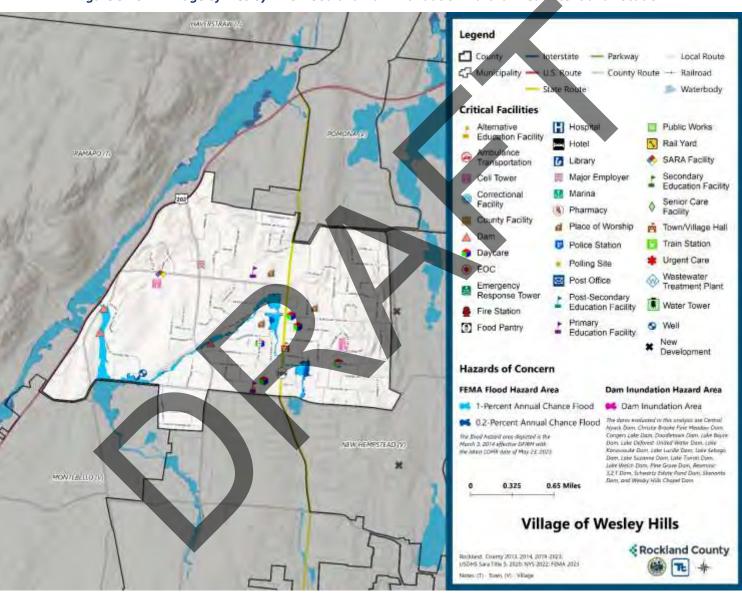


Figure 9.23-1. Village of Wesley Hills Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



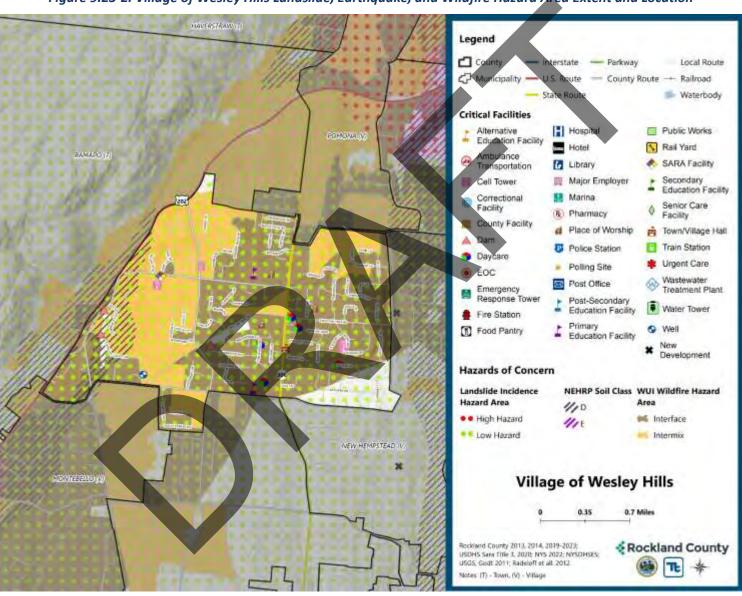


Figure 9.23-2. Village of Wesley Hills Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location



Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of Wesley Hills is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.23-15 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.23-15. Hazard Event History in the Village of Wesley Hills

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023, but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	Received \$607,075.10 in ARPA funds
April 13, 2020	High winds	No	High winds across the county led to downed trees power outages, closed roads, and approximately \$200,000 in property damage.	The Village Hall did not experience any property damage. Village Hall has a generator and is used for a warming, cooling, and power station. Local and County roadways in the Village were closed. Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road were closed due to flooding. The Village had numerous residents that were without power.
August 4, 2020	New York Tropical Storm Isaias (4567-DR-NY)	Yes	The center of Isaias passed about 65 miles west of New York City at 3 pm on August 4, 2020. Tropical storm force winds extended well east of the center of circulation. In addition, 1 to 3 inches of rainfall, highest west, were recorded across the county. These types of winds and rainfall across the area resulted in numerous trees and tree limbs being downed, power outages, damages to homes and automobiles, and disruption to transit.	The Village Hall did not experience any property damage. Village Hall has a generator and is used for a warming, cooling, and power station. Local and County roadways in the Village were closed. Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road were closed due to flooding. The Village had numerous residents that were without power.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
August 21-24, 2021	New York Hurricane Henri (3565-EM-NY)	Yes	Rainfall from Tropical Storm Henri resulted in widespread flash flooding across southeastern New York, particularly portions of the Lower Hudson Valley. Rainfall totals generally ranged from 2-5 inches, with this rain coming in addition to the 2-5 inches that fell during the predecessor rainfall event the night before.	The Village Hall did not experience any property damage. Village Hall has a generator and is used for a warming, cooling, and power station. Local and County roadways in the Village were closed. Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road were closed due to flooding. The Village had numerous residents that were without power.
September 1-3, 2021	New York Remnants of Hurricane Ida (3572-EM-NY, 4615-DR-NY)	Yes	Extremely heavy rainfall associated with the remnants of Hurricane Ida overspread southeast New York during the evening of September 1 and continued through the early morning hours of September 2. Rainfall totals ranged from 5-8 inches across much of the region, with much of that rain falling in Just a few hours. This resulted in widespread catastrophic flash flooding.	The Village Hall did not experience any property damage. Village Hall has a generator and is used for a warming, cooling, and power station. Local and County roadways in the Village were closed. A drainage easement located at 7 Martha Road has a pipe that blew out and required a full replacement. The Village submitted a FEMA application for reimbursement with the Town of Ramapo. We are expecting reimbursement from FEMA in the amount of \$201,000.00. The Village had numerous residents that were without power.
July 9-10, 2023	Severe Storm, Flooding		Severe storms and flooding resulted in road closures, including portions of the Palisades Interstate Parkway, throughout Rockland County.	The Village Hall did not experience any property damage. Village Hall has a generator and is used for a warming, cooling, and power station. Local and County roadways in the Village were closed. Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road were closed due to flooding. Flooding occurred on Timber Trail, Powerhorn, Terrace Road subdivision and E Willow Tree Road. The Village is still evaluating the Timber Trail culvert for repair.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of Wesley Hills.





Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. Wesley Hills reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

• During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Village indicated the rankings were accurate.

Table 9.23-16 shows Wesley Hills' final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Hazard Rank Dam Failure Low Disease Outbreak Medium Drought Medium Earthquake Low **Extreme Temperature** Medium Flood Medium Landslide Low Severe Weather Severe Winter Weather Wildfire Medium

Table 9.23-16. Hazard Ranking

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.23-17 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Exposure Already Protected to 1percent 0.2percent **Addressed by Proposed** 0.2percent Flood Level Name Type **Event Event** Action (describe protections) Wesley Chapel Dam #1 Yes Dam 2024-WesleyHillsV-09 Yes Wesley Chapel Dam #2 Dam Yes Yes 2024-WesleyHillsV-09 Willow Tree Park Dam Dam Yes Yes 2024-WesleyHillsV-09

Table 9.23-17. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Wesley Hills' hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of Wesley Hills identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:





- Wesley Chapel culvert lost its headwalls and has block exposed. The culvert has received damage from Hurricane Floyd and each storm thereafter. Pieces of the culvert have fallen off causing the structure to be in disrepair requiring us to reduce the weight limit on the roadway above it.
- The Village has not provided their stormwater outfall data to Rockland County.
- Several areas in the Village are flood prone and need to be addressed, including Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road, Wesley Chapel, Timber Trail, Lime Kiln Road, Terrace Road, and Willow Tree Road.
- There is an old dam and spillway in need of repair.
- Floodplain management staff and the building inspector are not Certified Floodplain Managers.
- The Village does not track permits in hazard areas.
- While the Village does not have any repetitive or severe repetitive loss properties, there are 12 flood insurance properties and 7 reported flood-related claims. The Village should inquire with property owners on flood mitigation solutions.
- There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.
- The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents and businesses about storm mitigation, preparation, response, and recovery.

9.23.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.23-18, Village of Wesley Hills did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.23-18 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in Table 9.23-18, Village of Wesley Hills did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.23-18. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
WH-1	Replace the Wesley Chapel Culvert	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Engineer	Wesley Chapel culvert lost its headwalls and has exposed block. Replace the Wesley Chapel culvert; lost its headwalls and is exposed block; lost the guardrail a few times and the Town of Ramapo has secured each time repairing and remortaring the block.	In Progress Received NYS grant money and went out to bid, but all bids came in two times the estimated cost. Village will be refurnishing the culvert with budgeted money in 2024 and the BRIDGE NY grant.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not applicable
WH-2	Joy Road and Spook Rock Road Culvert Upgrade	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Engineer	Undersized culvert. Upgrade culvert at Joy Road and Spook Rock Road	No Progress The Village does not have jurisdiction for this culvert.	Discontinue Not applicable The Village does not have jurisdiction for this culvert.
WH-3	VanWinkle Culvert Improvements	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Engineer	Existing culverts are silted over and in need of being repaired and cleaned. Culvert on VanWinkle — maintenance and repair to existing culverts that are silted over and need the inlets and outlets cleaned of debris in 2017 (\$15,000); funding through earmark Senator Thomas P. Morahan	Completed Not applicable	Discontinue Not applicable Action was completed



Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Problem and the Solution	Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
WH-4	Stormwater Outfall Data Integration	Flood, Severe Storm	Village Engineer	Need to provide their stormwater outfall data to Rockland County. The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensure their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit (2016 allocated and move forward to the 2017 budget) once an action plan is in place through the Stormwater Consortium and Rockland County.	In Progress Every 4 years the Village inspects the outfalls in the Village.	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not applicable
WH-5	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County DPW and Town DPW; The Village will coordinate as needed		No Progress Not applicable	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not applicable





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Progress, Complete)	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
WH-6	Dam and Spillway Improvements	Flood, Severe Storm	USACE; NYSDEC	The dam in the village is need of repair. There is an old dam and spillway that is not regulated by the NYSDEC but regulated by USACE and there is an associated wetland. Not an imminent failure but is in need of repair. Install walking paths in Bokar Park and connect to Willow Tree Park (Town owned). These improvements will require a joint permit for USACE and NYSDEC for stream disturbance to enhance the park system in the Town by having a Village feature.	1. No Progress 2. Not applicable	1. Include 2. Keep as is 3. Not applicable
WH-7	Staff Credentialling	Flood	Building Inspector	Floodplain management staff and the building inspector are not Certified Floodplain Managers. The Building Inspector, the NFIP Floodplain Administrator, obtain his Certified Floodplain Managers certification.	In Progress Action assists in maintaining the CFM certification for the building inspector and his/her staff.	Include Change to continued education for floodplain administrator and staff for CFM certification Not applicable





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

Wesley Hills participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that Wesley Hills would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.23-19 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.23-20 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.

Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category **FEMA CRS** LPR SIP PP ES Hazard NSP **EAP** PR PΙ NR SP Dam Failure **Ž** 2 2 1 1 1 Disease Outbreak 1 1 1 Drought 1 1 1 Earthquake 1 1 1 1 1 **Extreme Temperature** 1 1 1 2 2 Flood 3 3 2 2 3 2 Landslide 1 1 1 1 1 Severe Weather 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Severe Winter Weather 1 1 1 Wildfire 1 1 1 1 1

Table 9.23-19. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.





Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities





Table 9.23-20. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

		afety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	cal			Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	te Change	ine	Community Lifelines	cy Champion		High /
Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Prope	Cost-	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Envir	Socia	Admi	Hazaı	Climate	Timeline	Comr	Agency (Total	Medium / Low
2024-WesleyHillsV-01	Replace the Wesley Chapel Culvert	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	10	Medium
2024-WesleyHillsV-02	Stormwater Outfall Data Integration	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-03	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	9	Medium
2024-WesleyHillsV-04	Dam and Spillway Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-05	Staff Credentialling	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-06	Permit Tracking	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-07	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	o	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-08	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024-WesleyHillsV-09	Public Education and Outreach	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-01. Replace the Wesley Chapel Culvert

Action Name:	Replace the Wesley Chapel Culvert					
Description of the Problem:	Wesley Chapel culvert lost its headwalls and has block exposed. The culvert has received damage from Hurricane Floyd and each storm thereafter. Pieces of the culvert have fallen off causing the structure to be in disrepair requiring us to reduce the weight limit on the roadway above it.					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam/Levee Failure	×	☑Flood			
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide			
	□Drought	Severe Storm				
	□Earthquake		□Severe Winter Storm			
	□Extreme Temperature					
Description of the Solution:	Replace the Wesley Chapel culvert; lost its headwalls and is exposed block; lost the guardrail few times and the Town of Ramapo has secured each time repairing and re-mortaring the block Received NYS grant money and went out to bid, but all bids came in two times the estimated cost. Village will be refurnishing the culvert with budgeted money in 2024.					
Lead Agency:	Village of Wesley Hills Building Depa	artment				
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Ramapo					
Estimated Cost:	Medium					
Potential Funding Sources:	BRIDGE NY					
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years	` '				
Goals Met:	2, 5					
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and redu damage occurring to culverts and roadways during severe events. Businesses are likely to rem in place if they are able to remain open, or re-open sooner following a flood.					
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	☐Preventative Measures (PR)		□Natural Resou	rce Protection (NR)		
Check all that apply	☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)		⊠Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable	This action will assist socially vulner	able populati				
Populations:	the culvert.	abic populati	ions whose prope	rties are impacted by nooding		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will replace the Wesler infrastructure. Furthermore, transpito health and medical facilities we population who requires treatment	ortation rout vill be maint	es will be more lik tained, both for	ely to remain open and access		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormw	water management capabilities of the Village.				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	d area will be	e less likely to be f	looded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to result in reculvert sizes to meet changing storr					
Priority: Check one	□High	⊠Medium		□Low		
Alternatives	Action		Evalu	ation		
	No Action					
	Remove roadway		Roadway cann	ot be removed		
	Raingardens		ter to prevent floo	be able to absorb enough oding during severe rainfall onts.		





Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-02. Stormwater Outfall Data Integration

Description of the Problem: The Village has not provided their stormwater outfall data to Rockland County. Hazard(s) of Concern: □Dam/Levee Failure □Flood Check all that apply □Disease Outbreak □Landslide □Drought □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature □Wildfire Description of the Solution: The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensure their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
Check all that apply □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Earthquake □ Extreme Temperature □ Check all that apply □ Disease Outbreak □ Drought □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire □ Wildfire The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensure their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
□ Drought □ Severe Storm □ Severe Winter Storm □ Earthquake □ Severe Winter Storm □ Wildfire □ Description of the Solution: □ The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensur their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
□ Earthquake □ Severe Winter Storm □ Extreme Temperature □ Wildfire Description of the Solution: The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensure their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
Description of the Solution: The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensur their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
Description of the Solution: The Village, through its participation in the Stormwater Consortium, will provide and ensur their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
their stormwater outfall data is included in the Rockland County GIS web portal. The Village has the funding set aside to meet this obligation for the MS4 permit once an action plan is in place.
through the Stormwater Consortium and Rockland County.
Lead Agency: Floodplain Administrator
Supporting Agencies: Village of Wesley Hills, Rockland County
Estimated Cost: Low
Potential Funding Sources: Village Budget
Implementation Timeline: Within 1 year
Goals Met: 3, 5
Benefits: Inputting data on stormwater outfalls will allow an inventory to be created of stormwater facilities in the Village.
Mitigation Action Type: □ Natural Systems Protection (NSP)
Check all that apply Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: □Natural Resource Protection (NR)
Check all that apply □Property Protection (PP) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Public Information (PI) □Emergency Services (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable This action will permit the evaluation of how stormwater outfalls may impact locations near
Populations: where socially vulnerable populations reside.
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines: This action will track stormwater outfalls in the Village, which are critical pieces of infrastructure
Impact on Capabilities This action will create a new capability for the Village and enhance its NFIP compliance.
Impact on Future Development: This action will permit the evaluation of how stormwater outfalls may impact future development.
Climate Change Considerations: A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events.
Priority:
Alternatives Action Evaluation
No action Current problem remains
Request assistance from local colleges and universities in developing GIS mapping May not be financially feasible or sustainable



Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-03. Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures

Action Name:	Flood Prone Road Mitigation Measures				
Description of the Problem:	Several areas in the Village are flood prone and need to be addressed, including Grandview Ave, Spook Rock Road, Wesley Chapel, Timber Trail, Lime Kiln Road, Terrace Road, and Willow Tree Road.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire) orm	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will continue to work with Rockland County DPW and the Town to address floor prone road systems. For example, Rockland County to repair damaged wall along Spook Rock Rd. containing Wesley Chapel Pond #2. Spook Rock to the confluence of the Mahwah in dange — County-led project.				
Lead Agency:	Village of Wesley Hills Building Depa	artment			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County DPW				
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	2				
Benefits:	This action will identify measures to will lead to the assurance of clear responses.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Areas that were previously vulneral to be impacted by flooding events.				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to will lead to the assurance of clear responses.				
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	d area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means store often, including increased periods of the control		•	nore intense and occur more	
Priority: Check one	☑High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Relocate all flood prone road s	system		Not feasible	
	Raise all flood prone road	ls	Cost prohibitive		



Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-04. Dam and Spillway Improvements

Action Name:	Dam and Spillway Improvements				
Description of the Problem:	There is an old dam and spillway in	need of repa	air.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam/Levee Failure	Σ	☑ Flood		
Check all that apply	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide		
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter Sto	orm	
	☐Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	There is an old dam and spillway the and there is an associated wetlan walking paths in Boker Park and comprovements will require a joint enhance the park system.	d. Not an im Innect to Wil	nminent failure bu llow Tree Park (To	it is in need of repair. Install wn of Ramapo owned).These	
Lead Agency:	Village of Wesley Hills Building Dep	artment			
Supporting Agencies:	Town of Ramapo, Rockland County	, NYSDEC, US	ACE		
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget,	USACE			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety areas of the dams.	and security	y of those who liv	e within the dam inundation	
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			rrce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better preparareas where significant risk to social		•		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facili	ty. This actio	n will ensure the i	ntegrity of the dam.	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve safety an integrity of the dam.	d security c	apabilities of the	Village by strengthening the	
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	d area will b	e less likely to be f	looded.	
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an disaster events, which may contribute		•	·	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Fix the dam, not the spillw	/ay	Spillway could l	ead to flooding and erosion	
	Remove dam		May caus	e additional flood risk	



Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-05. Staff Credentialling

Action Name:	Staff Credentialling			
Description of the Problem:	Floodplain management staff and the building inspector must receive continued education in order to achieve CFM certification.			
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	[[⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter St □Wildfire	prm
Description of the Solution:	Provide training and/or certification for Village staff with NFIP regulations and floodplain management ordinances. Encourage staff to become Certified Floodplain Managers via the Association of State Floodplain Manager's CFM Certification Program.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Village of Sloatsburg			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 3, 6			
Benefits:	This action will increase the NFIP cap has enough staff to accomplish its g			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	SIP)		ns Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category: Check all that apply	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Officials that are up to date on flo areas of high flood risk, which is who Safer dwellings may be developed in	ere socially v	vulnerable populat	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The opportunity will exist for leade attend training and provide dire interruptions in service as a result o	ction on w		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village'	s current NF	IP capabilities.	
Impact on Future Development:	Officials that understand best pract influence future development and p			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Climate Change Considerations:		te the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster taff on NFIP regulations to assist with the flood hazard.		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current	t problem continues
	Utilize surrounding municipal	staff	Staff may not	be available when needed
	Perform training, do not get	raining, do not get CFM May not have as much knowledge of		as much knowledge of NFIP regulations





Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-06. Permit Tracking

Action Name:	Permit Tracking				
Description of the Problem:	The Village does not track permits in hazard areas.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide			
	□Drought ⊠Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	□Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	Implement a permit tracking process.				
Lead Agency:	Building Department				
Supporting Agencies:	Floodplain Administrator, Planning and Zoning	g Boards			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 2 years				
Goals Met:	2, 4, 5				
Benefits:	This action will allow all permits issued within	the Borough to be tracked by hazard area.			
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	 ☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐Education and Awareness Programs (EA 				
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Not applicable				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Permits issued for critical facilities in the flood	plain or other hazard areas will be tracked.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will create a new capability for the	Village and enhance its NFIP compliance.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action may lead to permits being restric Village and municipal codes to be updated.	ted within various identified hazard areas in the			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather-reladisaster events. This action will increase the Borough's ability to track structures locate hazard areas which may have conditions exacerbated by the impacts of climate change, such floods and wildfires.				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem remains			
	Track only flood development permits	Will align with NFIP requirements, but will not consider other hazard areas in the Village			



Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-07. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties				
Description of the Problem:	While the Village does not have any repetitive or severe repetitive loss properties, there are 12 flood insurance properties and 7 reported flood-related claims. The Village should inquire with property owners on flood mitigation solutions.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	□Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		☑Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Sto □Wildfire	o rm	
Description of the Solution:	The Village will promote and support no risk properties within the floodplain, inclu (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL), sue feasibility. The parameters for this initiat participation of property owners.	iding th	nose that have bee cquisition/relocati	n identified as Repetitive Loss on or elevation depending on	
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			Ť	
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, Village Budget,	County	Budget, Property	Owners	
Implementation Timeline:	3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3				
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive from the flood hazard area or elevating p		_		
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)			ns Protection (NSP) I Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rvices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may be a otherwise be unaffordable.	ble to h	nave houses elevat	ed or acquired when it would	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the floodplai services including health and medical, lav				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's curr	ent NF	IP capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners within a flood prone area will limit construction in areas that are prone to hazard events. Homes may be acquired, which will remove those structures from the floodplain and prevent future development on those sites.				
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms har often, including increased periods of inte			nore intense and occur more	
Priority: Check one	⊠High	edium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	problem continues	
	Construct flood walls/barriers arour vulnerable areas	ıd	Costly and can	divert floodwaters to other areas	
	Deployable flood barriers for vulnerable	areas		t deal of work to implement or to each event	



Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-08. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership				
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St Wildfire	p rm	
Description of the Solution:	Work with the owners of the dams Identify mitigation actions to ensure 0.2-percent flood hazard area.				
Lead Agency:	Village of Wesley Hills Building Depa	artment			
Supporting Agencies:	Dam Owners, NYSDEC				
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and security of those who live within the dam inundation areas of the dams and increase the resilience of responding agencies.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	⊠Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (S	iiP)		ns Protection (NSP) Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☑ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) rivices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better prepa areas where significant risk to social				
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical faci procedures in place for each identif		ion will create an	understanding of the safety	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning responsibilities and procedures.	and respor	nse capabilities th	rough the understanding of	
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change may result in an increase in the frequency and severity of weather-relate disaster events, which may contribute to the likelihood of a dam failure event. This action wi increase the capabilities to respond to these events.				
Priority: Check one	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action		_	aware of any safety concerns dam or its condition	
	Utilize information from NYS	SDEC	Owners may not be required to submit a safety plan to the State		
	Utilize information from the Na Inventory of Dams	ational	Not all dams a	are listed on the inventory	





Action 2024-Wesley HillsV-09. Public Education and Outreach

Action Name:	Public Education and Outreach				
Description of the Problem:	The Village currently does not have a comprehensive education and outreach program. There is a need to educate residents and businesses about hazard mitigation. preparation, response, and recovery.				
Hazard(s) of Concern: Check all that apply	⊠Dam/Levee Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature		TFlood Landslide Severe Storm Severe Winter St Wildfire	• orm	
Description of the Solution:	Develop and enhance the public awareness program on hazards, prevention, and mitigation. Continue to work with Rockland County on their program that provides information to the municipalities.				
Lead Agency:	Village of Wesley Hills Village Board				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County				
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	1 year				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.				
Mitigation Action Type: Check all that apply	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		□Natural Systems Protection (NSP)☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category: Check all that apply	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations will le which may impact them in the Village		prepare for and	mitigate the various hazards	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Businesses, which may be considered critical facilities or lifelines, would be more informed or how to prepare for emergency events and mitigate the risks of potential hazards. With these businesses becoming more resilient, this action would contribute to their continuity or operations.				
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the V program.	'illage's alr	eady existing pu	blic education and outreach	
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the events. This action will inform resident and how climate change may exacerb	ts and busi	ness owners of ho		
Priority: Check one	⊠High	Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current method	s remain the only ones used	
	Rely on state or federal resourc	ces		e generalized and not specific risks in the Village	
	Use only a few methods for distrib	oution	hinder socially v	methods of distribution may rulnerable populations from ving the guidance	





SECTION 9. JURISDICTIONAL ANNEXES

9.24 VILLAGE OF WEST HAVERSTRAW

This jurisdictional annex to the Rockland County Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) provides information to assist public and private sectors in the Village of West Haverstraw with reducing losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs; its focus is on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. The annex presents a general overview of the Village of West Haverstraw, describes who participated in the planning process, assesses the Village's risk, vulnerability, and capabilities, and outlines a strategy for achieving a more resilient community.

9.24.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The Village of West Haverstraw identified primary and alternate HMP points of contact and developed this plan over the course of several months, with input from many Village departments. The Mayor represented the community on the Rockland County HMP Planning Partnership and Steering Committee and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Table 9.24-1 summarizes Village officials who participated in the development of the annex and in what capacity. Additional documentation of the Village's planning activities through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Volume I.

Table 9.24-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact					
Name/Title: Anthony Sparta / DPW Superintendent	Name/Title: Robert R. D'Amelio / Mayor					
Address: 130 Samsondale Avenue, West Haverstraw, NY 10993	Address: 130 Samsondale Avenue, West Haverstraw, NY 10993					
Phone Number: (845) 429-4460	Phone Number: (845) 947-2800					
Email: asparta@westhaverstraw.org	Email: Mayor@westhaverstraw.org					
National Flood Insurance Program Floodplain Administrator						
Name/Title: Fred Viohl / Fire Inspector, Acting Building Inspector						
Address: 130 Samsondale Avenue, West Haverstraw, NY 10993	Address: 130 Samsondale Avenue, West Haverstraw, NY 10993					
Phone Number: (845) 947-2800						
Email: fviohl@westhaverstraw.org						
Additional Contributors						
Name/Title: Linda Donnelly / Principal Clerk						
Method of Participation: Provided feedback on draft annex; attended	meetings; completed hazard event history survey					
Name/Title: Anthony Sparta / DPW Superintendent						
Method of Participation: Provided feedback on draft annex; attended meetings						
Name/Title: Robert R. D'Amelio / Mayor						
Method of Participation: Provided feedback on draft annex						
Name/Title: Fred Viohl / Fire Inspector, Acting Building Inspector						
Method of Participation: Provided feedback on draft annex; provided information on NFIP program						



9.24.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of West Haverstraw is located in the eastern half of the Town of Haverstraw, northwest of the Village of Haverstraw, east of the Hamlet of Thiells, south of the Town of Stony Point, and west of the Hudson River (Rockland County 2018). It has a total area of 1.5 square miles, none of which is water. The Village is a family-oriented residential neighborhood with a thriving commercial district (Village of West Haverstraw 2020).

Research has shown that some populations are at greater risk from hazard events because of decreased resources or physical abilities. These populations can be more susceptible to hazard events based on a number of factors including their physical and financial ability to react or respond during a hazard, and the location and construction quality of their housing. Data from the 2017-2021 American Community Survey indicates that 8.9 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger, 12.1 percent is 65 years of age or older, 15.6 percent is non-English speaking, 12.8 percent is below the poverty threshold, and 9.3 percent is considered disabled.

9.24.3 Jurisdictional Capability Assessment and Integration

The Village of West Haverstraw performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Volume I describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The jurisdictional assessment for this annex includes analyses of the following:

- Planning and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- Administrative and technical capabilities
- Fiscal capabilities
- Education and outreach capabilities
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- Adaptive capacity to withstand hazard events

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day local government operations. As part of the hazard mitigation analysis, planning and /policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress toward plan integration. Development of an updated mitigation strategy provided an opportunity for the Village of West Haverstraw to identify opportunities for integration of mitigation concepts that can be incorporated into municipal procedures.

Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

Table 9.24-2 summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to Village of West Haverstraw.



Table 9.24-2. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability and Integration

	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Codes, Ordinances, & Regulation	s			
Building Code	Yes	Chapter 250 Zoning, Planning, and Building	State, Local	Code Enforcement Office
•	ing construction in the ment Officer shall be p	w does this reduce risk? e Village are those contained in the Nevrovided flood hazard certifications prio		
Zoning/Land Use Code	Yes	Chapter 250 Zoning, Planning, and Building	Local	Planning Board, Zoning Board of Appeals, Building Department
following to protect and promote reduction of traffic congestion, m preservation of historic and natur systems.	these interests: effici- aximum protection of	nd welfare. The Zoning, Planning, and E ent and adequate public facilities and s residential areas, protection of busine nmodation of solar energy systems and	ervices, privacy f ss areas by reduc	or families, prevention and cing traffic congestion,
Subdivision Code	Yes	Chapter 250, Article XVII Subdivision of Land Authorization and Procedures	Local	Planning Board, Building Department
economical development of the V without danger to health or peril other needed improvements. The	lillage. Land to be sub- from fire, flood, or oth Village's subdivision in ecial development co	ard to consider land subdivisions as par divided shall be of such character that i her menace. Proper provision shall be n regulations are supplemented by other ntrols in steep slope areas in recognitio	t can be used san nade for drainag provisions in the	fely for building purposes e, water, sewerage, and e Zoning, Planning, and
Site Plan Code	Yes	Chapter 250, Article XVI Site Development Plans	Local	Planning Board, Building Department
buildings in all districts, except on the site in terms of parking, drain other portions of the Zoning, Plan	y the Planning Board of the and two-family dwo age, access, or utilities on the arms and Building order.	w does this reduce risk? shall be required for the erection or en ellings; any change in use or intensity o s; and any application for a special pern linance that enable special developmer tion, such as flooding, erosion, and wat	f use which will a nit. These provis nt controls in ste	affect the characteristics of ions are supplemented by ep slope areas in
Stormwater Management Code	Yes	Chapter 202 Stormwater Management	Local	Village Engineer
	tablish minimum stor e of the public. The or	mwater management requirements and dinance identifies several objectives, ir		
Post-Disaster Recovery/ Reconstruction Code	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
	this? (Yes/No)	New York State (NYS) mandate,	state, rederal)	Department or Agency
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code – Article 14 §460-467	State, Local	-
How has or will this be integrated				
		al buyers whether their property is loca	ated in a designa	ted floodplain.
Growth Management	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	l with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Environmental Protection Ordinance(s)	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Chapter 112 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
expenditure for flood controls an business interruptions, maintaini hazards, and ensure that those w	d rescue/relief efforts, ng a stable tax base, pi rho occupy such areas hall have fully enclosed	he Village. Identified objectives of this of minimizing damage to public facilities rovide that developers are notified that assume responsibility for their actions. It dereas below the lowest floor that are nent.	and utilities, mir t property is in ar New and substa	nimizing prolonged n area of special flood ntially improved structures
Wellhead Protection	No	icit.	_	_
How has or will this be integrated		w does this reduce risk?	-	<u> </u>
N/A				
Emergency Management Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Climate Change Ordinance	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	d with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Other: Freeboard	Yes	Chapter 112 Flood Damage Prevention	Federal, State, Local	Building Inspector
one foot of freeboard. Additional	e- and two-family resid lly, the Village's Flood I zards area shall have fo	ences to be built with two feet of freeb Damage Prevention Ordinance requires ully enclosed areas below the lowest flo	s that new and su	ibstantially improved
Other: Cumulative Substantial Damage	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?		
Planning Documents				
General/Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Village of West Haverstraw Comprehensive Plan (1980)	Local	Planning Board
How has or will this be integrated. The Village Comprehensive Plan witigation.		, , ,	efer to areas of n	atural hazards nor hazard





		Citation and Date	Authority	
	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	(code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	(local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency
Capital Improvement Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated		v does this reduce risk?		
N/A				
Disaster Debris Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Floodplain Management or Watershed Plan	No	-		-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Stormwater Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Open Space Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	w does this reduce risk?		
Urban Water Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Habitat Conservation Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Economic Development Plan	No		-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Community Forest Management Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Transportation Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	w does this reduce risk?		
Agriculture Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		
Climate Action/ Resiliency/Sustainability Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and how	v does this reduce risk?		
Tourism Plan	No	-	-	-
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and hov	v does this reduce risk?		





	Jurisdiction has this? (Yes/No)	Citation and Date (code chapter or name of plan, date of enactment or plan adoption)	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Person, Department or Agency		
Business/ Downtown Development Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Other	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Response/Recovery Planning						
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	-		-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Substantial Damage Response Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated with the HMP and how does this reduce risk? N/A						
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment	No		-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Public Health Plan	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				
Other	No	-	-	-		
How has or will this be integrated N/A	with the HMP and ho	w does this reduce risk?				

Development and Permitting Capability

Table 9.24-3 summarizes the capabilities of Village of West Haverstraw to oversee and track development.

Table 9.24-3. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you issue development permits?	Yes	Building Department
 If you issue development permits, what department is responsible? If you do not issue development permits, what is your process for tracking new development? 		
Are permits tracked by hazard area? (For example, floodplain development permits.)	Yes	-





Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Yes/No	Comment:
Do you have a buildable land inventory? • If you have a buildable land inventory, please describe	No	-
Describe the level of build-out in your jurisdiction.	N/A	Areas in the Village available for future development include the R-1 residential district and the Planned Light Industrial District.

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.24-4 summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to Village of West Haverstraw and their current responsibilities that contribute to hazard mitigation.

Table 9.24-4. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	The Planning Board reviews applications submitted for subdivisions and site plans. In approving the site development plan for any particular use, the Planning Board shall consider the design of the following: traffic access, circulation, parking, landscaping, screening, utilities and the overall character and appearance of the proposed use.
Zoning Board of Adjustment	Yes	The Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA) reviews the applications requesting area and use variances. They may also grant special permits for uses authorized in our Village Zoning Code. Where it is determined that an area variance or use variance shall be granted, the variance shall be the minimum variance deemed necessary and adequate to afford the applicant the relief required and, at the same time, to protect the character of the neighborhood and the health, safety, and welfare of the community.
Planning Department	No	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	-
Open Space Board/Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Public Works/Highway Department	Yes	The Department of Public Works (DPW) provides municipal services in environmental services and solid waste. Each service contributes in making Village streets and public spaces clean, safe, attractive, and accessible. The DPW performs several daily and seasonal operations including trash, bulk, recycling, e-waste (electronics) and yard waste collection services, street cleaning, and park maintenance.
Construction/Building/Code Enforcement Department	Yes	Building Department
Emergency Management/Public Safety Department	No	The West Haverstraw Fire Department serves the Village.



Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comments (available staff, responsibilities, support of hazard mitigation)
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (stormwater maintenance, tree trimming, etc.)	Yes	The Department of Public Works (DPW) provides municipal services in environmental services and solid waste. Each service contributes in making Village streets and public spaces clean, safe, attractive, and accessible. The DPW performs several daily and seasonal operations including trash, bulk, recycling, e-waste (electronics) and yard waste collection services, street cleaning, and park maintenance.
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	West Haverstraw Fire Department
Human Resources Manual - Do any job descriptions specifically include identifying or implementing mitigation projects or other efforts to reduce natural hazard risk?	No	
Other	No	-
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Sub-contractors
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Sub-contractors
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Sub-contractors
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	If required, the Village will contract for such services.
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Building Inspector and Village Engineer on a matter-by-matter basis.
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	Yes	Engineer/Building Dept.
Environmental scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	Engineer
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	Depending upon the nature of the grant application, the Village prepares such applications in house or with the assistance of outside grant writers.
Other (this could include stormwater engineer, environmental specialist, etc.)	No	-

Fiscal Capability

 $\label{thm:control_thm} \textbf{Table 9.24-5 summarizes financial resources available to Village of West Haverstraw.}$

Table 9.24-5. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes





Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use? (Yes/No)
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	No
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs)
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No
Other (for example, Clean Water Act 319 Grants [Nonpoint Source Pollution])	NYDOT

Education and Outreach Capability

Table 9.24-6 summarizes the education and outreach resources available to Village of West Haverstraw.

Table 9.24-6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Outreach Resources	Available? (Yes/No)	Comment:
Public information officer or communications office	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Contracted
Hazard mitigation information available on your website	Yes	The Village maintains a website has links to the municipal newsletter, local laws and documents, local news, the annual budget, county websites, and emergency services. The village has identified a need to redevelop and update its website.
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	No	-
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	-
Warning systems for hazard events	Yes	The County utilizes NY-Alert and CodeRed (the backup to NY-Alert) for emergency notifications (all Towns and Villages have access to it).
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools	No	-
Organizations that conduct outreach to socially vulnerable populations and underserved populations	No	-
Public outreach mechanisms / programs to inform citizens on natural hazards, risk, and ways to protect themselves during such events	No	<u>-</u>
If yes, please describe.	N/A	-

Community Classifications

Table 9.24-7 summarizes classifications for community programs available to Village of West Haverstraw.

Table 9.24-7. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	-	-





Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	3	-
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Climate Smart Community	Yes	None	7/26/2023
National Weather Service Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Communities classification	No	-	-
Other: Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	-	-

N/A = Not applicable

— = Unavailable

Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2022). Each jurisdiction has a unique combination of capabilities to adjust to, protect from, and withstand a future hazard event, future conditions, and changing risk. Table 9.24-8 summarizes the adaptive capacity for each identified hazard of concern and the Village's capability to address related actions using the following classifications:

- Strong: Capacity exists and is in use.
- Moderate: Capacity might exist; but is not used or could use some improvement.
- Weak: Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement.

Hazard Adaptive Capacity - Strong/Moderate/Weak Dam Failure Moderate Disease Outbreak Moderate Drought Moderate Earthquake Moderate Extreme Temperature Moderate Flood Moderate Landslide Moderate Severe Weather Moderate Severe Winter Weather Moderate Wildfire Moderate

Table 9.24-8. Adaptive Capacity

9.24.4 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain, including current and future compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The floodplain administrator listed in Table 9.24-1 is responsible for maintaining this information.

NFIP Summary

Table 9.24-9 summarizes the NFIP statistics for Village of West Haverstraw.





Table 9.24-9. Village of West Haverstraw NFIP Summary of Policy and Claim Statistics

# Policies	23
# Claims (Losses)	29
Total Loss Payments	\$3,917,935
# Repetitive Loss Properties (NFIP definition)	0
# Repetitive Loss Properties (FMA definition)	0
# Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	0
# Policies Within the 1 percent Annual Chance Flood Boundary	0

NFIP Definition of Repetitive Loss: The NFIP defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling 10-year period since 1978.

FMA Definition of Repetitive Loss: FEMA's Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program defines a repetitive loss property as any insurable building that has incurred flood-related damage on two occasions, in which the cost of the repair, on average, equaled or exceeded 25 percent of the market value of the structure at the time of each such flood event.

Definition of Severe Repetitive Loss: A residential property covered under an NFIP flood insurance policy and: (a) That has at least four NFIP claim payments over \$5,000 each, and the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeds \$20,000; or (b) For which at least two separate claims payments have been made with the cumulative amount of the building portion of such claims exceeding the market value of the building. At least two of the claims must have occurred within any 10-year period, more than 10 days apart.

Source: FEMA, December 2023

Note: RL count may include properties also identified as SRL.

Flood Vulnerability Summary

Table 9.24-10 provides a summary of the NFIP program in Village of West Haverstraw.

Table 9.24-10. NFIP Summary

NFIP Topic	Comments
Flood Vulnerability Summary	
Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction.	The Village of West Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek, especially in the vicinity of Suffern Lane, Railroad Avenue, Grassy Point Road and east of Samsondale Avenue.
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	Yes
How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	None
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	No
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations?	The Village keeps track of properties that have been flood damaged but does not perform substantial damage estimates and therefor does not maintain lists/inventories of properties that have been substantially damaged.
How many Substantial Damage determinations were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	N/A
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	Unknown





NFIP Topic	Comments
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes
NFIP Compliance	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Building Inspector, Village Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes, State and Federal resources.
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	The FPA feels empowered and capable to run an effective floodplain management program in the Village and is adequately supported and trained to fulfill the responsibilities of municipal floodplain administrator. However, the FPA would consider attending continuing education and/or certification training on floodplain management if it were offered in the County for all local floodplain administrators.
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g., permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit review is the primary responsibility of the Village FPA; additional functions including maintaining records of FEMA Floodplain Maps and tracking updates and changes are the responsibility of the Building Department and Village Clerk. There are currently no education or outreach programs to the community regarding flood hazards/risk, and flood risk reduction through NFIP insurance, mitigation, etc.
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	N/A
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	Unknown
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance?	Chapter 112 Flood Damage Prevention
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	January 2014
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	The program meets minimum requirements
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	The planning board and zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances and conditional approvals. The Village has a Site Plan Ordinance.
Does your community plan to join the CRS program or is your community interested in improving your CRS classification?	Yes





9.24.5 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to appreciating a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, are summarized in Table 9.24-11 through Table 9.24-13.

Table 9.24-11. Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP

	New Construction Permits Issued						
	Single Family	Multi-Family	Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	Total			
		2019					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2020					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2021					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2022					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			
		2023					
Total Permits	0	0	0	0			
Permits within SFHA	0	0	0	0			

SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area (1 percent flood event)

Table 9.24-12, Recent Major Development and Infrastructure from 2018 to Present

Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development
	The Village has	had no recent major de	evelopment or infrastr	ucture between 2018 to preser	it.

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

Table 9.24-13. Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five Years

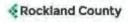
Property or Development Name	Type of Development	# of Units / Structures	Location (address and/or block and lot)	Known Hazard Zone(s)*	Description / Status of Development	
There are no known or anticipated major development of infrastructure in the Village in the next five years.						

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.24.6 Jurisdictional Risk Assessment

The hazard profiles in Volume I provide detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards, including summaries of the Village of West Haverstraw's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking. Key local risk assessment information is presented below.





Hazard Area

Hazard area maps provided below illustrate the probable hazard areas impacted within the Village are shown in Figure 9.24-1 through Figure 9.24-2. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps are provided only for hazards that can be identified clearly using mapping techniques and technologies and for which West Haverstraw has significant exposure. The maps show the location of potential new development, where available.



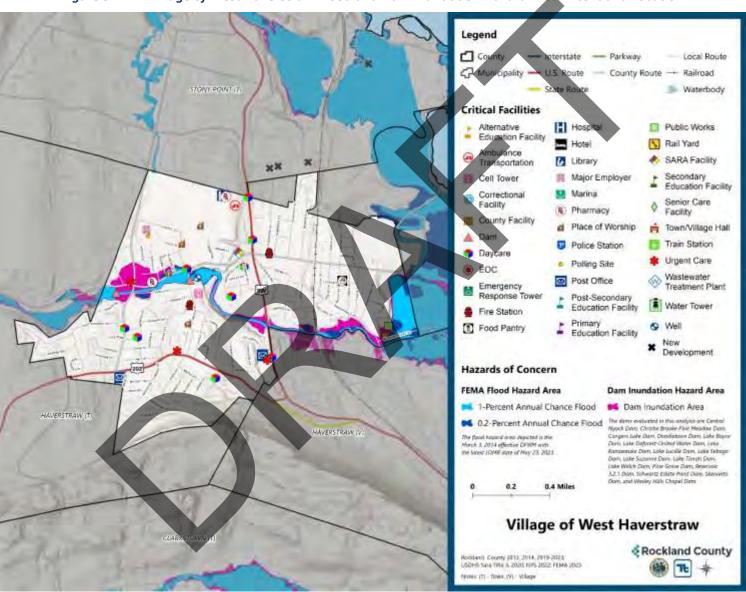


Figure 9.24-1. Village of West Haverstraw Flood and Dam Inundation Hazard Area Extent and Location



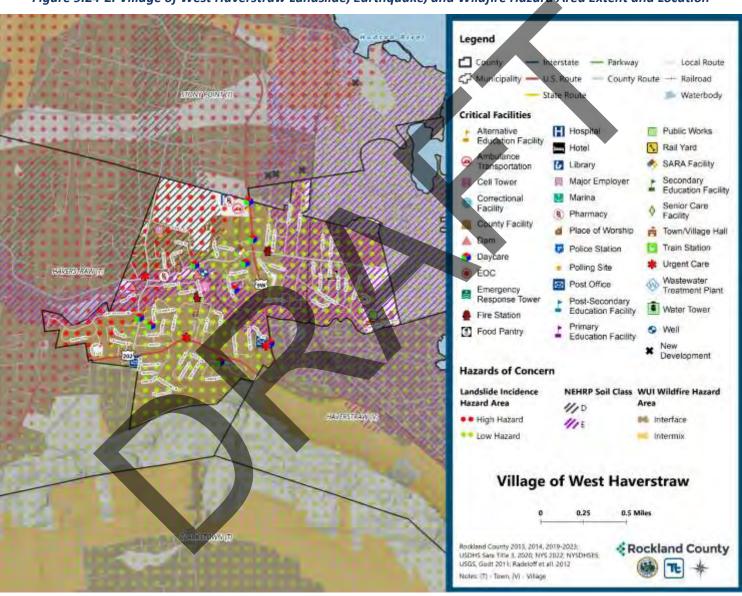


Figure 9.24-2. Village of West Haverstraw Landslide, Earthquake, and Wildfire Hazard Area Extent and Location





Hazard Event History

The history of natural and non-natural hazard events in the Village of West Haverstraw is detailed in Volume I, where each hazard profile includes a chronology of historical events that have affected the County and its municipalities. Table 9.24-14 provides details on loss and damage in the Village during hazard events since the last hazard mitigation plan update.

Table 9.24-14. Hazard Event History in the Village of West Haverstraw

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Damage and Losses in the Village
Jan 20, 2020 - May 11, 2023	New York Covid-19 (3434- EM-NY, 4480-DR-NY)	Yes	The Covid-19 pandemic resulted in nationwide shutdowns, social distancing and masking requirements, and immunization efforts. Since the start of the pandemic, roughly 950 deaths have been reported in Rockland County. The federal Public Health Emergency expired in May 2023 but illness continues to occur as the virus shifts to becoming endemic.	Minimal impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic.

EM = Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA = Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR = Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)
N/A = Not applicable

Hazard Ranking and Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Volume I have detailed information regarding each planning partner's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes presents key risk assessment results for the Village of West Haverstraw.

Hazard Ranking

The participating jurisdictions have differing degrees of vulnerability to the hazards of concern, so each jurisdiction ranked its own degree of risk to each hazard. The community-specific hazard ranking is based on problems and impacts identified by the risk assessment presented in Volume I. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; the potential impacts of the hazard on people, property, and the economy; community capabilities to address the hazard; and changing future climate conditions. West Haverstraw reviewed the County hazard ranking and individual results to assess the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Village indicated the following:

- The disease outbreak hazard ranking was decreased from Medium to Low due to its occurrence being out of the Village's control.
- The earthquake hazard was decreased from Medium to Low due to the infrequency of occurrence.
- The landslide hazard ranking was decreased from High to Low due to its infrequency of occurrence.
- The wildfire hazard ranking was decreased from Medium to Low due to its infrequency of occurrence.





Table 9.24-15 shows West Haverstraw's final hazard rankings for identified hazards of concern. Mitigation action development uses the ranking to target hazards with the highest risk.

Table 9.24-15. Hazard Ranking

Hazard	Rank		
Dam Failure	Low		
Disease Outbreak	Low		
Drought	Medium		
Earthquake	Low		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Landslide	Low		
Severe Weather	High		
Severe Winter Weather	High		
Wildfire	Low		

Note: The scale is based on the hazard rankings established in Volume I, modified as appropriate based on review by the jurisdiction

Critical Facilities

Table 9.24-16 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1 percent and 0.2 percent annual chance floodplains.

Table 9.24-16. Critical Facilities Flood Vulnerability

		Ехр	osure		Already Protected to 0.2
Name	Туре	1 percent Event	0.2 percent Event	Addressed by Proposed Action	percent Flood Level (describe protections)
Rockland Print Co Dam	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-WestHaverstrawV-02	-
Rockland Print Co Dam #2	Dam	Yes	Yes	2024-WestHaverstrawV-02	-
Garnerville Holding Co Well	Well	Yes	Yes	2024-WestHaverstrawV-03	-

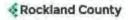
Source: Rockland County 2023, FEMA

Identified Issues

After review of the Village of Haverstraw's hazard event history, hazard rankings, hazard location, and current capabilities, the Village of West Haverstraw identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The municipality lacks a Substantial Damage Management Plan.
- There are multiple dams, which are critical infrastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent flood hazard areas. These structures have the potential to impact those living nearby.
- Critical facilities may be vulnerable to hazards and need support to implement protection measures, including the Garnerville Holding Co Well.
- The Village of West Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek, especially in the vicinity of Suffern Lane, Railroad Avenue, Grassy Point Road and east of Samsondale Avenue.
- Though the Village does not have any repetitive or severe repetitive loss properties, there are 23 active NFIP
 policies and a reported 29 losses. Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property
 owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.





- The current comprehensive plan does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations.
- The village website needs to be updated to create a webpage for public education on hazard risks and awareness.
- High risk locations often lack or have limited connectivity to real-time disaster warning and emergency notifications.
- The Village would like to increase institutional understanding and programmatic consideration of hazard mitigation.
- Village currently does not have an Emergency Operations Coordinated Response Plan.
- Staff is inadequately trained with respect to natural hazard risk management, climate change and its impact on water levels.
- During a severe storm, Village Hall and the DPW garage are primary response centers. If access is compromised, village residents are at risk.

9.24.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and prioritizes actions to address over the next five years.

Past Mitigation Initiative Status

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of West Haverstraw did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.24-17 indicates progress on the Village's mitigation strategy identified in the 2019 HMP. Actions that are still recommended but not completed or that are in progress are carried forward and combined with new actions as part of the mitigation strategy for this plan update. Previous actions that are now ongoing programs and capabilities are indicated as such and are presented in the capability assessment earlier in this annex.

Additional Mitigation Efforts

In addition to the mitigation initiatives completed in **Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.**, Village of West Haverstraw did not identify any mitigation efforts completed since the last HMP.





Table 9.24-17. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

						<u> </u>
Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VWH-1	Minisceongo Flood Remediation	Flood, Severe Storm	Rockland County Drainage Agency, Village of Haverstraw, and West Haverstraw	The Village of West Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek, especially in the vicinity of Suffern Lane, Railroad Avenue, Grassy Point Road and east of Samsondale Avenue. Work with partnering agencies to identify feasible mitigation measures to provide relief from flooding impacts caused by the Minisceongo Creek.		1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A
VWH-2	Update Comprehensive Plan		CPG member; Village Trustee	Current comprehensive plan does not thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation considerations. Update Village comprehensive plan. Ensure that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural disaster mitigation techniques through a courtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning Department.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A
VWH-3	Develop New Village Website	All Hazards	RCOFES lead with direct participation and involvement form each jurisdiction's CPG member	Need for a village website that is current and linked to available resources. Develop new Village website. Include		Include in the 2024 HMP The village website needs to be updated to create a webpage for public education on hazard risks and awareness. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VWH-4	Develop Emergency Notification System Parameters	All Hazards	Rockland County, CPG member; Village Trustee	High risk locations often lack or have limited connectivity to real-time disaster warning and emergency notifications. Work with local municipalities to pursue the development of an Emergency Notification System call parameter for high-risk locations of natural hazards with delineable hazard areas.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A
VWH-5	Public Workshops	All Hazards	CPG member; Village Trustee	Increase institutional understanding and programmatic consideration of hazard mitigation. Hold periodic workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation.	2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A
VWH-6	Mitigation Initiative Assistance	Flood, Severe Storm	Floodplain manager, Building Department	Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them. Work with owners to explore mitigation opportunities for repetitively flooded properties, and if appropriate and feasible, carry out acquisition, relocation, elevation, and flood proofing measures to protect these properties.	2 N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VWH-7	Critical Facilities Protection	All Hazards		Critical facilities may be vulnerable to hazards and need support to implement protection measures. Determine the year built and level of protection for critical emergency facilities and shelters to highlight structures built before codes and standards were put in place to provide some degree of protection from natural hazards and pursue potential mitigation opportunities to protect these sites as funding becomes available.	2. This is an ongoing capability and the	Include in the 2024 HMP Include in the 2024 HMP Include in the 2024 HMP Include in the 302 HMP Include in the flood hazard areas. Refer to mitigation actions 02 and 03 below for details.
VWH-8	Develop Emergency Response Plan	All Hazards	Village of West Haverstraw, Rockland County	Village currently does not have an Emergency Response Plan. Develop an Emergency Response Plan for the Village with assistance from Rockland County.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A
VWH-9	Staff Training	All Hazards	Haverstraw, Rockland County	Staff is inadequately trained. Provide training and/or certification for Village staff with respect to natural hazard risk management, climate change and its impact on water levels.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	Include in the 2024 HMP Staff is inadequately trained with respect to natural hazard risk management, climate change and its impact on water levels. N/A
VWH-10	West Haverstraw Municipal Complex Drainage Improvements	Severe Storm	Village of West Haverstraw	During a severe storm, Village Hall and the DPW garage are primary response centers. If access is compromised, village residents are at risk. Installation of ancillary drainage at the West Haverstraw Municipal Complex.	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A





Project Number	Project Name	Hazard(s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Action Review 1. Status (In Progress, Ongoing Capability, No Progress, Complete) 2. Provide a narrative to describe progress or obstacles that have prevented implementation	Next Steps 1. Project to be included in the 2024 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2024 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.
VWH-11	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	Flood	Private property with support from the Village of West Haverstraw	A critical facility and located in the floodplain and identified as potentially vulnerable to future flood events. Critical facilities located in the floodplain are not only susceptible to flood damage but also create unnecessary complications for the municipality during an emergency event and post-disaster recovery. The Village will notify the Garnerville Holding Co Well facility manager/operator regarding their facility's flood vulnerability identified during the Rockland County HMP update, potential mitigation alternatives to consider and potential funding sources for implementation. The Village does not have jurisdiction over these facilities to mitigate. The Village will also indicate NYS requires mitigation address the 500-year flood event or "worst damage scenario".	1. No Progress 2. N/A	1. Include in the 2024 HMP 2. Okay as is. 3. N/A





Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the HMP Update

West Haverstraw participated in the mitigation strategy workshop for this HMP to identify appropriate actions to include in a local hazard mitigation strategy. Its comprehensive consideration of all possible activities to address hazards of concern included review of the following FEMA documents:

- FEMA 551 "Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures" (March 2007)
- FEMA "Mitigation Ideas—A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards" (January 2013).

The action worksheets included at the end of this annex list the mitigation actions that West Haverstraw would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. The actions are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in the Village's priorities.

Table 9.24-18 indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories. The four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table to further demonstrate the wide range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

Volume I identifies 14 evaluation criteria for prioritizing the mitigation actions. To assist with rating each mitigation action as high, medium, or low priority, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the evaluation criteria. Table 9.24-19 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation actions for the HMP update.



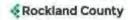


Table 9.24-18. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

		Actions That Address the Hazard, by Action Category								
		FE	MA				CI	RS		
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES
Dam Failure	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	-	-	2
Disease Outbreak	2	-	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	1
Drought	3	-	-	4	3	-	4	-	-	2
Earthquake	3	-	-	4	3	-	4	-	-	2
Extreme Temperature	3	-	-	4	3	-	4	-	-	2
Flood	3	4	-	4	3	-	4	-	4	2
Landslide	3	-	-	4	3	-	4	-	-	2
Severe Weather	3	1		4	3		4	-	1	2
Severe Winter Weather	3	-		4	3	-	4	-	-	2
Wildfire	3	-	-	4	3	-	4	-	-	2

Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)—These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.

Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)—These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct structures to reduce the impact of hazards.

Natural Systems Protection (NSP)—These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.

Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)—These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

Preventative Measures (PR)—Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.

Property Protection (PP)—These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.

Public Information (PI)—Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.

Natural Resource Protection (NR)—Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.

Structural Flood Control Projects (SP)—Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Emergency Services (ES)—Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.24-19. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost-Effectiveness	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social Vulnerability	Administrative	Hazards of Concern	Climate Change	Timeline	Community Lifelines	Other Community Objectives	Total	High / Medium / Low
2024- WestHaverstrawV-01	Substantial Damage Management Plan	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-02	Dam Owner Partnership	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	11	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-03	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	8	Medium
2024- WestHaverstraw-04	Minisceongo Flood Remediation	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	11	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-05	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-06	Update Comprehensive Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-07	Develop New Village Website	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-08	Develop Emergency Notification System Parameters	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-09	Public Wørkshops	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-10	Develop Emergency Response Plan	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-11	Staff Training	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	12	High
2024- WestHaverstrawV-12	West Haverstraw Municipal Complex Drainage Improvements	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High

Note: Volume I, Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-6), Medium (7-10), High (11-14).





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-01. Substantial Damage Management Plan

Action Name:	Substantial Damage Management Plan			
Description of the Problem:	Officials in NFIP-participating communities are responsible for regulating all development in SFHAs by issuing permits and enforcing local floodplain requirements, including Substantial Damage, for the repairs of damaged buildings. After any disaster event, they must: • Determine where the damage occurred within the community and if the damaged structures are in an SFHA. • Determine what to use for "market value" and cost to repair; uniformly applying regulations will protect against liability and promote equitable administration. • Determine if repairing plus improving the damaged structure equals or exceeds 50% of the structure's pre-damage value. • Require permits for floodplain development. The Village does not have a Substantial Damage Management Plan in place, nor do they have a formal process in place when conducting substantial damage determinations. The Village is in need of a formal process and plan to provide a framework for conducting such inspections and determinations.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	 ☑ Dam Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter Storm ☑ Extreme Temperature ☑ Wildfire 			
Description of the Solution:	The Village will develop a Substantial Damage Management Plan, following the six step planning process in 2021 Developing a Substantial Damage Management Plan (https://crsresources.org/files/500/developing_subst_damge_mgmt_plan.pdf). This plan will outline responsibilities for Substantial Damage determinations, determining market value, and permit approval processes following a disaster event.			
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator			
Supporting Agencies:	Public Works, QEM, Building Department, Engineering			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years to develop the plan; ongoing to maintain and update the plan			
Goals Met:	2, 5, 7			
Benefits:	This plan will provide a process in making Substantial Damage Determinations and allow the municipality to make these determinations and meet NFIP requirements more quickly.			
Mitigation Action Type:	☑ Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☐ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) ☐ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) ☐ Public Information (PI) ☒ Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Substantially damaged structures are required to be rebuilt to be compliance with current codes. Socially vulnerable populations may not have the financial means to make these improvements. This action may allow for the identification of potential resources to address substantial damages to structures owned by socially vulnerable populations.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	A Substantial Damage Management Plan would include all critical facilities and lifelines in the municipality.			
Impact on Capabilities	This action improves disaster recovery capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	A Substantial Damage Management Plan would include all existing, current, and future development in the municipality.			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action provides additional planning for disaster recovery.			





Priority:	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No Action		-		
	Rely on state or federal resources disaster events	following	Resources may not be available during major widespread events		
	Establish MOUs with outside age conduct Substantial Damage Deter			sponsibilities is still necessary ng important requirements	





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-02. Dam Owner Partnership

Action Name:	Dam Owner Partnership				
Description of the Problem:	There are multiple dams, which are critical inf flood hazard areas. These structures have the p	rastructures, located in the 1- and 0.2-percent otential to impact those living nearby.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Disease Outbreak □ □Drought □ □Earthquake □	□Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:		spections and safety procedures are up to date. ty of the dams and that it is protected up to the			
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw				
Supporting Agencies:	Dam Owners, NYSDEC				
Estimated Cost:	Low				
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the safety and securit areas of the dams and increase the resilience of	y of those who live within the dam inundation responding agencies.			
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR)☐ Property Protection (PP)☐ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The action will result in better preparednes inundation areas where significant risk to social	s within the Special Flood Hazard Area and ly vulnerable populations exists.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Dams are considered a critical facility. This act procedures in place for each identified dam.	ion will create an understanding of the safety			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will improve planning and responsibilities and procedures.	se capabilities through the understanding of			
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:		he frequency and severity of weather-related kelihood of a dam failure event. This action will ents.			
Priority:	High □Medium	□Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No Action	Village will be unaware of any safety concerns for the dam or its condition			
	Utilize information from NYSDEC	Owners may not be required to submit a safety plan to the State			
	Utilize information from the National Inventory of Dams	Not all dams are listed on the inventory			





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-03. Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain

Action Name:	Privately Owned Critical Facility in Floodplain				
Description of the Problem:	Critical facilities may be vulnerabl measures, including the Garnerville			ort to implement protection	
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature		IFlood ILandslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter St IWildfire	orm	
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with the facility managers at Garnerville Holding Co Well in the Village to support the mitigation of vulnerable structures via retrofit (e.g. elevation, flood-proofing) or relocation to protect structures from future damage. Phase 1: Identify most cost-effective mitigation option Phase 2: Work with facility manager to implement selected action based on available funding and local match ability.				
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw			V	
Supporting Agencies:	Facility Managers				
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3				
Benefits:	This action will remove or reduce cri hazard and remove or reduce safety		•	eline vulnerability to the flood	
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	· ·	ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)			urce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Retrofitting or relocating the identi as individuals within these populat transportation facilities, and medica	ions rely on	resources from v		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Noting the number of facilities lo consideration of relocating critical the development of any additional	facilities and	lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter	
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village'	s current NF	IP capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Noting the number of facilities lo consideration of relocating critical the development of any additional	facilities and	lifelines from the	e flood hazard area and deter	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. As sea level rises due to climate change, the area of the flood hazard may expand.				
Priority:	□High	⊠Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	t problem continues	
	Floodproof existing structu	res	May not necessarily reduce risk		
	Construct floodwalls to stop flood issues		Will most likely interrupt natural floodplain function		





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-04. Minisceongo Flood Remediation

Action Name:	Minisceongo Flood Remediation				
Description of the Problem:	The Village of West Haverstraw is presently subject to flooding in areas adjacent to Minisceongo Creek, especially in the vicinity of Suffern Lane, Railroad Avenue, Grassy Point Road and east of Samsondale Avenue.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam Failure ☑Flood				
	□Disease Outbreak		□Landslide		
	□Drought		∃Severe Storm		
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm	
	□Extreme Temperature		□Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	Work with partnering agencies to i flooding impacts caused by the Mir the County and other agencies to im the Creek.	nisceongo Cr	eek. Once identifi	ed, the Village will work with	
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw DPW				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Drainage Agency				
Estimated Cost:	High				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP				
Implementation Timeline:	5 years	` '			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5				
Benefits:	This action would reduce the floodi	ng impacts f	elt by the Village f	rom the Minisceongo Creek.	
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □ Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) □ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)				
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will assist socially vulner from the Minisceongo Creek. Furth flood waters for the populations with medical attention from first response	ermore, this	action will assist	in keeping roadways clear of	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action would assist in the rec permitting first responders to trave			rom the Minisceongo Creek,	
Impact on Capabilities	Not applicable				
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacte	d area will b	e less likely to be f	flooded.	
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means store often, including increased periods of the control			nore intense and occur more	
Priority:	⊠High	□Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current problem remains		
	Raise banks of creek to increase capacity	storage	Cost prohibitive		
	Construct floodwall along creek		Cost prohibitive		





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-05. Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Action Name:	Repetitive and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties				
Description of the Problem:	Though the Village does not have any repetitive or severe repetitive loss properties, there are 23 active NFIP policies and a reported 29 losses. Repetitively flooded properties place an undue stress on the property owner and village and efforts should be made to mitigate them.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam Failure	×	Flood		
	□Disease Outbreak		Landslide		
	□Drought		Severe Storm	•	
	□Earthquake		Severe Winter St	orm	
	☐Extreme Temperature]Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:	The Village will promote and support risk properties within the floodplain, in (RL) and Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL), feasibility. The parameters for this iniparticipation of property owners.	ncluding th such as ac	ose that have bee equisition/relocati	n identified as Repetitive Loss on or elevation depending on	
Lead Agency:	Floodplain Administrator				
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			•	
Estimated Cost:	Medium				
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA FMA, FMA SWIFT, NJDEP Greer	n Acres, NJI	DEP Blue Acres, M	Iunicipal Budget	
Implementation Timeline:	3 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3				
Benefits:	This action would foster comprehensive floodplain management by removing at risk properties from the flood hazard area or elevating properties to reduce the flood risk.				
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) ☑Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP	P)		ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	☐Preventative Measures (PR) ☐Property Protection (PP) ☐Public Information (PI)		□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations may botherwise be unaffordable.	e able to h	ave houses elevat	ed or acquired when it would	
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Removing structures from the flood services including health and medical,				
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's o	current NF	IP capabilities.		
Impact on Future Development:	Increased outreach to homeowners within a flood prone area will limit construction in areas that are prone to hazard events. Homes may be acquired, which will remove those structures from the floodplain and prevent future development on those sites.				
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms often, including increased periods of i			nore intense and occur more	
Priority:	⊠High]Medium		□Low	
Alternatives	Action			Evaluation	
	No action		Current	t problem continues	
	Construct flood walls/barriers ard vulnerable areas	ound	Costly and can divert floodwaters to other areas		
	Deployable flood barriers for vulnera	ible areas			





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-06. Update Comprehensive Plan

Action Name:	Update Comprehensive Plan			
Description of the Problem:	The current comprehensive plan does not to considerations.	thoroughly incorporate natural disaster mitigation		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood ⊠Landslide ⊠Severe Storm ⊠Severe Winter Storm ⊠Wildfire		
Description of the Solution:		that local comprehensive plans incorporate natural urtesy review or draft plans by the County Planning		
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw Planning and Zor	ning Board		
Supporting Agencies:	Planning Board, Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 5, 6, 7			
Benefits:	many years. The integration of hazard mitiga	omprehensive plan, which has not been updated in ation principles will present the opportunity for the may be impacted by hazards and plan for future		
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)		
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) ☑ Property Protection (PP) ☐ Public Information (PI)	□ Natural Resource Protection (NR) □ Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □ Emergency Services (ES)		
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:		ples into the comprehensive plan may include socially vulnerable populations in the Village.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Updating the comprehensive plan to incluopportunity to discuss hazard risks to critica	de hazard mitigation principles may present an lacilities and lifelines in the Village.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will update an already existing resilient.	planning capability of the Village, making it more		
Impact on Future Development:	This action will have a direct impact on futur guides land use principles in the Village.	e land use in the Village, as the comprehensive plan		
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are i comprehensive plan will need to be updated	ncreasingly felt, the contents in the Village's I.		
Priority:	⊠High	m □Low		
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation		
	No action Current problem remains			
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in on plan elements	The plan will miss integration opportunities in the comprehensive plan main document		
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in on comprehensive plan main document	ly The plan will miss integration opportunities in the plan elements		



Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-07. Develop New Village Webpage

Action Name:	Develop New Village Website				
Description of the Problem:	The village website needs to be updated to create a webpage for public education on hazard risks and awareness.				
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood □Landslide □Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire			
Description of the Solution:	include relevant links to expand and dissem public awareness programs on natural hazar public, it will increase overall preparedness	to update the Village's website. The update will inate GIS and other hazard-related information, ds. With this information readily available to the and understanding of hazards. The Village will to the current HMP, and upcoming public events.			
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw				
Supporting Agencies:	-				
Estimated Cost:	Low	· ·			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	1 year				
Goals Met:	3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public education and outreach program in the Village by including discussions on disaster preparedness and hazard mitigation to residents and business owners, which will contribute to the resiliency of the Village.				
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	☐ Preventative Measures (PR) ☐ Property Protection (PP) ☑ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations will learn how which may impact them in the Village.	v to prepare for and mitigate the various hazards			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	how to prepare for emergency events and m	facilities or lifelines, would be more informed on nitigate the risks of potential hazards. With these action would contribute to their continuity of			
Impact on Capabilities	This action would build upon the Village's program.	already existing public education and outreach			
Impact on Future Development:	Not applicable				
Climate Change Considerations:	y ,	ity and frequency of many climate related disaster usiness owners of how to reduce risk from hazards se risks.			
Priority:	⊠High □Medium	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current methods remain the only ones used			
	Rely on state or federal resources	Resources may be generalized and not specific to the risks in the Village			
	Use only a few methods for distribution	Using only a few methods of distribution may hinder socially vulnerable populations from receiving the guidance			





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-08. Develop Emergency Notification System Parameters

Action Name:	Develop Emergency Notification System Parameters				
Description of the Problem:	High risk locations often lack or have limited emergency notifications.	d connectivity to real-time disaster warning and			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	☑ Dam Failure ☑ Disease Outbreak ☑ Drought ☑ Earthquake ☑ Extreme Temperature	 ☑ Flood ☑ Landslide ☑ Severe Storm ☑ Severe Winter Storm ☑ Wildfire 			
Description of the Solution:	Coordinate with Rockland County Department of Fire & Emergency Services to ensure the Village and its residents are aware of the various mass notification systems in place. The Village will provide public outreach materials with how residents can sign up and utilize these systems. In addition, the Village will work with the County to develop notifications for residents living in high-risk areas (e.g., flood hazard areas).				
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw Fire Department a	and Village Board of Trustees			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County Emergency Services				
Estimated Cost:	Medium	·			
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, County Budget				
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years				
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5				
Benefits:	This action will inform residents of impending and/or current emergencies.				
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	■ Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☑ Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)			
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)			
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	This action will keep socially vulnerable populinevitable.	ulations informed if an emergency is declared or			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will strengthen the safety and se potential hazard risks and emergencies.	ecurity lifeline by keeping residents informed of			
Impact on Capabilities	This action will strengthen the Village's and th	ne County's safety and security capabilities.			
Impact on Future Development:	This action will ensure potential areas for futuemergency notifications.	re development are within the range of receiving			
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensi events. This action will inform residents of im	ty and frequency of many climate related disaster pending and/or current emergencies.			
Priority:	High □Medium	n □Low			
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation			
	No action	Current problem continues			
	Deploy mobile signs in hazard areas during hazard events	Ineffective			
	Door-to-door campaigns during disasters	Not feasible; requires staff which takes away from their responsibilities during a disaster			





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-09. Public Workshops

Action Name:	Public Workshops		
Description of the Problem:	The Village would like to increase institutional understanding and programmatic consideration of hazard mitigation.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	☑ Dam Failure☑ Disease Outbreak☑ Drought☑ Earthquake☑ Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Hold periodic public workshops regarding zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation. The workshops will include information on how zoning and planning can be used to protect conservation and promote climate resilience. Village Planning and Zoning Board will explain current and future zoning and planning practices and procedures		
Lead Agency:	Planning and Zoning Board, Building Depart	ment	
Supporting Agencies:	Village Trustee		
Estimated Cost:	Low		
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	1 year		
Goals Met:	1, 3, 5		
Benefits:	This action will improve the current public understanding of hazard mitigation when it comes to planning and zoning issues.		
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	☐Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ☐Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) □Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Individuals who may not be aware of the zoning and planning issues that arise regarding natural hazards and hazard mitigation will become informed.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	Not applicable		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will strengthen the Village's education and outreach capabilities by informing individuals of how hazard mitigation principles are integrated into zoning and planning.		
Impact on Future Development:	This action will educate the public on why the planning and zoning boards reject applications in terms of its impacts on the natural environment and potential hazard risks and why development cannot occur in certain areas.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster eyents. This action will inform residents and business owners of how to reduce risk from hazards and how climate change may exacerbate those risks.		
Priority:	⊠High □Medi	um □Low	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Current problem remains	
	Hold a single workshop	Does not present many opportunities for education	
	Restrict attendance to board members only	Village residents may submit problematic applications	





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-10. Develop Emergency Response Plan

Action Name:	Develop Emergency Response Plan			
Description of the Problem:	Village currently does not have an Emergency Operations Plan.			
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	\(\times\)	IFlood Landslide ISevere Storm ISevere Winter St Wildfire	orm
Description of the Solution:	Develop an Emergency Operations Plan for the Village with assistance from Rockland County. The Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) details what the Village will do during a disaster (incident command implementation, command center location and activities, specific plans by department, etc.). Updating the EOP will permit the Village to integrate new plans, policies, capabilities, and hazard assessments.			
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw			
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County			
Estimated Cost:	Staff time, Low			
Potential Funding Sources:	Municipal Budget			
Implementation Timeline:	1 year			
Goals Met:	1, 2, 3, 5, 7			
Benefits:	The Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) details what the Village will do during a disaster (incident command implementation, command center location and activities, specific plans by department, etc.). Updating the EOP will permit the Village to integrate new plans, policies, capabilities, and hazard assessments.			
Mitigation Action Type:	☑Local Plans and Regulations (LPR)☐Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)		1	ms Protection (NSP) d Awareness Programs (EAP)
CRS Category:	☑ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)			rce Protection (NR) od Control Projects (SP) ervices (ES)
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The section overview portion of the Emergency Operation Plan covers a discussion of a variety of topics, including population distribution and locations, including any concentrated populations of individuals with disabilities, others with access and functional needs, or individuals with limited English proficiency.			
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The section overview portion of the Emergency Operation Plan covers a discussion of a variety of topics, including vulnerable critical facilities (e.g. nursing homes, schools, hospitals, infrastructure).			
Impact on Capabilities:	This action will create a planning capability for the Village.			
Impact on Future Development:	Future development will be protected	d by the Em	nergency Operation	ons Plan.
Climate Change Considerations:	As impacts from climate change are increasingly felt, the contents in an Emergency Operations Plan, including in the basic plan and any annexes, may need to be updated.			
Priority:	⊠High	lMedium		□Low
Alternatives:	Action			Evaluation
	No action		Current problem remains	
	Integrate hazard mitigation principles in only		The plan will miss integration opportunities in	
	hazard appendices		the bas	ic plan and annexes
	-			-





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-11. Staff Training

Action Name:	Staff Training		
Description of the Problem:	Staff is inadequately trained with respect to natural hazard risk management, climate change and its projected impacts.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	⊠Dam Failure ⊠Disease Outbreak ⊠Drought ⊠Earthquake ⊠Extreme Temperature	☑ Flood☑ Landslide☑ Severe Storm☑ Severe Winter Storm☑ Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Provide training and/or certification for Village staff with respect to natural hazard risk management, climate change and its projected impacts. This can include, but not be limited to, FEMA's Hazard Risk Management course, FEMA's mitigation planning training, and NYSERDA's Clean Energy Communities course.		
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw		
Supporting Agencies:	Rockland County		
Estimated Cost:	Low		
Potential Funding Sources:	Village Budget, County Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	Within 5 years		
Goals Met:	1, 3		
Benefits:	Educating staff on natural hazard risk management, climate change and its projected impacts increases the resiliency on the Village.		
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) □Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) ⊠Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□Preventative Measures (PR) □Property Protection (PP) ☑Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) □Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	The education of staff on climate change projection impacts and natural hazard risk management may cause the Village to focus on the education and outreach performed to its socially vulnerable populations.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	The education of staff on climate change projection impacts and natural hazard risk management may influence the Village to take action to mitigate potential risks to critical facilities and lifelines.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will enhance the Village's cur	rent NFIP capabilities.	
Impact on Future Development:	The education of staff on climate change projection impacts and natural hazard risk management may influence policies to be updated on land use and future development.		
Climate Change Considerations:	Climate change is likely to increase the intensity and frequency of many climate related disaster events. This action will inform Village staff of how to reduce risk from hazards and how climate change may exacerbate those risks.		
Priority:	⊠High	edium	
Alternatives	Action	Evaluation	
	No action	Current problem continues	
	Have staff attend courses on natural harisk management but not on climate ch	azard Lack of training for future hazard changes	
	Do not implement any changes following the trainings		





Action 2024-WestHaverstrawV-12. West Haverstraw Municipal Complex Drainage Improvements

Action Name:	West Haverstraw Municipal Complex Drainage Improvements		
Description of the Problem:	During a severe storm, Village Hall and the DPW garage are primary response centers. If access is compromised, village residents are at risk.		
Hazard(s) of Concern:	□Dam Failure □Disease Outbreak □Drought □Earthquake □Extreme Temperature	⊠Flood □Landslide ⊠Severe Storm □Severe Winter Storm □Wildfire	
Description of the Solution:	Installation of ancillary drainage at the West Haverstraw Municipal Complex to reduce flooding, road closures, and damages. This will allow for continuity of operations and allow the municipal complex to operate before, during, and after major flooding events.		
Lead Agency:	Village of West Haverstraw DPW		
Supporting Agencies:	-		
Estimated Cost:	High		
Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA BRIC, HMGP, Village Budget		
Implementation Timeline:	5 years		
Goals Met:	1, 2		
Benefits:	Overall flooding will be reduced, which will result in less frequency of road closures and reduced damage occurring to drainage infrastructure and roadways during severe events.		
Mitigation Action Type:	□Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP)	□Natural Systems Protection (NSP) □Education and Awareness Programs (EAP)	
CRS Category:	□ Preventative Measures (PR) □ Property Protection (PP) □ Public Information (PI)	□Natural Resource Protection (NR) ☑Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) □Emergency Services (ES)	
Impact on Socially Vulnerable Populations:	Socially vulnerable populations who live in the in the area of the Village Hall and the DPW garage will be positively impacted by this action.		
Impact on Critical Facilities/Lifelines:	This action will identify measures to protect infrastructure in the transportation lifeline, which will lead to the assurance of clear roadways for evacuations, regular travel, and emergency responses.		
Impact on Capabilities	This action will upgrade the stormwater management capabilities of the Village.		
Impact on Future Development:	Future development in the impacted area will be less likely to be flooded.		
Climate Change Considerations:	A warmer atmosphere means storms have the potential to be more intense and occur more often, including increased periods of intense rain events. These periods of intense rainfall may lead to an increased occurrence of flooding conditions.		
Priority:	☑ High ☐ Medium	□Low	
Alternatives:	Action	Evaluation	
	No Action	Current problem remains	
	Elevate structures	Cost prohibitive	
	Relocate structures	Cost prohibitive	

